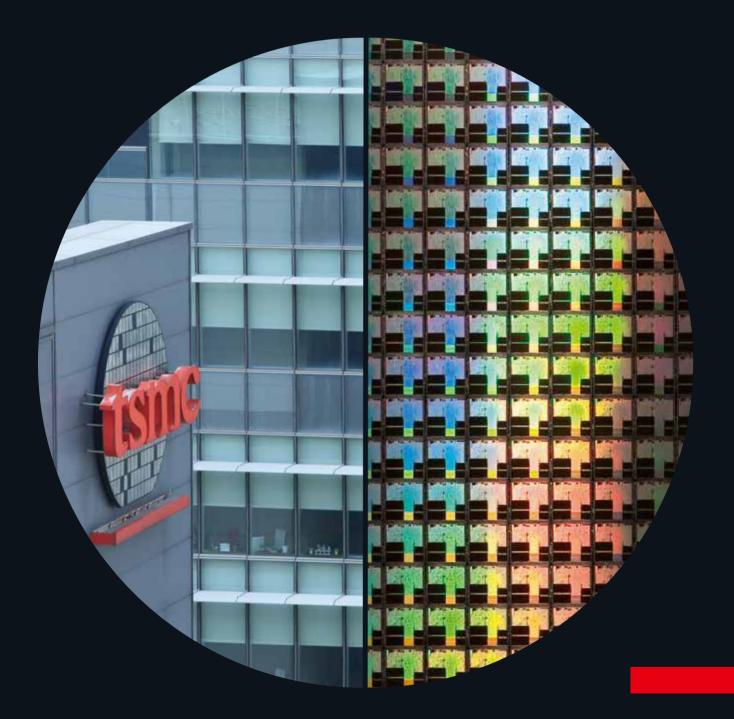


TSMC Annual Report 2020 (I)



Taiwan Stock Exchange Market Observation Post System: https://mops.twse.com.tw
 TSMC annual report is available at https://investor.tsmc.com/english/annual-reports

TSMC Vision, Mission & Core Values

Vision

Our vision is to be the most advanced and largest technology and foundry services provider to fabless companies and IDMs, and in partnership with them, to forge a powerful competitive force in the semiconductor industry. To realize our vision, we must have a trinity of strengths:

- 1. be a technology leader, competitive with the leading IDMs
- 2. be the manufacturing leader
- 3. be the most reputable, service-oriented and maximum-total-benefits silicon foundry

Mission

Our mission is to be the trusted technology and capacity provider of the global logic IC industry for years to come.

Core Values

Integrity

Integrity is our most basic and most important core value. We tell the truth. We believe the record of our accomplishments is the best proof of our merit. Hence, we do not brag. We do not make commitments lightly. Once we make a commitment, we devote ourselves completely to meeting that commitment. We compete to our fullest within the law, but we do not slander our competitors and we respect the intellectual property rights of others. With vendors, we maintain an objective, consistent, and impartial attitude. We do not tolerate any form of corrupt behavior or politicking. When selecting new employees, we place emphasis on the candidates' qualifications and character, not connections or access.

Commitment

TSMC is committed to the welfare of customers, suppliers, employees, shareholders, and society. These stakeholders all contribute to TSMC's success, and TSMC is dedicated to serving their best interests. In return, TSMC hopes all these stakeholders will make a mutual commitment to the Company.

Innovation

Innovation is the wellspring of TSMC's growth, and is a part of all aspects of our business, from strategic planning, marketing and management, to technology and manufacturing. At TSMC, innovation means more than new ideas, it means putting ideas into practice.

Customer Trust

At TSMC, customers come first. Their success is our success, and we value their ability to compete as we value our own. We strive to build deep and enduring relationships with our customers, who trust and rely on us to be part of their success over the long term.

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1. Letter to Shareholders

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> Skyscrapers towering into the night sky (Left)

> Orderly ranks of semiconductor fab equipment (Right)



Dear Shareholders,

2020 was a devastating year for the entire world due to the COVID-19 pandemic, and our thoughts and hearts go out to all those who have been affected. With the spread of COVID-19, millions of lives were lost, many cities entered lock down, and the world experienced massive economic and societal disruptions. However, semiconductor industry demand remained resilient, as trends such as work-from-home and distance learning emerged to help to accelerate the digital transformation. At TSMC, our top priority is to protect the health and safety of our employees, and ensure our global fab operations continue delivering to customers. While we have been successful so far, we will remain vigilant and continue our utmost efforts to weather this pandemic.

For TSMC, although 2020 was a year of extraordinary challenges, it was also a year of significant growth and progress. Facing upheaval brought by the global COVID-19 pandemic as well as geopolitical tensions, we worked dynamically with our customers, and doubled down our commitment to technology leadership, manufacturing excellence, and customer trust. In 2020, we delivered an eleventh consecutive year of record revenue, thanks to strong demand coming to our industry-leading 5-nanometer (N5) and 7-nanometer (N7) technologies. Our revenue increased 31.4% year-over-year in US dollar terms, as compared to about 10% year-over-year growth for the semiconductor industry.

We continued to focus on the fundamentals of our business in 2020 by enriching our R&D infrastructures, enlarging our talent pipeline, strengthening our information protection and cybersecurity, and accelerating our technology differentiation.

In 2020, fueled by the industry megatrends of 5G and high performance computing (HPC) applications, both driving semiconductor content enrichment, we increased our 2020 capital spending to US\$17.2 billion. As TSMC enters another period of higher growth, we will continue to invest to capture the opportunities that will follow.

In 2020, we successfully ramped our industry-leading N5 technology, to enable our customers' innovations for both smartphone and HPC applications. As the foundry industry's most advanced solution with the best performance, power and area (PPA), N5 further expands our customer product portfolio and increases our addressable markets.

In its third year of ramp, our 7-nanometer family, which includes N7, N7+ and N6, continued to see very strong demand across a wide spectrum of products from smartphone, HPC, Internet of Things (IoT) and Automotive applications.

Our 3-nanometer technology will be another full node stride from our N5, and offer the most advanced foundry technology in both PPA and transistor technology when it is introduced.

In 2020, TSMC introduced 3DFabricTM, an umbrella of the company's fast-growing portfolio of 3DIC system integration solutions under one family of technologies. Our differentiated chiplet and heterogeneous integration technologies drive better power efficiency, greater compute density, and smaller form factor benefits for our customers, while shortening their time-to-market. We are working with several product leaders on 3DFabricTM to enable chiplet architectures.

Highlights of TSMC's accomplishments in 2020:

- Total wafer shipments were 12.4 million 12-inch equivalent wafers as compared to 10.1 million 12-inch equivalent wafers in 2019.
- Advanced technologies (16-nanometer and beyond) accounted for 58 percent of total wafer revenue, up from 50 percent in 2019.
- We deployed 281 distinct process technologies, and manufactured 11,617 products for 510 customers.
- TSMC produced 24 percent of the world semiconductor excluding memory output value in 2020, as compared to 21 percent in the previous year.

2020 Financial Performance

Consolidated revenue reached NT\$1,339.255 billion, an increase of 25.2 percent over NT\$1,069.99 billion in 2019. Net income was NT\$517.89 billion and diluted earnings per share were NT\$19.97. Both increased 50.0 percent from the 2019 level of NT\$345.26 billion net income and NT\$13.32 diluted EPS.

TSMC generated net income of US\$17.60 billion on consolidated revenue of US\$45.51 billion, which increased 57.5 percent and 31.4 percent respectively from the 2019 level of US\$11.18 billion net income and US\$34.63 billion consolidated revenue.

Gross profit margin was 53.1 percent compared with 46.0 percent in 2019, while operating profit margin was 42.3 percent compared with 34.8 percent a year earlier. Net profit margin was 38.7 percent, an increase of 6.4 percentage points from 2019's 32.3 percent.

In 2020, total cash dividend payments to shareholders sustained at NT\$10 per share.

Technological Developments

In 2020, we continued to increase our investment in R&D to US\$3.72 billion to unleash our customers' innovations and extend our technology leadership.

Our 3-nanometer will offer up to 70% logic density gain, up to 15% performance gain and up to 30% power reduction as compared with N5. N3 technology development is on track with good progress. N3 will offer complete platform support for both mobile and HPC applications. Volume production is targeted in second half of 2022.

Our 5-nanometer (N5) technology successfully entered volume production in the second quarter of 2020 and experienced a strong ramp in the second half. We plan to offer continuous enhancements, such as N4, to extend the leadership of our 5-nanometer family. N4 is a straightforward migration from N5 with compatible design rules, while providing further performance, power and density enhancements for the next wave 5-nanometer products. N4 volume production is scheduled in 2022.

In its third year, 7-nanometer technology continued to see one of TSMC's fastest ramp ups in volume production, shipping more than one billion good dies in this process for hundreds of products from dozens of customers. Our N7+ also entered its second year of ramp using EUV lithography technology, while N6, which provides a clear migration path for next wave 7-nanometer products, entered volume production at the end of 2020. N6 will further extend our 7-nanometer family well into the future.

Our 16nm/12nm family has received over 650 customer product tape-outs across smartphone, HPC, storage and consumer electronics applications. We also unveiled our N12eTM process, bringing TSMC's world-class FinFET transistor technology to AI-enabled IoT devices, by providing both powerful computing performance and outstanding power efficiency.

The value of our technology platforms are evolving to include logic wafer scaling, design-technology co-optimization, and 3DIC. We have developed a comprehensive 3DIC technology roadmap to enhance system-level performance and drive greater energy efficiency. These technologies include chip stacking solutions such as SoIC (System on Integrated Chip), as well as advanced packaging solutions such as InFO (Integrated Fan-Out) and CoWoS[®] (Chip on Wafer on Substrate). TSMC's CoWoS[®] continued to integrate with larger interposer size for heterogeneous integration. We are also working with customers on TSMC-SoICTM, which is expected to be first adopted by HPC applications where bandwidth performance, power efficiency, and form factors are aggressively pursued.

TSMC's ecosystem, the Open Innovation Platform[®], empowers our 510 distinct customers to design in a safe and secure cloud environment, to unleash their innovations with fast time-to-market. We also worked with our ecosystem partners to expand our libraries and silicon IP portfolio to over 35,000 items in 2020. More than 12,000 technology files and over 450 process design kits, from 0.5-micron to 3-nanometer, are available to customers via TSMC-Online. We saw more than 100,000 customer downloads in 2020.

Corporate Social Responsibility

The foundation of TSMC's corporate social responsibility is a sound corporate governance built upon our core values that balances the interests of all stakeholders. Guided by the UN Sustainable Development Goals, our Corporate Social Responsibility Executive Committee has set our CSR focuses to be on driving green manufacturing, building a responsible supply chain, creating an inclusive workplace, developing STEM talent, and caring for the underprivileged.

Joining in the global effort to combat COVID-19, TSMC leveraged our expertise in technology, global procurement and supply chain management with a budget of US\$20 million to aid communities near TSMC sites with urgent needs in Taiwan, Mainland China, Japan, Europe and the United States. This included donations of personal protection equipment and ventilators to hospitals, public health agencies, and related parties; providing relief to vulnerable communities with immediate food, shelter, and medical aid; and collaborating with leading institutes on COVID-19 diagnostics, vaccines and therapeutics development.

As a responsible corporate citizen, TSMC is dedicated to fighting climate change and protecting the environment of the world that we share. By 2030, we target to supply 25% of power consumed by our fabs, and 100% of power consumed for non-fab facilities, using renewable energy. In 2020, we signed the largest renewables corporate power purchasing agreement in the world, and committed to renewable energy purchase agreements totaling 1.3 gigawatts. We have further committed to supplying 100% of TSMC's power from renewable energy and generating zero indirect carbon emissions from electricity consumption by 2050, enabling us to become the first semiconductor company to join the RE100 renewable energy initiative in 2020.

Corporate Developments

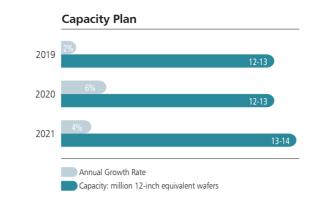
In May 2020, TSMC announced its intention to build and operate an advanced semiconductor fab in the United States, in the state of Arizona. This fab will start with 5-nanometer technology at 20,000 wafers per month capacity. Production is targeted to begin in 2024. A U.S. fab will enable TSMC to expand our technology ecosystem, better serve our customers and partners, and extend our reach for global talents.

Honors and Awards

TSMC received recognition for achievements in innovation, corporate governance, sustainability, investor relations and overall excellence in management from organizations including *Forbes, Fortune Magazine, CommonWealth Magazine, Business Today*, RobecoSAM (S&P Global), RE100 and the Taiwan Stock Exchange. TSMC also received the prestigious 2021 IEEE Corporate Innovation Award, honoring the Company's leadership in developing 7-nanometer foundry technology and enabling the innovations of IC designers everywhere. In sustainability, we were chosen once again as a component of the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices, becoming the only semiconductor company to be selected for 20 consecutive years. TSMC also received recognition as one of *Wall Street Journal's* "100 Most Sustainably Managed Companies" and *Corporate Knight*'s 2020 "Global 100 Most Sustainable Corporations". Meanwhile, we remained a major component in both various MSCI ESG and FTSE4Good indices. In investor relations, TSMC continued to receive multiple awards from *Institutional Investor Magazine*.

Outlook

The challenges of the COVID-19 pandemic have only renewed TSMC's dedication to enabling innovations that improve peoples' lives. Digital technology has helped us weather the disruptions of the COVID-19 pandemic by allowing people to work, learn, and play in the safety of their homes, and also by maintaining our bonds with distant loved ones during difficult times. Beyond that, it has accelerated a digital transformation of society, with technology becoming increasingly essential in people's lives.



As we enter the 5G era, the performance of digital computing for AI and 5G is insatiable. A smarter and more intelligent world will require massive increases in computation performance and greater need for energy efficient computing, fueling strong demand for advanced semiconductor technologies. With our leadership in advanced process technologies, our broad portfolio of specialty technologies and 3DIC solutions, our unparalleled manufacturing capabilities, and deep collaborative relationships with customers, we are well positioned to capture the growth from these megatrends in the years ahead.

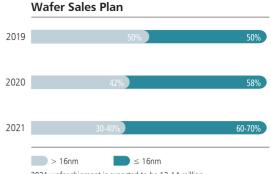
While macroeconomic uncertainties may linger, we will continue to work on the fundamentals of our business to further extend our technology differentiation. We will adhere to our dedicated foundry business model, and collaborate with all the IC innovators to unleash innovation. We will continue to conduct our business with integrity, sell our value, and treat all customers fairly. We will sharpen our

Trinity of Strengths of technology leadership, manufacturing excellence, and customer trust, so that we may continue to fulfill our mission to be the trusted technology and capacity provider of the global logic IC industry for years to come.

We remain dedicated to world-class governance, sustainability, and good returns to our shareholders. We thank you for the trust and commitment you have placed in TSMC. We are excited about our future, and look forward to a long and prosperous relationship together.

Tymhic

Mark Liu Chairman



2021 wafer shipment is expected to be 13-14 million 12-inch equivalent wafers.



Chechian

C.C. Wei Chief Executive Officer

2. Company Profile

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> Crisscrossing city boulevards (Left)

> A precisely configured circuit board (Right)



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2.1 An Introduction to TSMC

Established in 1987 and headquartered in Hsinchu Science Park, Taiwan, TSMC pioneered the pure-play foundry business model with an exclusive focus on manufacturing customers' products. By choosing not to design, manufacture or market any semiconductor products under its own name, the Company ensures that it never competes with its customers. And so, the key to TSMC's success has always been to focus on its customers' success. TSMC's foundry business model has enabled the rise of the global fabless industry, and since its inception TSMC has been the world's leading semiconductor foundry. The Company manufactured 11,617 different products using 281 distinct technologies for 510 different customers in 2020.

TSMC-made semiconductors serve a global customer base that is large and diverse and includes a wide range of applications. These products are used in a variety of end markets including mobile devices, high performance computing, automotive electronics and the Internet of Things (IoT). Such strong diversification helps to smooth fluctuations in demand, which in turn allows TSMC to maintain higher levels of capacity utilization and profitability, and generate healthy returns for future investment.

The annual capacity of the manufacturing facilities managed by TSMC and its subsidiaries exceeded 12 million 12-inch equivalent wafers in 2020. These facilities include four 12-inch wafer GIGAFAB® fabs, four 8-inch wafer fabs, and one 6-inch wafer fab – all in Taiwan – as well as one 12-inch wafer fab at a wholly owned subsidiary, TSMC Nanjing Company Limited, and two 8-inch wafer fabs at wholly owned subsidiaries, WaferTech in the United States and TSMC China Company Limited.

In May 2020, TSMC announced its intention to build and operate an advanced semiconductor fab in the United States, in order to better support customers and partners there as well as to attract global talents. This facility, to be built in Arizona, will utilize TSMC's 5-nanometer technology for semiconductor wafer fabrication and will have a capacity of 20,000 semiconductor wafers per month. Construction is planned to start in 2021 with production targeted for 2024.

TSMC provides customer support, account management and engineering services through offices in North America, Europe, Japan, China, and South Korea. At the end of 2020, the Company and its subsidiaries employed more than 56,000 people worldwide. The Company is listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE) under ticker number 2330, and its American Depositary Shares (ADSs) are traded on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) under the symbol TSM.

2.2 Market/Business Summary

2.2.1 TSMC Achievements

In 2020, TSMC maintained its leading position in the foundry segment of the global semiconductor industry by producing 24% of the world semiconductor excluding memory output value, increasing from 21% in 2019, as the Company's growth was fueled by the industry megatrends of 5G and high performance computing (HPC)-related applications.

The Company's strong market position stems in great part from its leadership in advanced process technologies. In 2020, 58% of TSMC's wafer revenue came from advanced manufacturing processes – defined as geometries of 16nm and smaller – up from 50% in 2019.

TSMC offers the foundry segment's broadest technology portfolio and continues to invest in advanced technologies, specialty technologies, and advanced packaging and silicon stacking technologies, to provide customers more added value.

In addition to its leadership in advanced process and specialty technologies, in 2020 TSMC introduced 3DFabricTM, a comprehensive family of 3D silicon stacking and advanced packaging technologies to complement its process technology offerings. 3DFabricTM provides the Company's customers greater chip design flexibility to unleash innovation and is another differentiating competitive advantage for the Company.

In 2020, the Company developed or introduced the following:

Logic Technology

- 3nm fin field-effect transistor (FinFET) (N3) technology development is on track with good progress. This world-leading technology is optimized for both mobile and high performance computing applications, and is expected to receive multiple customer product tape-outs in 2021. In addition, volume production is expected to start in the second half of 2022.
- 4nm FinFET (N4) technology is an enhanced version of 5nm FinFET (N5) technology, with compatible design rules while providing further enhancement in performance, power and density for the next wave of 5-nanometer products. The

development of N4 is on schedule with good progress, and volume production is expected to start in 2022.

- 5nm FinFET (N5) technology is currently TSMC's most advanced technology that leads the world in volume production. Products using this technology from various customers entered volume production in 2020 for applications including mobile and high performance computing products.
- 5nm FinFET Plus (N5P) technology is a performanceenhanced version of N5 technology with same design rules.
 N5P technology provides about 20% faster speed than N7 technology or about 40% power reduction. TSMC received multiple customer tape-outs by the end of 2020 and expects to start N5P technology volume production in 2021.
- 6nm FinFET (N6) technology successfully entered risk production in the first quarter of 2020 as planned. 6nm uses extreme ultraviolet (EUV) lithography technology to replace conventional immersion layers for better yield and shorter cycle time. The design rules of N6 technology are completely compatible with its 7nm FinFET (N7) predecessor and this technology offers a new standard cell with nearly 18% logic density improvement. TSMC has received more than 20 N6 product tape-outs. Due to the easy porting capability from N7 design, many customers' products already entered volume production in 2020, while meeting customers' expectations for both product quality and yield. It is expected the majority of N7 technology customers will migrate to N6 technology in coming years.
- N7 technology is one of TSMC's fastest technologies in terms of time to volume production, and provides optimized manufacturing processes for both mobile computing applications and high performance computing components. Following its volume production in April 2018, this technology produced more than one billion fully functional and defect-free chips in total in August 2020, for well over 100 customer products. TSMC's large-scale capacity advantage and efficient manufacturing capability mean more than merely producing a large amount of chips quickly. These also help improve quality and reliability, and facilitate technology advancement. In addition, 7nm FinFET plus (N7+) has been in volume production since 2019, which was the first commercially available EUV foundry process technology in the world. Its success has paved the way for N6, N5, and future advanced technologies.
- 16nm/12nm technology family received a total of over
 650 customer product tape-outs by the end of 2020 for different product applications including mobile phone, high performance computing, storage and consumer electronics.
 12nm FinFET compact plus (12FFC+) technology shares

the same design rules as 12nm FinFET compact (12FFC) technology to help customers migrate to 12FFC+ technology quickly. Compared to 12FFC technology, this technology provides about an additional 5% speed improvement or 10% power reduction. 12FFC+ technology entered risk production in 2019 and started volume production in 2020 as planned. In addition, TSMC introduced N12eTM technology in 2020, bringing TSMC's world-class FinFET transistor technology to AI-enabled Internet of Things and other high efficiency, high performance edge devices. N12eTM technology leverages TSMC's 12FFC+ baseline and IP ecosystem and offers industry-leading low operating voltage (low Vdd), and excellent low leakage performance of ultra-low-leakage (ULL) SRAM (static random access memory), and new ultra-low leakage devices.

- 22nm ultra-low leakage (22ULL) technology began volume production in 2019 to support IoT and wearable devices applications. In addition, 22ULL low Vdd solutions were ready in 2019. Compared to 40ULP and 55ULP technologies, 22ULL technology offers new ULL device, ULL SRAM, and low Vdd solutions to significantly lower power consumption. Moreover, new enhanced analog devices were available in 2020 to further enrich the 22ULL platform to support customers for broader applications.
- 22nm ULP (22ULP) technology was developed based on TSMC's industry-leading 28nm technology and received a total of more than 60 product tape-outs by the end of 2020. Compared to 28nm high performance compact plus (28HPC+) technology, 22ULP provides 10% area reduction with 10% speed gain, or 20% power reduction for many applications including image processing, digital TVs, set-top boxes, smartphones and consumer products.
- 28HPC+ technology accumulated more than 350 customer product tape-outs by the end of 2020. 28HPC+ technology provides further performance enhancement or power reduction in mainstream smartphone, digital TV, storage, audio and SoC (System-on-Chip) applications. Compared to 28HPC technology, 28HPC+ technology improves performance by about 15% or reduces leakage by about 50%.
- 40nm ULP (40ULP) technology received a total of over 150 product tape-outs by the end of 2020. This technology supports a variety of IoT and wearable devices applications, including wireless connectivity, wearable application processors and micro control units (MCUs). In addition, TSMC uses its leading 40ULP low Vdd solution for IoT and wearable devices. Newly enhanced analog devices are available, which enrich the 40ULP platform to support customers for broader analog design needs in the future.

• 55nm ultra-low power (55ULP) technology received a total of over 90 customer product tape-outs by the end of 2020. Compared to 55nm low power (55LP) technology, 55ULP can significantly increase battery life for IoT applications. In addition, it integrates RF (radio frequency) and eFlash (embedded flash) to enable customers' SoC designs.

Specialty Technology

- N7 technology foundation IPs (intellectual properties) passed the Automotive Electronic Council AEC-Q100 Grade-1 gualification and were certified for functional safety standard ISO 26262 ASIL-B in 2020. In addition, TSMC continues to develop more 5nm automotive foundation IPs, which are expected to complete AEC-Q100 Grade-2 gualification in 2022.
- The N6 radio frequency (N6 RF) technology development started in 2020. This technology is built upon the N6 logic technology platform and adds high performance RF transistors and passive devices that can support more power and area efficient circuit designs. This new RF technology will enable future generations of wireless local area network (WLAN) and fifth-generation (5G) RF transceiver integrated circuits. The design kit for this technology is expected to be completed in 2021.
- 16FFC RF technology led the foundry to start production of the 5G mobile network chips for customers in 2018. This technology has been extended to the next generation wireless local area network (WLAN) WiFi6/6E, 5G sub-6GHz RF transceivers and millimeter wave (mmWave) applications. Continuing to advance 16FFC RF technology, in 2019 TSMC not only delivered the world's first FinFET device whose f_{T} (cut-off frequency) can reach >300 GHz, but also completed the development of the world's first and best FinFET device with >400 GHz fmax (max oscillation frequency). These high performance RF transistors can be used in diverse applications such as mmWave automotive radar to reduce chip power consumption and die size as well as to enable SoC designs. In 2020, TSMC entered the 2nd year of high volume production of 16FFC RF products for our customers.
- 22ULL analog technology platform was established in 2020. This platform is fully logic compatible and offers low-noise 2.5-volt input/output (IO) transistors and low temperaturecoefficient-of-resistance (TCR) TaN (Tantalum nitride) thin film resistors to support customers' differentiated analog designs. In addition, TSMC provides customers with random telegraph signal (RTS) noise guidelines as RTS has become an increasingly challenging issue, particularly in low power analog circuit design.
- 22ULL RF technology received more than 20 customer product tape-outs in 2020, covering applications such as 4G

transceiver and wireless connectivity to IoT. This technology can support wireless LAN power amplifier devices and ultra-low leakage devices, in addition to magnetic random access memory (MRAM) and resistive random access memory (RRAM).

- 22ULL embedded RRAM technology IPs completed reliability gualification in 2020. Following 40ULP embedded RRAM technology, this technology is TSMC's second generation RRAM solution with balanced cost and reliability. This technology is fully complementary-metal-oxidesemiconductor (CMOS) logic compatible for process design kits (PDKs) and IP re-use for various applications including wireless MCU, IoT and wearable devices.
- 22ULL embedded MRAM technology IPs completed reliability qualification in 2020, with >100K cycle endurance and reflow capability. This technology demonstrated automotive Grade-1 capability and started volume production for customer wearable products in 2020. This technology is fully complementary-metal-oxide-semiconductor logic compatible for process design kit (PDK) and IP re-use for applications including wireless MCU, IoT and wearable devices.
- 28HPC+ RF technology led the foundry segment to deliver the first RF process design kit in 2018, providing support for 110GHz mmWave, 150°C automotive grade and so on for 5G mmWave RF and automotive radar product designs. In 2019, 28HPC+ RF technology extended its support for ultra-low leakage devices and embedded flash. Customers' 5G mmWave RF, automotive radar and wireless connectivity products using this technology entered volume production in 2020.
- 28nm ULL eFlash technology completed AEC-Q100 Grade-1 reliability qualification in 2019. TSMC continues to enhance this technology, which is expected to meet more stringent AEC-Q100 Grade-0 requirements in 2021.
- 28nm high voltage (HV) (28HV) technology, built upon the success of TSMC's leading 28HPC+ technology, offers a superior low power advantage based on a low Vdd at 0.9 volt. In addition, it features the world's first high bandwidth 128Mb static random access memory (SRAM). 28HV technology is an optimal solution for the next generation of high-end organic light-emitting diode (OLED) display drivers. The 28HV shuttle service has been offered to customers from 2021
- 40ULP eFlash technology received a total of over 60 product tape-outs by the end of 2020, including MCUs, wireless MCUs and security elements. In addition, 40ULP eFlash technology offers a low Vdd option, which provides a low energy consumption solution for IoT devices and wearable connected devices.

- 40ULP analog technology platform was established in 2020. This platform is fully logic compatible and offers analog-friendly low flicker noise and low mismatch transistors. In addition, to further enhance TSMC's analog offerings, a low TCR silicon chromium (SiCr) thin film resistor and a RTS noise guideline are being developed and expected to complete in 2021. For analog and mixed-signal applications, 40ULP analog platform supports customers' needs for optimal logic performance and density, low power consumption, and superior analog device enhancements with a cost-effective advantage.
- 12-inch 40nm Bipolar-CMOS-DMOS (BCD) Plus technology passed qualification in 2020. The Company has helped customers complete new tape-outs and this technology is expected to start volume production in 2021. As resistive random access memory (RRAM) can be integrated, this technology can support customers' designs for special applications requiring heavy firmware, such as wireless charger chips, to enhance product performance and offer better cost advantages.
- 0.13µm Silicon on Isolator (0.13SOI) technology on 8-inch wafers successfully entered volume production in 2020 for customer products of sub-6GHz RF front-end module (RF FEM), including smartphones and wireless local area networks (WLANs), following the delivery of the first RF process design health and living. kit in 2019. TSMC's 0.13SOI technology provides high cutoff 3DFabric[™] - TSMC 3D Silicon Stacking and Advanced frequency (f_T) and low on resistance-off capacitance (R_{on} - C_{off}) Packaging Technologies to support low noise amplifier (LNA) and RF switch product ● In 2020 TSMC introduced 3DFabricTM, a comprehensive designs.
- 12-inch 0.13µm Bipolar-CMOS-DMOS (BCD) plus technology completed phase-1 continual improvement process (CIP) in 2020 and significantly improved the specific on resistance (Rsp) of some power devices by more than 20%. The corresponding process design kit was available, and phase-2 CIP is expected to be completed in 2021. Compared to the previous 0.13μ m BCD technology, this technology provides continuous performance improvement and features enhancement for power management applications in high-end smartphones.
- 0.18µm BCD third generation technology passed AEC-Q100 gualification in 2020. Compared to the second generation BCD technology, this technology provides better cost competitiveness.
- Gallium nitride (GaN) on silicon technology was further enhanced to integrate GaN power switches with drivers in both 650V and 100V platforms, as well as improve reliability to support customer deigns for higher power density and efficiency solutions for various market applications. Both 650V and 100V GaN IC technology platforms are expected to be ready in 2021.

- CMOS Image Sensor (CIS) technology was further refined to support the strong demand in advanced smartphone cameras. In early 2020, TSMC helped customers lead the market in rolling out 0.8µm pixel products. Pixel size was further reduced to 0.7μ m within nine months with timely volume production. The smaller pixel size enables 30% higher resolution for CIS with the same chip size.
- TSMC successfully manufactured single photon avalanche diode (SPAD) 3D sensing products for customers with 0.13μ m Bipolar-CMOS-DMOS technology and 45nm stacked CIS technology in 2020 to capture the growth opportunity of 3D sensing market. In addition, for stacked CIS technology, TSMC further launched 22ULL technology and speeds up 12FFC technology development to support the requirement for higher performance and lower power consumption for image signal processors (ISP). In the meantime, TSMC established an R&D pilot line of 28nm CIS technology to support customers in developing more advanced CIS devices in the future.
- •TSMC successfully used CMOS MEMS (micro electromechanical systems) technology in 2020 to support customers in delivering monolithic ultrasonic scanners. This single-chip device helps customers realize portable ultrasonic scanners at affordable low prices. Thus, many more people can have an easier access to ultrasonic scanners to improve
- family of 3D silicon stacking and advanced packaging technologies, which are comprised of frontend TSMC-SoICTM 3D silicon stacking and backend 3D interconnect technologies which include CoWoS[®] (chip on wafer on substrate) and InFO (integrated fan-out), providing customers flexible solutions for integration of chiplets.
- TSMC-SoICTM (System on Integrated Chip) technology features both wafer-on-wafer (WoW) and chip-on-wafer (CoW) processes. This allows the stacking of both similar and dissimilar dies, greatly improving system performance while reducing a product's form factor. Continuing to develop CoW process technology, in 2020 TSMC successfully demonstrated WoW technology with good electrical results on heterogeneous integration of memory on logic and deep trench capacitor (DTC) on logic applications.
- Successfully developed InFO-PoP (Integrated Fan-Out Package-on-Package) technology, which integrates 5nm SoC (System-on-Chip) and DRAM (dynamic random access memory) for advanced mobile device applications. This technology helped deliver customer products to market in high volume in 2020.

- InFO_oS (Integrated Fan-out Wafer on substrate) technology extended its support to 90mmX90mm package size to integrate up to a total of nine SoC chips per module in 2020.
- In addition to conventional silicon interposer technology (Chip on Wafer on Substrate with Silicon Interposer, CoWoS®-S) which has been in volume production, TSMC extended the interconnect technology to redistribution layer (RDL) interposers (Chip on Wafer on Substrate with Redistribution Layer Interposer, CoWoS®-R) and local silicon interconnect interposers (Chip on Wafer on Substrate with Local Silicon Interconnect Interposer, CoWoS®-L) in 2020 and is engaging with customers in technology qualification and evaluation.
- Fine pitch copper (Cu) bump technology for flip chip packaging on 5nm silicon successfully entered production in 2020 for both advanced mobile and high performance computing applications.

2.2.2 Market Overview

TSMC estimates that the worldwide semiconductor market excluding memory reached US\$359 billion in revenue in 2020, representing a 10% increase from 2019. In the foundry segment of the semiconductor industry, total revenue rose to US\$80 billion in 2020, a robust growth of 20% over 2019.

2.2.3 Industry Outlook, Opportunities and Threats

Foundry Industry Demand and Supply Outlook For 2020, TSMC's strong growth in the foundry segment was driven by increased market demand for 5G smartphones and high-performance computing (HPC) products such as PCs, tablets, game consoles, servers, and 5G base station, which were further boosted by increasing "shelter at home" and "work from home" during the COVID-19 pandemic. Meanwhile, to cope with high market demand and supply uncertainties, the electronics supply chain took on higher inventory levels, which also contributed to foundry and TSMC growth. For 2021, TSMC forecasts further increases in demand for overall electronics device, driven by the ongoing 5G smartphone ramp-up and continued strength in HPCs, supporting the acceleration of digital transformation, resulting in the total semiconductor market excluding memory to have a low-teens growth. Over the longer term, fueled by increasing semiconductor content in electronic devices, continued market share gains by fabless companies, increases in integrated device manufacturer (IDM) outsourcing, and expanding in-house application-specific integrated circuits (ASIC) from systems companies, the Company expects foundry segment revenue to outpace the mid-single-digit compound annual growth

rate projected for the overall semiconductor market excluding memory from 2020 through 2025.

As an upstream supplier in the semiconductor supply chain, the foundry segment is tightly correlated with the market health of the major platforms, including smartphone, HPCs, Internet of Things, automotive, and digital consumer electronics (DCE).

Smartphones

Smartphone unit shipments, which were down a modest 2% in 2019, declined again in 2020 by 9%, reflecting their already high penetration in many developed countries and China, as well as the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on consumer purchasing power. With 5G commercialization continuing to accelerate, new 5G smartphones will likely shorten the overall replacement cycle. As a result, TSMC projects a high-single-digit growth for the smartphone market in 2021. Over the longer term, the migration to 5G, together with improved performance, longer battery life, biosensors and more AI features, will all continue to propel smartphone sales going forward.

Low-power integrated circuit (IC) technology is an essential requirement among handset manufacturers, and system-on-chip (SoC) design is the preferred solution given its optimized cost, power, and form factor (IC footprint and thickness) potential. TSMC is the acknowledged leader in process technology for manufacturing system-on-chip. Spurred by the appetite for higher performance to run artificial intelligence (AI) applications, various complex software computation and higher resolution video, the migration to advanced process technologies will continue to accelerate.

• High Performance Computing (HPC)

The HPC platform includes PCs, tablets, game consoles, servers, and base stations, etc. Major HPC unit shipments grew by 11% in 2020, mainly driven by the COVID-19 "stay at home economy" and rapid 5G base station deployment.

The HPC market is projected to have a high-single-digit unit growth in 2021, following its strong growth in 2020. Several factors are expected to drive demand in the HPC platform, including ongoing 5G base station deployment, rising data center AI server demand, and next generation game console ramping. All these require higher performance and power-efficient CPUs, GPUs, NPUs, AI accelerators, and related-ASICs, which will drive the overall HPC platform towards richer silicon content and more advanced process technologies.

• Internet of Things (IoT)

The Internet of Things platform includes various types of connected devices, such as smart wearables, smart speakers, and surveillance systems. Boosted by pandemic-driven demand, IoT unit shipments grew 17% in 2020, with Bluetooth earphones, smart wearables, and smart health devices as the major growth drivers.

Looking ahead to 2021, IoT unit shipments will grow about 30%, thanks to the continued momentum of Bluetooth earphones, smart watches and smart speakers. In addition, the pandemic is changing consumers' life and working styles, further triggering more applications for disease management and prevention. By adding more AI functions, IoT devices will drive demand for more powerful yet lower power-consuming controllers, connectivity ICs and sensors. TSMC offers high-performance yet low-power process technologies to meet industry trends and help customers succeed in the marketplace.

Automotive

Worldwide car unit sales fell 14% in 2020 as global economies were softened by the COVID-19 pandemic. Car unit sales are projected to rebound, however, in 2021 with growth in the low-teens driven by expected recovery in global economies and the automotive market in particular.

Moving forward, TSMC expects semiconductor content requirement, driven by electric vehicles (EVs), advanced driver assistance systems (ADAS) and infotainment systems, to fuel the demand for processors, sensors, analog and power ICs. TSMC offers a wide variety of process technologies to help customers compete and succeed in the automotive market.

• Digital Consumer Electronics (DCE)

DCE unit shipments fell 7% in 2020. Sales of TVs and set-top boxes exceeded expectation thanks to the "stay at home economy", but other consumer products such as digital cameras continued to decline due to stagnant demand and cannibalization by smartphones.

A slight rebound in the overall DCE market is expected in 2021 as certain sub-segments such as 4K and smart TVs continue to show positive growth. In addition, AI functions such as picture quality improvement and voice control are increasingly incorporated in TVs. With a broad array of advanced technology offerings, TSMC expects to take advantage of these market trends.

Supply Chain

The electronics industry features a long and complex supply chain, the elements of which are correlated and highly interdependent. At the upstream manufacturing level, IC vendors need to have sufficient and flexible supply deliveries to handle fluctuating demand dynamics. Foundry vendors play an important role in maintaining the health and effectiveness of the supply chain. As a leader in the foundry segment, TSMC provides advanced technologies and large-scale capacity to complement the innovations created in the downstream chain.

2.2.4 TSMC Position, Differentiation and Strategy

Position

TSMC is a worldwide semiconductor foundry leader for advanced, specialty and advanced packaging technologies. In 2020, TSMC produced 24% of the world semiconductor excluding memory output value, increasing from 21% in 2019. Net revenue by geography, based mainly on the country in which customers are headquartered, was: 62% from North America; 11% from the Asia Pacific region, excluding China and Japan; 17% from China; 5% from Europe, the Middle East and Africa; and 5% from Japan. Net revenue by platform was: 48% from the smartphone; 33% from the high performance computing (HPC); 8% from the Internet of Things (IoT); and 3% from automotive. In addition, 4% came from digital consumer electronics; and 4% from others.

Differentiation

TSMC's leadership position is based on three defining competitive strengths and a business strategy rooted in the Company's heritage. The Company distinguishes itself from the competition through its technology leadership, manufacturing excellence and customer trust.

As a technology leader, TSMC is consistently first among dedicated foundries to provide next generation, leading-edge technologies. The Company also maintains a leadership position in more mature technologies by applying the lessons learned in leading-edge technology development to enrich its specialty technologies. Beyond process technology, TSMC has established frontend and backend integration capabilities to create the optimum power/performance/area "sweet spot" to help customer achieve faster time-to-production.

Well known for industry-leading manufacturing capabilities, TSMC extends its leadership through its Open Innovation Platform[®] and Grand Alliance initiatives. The Open Innovation Platform[®] initiative quickens the pace of innovation in the semiconductor design community and among its ecosystem partners, as well as in the Company's own IP, design implementation and design for manufacturing capabilities, process technology and backend services. A key element is a set of ecosystem interfaces and collaborative components initiated and supported by the Company that more efficiently empower innovation throughout the supply chain and drive the creation and sharing of new revenue and profits. The TSMC Grand Alliance is one of the most powerful forces for innovation in the semiconductor industry, bringing together customers, electronic design automation (EDA) partners, IP partners, and key equipment and material suppliers at a new, higher level of collaboration. Its objective is to help customers, alliance members and TSMC win business and improve competitiveness.

The foundation for customer trust is a commitment TSMC made when it opened for business in 1987 to never compete with its customers. In keeping this commitment, TSMC has never designed, manufactured or marketed any integrated circuits under its own name, but instead has focused all of its resources on becoming the trusted foundry for its customers.

Strategy

TSMC is confident that its differentiating strengths will enable it to prosper from the foundry segment's many attractive growth opportunities. For the five major markets, namely smartphones, high performance computing, the Internet of Things, automotive electronics, and digital consumer electronics and in response to the fact that focus of customer demand is shifting from process-technology-centric to product-application-centric, TSMC has constructed five corresponding technology platforms to provide customers with the most comprehensive and competitive logic process technologies, specialty technologies, IPs and packaging and testing technologies to shorten customers' time to design and time to market. These platforms are:

Smartphones: TSMC offers customers leading process technologies such as 5nm FinFET (N5), 6nm FinFET (N6), 7nm FinFET Plus (N7+), and 7nm FinFET (N7) logic process technologies, as well as comprehensive IPs for premium product applications to further enhance chip performance, reduce power consumption, and decrease chip size. For mainstream product applications, TSMC offers leading process technologies such as 6nm FinFET, 12nm FinFET compact

plus (12FFC+), 12nm FinFET compact (12FFC), 16nm FinFET compact plus (16FFC+), 16nm FinFET compact (16FFC), 28nm high performance compact (28HPC), 28nm high performance mobile compact plus (28HPC+), and 22nm ultra-low power (22ULP) logic process technologies, in addition to comprehensive IPs, to satisfy customer needs for high performance and low power chips. Furthermore, for premium, high-end, mid-end and entry-level product applications, the Company offers the most competitive, leading-edge specialty technologies to deliver specialty companion chips for customers' logic application processors, including RF, embedded flash memory, emerging memory technologies, power management, sensors, and display chips as well as advanced 3DFabricTM packaging technologies such as industry-leading Integrated Fan-Out (InFO) technology.

High Performance Computing: Driven by data explosion and application innovation, high performance computing has become one of the key growth drivers for TSMC's business. TSMC provides customers, both fabless IC design companies and system companies, with leading-edge process technologies such as 5nm FinFET, 6nm FinFET, 7nm FinFET and 12nm/16nm FinFET, as well as comprehensive IPs including high-speed interconnect IPs to meet customers' product requirements for transferring and processing vast amounts of data anywhere and anytime. Based on advanced process nodes, a variety of high performance computing products have been launched, such as central processing units (CPUs), graphics processor units (GPUs), field programmable gate arrays (FPGAs), server processors, accelerator, high-speed networking chips, etc. Those products can be used in current and future 5G, AI, cloud, and data centers. TSMC also offers multiple advanced 3DFabricTM packaging technologies, such as CoWoS[®], InFO, and TSMC-SoICTM, to enable homogeneous and heterogeneous chip integration to meet customers' requirements for high performance, high compute density and efficiency, low latency and high integration. TSMC will continue to optimize its high performance computing platform and strengthen collaboration with customers to help customers capture market growth in high performance computing markets.

Internet of Things: TSMC provides leading, comprehensive and highly integrated ultra-low power (ULP) technology platforms to enable innovations for artificial intelligence (AI) of things (AIoT, AI+IoT) applications. The Company's offerings include

FinFET-based 12-nanometer technology – N12e[™] featuring energy efficiency with high performance that results in more computing power and AI inferencing, 22nm ULP/Ultra-low leakage (ULL), 28nm ULP, 40nm ULP, and 55nm ULP, which have been widely adopted by various edge AI system-on-a-chip (SoC), battery-powered applications. TSMC has also extended its low Vdd (low operating voltage) offerings with wide-range operating voltage SPICE (simulation program with integrated circuit emphasis) models for extreme low-power applications. TSMC also offers competitive and comprehensive specialty technologies in RF, enhanced analog devices, embedded flash memory, emerging memory, sensors and display chips, as well as multiple 3DFabricTM advanced packaging technologies, including leading InFO technology to support the fast-growing demand in AIoT edge computing and wireless connectivity.

Automotive Electronics: TSMC's Automotive Electronics Platform provides a comprehensive spectrum of technologies and services to support the three megatrends - safer, smarter and greener – in the automotive industry. The Company is also an industry leader in providing a robust automotive IP ecosystem, which covers 16nm FinFET first and extends to 7nm FinFET and 5nm FinFET, for advanced driver-assistance systems (ADAS) and advanced in-vehicle infotainment (IVI), the two most computationally demanding systems in the automotive industry. In addition to its advanced logic platform, TSMC offers broad and competitive specialty technologies, including 28nm embedded flash memory, 28nm, 22nm, and 16nm mmWave RF, high sensitivity CMOS Image/LiDAR (light detection and ranging) sensors, and power management ICs. Magnetic random access memory (MRAM), an emerging technology, is being developed with good progress to meet automotive Grade-1 requirements. All these automotive technologies are applied to TSMC's automotive process qualification standards based on AEC-Q100 standards.

Digital Consumer Electronics (DCE) Platform: TSMC provides customers with leading and comprehensive technologies to deliver AI-enabled smart devices for DCE applications, including smart digital TV (DTV), set-top box (STB), AI-embedded smart camera and associated wireless local area network (WLAN), power IC, timing controller (T-CON) and so on. The Company's leading 7nm FinFET compact (7FFC), 16FFC/12FFC, 22ULP/22ULL and 28HPC+ technologies have been widely adopted by leading global makers for 8K/4K DTV, 4K streaming STB, digital single-lens reflex (DSLR) devices, and so on.

TSMC will continue to make these technologies more cost competitive through die size shrink for customers' digital intensive chip designs and to lower power consumption for more cost-effective packaging.

TSMC continually strengthens its core competitiveness and deploys both short-term and long-term plans for technology and business development and assists customers in taking on the challenges of short product cycles and intense competition in the electronic products market to meet ROI and growth objectives.

• Short-Term Semiconductor Business Development Plan

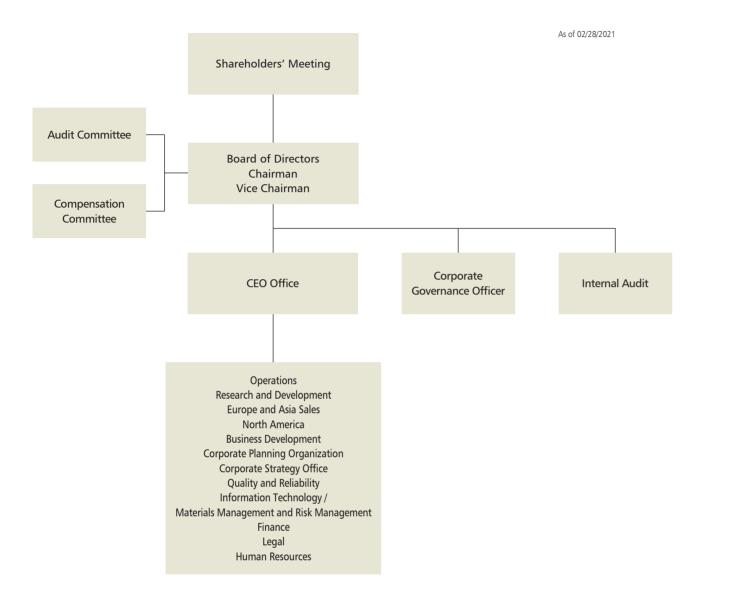
- 1. Substantially ramp up the business and sustain advanced technology market share by continued increasing capacity and R&D investments.
- 2. Maintain mainstream technology market share by expanding business to new customers and market segments.
- 3. Continue to enhance the competitive advantages of the Company's platforms in smartphones, high performance computing, IoT, and automotive electronics design ecosystems, so as to expand TSMC's dedicated foundry services in these product applications.
- 4. Further expand TSMC's business and service infrastructure into emerging and developing markets.

• Long-Term Semiconductor Business Development Plan

- 1. Continue developing leading-edge technologies at a pace consistent with the Moore's Law.
- 2. Broaden specialty business contributions by further developing derivative technologies.
- 3. Provide more integrated services, covering system-level integration design, design technology definition, design tool preparation, wafer processing, 3DFabricTM advanced packaging and silicon stacking technologies, and testing services, and so on, all of which deliver more value to customers through optimized solutions.

2.3 Organization

2.3.1 Organization Chart



2.3.2 Major Corporate Functions

Operations

• Includes managing all fabs in Taiwan and overseas; manufacturing technology development; product engineering, advanced packaging technology development, production and service integration

Research and Development

• Advanced technology development, exploratory research, and design and technology platform development, specialty technology development

Europe and Asia Sales

• Customer business, technical marketing, and regional market development in Europe and Asia (China, Japan, South Korea and Taiwan); immediate and comprehensive technical support, as well as customer service including customers in North America

North America

• Sales and market development, field technical solutions and business operations for customers in North America

Business Development

• Identification of market trends and new applications that shape the technology roadmap and portfolios for the Company; also provides key support in strengthening customer relationships along with Company branding management

Corporate Planning Organization

• Planning for operational resources, as well as for production and demand; integration of business processes, corporate pricing, market analysis and forecasting

Corporate Strategy Office

• Corporate strategy formation and implementation

Quality and Reliability

• Assurance of the quality and reliability of the Company's products by resolving issues at the developmental stage; improving and managing product quality at the production stage; providing solutions to customers' quality related issues; and providing services for advanced materials and failure analysis

Information Technology / Corporate Information Security

• Integration of the Company's technology and business IT systems; infrastructure development; communication services and assurance of IT security and service quality; implementing big data and machine learning to improve the Company's productivity and accelerate R&D delivery

Materials Management and Risk Management

• Procurement, warehousing, import and export, and logistics support; also environmental protection, industrial safety, occupational health and risk management

Internal Audit

• Inspection and review of the Company's internal control system, its adequacy in design and effectiveness in operation, with independent risk assessment to ensure compliance with the Company's policies and procedures as well as with external regulations

Finance and Spokesperson

• Corporate finance, accounting and corporate communications; with the head of the organization also serving as the Company Spokesperson

Legal

• Corporate legal affairs including regulatory compliance, commercial transactions, patents and management of other intellectual properties, and litigation

Human Resources

• Personnel management, organizational development, physical security management, employee services and wellness management

2.4 Board Members

2.4.1 Information Regarding Board Members

| Title/Name | Gender | Nationality or Place of | Date Elected | Term Expires | Date First Elected | Shares Held Whe | n Elected | Shares Current | tly Held | Shares Currently Spouse & Mir | | Selected Education, Past Positions & Current Positions at Non-profit Organizations | Selected Current Positions at TSMC and Other Companies |
|---|--------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------------------|-----------------|-----------|----------------|----------|----------------------------------|-------|---|--|
| | | Registration | | | Elected | Shares | % | Shares | % | Shares | % | | Other Companies |
| Chairman Mark Liu | Male | U.S. | 06/05/2018 | 06/04/2021 | 06/08/2017 | 12,913,114 | 0.05% | 12,913,114 | 0.05% | | - | Bachelor Degree in Electrical Engineering, National Taiwan University Master Degree and Ph.D. in Electrical Engineering & Computer Science, University of California, Berkeley, U.S. | None |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Former President, Worldwide Semiconductor Manufacturing Corp. Former Senior Vice President, Advanced Technology Business, TSMC Former Senior Vice President, Operations, TSMC Former Executive Vice President and Co-Chief Operating Officer, TSMC Former President and Co-CEO, TSMC | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Chairman, Taiwan Semiconductor Industry Association (TSIA) | |
| Vice Chairman C.C. Wei | Male | R.O.C. | 06/05/2018 | 06/04/2021 | 06/08/2017 | 7,179,207 | 0.03% | 7,179,207 | 0.03% | 261 | 0.00% | Bachelor and Master Degrees in Electrical Engineering, National Chiao Tung University Ph.D. in Electrical Engineering, Yale University, U.S. | CEO, TSMC |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Former Senior Vice President, Chartered Semiconductor Manufacturing Ltd., Singapore Former Senior Vice President, Mainstream Technology Business, TSMC Former Senior Vice President, Business Development, TSMC Former Executive Vice President and Co-Chief Operating Officer, TSMC Former President and Co-CEO, TSMC | |
| Director F.C. Tseng | Male | R.O.C. | 06/05/2018 | 06/04/2021 | 05/13/1997 | 34,472,675 | 0.13% | 34,472,675 | 0.13% | 132,855 | 0.00% | Bachelor Degree in Electrical Engineering, National Cheng Kung University Master Degree in Electrical Engineering, National Chiao Tung University Ph.D. in Electrical Engineering, National Cheng Kung University Honorary Ph.D., National Chiao Tung University Honorary Ph.D., National Tsing Hua University | Chairman of: - TSMC China Company Ltd. (a non-public company) - Global UniChip Corp. Vice Chairman, Vanguard International Semiconductor Corp. |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Former President, Vanguard International Semiconductor Corp. Former President, TSMC Former Deputy CEO, TSMC Former Vice Chairman, TSMC Former Independent Director, Chairman of Audit Committee & Compensation Committee member, Acer Inc. Former Director, National Culture and Arts Foundation, R.O.C. | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Chairman, TSMC Education and Culture Foundation Director, Cloud Gate Culture and Arts Foundation | |
| Director National Development Fund, Executive Yuan (Note 1) | | | 06/05/2018 | 06/04/2021 | 12/10/1986 | 1,653,709,980 | 6.38% | 1,653,709,980 | 6.38% | - | - | | |
| Representative: Ming-Hsin Kung | Male | R.O.C. | | | 07/24/2020 (Note 2) | 779 (Note 2) | 0.00% | 779 | 0.00% | | | B.A., Statistics, Fu Jen Catholic University M.A., Economics, National Taiwan University Ph.D., Economics, National Chung Hsing University | Director, Taiwania Capital Management Corp. (Representative of the National Development Fund) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Former Minister without Portfolio, Executive Yuan Former Deputy Minister, Ministry of Economic Affairs Former Deputy Minister, National Development Council Former Member, National Stabilization Fund Management Committee, Executive Yuan Former Consultant, Ministry of Economic Affairs Former Advisory Committee Member, Mainland Affairs Council, Executive Yuan Former Vice President, Taiwan Institute of Economic Research Former Research Fellow, Taiwan Institute of Economic Research Former Research Fellow, Science and Technology Advisory Group, Executive Yuan Former Deputy Executive Secretary, Industrial Development Advisory Council, Ministry of Economic Affairs | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Former Adjunct Assistant Professor, Tamkang University | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | Minister without Portfolio, Executive Yuan & concurrently Minister, National Development Council, R.O.C. | |

(Continued)

| Title/Name | Gender | Nationality or Place of | Date Elected | Term Expires | Date First | Shares Held Whe | en Elected | Shares Curren | tly Held | Shares Currently Spouse & Mi | | Selected Education, Past Positions & Current Positions at Non-profit Organizations | Selected Current Positions at TSMC and |
|---|--------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|-----------------|------------|---------------|----------|---------------------------------|-------|--|---|
| | | Registration | | | Elected | Shares | % | Shares | % | Shares | % | | Other Companies |
| Independent Director Sir Peter L. Bonfield | Male | UK | 06/05/2018 | 06/04/2021 | 05/07/2002 | - | - | - | - | | - | Bachelor and Honours Degrees in Engineering, Loughborough University Fellow of the Royal Academy of Engineering Former Chairman and CEO, ICL PIC, UK Former CEO and Chairman of the Executive Committee, British Telecommunications PIC Former Vice President, the British Quality Foundation Former Director, Mentor Graphics Corp., U.S. Former Director, Nony Corp., Japan Former Director, L.M. Ericsson, Sweden Former Senior Advisor, Hampton Group, London Former Chair of Council and Senior Pro-Chancellor, Loughborough University, UK Board Member, EastWest Institute, New York | Chairman, NXP Semiconductors N.V., the Netherlands Non-Executive Director, Imagination Technologies Group Ltd., UK (a non-public company) Advisory Board Member, The Longreach Group Ltd., HK Senior Advisor, Alix Partners LLP, London Board Mentor, Chairman Mentors International (CMi) Ltd., London (a non-public company) |
| Independent Director Stan Shih | Male | R.O.C. | 06/05/2018 | 06/04/2021 | 04/14/2000 | 1,480,286 | 0.01% | 1,480,286 | 0.01% | 16,116 | 0.00% | BSEE & MSEE, National Chiao Tung University Honorary EE Ph.D., National Chiao Tung University Honorary Doctor of Technology, The Hong Kong Polytechnic University Honorary Pellowship, University of Wales, Cardiff, UK Honorary Doctor of International Law, Thunderbird, American Graduate School of International Management, U.S. Co-Founder, Chairman Emeritus, Acer Group Former Chairman & CEO, Acer Group Former Director, Qisda Corp. Former Director, Usitron Corp. Former Director, Ugistimes Inc. Former Chairman, National Culture and Arts Foundation, R.O.C. Council member of Asian Corporate Governance Associate (ACGA) Chairman, StanShih Foundation Chairman, Cloud Gate Culture and Arts Foundation Director, Public Television Service Foundation, R.O.C. | Chairman, CT Ambi Investment and Consulting Inc. (a non-public company) Director of: - Acer Inc. - Bigis Technology Inc. - Nan Shan Life Insurance Co., Ltd. (a non-listed company) - Chinese Television System Inc. (a non-listed company) |
| Independent Director Kok-Choo Chen | Female | R.O.C. | 06/05/2018 | 06/04/2021 | 06/09/2011 | - | - | | - | | - | Inns of Court School of Law, England Barrister-at-law, England Advocate & Solicitor, Singapore Attorney-at-law, California, U.S. Lawyer, Tan, Rajah & Cheah, Singapore, 1969-1970 Lawyer, Sullivan & Cromwell, New York, U.S., 1971-1974 Lawyer, Heller, Erhman, White & McAuliffe, San Francisco, California, U.S., 1974-1975 Partner, Ding & Ding Law Offices, R.O.C., 1975-1988 Partner, Chen & Associates Law Offices, R.O.C., 1988-1992 Vice President, Echo Publishing, R.O.C., 1992-1995 President, National Culture and Arts Foundation, R.O.C., 1995-1997 Senior Vice-President and General Coursel, TSMC, 1997-2001 Founder and Executive Director, Taipei Story House, 2003-2015 Advisor, Executive Yuan, R.O.C., 2009-2016 Director, National Culture and Arts Foundation, R.O.C., 2011-2016 Chairman, National Performing Arts Center, 2014-2017 Lecturer, Nanyang University, Singapore, 1970-1971 Associate Professor, Sochow University, 1981-1998 Chair Professor, National Tsing Hua University, 1999-2002 Professor, Sochow University, 2001-2004 Professor, Republic of China Female Cancer Foundation | None |

(Continued)

| Title/Name | Gender | Nationality or Place of | Date Elected | Term Expires | Date First Elected | Shares Held Whe | n Elected | Shares Currently | Held | Shares Currently Spouse & Mir | | Selected Education, Past Positions & Current Positions at Non-profit Organizations | Selected Current Positions at TSMC and Other Companies |
|--|--------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|-----------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------------|------|----------------------------------|---|--|--|
| | | Registration | | | Elected | Shares | % | Shares | % | Shares | % | | Other Companies |
| Independent Director Michael R. Splinter | Male | U.S. | 06/05/2018 | 06/04/2021 | 06/09/2015 | - | - | - | | | - | Bachelor and Master Degrees in Electrical Engineering, University of Wisconsin-Madison Honorary Ph.D. in Engineering, University of Wisconsin-Madison Former Executive Vice President of Technology and Manufacturing group, Intel Corp. Former Executive Vice President of Sales and Marketing, Intel Corp. Former CEO, Applied Materials, Inc. Former Drivetor, The NASDAQ OMX Group, Inc. Former Director, Silicon Valley Leadership Group Former Director, Meyer Burger Technology Ltd., Switzerland Former Director, University of Wisconsin Foundation Chairman of the Board, US-Taiwan Business Council | Chairman of the Board, NASDAQ, Inc. Director of: - Pica8, Inc., U.S. (a non-public company) - Gogoro Inc., Cayman Islands (a non-public company) - Tigo Energy, Inc., U.S. (a non-public company) - Kioxia Holdings Corp., Japan (a non-public company) General Partner, WISC Partners LP, U.S. |
| Independent Director Moshe N. Gavrielov | Male | U.S. | 06/05/2019 | 06/04/2021 | 06/05/2019 | - | - | - | - | | - | Bachelor Degree in Electrical Engineering, Technion - Israel Institute of Technology Master Degree in Computer Science, Technion - Israel Institute of Technology In a variety of engineering and engineering management positions, National Semiconductor Corp. and Digital Equipment Corp. In a variety of executive management positions, LSI Logic Corp. for nearly 10 years Former CEO, Verisity, Ltd., U.S. Former Executive Vice President and General Manager of the Verification Division, Cadence Design Systems, Inc., U.S. Former President and CEO, Xilinx, Inc., U.S. Former Director, Xilinx, Inc., U.S. Director, San Jose Institute of Contemporary Art | Executive Chairman, Wind River Systems, Inc., U.S. (a non-public company) Independent Director, SiMa Technologies, Inc., U.S. (a non-public company) Director, Foretellix, Ltd., Israel (a non-public company) |
| Independent Director Yancey Hai (Note 3) | Male | R.O.C. | 06/09/2020 | 06/04/2021 | 06/09/2020 | - | - | - | - | | - | M.A., International Business Management, University of Texas at Dallas Former Country Manager, GE Capital Taiwan Former Vice Chairman and CEO, Delta Electronics, Inc. | Chairman and Chair of Strategic Steering Committee, Delta Electronics, Inc. (Delta) Director of Delta's subsidiaries: - Delta Electronics Power (Dongguan) Co., Ltd. (a non-public company) - Delta Electronics (Shanghai) Co., Ltd. (a non-public company) - Delta Networks, Inc. (a non-public company) - Delta Networks, Inc. (a non-public company) - Delta Electronics Capital Company (a non-public company) - Cyntec Co., Ltd. (a non-public company) Independent Director, USI Corporation Director, CTCI Corporation |

Remarks: 1. No member of the Board of Directors held TSMC shares by nominee arrangement. 2. Managers or Directors who are spouses or within second-degree relative of consanguinity to the directors: None. 3. Chairman and President (or someone with an equivalent job responsibility, i.e. the highest ranking manager of the company) are not (1) the same person, (2) in a marital relationship with each other, or (3) within one degree of consanguinity.

Note 1: Major Shareholder of the Institutional Shareholder

| Institutional Shareholder | Major Shareholders (Top 10 Shareholders) of the Institutional Shareholder |
|---|---|
| National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | Not Applicable |

Note 2: Mr. Ming-Hsin Kung was appointed as the representative of National Development Fund on July 24, 2020. Note 3: Mr. Yancey Hai was elected as TSMC's independent director at TSMC's Annual Shareholders' Meeting on June 9, 2020.

2.4.2 Remuneration Paid to Directors and Independent Directors (Note 1)

Unit: NT\$

| | | | | Director's Re | emuneration | | | | (4.1.0.1.0.1 | D) as a % of | | Compensation Earned by a Director Who is an Employee of TSMC or of TSMC's Consolidated Entities | | | | | | | (A+B+C+D+E+F+G) as a % | | |
|---|------------|--------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|--|-----------|--------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Title/Name | Base Compe | nsation (A) | Pensi | ce Pay and ons (B) ote 4) | | nsation to tors (C) | Allowances | (D) (Note 5) | | ncome | Bonuses, and | pensation, Allowances (E) te 5) | | e Pay and F) (Note 4) | | Profit Sh | aring (G) | | of Net Inco | | Compensation Paid to Directors from Non-consolidated |
| | | From All | | From All | | From All | | From All | | From All | | From All | | From All | From | TSMC | From All Conso | lidated Entities | | From All | Affiliates or Parent Company |
| | From TSMC | Consolidated Entities | From TSMC | Consolidated Entities | From TSMC | Consolidated Entities | From TSMC | Consolidated Entities | From TSMC | Consolidated Entities | From TSMC | Consolidated Entities | From TSMC | Consolidated Entities | Cash | Stock (Fair Market Value) | Cash | Stock (Fair Market Value) | From TSMC | Consolidated Entities | |
| Chairman Mark Liu | 13,263,733 | 13,263,733 | 188,946 | 188,946 | 408,158,960 | 408,158,960 | 1,339,256 | 1,339,256 | 0.0817% | 0.0817% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0817% | 0.0817% | |
| Vice Chairman C.C. Wei | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 218,583,985 | 218,583,985 | 188,946 | 188,946 | 204,079,480 | - | 204,079,480 | - | 0.0816% | 0.0816% | - |
| Director F.C. Tseng | - | - | - | - | 10,560,000 | 10,560,000 | 1,309,298 | 1,309,298 | 0.0023% | 0.0023% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0023% | 0.0023% | 7,900,018 |
| Director National Development Fund, Executive Yuan Representative: Ming-Hsin Kung (Note 2) | - | - | - | - | 10,560,000 | 10,560,000 | - | - | 0.0020% | 0.0020% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0020% | 0.0020% | - |
| Independent Director Sir Peter L. Bonfield | - | - | - | - | 15,558,488 | 15,558,488 | - | - | 0.0030% | 0.0030% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0030% | 0.0030% | - |
| Independent Director Stan Shih | - | - | - | - | 13,200,000 | 13,200,000 | - | - | 0.0025% | 0.0025% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0025% | 0.0025% | - |
| Independent Director Kok-Choo Chen | - | - | - | - | 13,200,000 | 13,200,000 | - | - | 0.0025% | 0.0025% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0025% | 0.0025% | - |
| Independent Director Michael R. Splinter | - | - | - | - | 15,558,488 | 15,558,488 | - | - | 0.0030% | 0.0030% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0030% | 0.0030% | - |
| Independent Director Moshe N. Gavrielov | - | - | - | - | 15,558,488 | 15,558,488 | - | - | 0.0030% | 0.0030% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0030% | 0.0030% | - |
| Independent Director Yancey Hai (Note 3) | - | - | - | - | 7,397,802 | 7,397,802 | - | - | 0.0014% | 0.0014% | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 0.0014% | 0.0014% | - |
| Total | 13,263,733 | 13,263,733 | 188,946 | 188,946 | 509,752,226 | 509,752,226 | 2,648,554 | 2,648,554 | 0.1015% | 0.1015% | 218,583,985 | 218,583,985 | 188,946 | 188,946 | 204,079,480 | - | 204,079,480 | - | 0.1832% | 0.1832% | 7,900,018 |

*Other than disclosure in the above table, Directors remunerations earned by providing services (e.g. providing consulting services as a non-employee) to TSMC and all consolidated entities in the 2020 financial statements: Advisor Fee to Dr. F.C. Tseng NT\$14,976,345.

Note 1: Directors and Independent Directors' remuneration policies, procedures, standards and structure, as well as the linkage to responsibilities, risks and time spent:

 Directors and imperiodent Directors' termineration policies, procedures, standards and structure, as well as the linkage to responsibilities, risks and time spent?
 According to TSMC's Articles of Incorporation, the Board of Directors is authorized to determine the salary for the Chairman, Vice Chairman and Directors, taking into account the extent and value of the services provided for the management of the Corporation and the standards of the industry within the R.O.C. and overseas.
 The Articles of Incorporation also provide that the compensation to directors shall be no more than 0.3% of annual profits and directors who also serve as executive officers of TSMC are not entitled to receive compensation to directors. According to TSMC's Compensation of Compensation to directors who also serve as executive officers of the Company are not entitled to receive compensation, (2) the compensation for independent director who also serve as even that the other director is who also directors is and line director in directors who also serve as event we officers of the Company are not entitled to receive compensation, (2) the compensation for independent directors who also serve as even by higher directors who also serve as the the director and line directors who also serve as event we officers of the Company are not entitled to receive compensation, (2) the compensation for independent directors who also serve as event we officers of the Company are not entitled to receive compensation. directors may be higher than the other directors, as all independent directors also serve as members of the Audit Committee and the Compensation Committee and thus participate in the discussions as well as resolutions of related committee meetings in accordance with the charter of each committee; and (3) the compensation for overseas independent directors may be higher than domestic independent

directors, as they require additional time to attend quarterly meetings in Taiwan. Note 2: Mr. Ming-Hsin Kung was appointed as the representative of National Development Fund on July 24, 2020. Note 3: Mr. Yancey Hai was elected as TSMC's independent director at TSMC's Annual Shareholders' Meeting on June 9, 2020.

Note 4: Pensions funded according to applicable law.

Note 5: The above-mentioned figures include expenses for Company cars and related reimbursements, but do not include compensation paid to Company drivers (totaled NT\$3,810,232).

Note 6: Total remuneration paid to the directors from TSMC and from all consolidated entities in2019, including their employee compensation, both accounted for 0.1940% of 2019 net income.

2.5 Management Team

2.5.1 Information Regarding Management Team

| Title Name | Gender | Nationality | On-board Date (Note 2) | Shares He | ld | Shares Held by S Minors | | Shares Held in t of Other | | Education and Selected Past Positions | Selected Current Positions at Other Companies | Managers W Relati | ho are Spouses or w ve of Consanguinity (Note 3) | vithin Second-degree to Each Other |
|---|--------|-------------|---------------------------|------------|-------|----------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|---|---|----------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| (Note 1) | | | | Shares | % | Shares | % | Shares | % | | | Title | Name | Relation |
| Chief Executive Officer C.C. Wei | Male | R.O.C. | 02/01/1998 | 7,179,207 | 0.03% | 261 | 0.00% | - | - | Ph.D., Electrical Engineering, Yale University, U.S. President and Co-Chief Executive Officer, TSMC Executive Vice President and Co-Chief Operating Officer, TSMC Senior Vice President, Business Development, TSMC Senior Vice President, Mainstream Technology Business, TSMC Senior Vice President, Chartered Semiconductor Manufacturing Ltd. | None | None | None | None |
| Senior Vice President Europe & Asia Sales Lora Ho | Female | R.O.C. | 06/01/1999 | 4,570,080 | 0.02% | 2,230,268 | 0.01% | - | - | Master, Business Administration, National Taiwan University, Taiwan Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer/Spokesperson, TSMC Senior Director, Accounting, TSMC Vice President & CFO, TI-Acer Semiconductor Manufacturing Corp. | Director and/or Supervisor, TSMC subsidiaries | None | None | None |
| Senior Vice President Research and Development/Technology Development Wei-Jen Lo | Male | R.O.C. | 07/01/2004 | 1,441,127 | 0.01% | - | - | - | - | Ph.D., Solid State Physics and Surface Chemistry, University of California, Berkeley, U.S. Vice President, Technology Development, TSMC Vice President, Manufacturing Technology, TSMC Vice President, Advanced Technology Business, TSMC Vice President, Operations II, TSMC Director, Advanced Technology Development and CTM Plant Manager, Intel Corp. | None | None | None | None |
| Senior Vice President/CEO & President, TSMC AZ Corporate Strategy Office/TSMC AZ Rick Cassidy | Male | U.S. | 11/14/1997 | - | - | - | - | - | - | Bachelor, Engineering Technology, United States Military Academy at West Point, U.S. Chief Executive Officer, TSMC North America President, TSMC North America Vice President, TSMC North America | Director, TSMC subsidiary President and CEO, TSMC subsidiary | None | None | None |
| Senior Vice President Operations Y.P. Chin | Male | R.O.C. | 01/01/1987 | 6,920,122 | 0.03% | 2,191,107 | 0.01% | - | - | Master, Electrical Engineering, National Cheng Kung University, Taiwan Senior Vice President, Product Development, TSMC Vice President, Advanced Technology and Business, TSMC | Director, TSMC subsidiaries | None | None | None |
| Senior Vice President Research and Development/Technology Development Y.J. Mii | Male | R.O.C. | 11/14/1994 | 1,000,419 | 0.00% | - | - | - | - | Ph.D., Electrical Engineering, University of California, Los Angeles, U.S. Vice President, Technology Development, TSMC Senior Director, Platform I Division, TSMC | None | Director | Wayne Yeh | Brother in law |
| Senior Vice President Information Technology and Materials Management & Risk Management J.K. Lin | Male | R.O.C. | 01/01/1987 | 12,648,251 | 0.05% | 1,019,961 | 0.00% | - | - | Bachelor, Science, National Changhua University of Education, Taiwan Vice President, Mainstream Fabs and Manufacturing Technology, TSMC Senior Director, Mainstream Fabs, TSMC | None | None | None | None |
| Senior Vice President Corporate Planning Organization J.K. Wang | Male | R.O.C. | 02/11/1987 | 2,583,947 | 0.01% | 160,844 | 0.00% | - | - | Master, Chemical Engineering, National Cheng Kung University, Taiwan Senior Vice President, Fab Operations, TSMC Vice President, 300mm Fabs, TSMC Senior Director, 300mm Fabs, TSMC | None | None | None | None |
| Senior Vice President Europe and Asia Sales Cliff Hou (Note 4) | Male | R.O.C. | 12/15/1997 | 376,104 | 0.00% | 60,802 | 0.00% | - | - | Ph.D., Electrical Engineering, Syracuse University, U.S. Senior Vice President, Technology Development, TSMC Vice President, Design and Technology Platform, TSMC Senior Director, Design and Technology Platform, TSMC | Director, TSMC subsidiaries President, TSMC subsidiaries Director, TSMC affiliate | None | None | None |
| Senior Vice President Business Development Kevin Zhang (Note 5) | Male | U.S. | 11/01/2016 | 68,000 | 0.00% | - | - | - | - | Ph.D., Electrical Engineering, Duke University, U.S. Vice President, Design and Technology Platform, TSMC Vice President, Technology and Manufacturing Group, Intel Corp. | None | None | None | None |
| Vice President and General Counsel/Corporate Governance Officer Legal Sylvia Fang | Female | R.O.C. | 03/20/1995 | 700,285 | 0.00% | 69,112 | 0.00% | 384,000 | 0.00% | Master, Comparative Law, School of Law, University of Iowa, U.S. Attorney-at-law, Taiwan Associate General Counsel, TSMC Senior Associate, Taiwan International Patent and Law Office (TIPLO) | Director and/or Supervisor, TSMC subsidiaries | None | None | None |
| Vice President Human Resources Connie Ma | Female | R.O.C. | 06/01/2014 | 180,000 | 0.00% | - | - | - | - | EMBA, International Business Management, National Taiwan University Director, Human Resources, TSMC Senior Vice President, Global Human Resources, Trend Micro Inc. | None | None | None | None |
| Vice President Operations/Fab Operations I Y.L. Wang | Male | R.O.C | 06/01/1992 | 218,535 | 0.00% | 1,135,529 | 0.00% | - | - | Ph.D., Electrical Engineering, National Chiao Tung University, Taiwan Vice President, Fab Operations, TSMC Vice President, Technology Development, TSMC Vice President, Fab 14B, TSMC Senior Director, Fab 14B, TSMC | Director, TSMC subsidiary | None | None | None |
| Vice President and TSMC Distinguished Fellow Pathfinding for System Integration Doug Yu (Note 6) | Male | R.O.C. | 12/28/1994 | 235,000 | 0.00% | - | - | - | - | Ph.D., Materials Engineering, Georgia Institute of Technology, U.S. Vice President, Integrated Interconnect & Packaging, TSMC Senior Director, Integrated Interconnect & Packaging Division, TSMC | None | None | None | None |
| Vice President and TSMC Fellow Operations/Advanced Technology and Mask Engineering T.S. Chang | Male | R.O.C. | 02/06/1995 | 173,781 | 0.00% | - | - | - | - | Ph.D., Electrical Engineering, National Tsing Hua University, Taiwan Vice President, Product Development, TSMC Vice President, Fab 12B, TSMC Senior Director, Fab 12B, TSMC | None | None | None | None |

As of 02/28/2021

(Continued)

| Title Name | Gender | Nationality | On-board Date (Note 2) | Shares He | eld | Shares Held by S Minors | | Shares Held in t of Other | | Education and Selected Past Positions | Selected Current Positions at Other Companies | Managers Who Relative o | are Spouses or with f Consanguinity to (Note 3) | nin Second-degree Each Other |
|---|--------|-------------|---------------------------|-----------|-------|----------------------------|-------|------------------------------|-------|---|---|----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| (Note 1) | | | (, | Shares | % | Shares | % | Shares | % | | | Title | Name | Relation |
| Vice President Research and Development/Platform Development Michael Wu | Male | R.O.C. | 12/09/1996 | 483,501 | 0.00% | 194,943 | 0.00% | - | - | Ph.D., Electrical Engineering, University of Wisconsin-Madison, U.S. Senior Director, Platform Development, TSMC | None | None | None | None |
| Vice President Research and Development/Pathfinding Min Cao | Male | U.S. | 07/29/2002 | 363,152 | 0.00% | 4,470 | 0.00% | - | - | Ph.D., Physics, Stanford University, U.S. Senior Director, Pathfinding Division, TSMC | None | None | None | None |
| Vice President Operations/Advanced Packaging Technology and Service Marvin Liao | Male | R.O.C. | 06/06/2002 | 65,485 | 0.00% | - | - | 235,000 | 0.00% | Ph.D., Materials Science, University of Texas-Arlington, U.S. Senior Director, Backend Technology and Service Division, TSMC Vice President, Chartered Semiconductor Manufacturing Ltd. | None | None | None | None |
| Vice President Operations/Fab Operations II Y.H. Liaw | Male | R.O.C. | 08/03/1988 | 370,000 | 0.00% | - | - | 430,000 | 0.00% | Master, Chemical Engineering, National Tsing Hua University, Taiwan Vice President, Fab Operations, TSMC Vice President, Fab 15B, TSMC Senior Director, Fab 15B, TSMC | Director, TSMC subsidiary Director, TSMC affiliate | None | None | None |
| Vice President Research and Development/Advanced Tool and Module Development Simon Jang | Male | R.O.C. | 09/01/1993 | 350,695 | 0.00% | 663 | 0.00% | - | - | PPh.D., Materials Science & Engineering, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, U.S. Senior Director, Advanced Tool and Module Development Division, TSMC | None | 1. Deputy Director 2. Manager | 1. Sharon Jang 2. Jimmy Hu | 1. Sister 2. Brother in law |
| Vice President and Chief Financial Officer/ Spokesperson Finance Wendell Huang | Male | R.O.C. | 05/03/1999 | 1,651,617 | 0.01% | - | - | - | - | Master, Business Administration, Cornell University, U.S. Deputy Chief Financial Officer, TSMC Senior Director, Finance Division, TSMC Vice President, Corporate Finance, ING Barings Vice President, Corporate Finance, Chase Manhattan Bank Vice President, Corporate Finance, Bankers Trust Company | Director and/or Supervisor, TSMC subsidiaries President, TSMC subsidiaries Director, TSMC affiliate | None | None | None |
| Vice President Research and Development/More than Moore Technologies C.S. Yoo (Note 7) | Male | R.O.C. | 06/16/1988 | 1,703,690 | 0.01% | 219,924 | 0.00% | 851,908 | 0.00% | Ph.D., Chemical Engineering, Worcester Polytech. Institute, U.S. Senior Director, Office of Strategy Customer Program, TSMC Senior Director, E-Beam Operation Division, TSMC | Director, TSMC subsidiary (Note 7) | None | None | None |
| Vice President Quality and Reliability Jun He (Note 8) | Male | U.S. | 05/22/2017 | 5,000 | 0.00% | - | - | - | - | Ph.D., Materials Science and Engineering, University of California, Santa Barbara, U.S. Senior Director, Quality and Reliability, TSMC Senior Director, Head of Quality and Reliability for Technology & Manufacturing Group, Intel Corp. | None | None | None | None |
| Vice President Research and Development/Platform Development Geoffrey Yeap (Note 9) | Male | U.S. | 03/21/2016 | - | - | - | - | - | - | Ph.D., Electrical and Computer Engineering, University of Texas-Austin, U.S. Senior Director, Platform Development, TSMC Senior Director, Advanced Technology, TSMC Vice President, Engineering, Silicon Technology, Qualcomm | None | None | None | None |
| Vice President and Chief Information Officer Information Technology and Materials Management & Risk Management/Corporate Information Technology Chris Horng-Dar Lin (Note 10) | Male | U.S. | 01/04/2021 | - | - | - | - | - | - | Ph.D., Electrical Engineering and Computer Science, University of California, Berkeley, U.S. Vice President, Information Technology, Mozilla Director, Enterprise Platform Infrastructure, Facebook | None | None | None | None |

Note 1: Vice President Dr. Philip Wong resigned and became a special consultant to TSMC, effective April 1, 2020. Vice President Dr. Alexander Kalnitsky retired, effective December 29, 2020.
 Note 2: On-board date means the official date joining TSMC.
 Note 3: President (or someone with an equivalent job responsibility, i.e. the highest ranking manager of the company) and Chairman are not (1) the same person, (2) in a marital relationship with each other, or (3) within one degree of consanguinity.
 Note 4: Dr. Cliff Hou was promoted to Senior Vice President, effective May 12, 2020.
 Note 5: Dr. Kevin Zhang was promoted to Senior Vice President, effective August 11, 2020.
 Note 6: Dr. Doug Yu was promoted to TSMC Distinguished Fellow, effective December 18, 2020.
 Note 6: Dr. Cs. Yoo was promoted to Vice President, effective November 10, 2020; Vice President C.S. Yoo was no longer the Director of VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. since March 4, 2021.
 Note 9: Dr. Geoffrey Yeap was promoted to Vice President, effective February 9, 2021.
 Note 10: Dr. Chris Horng-Dar Lin was promoted to Vice President and Chief Information Officer, effective February 9, 2021.

2.5.2 Compensation Paid to CEO and Vice Presidents (Note 1)

Unit: NT\$

| | | Salary (/ | A) | Severance Pay a (Not | nd Pensions (B) e 5) | Bonuses and (No | Allowances (C) ote 6) | | Profit Sh | naring (D) | | (A+B- as a % of Net I | +C+D) ncome (Note 7) | Compensation Received |
|---|---------------------------------|------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------|------------------------------|----------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|---|
| Title | Name | | From All | | From All | | From All | From | TSMC | From All Conso | olidated Entities | | From All | from Non-consolidated Affiliates or Parent |
| | | From TSMC | Consolidated Entities | From TSMC | Consolidated Entities | From TSMC | Consolidated Entities | Cash | Stock (Fair Market Value) | Cash | Stock (Fair Market Value) | From TSMC | Consolidated Entities | Company |
| Chief Executive Officer | C.C. Wei | 10,497,000 | 10,497,000 | 188,946 | 188,946 | 208,086,985 | 208,086,985 | 204,079,480 | - | 204,079,480 | - | 0.0816% | 0.0816% | - |
| Vice President, Chief Financial Officer/Spokesperson | Wendell Huang | 4,126,559 | 4,126,559 | 74,279 | 74,279 | 25,698,511 | 25,698,511 | 24,598,870 | - | 24,598,870 | - | 0.0105% | 0.0105% | - |
| Senior Vice President | Lora Ho | 83,190,377 | 98,595,937 | 1,498,583 | 1,881,651 | 753,768,216 | 837,226,277 | 724,312,204 | - | 724,312,204 | - | 0.3018% | 0.3209% | - |
| Senior Vice President | Wei-Jen Lo | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Senior Vice President | Rick Cassidy | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Senior Vice President | Y.P. Chin | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Senior Vice President | Y.J. Mii | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Senior Vice President | J.K. Lin | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Senior Vice President | J.K. Wang | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Senior Vice President | Cliff Hou | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Senior Vice President | Kevin Zhang | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President and General Counsel/Corporate Governance Officer | Sylvia Fang | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President | Connie Ma | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President | Y.L. Wang | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President and TSMC Distinguished Fellow | Doug Yu | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President and TSMC Fellow | Alexander Kalnitsky (Note 2) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President and TSMC Fellow | T.S. Chang | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President | Michael Wu | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President | Min Cao | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President | HS. Philip Wong (Note 2) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President | Marvin Liao | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President | Y.H. Liaw | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President | Simon Jang | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President | C.S. Yoo (Note 3) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President | Jun He (Note 3) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President | Geoffrey Yeap (Note 4) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Vice President and Chief Information Officer | Chris Horng-Dar Lin (Note 4) | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | | 97,813,936 | 113,219,496 | 1,761,808 | 2,144,876 | 987,553,712 | 1,071,011,773 | 952,990,554 | - | 952,990,554 | - | 0.3939% | 0.4131% | - |

Note 1: Compensation policy, standards/packages, procedures, the linkage to operating performance and future risk exposure: The total compensation paid to the executive officers is based on their job responsibility, contribution, company performance, and projected future risks the Company will face. It is reviewed by the Compensation Committee then submitted to the Board of Directors for approval.

approval. Note 2: Vice President and TSMC Fellow Dr. Alexander Kalnitsky retired, effective December 29, 2020. Vice President Dr. H.-S. Philip Wong resigned and became a special consultant to TSMC, effective April 1, 2020. Note 3: Dr. C.S. Yoo and Dr. Jun He were promoted to Vice President, effective November 10, 2020. These amounts did not include compensation for the period before their promotion. Note 4: Dr. Geoffrey Yeap and Dr. Chris Homg-Dar Lin were promoted to Vice President, effective February 9, 2021. Therefore, their 2020 compensation data are not disclosed. Note 5: Pensions funded according to applicable law. In accordance with TSMC Procedure of Retirement, the pension payment to Dr. Alexander Kalnitsky amounts to NT\$10,016,160. Note 6: The above-mentioned figures include the expense for the business performance bonuses distributed in May, August, November 2020 & February 2021, and Company cars and gasoline

reimbursements. Note 7: Total compensation paid to the executive officers from TSMC in 2019 accounted for 0.4188% of 2019 net income. Total compensation paid to the executive officers from all consolidated entities in 2019 accounted for 0.4477% of 2019 net income.

Compensation Paid to CEO and Vice Presidents

| | 20 | 020 |
|---------------------------------|--|---|
| | From TSMC | From All Consolidated Entities and Non-consolidated Affiliates |
| NT\$0~NT\$999,999 | Rick Cassidy | None |
| NT\$1,000,000 ~ NT\$1,999,999 | None | None |
| NT\$2,000,000 ~ NT\$3,499,999 | None | None |
| NT\$3,500,000 ~ NT\$4,999,999 | None | None |
| NT\$5,000,000 ~ NT\$9,999,999 | C.S. Yoo, Jun He | C.S. Yoo, Jun He |
| NT\$10,000,000 ~ NT\$14,999,999 | HS. Philip Wong | HS. Philip Wong |
| NT\$15,000,000 ~ NT\$29,999,999 | None | None |
| NT\$30,000,000 ~ NT\$49,999,999 | None | None |
| NT\$50,000,000 ~ NT\$99,999,999 | Wendell Huang, J.K. Wang, Cliff Hou, Kevin Zhang, Sylvia Fang, Connie Ma, Y.L. Wang, Doug Yu, Alexander Kalnitsky, T.S. Chang, Michael Wu, Min Cao, Marvin Liao, Y.H. Liaw, Simon Jang | Wendell Huang, Rick Cassidy, J.K. Wang, Cliff Hou, Kevin Zhang, Sylvia Fang Connie Ma, Y.L. Wang, Doug Yu, Alexander Kalnitsky, T.S. Chang, Michael Wu, Min Cao, Marvin Liao, Y.H. Liaw, Simon Jang |
| Over NT\$100,000,000 | C.C. Wei, Lora Ho, Wei-Jen Lo, Y.P. Chin, Y.J. Mii, J.K. Lin | C.C. Wei, Lora Ho, Wei-Jen Lo, Y.P. Chin, Y.J. Mii, J.K. Lin |
| Total | 25 | 25 |

2.5.3 Employees' Profit Sharing Paid to Management Team

Unit: NT\$

| Title | Name | Stock (Fair Market Value) | Cash | Total | Total Profit Sharing Paid to Management Team as a % of Net Income |
|---|------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| Chief Executive Officer | C.C. Wei | - | 204,079,480 | 204,079,480 | 0.0394% |
| Vice President, Chief Financial Officer/Spokesperson | Wendell Huang | - | 24,598,870 | 24,598,870 | 0.0047% |
| Senior Vice President | Lora Ho | - | 724,312,204 | 724,312,204 | 0.1399% |
| Senior Vice President | Wei-Jen Lo | - | | | |
| Senior Vice President | Rick Cassidy | _ | | | |
| Senior Vice President | Y.P. Chin | _ | | | |
| Senior Vice President | YJ. Mii | _ | | | |
| Senior Vice President | J.K. Lin | - | | | |
| Senior Vice President | J.K. Wang | - | | | |
| Senior Vice President | Cliff Hou | - | | | |
| Senior Vice President | Kevin Zhang | _ | | | |
| Vice President and General Counsel/Corporate Governance Officer | Sylvia Fang | | | | |
| Vice President | Connie Ma | | | | |
| Vice President | Y.L. Wang | | | | |
| Vice President and TSMC Distinguished Fellow | Doug Yu | | | | |
| Vice President and TSMC Fellow | Alexander Kalnitsky (Note 1) | | | | |
| Vice President and TSMC Fellow | T.S. Chang | | | | |
| Vice President | Michael Wu | _ | | | |
| Vice President | Min Cao | _ | | | |
| Vice President | HS. Philip Wong (Note 1) | | | | |
| Vice President | Marvin Liao | | | | |
| Vice President | Y.H. Liaw | _ | | | |
| Vice President | Simon Jang | _ | | | |
| Vice President | C.S. Yoo (Note 2) | | | | |
| Vice President | Jun He (Note 2) | _ | | | |
| Vice President | Geoffrey Yeap (Note 3) | | | | |
| Vice President and Chief Information Officer | Chris Horng-Dar Lin (Note 3) | - | | | |
| Total | | - | 952,990,554 | 952,990,554 | 0.1840% |

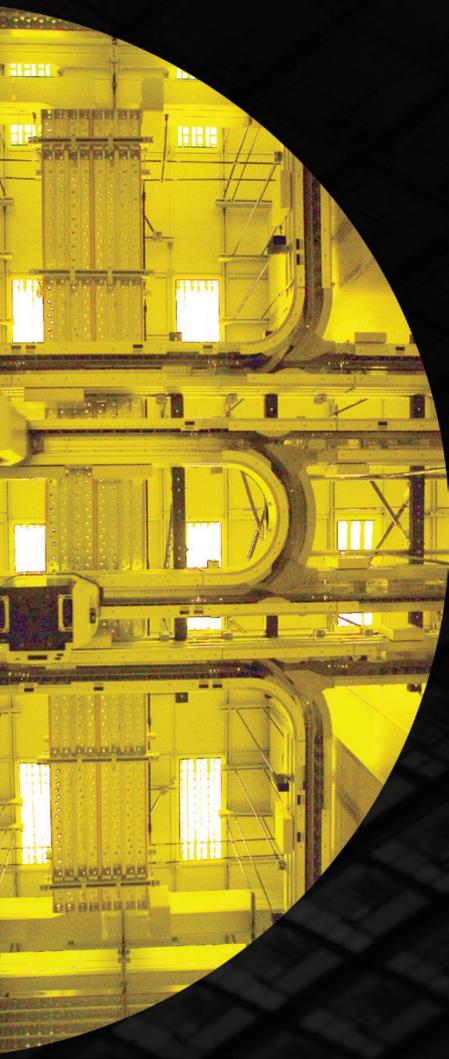
Note 1: Vice President and TSMC Fellow Dr. Alexander Kalnitsky retired, effective December 29, 2020. Vice President Dr. H.-S. Philip Wong resigned and became a special consultant to TSMC, effective April 1, 2020. Note 2: Dr. C.S. Yoo and Dr. Jun He were promoted to Vice President, effective November 10, 2020. These amounts did not include compensation for the period before their promotion. Note 3: Dr. Geoffrey Yeap and Dr. Chris Horng-Dar Lin were promoted to Vice President, effective February 9, 2021. Therefore, their 2020 compensation data are not disclosed.

3. Corporate Governance



> The ceaseless flow of city traffic (Left)

> Intelligent operations of automated materials systems (Right)



3.1 Overview

TSMC advocates and acts upon the principles of operational transparency and respect for shareholder rights. We believe that the basis for successful corporate governance is a sound and effective Board of Directors. In line with this principle, the TSMC Board delegates various responsibilities and authority to two Board Committees, Audit Committee and Compensation Committee. Each Committee has a written charter approved by the Board. Each Committee's chairperson regularly reports to the Board on the activities and actions of the relevant committee.

2020 Corporate Governance Awards and Ratings

| Organization | Awards |
|--|---|
| Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSI) | Dow Jones Sustainability World Index for the 20 th consecutive year Dow Jones Sustainability Emerging Markets Index |
| RobecoSAM (S&P Global) | The Sustainability Yearbook Award 2020 – Gold Class |
| MSCI ESG Indexes | MSCI ACWI ESG Leaders Index component MSCI ACWI SRI Index component MSCI Emerging Markets ESG Leaders Index |
| Sustainalytics | "Top Rated" within the Semiconductor Industry |
| FTSE4Good Index | FTSE4Good Emerging Index component FTSE4Good All-World Index component FTSE4Good TIP Taiwan ESG Index component |
| Wall Street Journal | The 100 Most Sustainably Managed Companies in the World |
| Corporate Knights | Global 100 Most Sustainable Corporations |
| Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) | 2021 IEEE Corporate Innovation Award |
| Institutional Investor Magazine | Most Honored Company (Technology/Semiconductors) – All-Asia Best ESG Metrics (Technology/Semiconductors) – 1 st Place (buy-side and sell-side) – All-Asia |
| FORTUNE | 2020 World's Most Admired Companies Fortune Global 500 |
| Forbes | World's Best Employers |
| Taiwan Stock Exchange | Top 5% in Corporate Governance Evaluation of Listed Companies for the 6 th consecutive year |
| CommonWealth Magazine | Corporate Social Responsibility Award – Large cap – 1st Place |
| Taiwan Institute of Sustainable Energy | The Most Prestigious Sustainability Awards – Top Ten Domestic Corporates – for the 5 th consecutive year Taiwan Top 50 Corporate Responsibility Report Awards – IT & IC Manufacturing Industry – Platinum Award |

3.2 Board of Directors

Board Structure

TSMC's Board of Directors consists of ten distinguished members with a great breadth of experience as world-class business leaders or professionals. We deeply rely on them for their diverse knowledge, personal perspectives, and solid business judgment. Six of those ten members are Independent Directors: former British Telecommunications Chief Executive Officer, Sir Peter L. Bonfield; Co-Founder, Chairman Emeritus of the Acer Group, Mr. Stan Shih; former Chairman of National Performing Arts Center and former Advisor of Executive Yuan, R.O.C., Ms. Kok-Choo Chen; former Chairman of Applied Materials, Inc., Mr. Michael R. Splinter; former Chief Executive Officer of Xilinx, Inc., Mr. Moshe N. Gavrielov; and currently Chairman of Delta Electronics Inc., Mr. Yancey Hai. Independent Directors constitute 60% of the Board.

TSMC's Board is comprised of a diverse group of professionals from different backgrounds in industries, academia, law, etc. These professionals include citizens from Taiwan, Europe and the U.S. with world-class business operating experience, one of whom is female.

Board Responsibilities

Inheriting the spirit of TSMC's Founder, Dr. Morris Chang's philosophy on corporate governance, under the leadership of Chairman Dr. Mark Liu and CEO & Vice Chairman Dr. C.C. Wei, TSMC's Board of Directors takes a serious and forthright approach to its duties and is a dedicated, competent and independent Board.

The Board's primary duty is to supervise the Company's compliance with relevant laws and regulations, financial transparency, timely disclosure of material information, and maintaining of the highest integrity. TSMC's Board of Directors strives to perform these responsibilities through its Audit Committee and the Compensation Committee, the hiring of a financial expert consultant for the Audit Committee, and coordination with our Internal Audit department.

The second duty of the Board of Directors is to evaluate the management's performance and to appoint and dismiss officers of the Company when necessary. TSMC's management has maintained a healthy and functional communication with the Board of Directors, has been devoted in executing guidance of the Board, and is dedicated in running the business operations, all to achieve the best interests for TSMC shareholders.

According to TSMC's Articles of Incorporation, the Board The third duty of the Board of Directors is to resolve important, of Directors is authorized to determine the salary for the concrete matters, such as capital appropriations, investment Chairman, Vice Chairman and Directors, taking into account the extent and value of the services provided for the activities, dividends, etc. management of the Corporation and the standards of the The fourth duty of the Board of Directors is to provide industry within the R.O.C. and overseas.

guidance to the management team of the Company. Quarterly, TSMC's management reports to the Board on a variety of subjects (including CSR/ESG programs). The management also reviews the Company's business strategies with the Board and updates TSMC's Board on the progress of those strategies, obtaining Board guidance as appropriate.

Nomination and Election of Directors

TSMC envisions the membership of its esteemed Board of Directors to be composed of highly ethical professionals with the necessary knowledge, experience and understanding from diverse backgrounds. TSMC established "Guidelines for Nomination of Directors", which describes the procedures and criteria for the nomination, gualification and evaluation of candidates for Directors. In addition, TSMC envisions its Board to be composed of a majority of independent directors, with the independence of each independent director candidate considered and assessed under relevant laws.

Directors shall be elected pursuant to the candidate nomination system specified in Article 192-1 of the R.O.C. Company Law. The tenure of office for Directors shall be three years. The independence of each independent director candidate is also considered and assessed under relevant law such as the Taiwan "Regulations Governing Appointment of Independent Directors and Compliance Matters for Public Companies". Under R.O.C. law, in which TSMC was incorporated, any shareholders holding one percent or more of our total outstanding common shares may nominate their own candidate to stand for election as a Board member. This democratic mechanism allows our shareholders to become involved in the selection and nomination process of Board candidates. The final slate of candidates is put to the shareholders for voting at the relevant annual shareholders' meeting.

There are no limits on the number of terms that a director may serve. We believe the Company benefits from the contributions of directors who have over their years of dedicated service acquired unique insights into the operations and financial developments of the Company. The Company reviews the appropriateness of each director's continued service to ensure there are new viewpoints available to the Board.

Directors' Compensation

TSMC's Articles of Incorporation also state that not more than 0.3 percent of our annual profits may be distributed as compensation to our directors. In addition, directors who also serve as executive officers of the Company are not entitled to receive any director compensation. According to TSMC's Compensation Committee Charter, the distribution of compensation to directors shall be made in accordance with TSMC's "Rules for Distribution of Compensation to Directors" based on the following principles: (1) directors who also serve as executive officers of the Company are not entitled to receive compensation; (2) the compensation for independent directors may be higher than other directors, as all independent directors also serve as members of the Audit Committee and Compensation Committee and thus participate in the discussions as well as resolutions of related committee meetings in accordance with the charter of each committee; and (3) the compensation for overseas independent directors may be higher than domestic independent directors, as they require additional time to attend guarterly meetings in Taiwan.

Directors' Professional Qualifications and Independence Analysis

According to the relevant requirements set by Taiwan's Securities and Futures Bureau, the professional qualifications and independence status of the Company's Board members are listed in the table below.

| | | Meet the Following Professional Qualification Requirements, Together with at Least Five Years Work Experience | | | Criteria (Note) | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|---|-----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|----|----|--|--|
| Criteria Name | An Instructor or Higher Position in a Department of Commerce, Law, Finance, Accounting, or Other Academic Department Related to the Business Needs of the Company in a Public or Private Junior College, College or University | A Judge, Public Prosecutor, Attorney, Certified Public Accountant, or Other Professional or Technical Specialists Who Has Passed a National Examination and Been Awarded a Certificate in a Profession Necessary for the Business of the Company | Have Work Experience in the Area of Commerce, Law, Finance, or Accounting, or Otherwise Necessary for the Business of the Company | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | 11 | 12 | Number of Other Taiwanese Public Companies Concurrently Serving as an Independent Director | |
| Mark Liu Chairman | | | v | | | | ~ | ~ | × | ~ | ~ | v | × | × | × | 0 | |
| C.C. Wei Vice Chairman | | | × | | | v | × | ~ | × | × | × | ~ | ~ | v | v | 0 | |
| Ming-Hsin Kung Director | × | | × | ~ | ~ | v | ~ | | ~ | ~ | ~ | v | × | v | | 0 | |
| F.C. Tseng Director | | | × | ~ | | | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | | × | v | v | 0 | |
| Sir Peter L. Bonfield Independent Director | | | v | ~ | ~ | v | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | v | v | × | v | 0 | |
| Stan Shih Independent Director | | | × | ~ | ~ | × | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | × | ~ | × | v | 0 | |
| Kok-Choo Chen Independent Director | v | v | v | ~ | ~ | v | ~ | ~ | v | ~ | ~ | v | v | × | v | 0 | |
| Michael R. Splinter Independent Director | | | v | ~ | ~ | v | ~ | ~ | v | ~ | ~ | v | v | × | v | 0 | |
| Moshe N. Gavrielov Independent Director | | | v | ~ | ~ | v | ~ | ~ | v | ~ | ~ | v | v | × | v | 0 | |
| Yancey Hai Independent Director | | | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | ~ | v | v | 1 | |

Note: Directors, during the two years before being elected and during the term of office, meet any of the following situations, please tick the appropriate corresponding boxes.

1. Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliates;

2. Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliates:

3. Not a natural-person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minor children, or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of one

percent or more of the total number of issued shares of the company or ranks as one of its top ten shareholders; 4. Not a spouse, relative within the second degree of kinship, or lineal relative within the third degree of kinship, of any of the officer in the preceding 1 subparagraph, or of any of the above persons in the preceding subparagraphs 2 and 3;

5. Not a director, supervisor, or employee of a corporate/institutional shareholder that directly holds five percent or more of the total number of issued shares of the company, ranks as of its top five shareholders, or has representative director(s) serving on the company's board based on Article 27 of the Company Law;

A Not a director, supervisor, or employee of a company of which the majority of board seats or voting shares is controlled by a company tat also controls the same of the company;
 Not a director, supervisor, or employee of a company of which the chairman or CEO (or equivalent) themselves or their spouse also serve as the company's chairman or CEO (or equivalent);
 Not a director, supervisor, officer, or shareholder holding five percent or more of the shares of a specified company or institution that has a financial or business relationship with the company;

9. Other than serving as a compensation committee member of the company, not a professional individual who, or an owner, partner, director, supervisor, or officer of a sole proprietorship, partnership, company, or institution that, provides commercial, legal, financial, accounting services or consultation to the company or to any affiliate of the company, or a spouse thereof, and the service provided is an "audit service" or a "non-audit service which total compensation within the recent two years exceeds NTD500,000"

Not having a marital relationship, or a relative within the second degree of kinship to any other director of the company;
 Not been a person of any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Law; and

12. Not a governmental, juridical person or its representative as defined in Article 27 of the Company Law.

3.2.1 Audit Committee

The Audit Committee assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight of the quality and integrity of the accounting, auditing, reporting, and financial control practices of the Company.

The Audit Committee is responsible to review the following major matters:

- Financial reports;
- Auditing and accounting policies and procedures;
- Internal control systems and including related policies and procedures;
- Material asset or derivatives transactions;
- Material lending funds, endorsements or guarantees;
- Offering or issuance of any equity-type securities;
- Derivatives and cash investments;
- Legal compliance:
- Related-party transactions and potential conflicts of interests involving executive officers and directors;
- Ombudsman reports;
- Fraud prevention and investigation reports;
- Corporate information security;
- Corporate risk management;
- Performance, independence, gualification of independent auditor:
- Hiring or dismissal of an attesting CPA, or the compensation aiven thereto:
- Appointment or discharge of financial, accounting, or internal TSMC's Compensation Committee is authorized by its Charter auditing officers; to retain an independent consultant to assist in the evaluation • Assessment of Committee Charter and fulfillment of Audit of CEO, or executive officer compensation. The Compensation Committee duties: and Committee Charter is available on TSMC's corporate website.
- Self-assessment of the Committee's performance, etc.

Under R.O.C. law, the membership of Audit Committee shall consist of all independent directors. TSMC's Audit Committee satisfies this statutory requirement. The Committee also engaged a financial expert consultant in accordance with the rules of the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The Audit Committee annually conducts self-evaluation to assess the Committee's performance and identify areas for further attention.

TSMC's Audit Committee is empowered by its Charter to conduct any study or investigation it deems appropriate to fulfill its responsibilities. It has direct access to TSMC's internal auditors, the Company's independent auditors, and all employees of the Company. The Committee is authorized to retain and oversee special legal, accounting, or other consultants as it deems appropriate to fulfill its mandate. The Audit Committee Charter is available on TSMC's corporate website.

3.2.2 Compensation Committee

The Compensation Committee assists the Board in discharging its responsibilities related to TSMC's compensation and benefits policies, plans and programs, and in the evaluation and compensation of TSMC's directors of the Board and executives.

The members of the Compensation Committee are appointed by the Board as required by R.O.C. law. According to TSMC's Compensation Committee Charter, the Committee shall consist of no fewer than three independent directors of the Board. The Compensation Committee is comprised of all six independent directors. The Chairman of the Board and the Chief Executive Officer are invited by the Committee to attend all meetings and are excused from the Committee's discussion of their own compensation.

Compensation Committee Members' Professional Qualifications and Independence Analysis According to the relevant requirements set by Taiwan's Securities and Futures Bureau, the professional qualifications and independence status of the Company's Compensation Committee members are listed in the table below.

| | | g Professional Qualificat h at Least Five Years Wo | | Criteria (Note) | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|--|-----------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|----|---|
| Criteria Name Title | An Instructor or Higher Position in a Department of Commerce, Law, Finance, Accounting, or Other Academic Department Related to the Business Needs of the Company in a Public or Private Junior College, College or University | A Judge, Public Prosecutor, Attorney, Certified Public Accountant, or Other Professional or Technical Specialists Who Has Passed a National Examination and Been Awarded a Certificate in a Profession Necessary for the Business of the Company | Have Work Experience in the Area of Commerce, Law, Finance, or Accounting, or Otherwise Necessary for the Business of the Company | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 | 10 | Number of Other Taiwanese Public Companies Concurrently Serving as a Compensation Committee Member |
| Michael R. Splinter Independent Director | | | ~ | v | v | ~ | ~ | × | v | v | v | v | v | 0 |
| Sir Peter L. Bonfield Independent Director | | | v | v | v | ~ | ~ | ~ | v | v | v | ~ | ~ | 0 |
| Stan Shih Independent Director | | | v | v | v | ~ | ~ | ~ | × | × | v | × | × | 0 |
| Kok-Choo Chen Independent Director | v | v | v | v | v | ~ | ~ | ~ | v | v | v | ~ | ~ | 0 |
| Moshe N. Gavrielov Independent Director | | | v | v | v | ~ | ~ | ~ | × | × | v | ~ | ~ | 0 |
| Yancey Hai Independent Director | | | v | v | v | ~ | ~ | ~ | v | × | v | ~ | ~ | 0 |

Note: Compensation Committee Members, during the two years before being elected or during the term of office, meet any of the following situations, please tick the appropriate corresponding boxes:

Not an employee of the company or any of its affiliates;
 Not a director or supervisor of the company or any of its affiliates;

Not a natural-person shareholder who holds shares, together with those held by the person's spouse, minor children, or held by the person under others' names, in an aggregate amount of one percent or more of the total number of issued shares of the company or ranks as one of its top ten shareholders;
 Not a spouse, relative within the second degree of kinship, or lineal relative within the third degree of kinship, of any of the officer in the preceding 1 subparagraph, or of any of the above persons in

the preceding subparagraphs 2 and 3;

5. Not a director, supervisor, or employee of a corporate/institutional shareholder that directly holds five percent or more of the total number of issued shares of the company, ranks as of its top five shareholders, or has representative director(s) serving on the company's board based on Article 27 of the Company Law;

Not a director, supervisor, or employee of a company of which the majority of board seats or voting shares is controlled by a company that also controls the same of the company;
 Not a director, supervisor, or employee of a company of which the chairman or CEO (or equivalent) themselves or their spouse also serve as the company's chairman or CEO (or equivalent);
 Not a director, supervisor, officer, or shareholder holding five percent or more of the shares of a specified company or institution that has a financial or business relationship with the company;

9. Other than serving as a compensation committee member of the company, not a professional individual who, or an owner, partner, director, supervisor, or officer of a sole proprietorship, partnership, company, or institution that, provides commercial, legal, financial, accounting services or consultation to the company or to any affiliate of the company, or a spouse thereof, and the service provided is an "audit service" or a "non-audit service which total compensation within the recent two years exceeds NTD500,000";

10. Not been a person of any conditions defined in Article 30 of the Company Law.

3.2.3 Corporate Governance Officer

The Board of Directors appointed Ms. Sylvia Fang, the Vice President of Legal and General Counsel of TSMC, as the Corporate Governance Officer responsible for corporate governance matters, including handling of matters relating to Board, Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Shareholders' meetings in compliance with law, assistance in onboarding and continuing education of directors, provision of information required for performance of duties by directors, and assistance in directors' compliance of law, etc.

For details on performance of duties by the Corporate Governance Officer, please refer to "3. Corporate Governance" on page 36-59 of this Annual Report.

3.2.4 Director and Committees Members' Attendance

Committee's Meetings were both 100%.

Board of Directors Meeting Status

| Title | Name | Attendance in Person | By Proxy | Attendance Rate in Person (%) | Notes |
|----------------------|---|-------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|--|
| Chairman | Mark Liu | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Vice Chairman | C.C. Wei | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Director | National Development Fund, Executive Yuan Representative: Ming-Hsin Kung | 3 | 1 | 75% | Mr. Ming-Hsin Kung was appointed as the representative of National Development Fund on July 24, 2020. |
| Director | F.C. Tseng | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Independent Director | Sir Peter L. Bonfield | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Independent Director | Stan Shih | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Independent Director | Kok-Choo Chen | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Independent Director | Michael R. Splinter | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Independent Director | Moshe N. Gavrielov | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Independent Director | Yancey Hai | 2 | 0 | 100% | New office assumed (additionally elected on June 9, 2020) |

Annotations

A. (1) Matters listed in the Securities and Exchange Act §14-3: The Securities and Exchange Act §14-3 is not be applicable because the Company has established the Audit Committee. For relevant information, please refer to the "Audit Committee Meeting Status" in this Annual Report.

(2) There were no other written or otherwise recorded resolutions on which an independent director had a dissenting opinion or qualified opinion in 2020. B. Recusals of Directors due to conflicts of interests in 2020: Directors recused themselves from the discussion and voting of their compensation resolution.

C. Measures taken to strengthen the functionality of the Board:

- Mr. Yancey Hai was elected as an additional independent director at TSMC's 2020 Annual Shareholders' Meeting. The makeup of Independent Directors on the Board increased from 50% to 60%. - TSMC's Directors are composed of diverse backgrounds, including professional backgrounds in different industries, academic and legal, etc.; nationalities in different countries in Taiwan, Europe and the U.S.; world-class business operating experience; and one Director is female - The Chairman of the Board of Directors is not executive officer of the Company.

- TSMC established "Guidelines for Nomination of Directors", which describes the procedures and criteria for the nomination, qualification and evaluation of candidates for Directors. - TSMC Board of Directors appointed Ms. Sylvia Fang, the Vice President of Legal and General Counsel of TSMC, as the Corporate Governance Officer responsible for corporate governance matters.

Each Director is expected to attend every Board meeting and the committees meeting on which he or she serves. In 2020, the average Board Meeting attendance rate was 97.5% and the attendance rate for the Audit Committee and Compensation

TSMC's Chairman of the Board of Directors convened four regular meetings in 2020. The directors' attendance status is as follows.

Audit Committee Meeting Status

Sir Peter L. Bonfield, Chairman of the Audit Committee, convened four regular meetings and one special meeting in 2020. The Committee members and consultant's attendance status is shown in the following table. In addition to these meetings, the Committee members and Financial Expert Consultant participated in three telephone conferences to discuss the Company's Annual Report to be filed with the Taiwan and U.S. authorities and investor conference materials with management.

| Title | Name | Attendance in Person | By Proxy | Attendance Rate in Person (%) | Telephone Conferences | Attendance Rate of Telephone Conferences (%) | Notes |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|----------|----------------------------------|--------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| Chair | Sir Peter L. Bonfield | 5 | 0 | 100% | 3 | 100% | None |
| Member | Stan Shih | 5 | 0 | 100% | 3 | 100% | None |
| Member | Kok-Choo Chen | 5 | 0 | 100% | 3 | 100% | None |
| Member | Michael R. Splinter | 5 | 0 | 100% | 3 | 100% | None |
| Member | Moshe N. Gavrielov | 5 | 0 | 100% | 3 | 100% | None |
| Member | Yancey Hai | 2 | 0 | 100% | 2 | 100% | New office assumed (Note) |
| Financial Expert Consultant | J.C. Lobbezoo | 5 | 0 | 100% | 3 | 100% | None |

Annotations

A. (1) Resolutions related to Securities and Exchange Act §14-5:

| Board Meeting Dates | Resolution | Resolution of the Audit Committee and the Company's response to the Audit Committee's Opinion |
|--|--|--|
| 2020 1 st Regular Meeting February 10 & 11 | approving the 2019 annual financial statements approving of 2019 business report approving of 2019 fourth quarter earnings distribution approving amendments to TSMC's "Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties" approving 2019 Statement of Internal Control System | The members of the Audit Committee unanimously approved all the resolutions, and the Board of Directors approved all such resolutions recommended by the Audit Committee. |
| 2020 2 nd Regular Meeting May 11 & 12 | •approving 2020 the first quarter financial statements •approving 2020 the first quarter business report •approving 2020 the first quarter earnings distribution •approving amendments to TSMC's internal control related policies and procedures | |
| 2020 3 rd Regular Meeting August 10 & 11 | •approving 2020 the second quarter financial statements •approving 2020 the second quarter business report •approving 2020 the second quarter earnings distribution | |
| 2020 4 th Regular Meeting November 9 & 10 | approving 2020 the third quarter financial statements approving 2020 the third quarter business report approving 2020 the third quarter earnings distribution approving Mr. Sunce Lin as the new co-signing partner for TSMC starting from 2021 approving the proposed 2021 service fees and out-of-pocket expenses for TSMC's independent auditor | |

(2) There were no other resolutions which was not approved by the Audit Committee but was approved by two thirds or more of all directors in 2020.

 B. There were no recusals of independent directors due to conflicts of interests in 2020. C. Descriptions of the communications between the independent directors, the internal auditors, and the independent auditors in 2020 (which should include the material items, channels, and results of the audits

on the corporate finance and/or operations, etc.): (1) The internal auditors have sent the audit reports to the members of the Audit Committee periodically and presented the findings of all audit reports in the quarterly meetings of the Audit Committee The head of Internal Audit will immediately report to the members of the Audit Committee any material matters. During 2020, the head of Internal Audit did not report any such material matters. The communication channel between the Audit Committee and the internal auditor functioned well.

(2) The Company's independent auditors have presented the findings of their quarterly review or audits on the Company's financial results. Under applicable laws and regulations, the independent auditors are also required to immediately communicate to the Audit Committee any material matters that they have discovered. During 2020, the Company's independent auditors did not report any irregularity. The communication channel between the Audit Committee and the independent auditors functioned well.

The communications between the independent directors, the internal auditors, and the independent auditors are listed in the table below

| Audit Committee Meeting Dates | Communications between the Independent Directors and the Internal Auditors | Communications between the Independent Directors and the Independent Auditors |
|---|---|--|
| 2020 1 st Regular Meeting February 10 | •reviewing report on SOX 404 self-testing results for the year 2019 (Closed Door Session) •reviewing the Internal Auditor's report (Closed Door Session) •reviewing and approving 2019 Statement of Internal Control System (Closed Door Session) | reviewing any audit problems or difficulties and management's response in connection with 2019 annual financial statements (Closed Door Session) reviewing regulatory developments reviewing external auditor relationship (i.e. qualification, performance and independence) |
| 2020 2 nd Regular Meeting May 11 | •approving the amendments to 2020 internal audit plan (Closed Door Session) •reviewing the Internal Auditor's report (Closed Door Session) •reviewing and approving amendments to TSMC's internal control related policies and procedures (Closed Door Session) | reviewing any review problems or difficulties and management's response in connection with 2020 first quarter financial statements (Closed Door Session) reviewing regulatory developments reviewing the result of CPA evaluation questionnaire |
| 2020 3 rd Regular Meeting August 10 | reviewing the Internal Auditor's report (Closed Door Session) | reviewing any review problems or difficulties and management's response in connection with 2020 second quarter financial statements (Closed Door Session) reviewing regulatory developments |
| 2020 4 th Regular Meeting November 9 | •reviewing the Internal Auditor's report (Closed Door Session) •reviewing and approving the 2021 internal audit plan (Closed Door Session) | reviewing any review problems or difficulties and management's response in connection with 2020 third quarter financial statements (Closed Door Session) reviewing regulatory developments |

Note: Mr. Yancey Hai was elected as TSMC's independent director and became member of the Compensation Committee on June 9, 2020

Compensation Committee Meeting Status

members' attendance status is as follows:

| Title | Name | Attendance in Person | By Proxy | Attendance Rate in Person (%) | Notes |
|--------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Chair | Michael R. Splinter | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Member | Sir Peter L. Bonfield | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Member | Stan Shih | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Member | Kok-Choo Chen | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Member | Moshe N. Gavrielov | 4 | 0 | 100% | None |
| Member | Yancey Hai | 3 | 0 | 100% | New office assumed (Note) |

Annotation

A. In 2020, the Compensation Committee conducted four regular meetings in February 10, May 11, August 10 as well as November 9. The discussion items are as follows: Report the matters related to employee compensation

Total amount of quarterly business performance bonus

•Total amount of annual profit sharing

•The amount of quarterly business performance bonus for executive officers, CEO and Chairman •The annual compensation of Directors and executive officers, and the disclosure of the same in annual report

•Corporate officer shareholding guideline

Compensation structure adjustment proposal of TSMC Taiwan

All of above matters were reviewed and/or approved by the Compensation Committee

B. There was no recommendation of the Compensation Committee which was not adopted or was modified by the Board of Directors in 2020.

C. There were no written or otherwise recorded resolutions on which a member of the Compensation Committee had a dissenting opinion or qualified opinion

Note: The Board appointed Mr. Yancey Hai as a member of the Compensation Committee on February 11, 2020.

Board of Directors' Performance Evaluation Implementation Status

| Evaluation Cycles | Evaluation Period | Evaluation Scope | Evaluation Method | Evaluation Aspects |
|--|--|--|--|---|
| The Company conducts the board performance evaluation once a year. | From January 1, 2020 to December 31, 2020 | The scope includes the Board of Directors as a whole, the individual directors, and the Audit Committee. | Methods include internal assessment of the Board and self-assessments by each board member. | The Board of Directors are assessed on the following five aspects: 1. Involvement in the Company's operation 2. Enhancement of the quality of the board's decision-making 3. Makeup and structure of the board 4. Election of board members and continuing knowledge development 5. Internal controls The individual directors are assessed on the following six aspects: 1. Understanding of the Company's goals and mission 2. Awareness of director's duties 3. Involvement in the Company's operations 4. Internal relationship and communication 5. Director's professionalism and continuing knowledge development 6. Internal controls The Audit Committee is assessed on the following five aspects: 1. Involvement in the Company's operation 2. Awareness of the audit committee's duties 3. Involvement in the Company's operation 4. Internal controls The Audit Committee is assessed on the following five aspects: 1. Involvement in the Company's operation 2. Awareness of the audit committee's duties 3. Enhancement of the quality of the audit committee's decision-making 4. Makeup of the audit committee and election of its members 5. Internal controls |

The Company completed self-assessments of Board performance in 2020 and reported the results to the Board of Directors at its first quarter meeting in 2021 for review and improvement. The weighted average score for the overall performance of the board of directors is 4.85 out of 5, that included an average score of 4.8 on a particular assessment item "The board has sufficient discussions over the company's involvement in the implementation of CSR/ESG programs". The weighted average score for the performance of the individual directors is 4.91 out of 5. As demonstrated, the overall board's operation has been effective. Members of the Audit Committee's self-assessment results also 100% satisfied with the evaluation criteria.

3.3 Major Decisions of Shareholders' Meeting and Board Meetings

3.3.1 Major Resolutions of Shareholders' Meeting and Implementation Status

TSMC held 2020 Annual Shareholders' Meeting in Hsinchu, Taiwan on June 9, 2020. At the meeting, shareholders present in person or by proxy approved the following resolutions:

(1) The 2019 Business Report and Financial Statements. Consolidated revenue totaled NT\$1,069.99 billion and net income was NT\$345.26 billion, with diluted earnings per share of NT\$13.32;

Mr. Michael R. Splinter, Chairman of the Compensation Committee, convened four regular meetings in 2020. The Committee

- (2) The revisions to the Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties: and
- (3) Election of one additional Independent Director.

Implementation Status

All the resolutions of the Shareholders' Meeting have been fully implemented in accordance with the resolutions. Mr. Yancey Hai was elected as the Independent Director. His tenure is from June 9, 2020 to June 4, 2021.

3.3.2 Major Resolutions of Board Meetings

During 2020 and as of the date of this Annual Report, major resolutions approved at Board meetings are summarized below:

(1) Board Meeting of February 10 & 11, 2020:

- approving 2019 business report and financial statements;
- approving the distribution of a NT\$2.5 per share cash dividend for the fourth guarter of 2019, and set June 24, 2020 as the record date for common stock shareholders entitled to participate in this cash dividend distribution:
- approving distribution of employees' cash bonus and profit sharing bonus for 2019;
- approving capital appropriations of approximately US\$6,742.1 million for purposes including: 1. Fab construction, and installation of fab facility systems; 2. Installation and upgrade of advanced technology capacity; 3. Installation of specialty technology capacity; 4. Installation of advanced packaging capacity; 5. Second guarter 2020 R&D capital investments and sustaining capital expenditures;
- approving the issuance of no more than NT\$60 billion (approximately US\$2.01 billion) unsecured corporate bonds in Taiwan to finance TSMC's capacity expansion and/or pollution prevention related expenditures; and
- convening the 2020 Annual Shareholders' Meeting, at which shareholders held an election for one additional independent director.

(2) Regular Board Meeting of May 11 & 12, 2020:

- approving change of location for TSMC's 2020 Annual Shareholders' Meeting in response to COVID-19 pandemic;
- approving the distribution of a NT\$2.5 per share cash dividend for the first guarter of 2020, and set September 23, 2020 as the record date for common stock shareholders entitled to participate in this cash dividend distribution:
- approving capital appropriations of approximately US\$5,704.0 million for purposes including: 1. Fab construction, and installation of fab facility systems; 2. Installation and upgrade of advanced technology capacity;

3. Installation of specialty technology capacity; 4. Third guarter 2020 R&D capital investments and sustaining capital expenditures:

- approving capital appropriation of approximately US\$64.75 million for capitalized leased assets in the second half of 2020:
- approving the issuance of no more than NT\$60 billion (approximately US\$2.03 billion) unsecured corporate bonds in Taiwan to finance TSMC's capacity expansion and/or pollution prevention related expenditures; and
- approving the promotion of Dr. Cliff Hou as Senior Vice President.

(3) Regular Board Meeting of August 10 & 11, 2020:

- approving the distribution of a NT\$2.5 per share cash dividend for the second guarter of 2020, and set December 23, 2020 as the record date for common stock shareholders entitled to participate in this cash dividend distribution:
- approving capital appropriations of approximately US\$5,271.6 million for purposes including: 1. Installation and expansion of advanced technology capacity; 2. Installation of specialty technology capacity; 3. Installation of advanced packaging capacity; 4. Fab construction, installation of fab facility systems, and capitalized leased assets; 5. Fourth guarter 2020 R&D capital investments and sustaining capital expenditures;
- approving the issuance of US dollar-denominated unsecured corporate bonds for an amount not to exceed US\$1 billion, and approved the provision of a guarantee to TSMC Global, a wholly-owned foreign subsidiary of TSMC, for its issuance of US dollar-denominated senior unsecured corporate bonds for an amount not to exceed US\$3 billion, to finance TSMC's capacity expansion; and
- approving the promotion of Dr. Kevin Zhang as Senior Vice President.

(4) Regular Board Meeting of November 9 & 10, 2020:

- approving the distribution of a NT\$2.5 per share cash dividend for the third guarter of 2020, and set March 23, 2021 as the record date for common stock shareholders entitled to participate in this cash dividend distribution:
- approving capital appropriations of approximately US\$15.1 billion for purposes including: 1. Installation and expansion of advanced technology capacity; 2. Installation of specialty technology capacity; 3. Installation and upgrading of advanced packaging capacity; 4. Fab construction, installation of fab facility systems, and capitalized leased assets; 5. First quarter 2021 R&D capital investments and sustaining capital expenditures;
- approving capital appropriation of approximately US\$124.7 million to build up a Zero Waste Manufacturing Center at the Central Taiwan Science Park:

- US\$3.5 billion: and
- approving the promotions of Dr. C.S. Yoo and Dr. Jun He as Vice Presidents. (5) Regular Board Meeting of February 8 & 9, 2021:
- approving the 2020 Business Report and Financial Statements;
- record date for common stock shareholders entitled to participate in this cash dividend distribution;
- approving distribution of employees' business performance bonus and profit sharing for 2020;
- investments and sustaining capital expenditures;
- of not more than ¥18.6 billion (approximately US\$186 million);
- finance TSMC's capacity expansion and/or pollution prevention related expenditures:
- to facilitate VisEra's IPO in Taiwan.
- of Directors, including 6 independent directors;
- approving the promotion of Dr. Geoffrey Yeap as Vice President; and
- Technology.

3.3.3 Major Issues of Record or Written Statements Made by Any Director Dissenting to Important Resolutions Passed by the Board of Directors during 2020 and as of the Date of this Annual Report: None.

3.4 Taiwan Corporate Governance Implementation as Required by the Taiwan Financial Supervisory Commission

| Assessment Item | | | Implementation Status | Non- implementation |
|--|-----|----|--|------------------------|
| Assessment item | Yes | No | Explanation | and Its Reason(s) |
| Does Company follow "Taiwan Corporate Governance Implementation" to establish and disclose its corporate governance practices? | | V | TSMC has always followed excellent corporate governance practices, provided the utmost in operational transparency and safeguarded shareholders' equity. Although the Company does not have a formal code of practice for corporate governance, however TSMC has always been highly regarded as an industry leader in implementing comprehensive corporate governance practices. In addition, the Company also has a world-class Board of Directors. The Company believes that corporate governance is based on integrity, professional management and implementation. TSMC has been proving its excellent corporate governance in its operating performance and continued winning of domestic and international awards on best corporate governance company. | Same as explanation |
| Shareholding Structure & Shareholders' Rights Does Company have Internal Operation Procedures for handling shareholders' suggestions, concerns, disputes and litigation matters. If yes, has these procedures been implemented accordingly? | V | | TSMC has designated appropriate departments, such as Investor Relations Division, Public Relations Department, Shareholders Services & SEC Compliance Department, Legal Department, etc., to handle shareholder suggestions, concerns, disputes or litigation matters. | None |
| (2) Does Company possess a list of major shareholders and beneficial owners of these major shareholders? | v | | (2) TSMC tracks the shareholdings of directors, officers, and top ten shareholders. | |
| (3) Has the Company built and executed a risk management system and "firewall" between the Company and its affiliates? | V | | (3) TSMC has set up internal rules in the Company's Internal Control System and Affiliated Corporations Management. | |
| (4) Has the Company established internal rules prohibiting insider trading on undisclosed information? | V | | (4) TSMC has established its "Insider Trading Policy" that applies to all employees, officers and members of the Board of Directors of the Company and to any other person having a duty of trust or confidence, with respect to transactions in the Company's securities. This policy prohibits any insider trading and the Company regularly provides internal training on this issue. | |

• approving an investment to establish a wholly-owned subsidiary in Arizona. United States of America, with a paid-in capital of

• approving the distribution of a NT\$2.5 per share cash dividend for the fourth guarter of 2020, and set June 23, 2021 as the

• approving capital appropriations of approximately US\$11,794.8 million for purposes including: 1. Fab construction, and installation of fab facility systems; 2. Installation and upgrade of advanced technology capacity; 3. Installation of mature and specialty technology capacity; 4. Installation and upgrade of advanced packaging capacity; 5. Second guarter 2021 R&D capital

• approving the establishment of a wholly-owned subsidiary in Japan to expand our 3DIC material research, with a paid-in capital

• approving the issuance of unsecured corporate bonds in the domestic market for an amount not to exceed NT\$120 billion (approximately US\$4.4 billion), and the provision of a guarantee to TSMC Global, a wholly-owned foreign subsidiary of TSMC, for its issuance of US dollar-denominated senior unsecured corporate bonds for an amount not to exceed US\$4.5 billion, to

• approving the sale of up to 39,501,000 common shares of VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. at a price of NT\$240 per share

• convening the 2021 Annual Shareholders' Meeting, at which shareholders will hold an election for TSMC's 10-member Board

• approving the appointment of Dr. Chris Horng-Dar Lin as Vice President and Chief Information Officer of Corporate Information

(Continued)

| Assessment Item | | | Implementation Status | Non- implementation Assessment Item | | | | | |
|---|-----|----|---|--|--------------------------------------|-----------|--------|----------|--|
| | Yes | No | Explanation | and its Reason(s) | | Yes | N | No | Ex |
| nposition and Responsibilities of the Board of Directors Has the Company established a diversification policy for the composition of its Board of Directors and has it been implemented accordingly? | v | | (1) TSMC established "Guidelines for Nomination of Directors", which describes the procedures and criteria for the nomination, qualification and evaluation of candidates for Directors. The members of TSMC Board of Directors are nominated via a rigorous selection process. It not only considers diverse backgrounds, professional competence and experience, but also attaches great importance to his/her personal reputation on ethics and leadership. Presently, the Company's Board of Directors consists of ten members who possess | None 4. Does the Company appoint competent and appropriate corporate governance personnel and corporate governance officer to be in o of corporate governance affairs (including but not limited to furni information required for business execution by directors, assisting compliance of law, handling matters related to board meetings at shareholders' meetings according to law, and recording minutes or meetings and shareholders' meetings)? | charge ishing directors' nd | V | | | Th of Le as: Co wi pro |
| | | | world-class managerial and/or professional experiences. We rely on each directors' knowledge, personal insight and business judgment. TSMC's Board is comprised of a diverse group of professionals from different backgrounds in industries, academia, law, etc. These professionals include citizens from Taiwan, Europe and the U.S. with world-class business operating experience, one of whom is female. Our Board has six independent directors who constitute 60% of the Board. | 5. Has the Company established a means of communicating with its Stakeholders (including but not limited to shareholders, employee customers, suppliers, etc.) or created a Stakeholders Section on its website? Does the Company respond to stakeholders' questions on corpora responsibilities? | es, s Company | V | | | De Rei Hu De the Als |
| Other than the Compensation Committee and the Audit Committee which are required by law, does the Company plan to set up other Board committees? | V | | (2) Audit Committee (founded in 2002); Compensation Committee (founded in 2003); ESG Steering Committee (founded in 2019): is formed by the Company's management team and chaired by Chairman Mark Liu; | 6. Has the Company appointed a professional registrar for its Shareh | iolders' | V | | _ | "7 "N We |
| | | | ESG Committee (founded in 2011): is formed by the Company's executive team and reports to the Board of Directors. | | nformation | V | | + | (1 |
| Has the Company established methodology for evaluating the performance of its Board of Directors, on an annual basis, reported the results of performance to the Board of Directors, and use the results as reference for directors' remuneration and renewal? | V | | (3) As TSMC's corporate governance concept, the Board of Director's primary responsibility is to supervise, evaluate the management's performance and dismiss officers of the Company when necessary, resolve the important, concrete matters and provide guidance to the management team. TSMC's Board of Directors consists of distinguished members with a great breadth of experience as world-class business leaders or professionals and adhere high ethical standards and commitment to the Company. Each quarter's Board Meeting is last for two days. Company's resolutions are determined in board | regarding its financials, business and corporate governance sta | | v | | | (1) |
| | | | meeting, also business strategy and future orientation are discussed in the meeting, in order to create best interest for shareholders. Based on TSMC's operating performance and local/international awards of best corporate governance, it certainly proves the Company's excellent performance of Board of Directors. | (2) Does the Company use other information disclosure channels maintaining an English-language website, designating staff to information collection and disclosure, appointing spokesperso webcasting investors conference etc.)? | handle | V | | | (2) |
| | | | TSMC implemented Board performance evaluations in 2020. Through self- assessment surveys via questionnaire, performance evaluation will be annually completed by the Board as a whole, by individual directors and by the Audit Committee. The Board of Directors are assessed on the following five aspects: 1. Involvement in the Company's operation | (3) Does the Company announce and report the annual financial within two months after the end of the fiscal year, and annou report the first, second, and third quarter financial statements the operating status of each month before the prescribed dear | nce and as well as | V | | | (3) |
| | | | Enhancement of the quality of the board's decision-making Makeup and structure of the board Election of board members and continuing knowledge development Internal controls | 8. Has the Company disclosed other information to facilitate a bette understanding of its corporate governance practices (e.g. includin not limited to employee rights, employee wellness, investor relatic supplier relations, rights of stakeholders, directors' training record | ig but ons, | V | | | (1) |
| | | | The individual directors are assessed on the following six aspects: 1. Understanding of the Company's goals and mission 2. Awareness of director's duties 3. Involvement in the Company's operations | implementation of risk management policies and risk evaluation n the implementation of customer relations policies, and purchasing for directors)? | neasures, | | | | (3) |
| | | | Internal relationship and communication Director's professionalism and continuing knowledge development Internal controls | | | | | | (4) |
| | | | The Audit Committee is assessed on the following five aspects: 1. Involvement in the Company's operation 2. Awareness of the audit committee's duties 3. Enhancement of the quality of the audit committee's decision-making | | | | | | (5) (6) |
| | | | 4. Makeup of the audit committee and election of its members 5. Internal controls | 9. The improvement status for the result of Corporate Governance E | valuation anno | ounced by | / Taiw | van Sto | ck E |
| | | | The Company completed self-assessments of Board performance in 2020 and reported the results to the Board of Directors at its first quarter meeting in 2021 for review and improvement. The weighted average score for the overall performance of the board of directors is 4.85 out of 5, that included an average score of 4.8 on a particular assessment item "The board has sufficient discussions over the company's involvement in the implementation of CSR/ESG programs". The weighted average score for the performance of the individual directors is 4.91 out of 5. As demonstrated, the overall board's operation has been effective. Members of the Audit Committee's self-assessment results also 100% satisfied with the evaluation criteria. | TSMC was ranked in top 5% in Corporate Governance Evaluation (1) Performance evaluation of the Board of Directors: TSMC has co (2) CSR Report: TSMC's CSR Report has been reported to the Boar | onducted Board | d perform | nance | e evalua | atior |
| (4) Does the Company regularly evaluate its external auditors' independence? | v | | (4) The Audit Committee annually evaluates the independence of external auditors and reports the same to the Board of Directors. Please refer to "3.9.4 Evaluation of the External Auditor's Independence" on page 59 of this Annual Report. | | | | | | |

| No | Explanation The Board of Directors appointed the Vice President of Legal and General Counsel of TSMC as the Corporate Governance Officer. TSMC's Corporate & Compliance | implementation and Its Reason(s) |
|----|--|-------------------------------------|
| | | |
| | Legal Division, which directly reports to the General Counsel, is in charge of assisting in related affairs, including handling of matters relating to Board, Audit Committee, Compensation Committee and Shareholders' meetings in compliance with law, assistance in onboarding and continuing education of directors, provision of information required for performance of duties by directors, and assistance in directors' compliance of law, etc. | None |
| | Depending on the situation, the Company's Investor Relations Division, Public Relations Department, Shareholders Services & SEC Compliance Department, Human Resources Organization, Customer Service Department and Procurement Department will communicate with stakeholders. We also have publicly disclosed the contact information of our corporate spokesperson and relevant departments. Also, we have a stakeholder section on our corporate website to address our corporate social responsibilities and any other issues. For details, please refer to "7. Corporate Social Responsibility" on page 124-145 of this Annual Report and "Materiality Analysis and Stakeholder Communication" of TSMC's CSR Report. | None |
| | We have appointed China Trust as registrar for our Shareholders' Meetings. | None |
| | TSMC discloses its financials business and corporate governance status on its website at http://www.tsmc.com (in Chinese and English). TSMC's American Depositary Receipt (ADR) is listed on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE). As a foreign issuer, TSMC must comply with NYSE's rules. We have been operating in accordance with NYSE listing standards, and have been disclosing the major differences between our corporate governance practices and U.S. corporate governance practices. Please see https://www.tsmc.com/download/ ir/NYSE_Section_303A.pdf. TSMC has designated appropriate departments (e.g. the Investor Relations Division, Public Relations Department, Shareholders Services & SEC Compliance Department, etc.) to handle the collection and disclosure of information as required by the relevant laws and regulations of Taiwan and other jurisdictions. TSMC has designated spokespersons as required by relevant regulations. TSMC provides live audio webcasts and replays of investor conferences on its website. | None |
| | (3) TSMC follows relevant laws and regulations to announce and report the annual financial statements within two months after the end of the fiscal year, and announce and report the first, second, and third quarter financial statements as well as the operating status of each month before the prescribed deadline. Please refer to Market Observation Post System for the aforementioned disclosure. | |
| | (1) For employee rights and employee wellness, please refer to "5.5 Human Capital" on page 92-97 of this Annual Report. | None |
| | (2) For investor relations, supplier relations and rights of stakeholders, please refer to "7. Corporate Social Responsibility" on page 124-145 of this Annual Report. | |
| | (3) For Directors' training records, please refer to "Continuing Education/Training of Directors in 2020" on page 50 of this Annual Report. | |
| | (4) For Risk Management Policies and Risk Evaluation, please refer to "6.3 Risk Management" on page 111-123 of this Annual Report. | |
| | (5) For Customer Relations Policies, please refer to "5.4 Customer Trust" on page 90-92 of this Annual Report. | |
| | (6) TSMC maintains D&O Insurance for its directors and officers. | |

ovement status in 2020 is as follows: ance evaluations on an annual basis since 2020. ng regularity from once a year, to once every six months. Continuing Education/Training of Directors in 2020

The major training methods of Directors include:

- At quarterly Board meetings, TSMC management presents updates on the Company's business, regulatory developments and other information;
- The Company arranges speeches on politics, economics, regulatory compliance, etc.;
- At quarterly Audit Committee meetings, TSMC's General Counsel and the Company's independent auditors provide regulatory update reports; and
- Directors participate in externally-provided training courses as needed.

In addition, from time to time, Directors are invited by other parties to give speeches on corporate governance and related topics.

| Name | Date | Host by | Training/Speech Title | Duration |
|-----------------------|-------------|--|--|-----------|
| Mark Liu (Note) | 06/25 | College of Engineering, University of California, Berkeley | Virtual Berkeley Engineering Summer Dean's Society Event: Rising to the Challenge: Berkeley Engineers Respond to COVID-19 (Video Conference) | 1 hour |
| | 08/26 | Taiwan Semiconductor Industry Association (TSIA) | 2020 World Semiconductor Council (WSC) | 2 hours |
| | 09/23 | SEMI Taiwan | SEMICON Taiwan 2020 – Master Forum Speech: The Future of IC Innovation | 4 hours |
| | 12/15 | Hsinchu Science Park Bureau (HSPB) | Embracing Legacy to Create a Better Future – 40 th Hsinchu Science Park 40 th Anniversary International Forums Speech: Welcoming the Hsinchu Science Park's next 40 years of success | 3 hours |
| | 12/21 | Executive Yuan | 11 th National Science and Technology Conference: Creating the Future | 3 hours |
| F.C. Tseng | 03/18 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | Corporate Sustainability Management | 1.5 hours |
| | 07/30 | Securities and Futures Institute | The Global Macroeconomic Impacts of COVID-19 | 3 hours |
| | 09/29 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | Recent Directors and Officers Liability Insurance Updates and Case Study | 1.5 hours |
| | 09/29 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | The Battle of Corporate Control and Case Study | |
| Sir Peter L. Bonfield | 09/22 | NASDAQ | Virtual Seminar – NASDAQ ESG Summit – Policies | 3 hours |
| Stan Shih | 03/18 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | Corporate Sustainability Management | 1.5 hours |
| | 05/06 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | Hostile Merge and Corporate Governance | 1.5 hours |
| | 06/23 | Taiwan Insurance Institute | Analyze the Principle of Equal Treatment | 1 hour |
| | 08/05 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | New Order of U.S. – The Impact and Countermeasures of Investments in U.S. and Export Control Regulations | |
| | 11/03 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | Corporate Sustainability Management and the Development Trend of ESG | 1.5 hours |
| | 11/21 | Taiwan Academy of Banking and Finance (TABF) | The General Guidance of Anticorruption and Whistleblower Protection | 1 hour |
| | 12/22 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | The Influence of IFRS17 on Insurance Industry Management Strategy | 3 hours |
| Michael R. Splinter | 04/02 | National Association of Corporate Directors (NACD) | Directorship Essential | 4 hours |
| | 04/07~05/15 | National Association of Corporate Directors (NACD) | Cyber Security Risk Oversight Program | 30 hours |
| Yancey Hai | 04/29 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | Corporate Strategy Development Direction | 3 hours |
| | 07/29 | Taiwan Corporate Governance Association | The Opportunity and Challenge of Mobile 5G – Starting from Telecommunication | 3 hours |

Note: Selected speeches on corporate governance and related topics.

Continuing Education Training of Corporate Governance Officer in 2020

| Name | Date | Host by | Training/Speech Title | Duration |
|--|--|--|--|----------|
| Vice President and General Counsel/ Corporate Governance Officer Sylvia Fang | nsel/ Center for Law, Technology and Ethics, College Nationa | | 2020 Legal Tech and Innovation Services Forum | 7 hours |
| 10/20 Lee and Li, Attorneys-at-Law | | Lee and Li, Attorneys-at-Law | Discussion on Commercial Case Adjudication Act and Countermeasures (Hsinchu Session) | 3 hours |
| | 11/27 | Taiwan Trade Secret Protection Association | 2020 Cross-Strait Trade Secret Protection Virtual Symposium | 8 hours |

3.5 Code of Ethics and Business Conduct

Ethics at TSMC

"Integrity" is TSMC's most important core value. TSMC strictly adheres to the highest standards of integrity and promotes good ethical behavior to sustain the hard-earned trust and confidence of its shareholders, customers, suppliers, employees and the general public – constantly and vigilantly promoting integrity, fairness, and transparency in all that we say and do. We have zero tolerance for corruption, refrain from bribery, fraud, waste of corporate assets, and prohibit the advancement of personal interests at the expense of or in conflict with TSMC. At the heart of our corporate governance culture is the "TSMC Ethics and Business Conduct Policy" (Ethics Code). The Ethics Code requires that each employee bear a heavy personal responsibility to preserve and to protect TSMC's ethical values and reputation. At the same time, we have formulated the "TSMC's Supplier Code of Conduct" as well to ensure our suppliers understand and follow the Ethics Code and together fulfill our corporate social responsibilities.

Major Ethics Code Obligations

- Do not advance personal interests at the expense of or in conflict with the Company;
- Refrain from corruption, bribery, unfair competition, fraud, extortion, collusion, embezzlement, and waste or abuse of corporate assets;
- Avoid any improper efforts to influence the decisions of anyone, including government officials, agencies, as well as TSMC's customers and suppliers;
- Do not undertake any practices detrimental to TSMC, to the environment, or to society;
- Procure all of our raw materials from socially responsible sources;
- Protect proprietary information of TSMC, our customers and suppliers; and
- Abide by the letter of all applicable laws, rules and regulations.

Intellectual Property Protection: In order to build and sustain an environment of innovation, technology leadership, and sustainable profitable growth, the Ethics Code requires that TSMC promotes business relationships founded upon an unwavering respect for the intellectual property rights, proprietary information and trade secrets of TSMC, our customers, and others.

Public Disclosures: TSMC's officers, especially our CEO, CFO, and General Counsel, with oversight from our Board, are responsible for the full, fair, accurate, timely, and understandable financial accounting and financial disclosure in reports and documents filed by the Company with securities authorities and in all TSMC public communications and disclosures. TSMC has a variety of measures in place to ensure compliance with these disclosure obligations.

Any modification to the Ethics Code requires the approval of our Audit Committee to ensure our ethics compliance program is independently reviewed against corporate best practices.

Ethics Code Implementation

High Standard Ethical Culture: Our ethics program is implemented in four ways by all of TSMC's employees, officers and Board members. First, TSMC's management sets the "tone from the top" by acting in accordance with the Ethics Code so that they may be an example to all stakeholders. Second, working-level managers are responsible for ensuring their staff's understanding of and compliance with applicable rules and regulations. Third, TSMC encourages an environment of open communications in discussing any questions related to the Ethics Code. Any employee may consult his or her direct supervisors, Human Resources or Legal to obtain timely advice. Lastly, TSMC requires all employees to stay vigilant and report any noncompliance by anyone to their supervisors, the function head of Human Resources, the responsible corporate senior management appointed by CEO that oversees the Ombudsman system, or to the Chairman of the Company's Audit Committee directly

Self-Assessment of All Departments and Employees:

Self-assessment of all departments and employees is an important part of our ethics compliance program. All departments and subsidiaries of TSMC are required to conduct Control Self-Assessment (CSA) tests annually to review employees' awareness of the Ethics Code. The CSA results are reviewed to track the results of our compliance program. In addition, all employees must disclose any matters that cause, or may cause, actual or potential conflict of interest. In addition to this proactive disclosure requirement, employees with specific job grades or job responsibilities must annually declare any relationships that may constitute a conflict of interest, which enables TSMC to take necessary arrangements and report the results to the Audit Committee.

Internal Auditing: The Internal Auditor of TSMC plays a critical role in ensuring the Company's compliance with the Ethics Code and relevant rules and regulations. To ensure that our

financial, managerial, and operating information is accurate, reliable, and timely and that our employees' actions are in compliance with applicable policies, standards, procedures, laws and regulations, our Internal Auditor conducts audits of various control points within the Company in accordance with its annual audit plan approved by the Board of Directors and subsequently reports its audit findings and remedial issues to the Board and management on a regular basis.

Training and Promotion: To promote awareness to our employees of their responsibilities under the Ethics Code, we publish our Ethics Code and related policies and documents on our intranet and, provide training courses, posters, and emails. In terms of training courses, TSMC not only provides annual online course on the Ethics Code and requires all employees to complete the training, as well as face-to-face training courses delving into more specific ethics-related topics for targeted employees. In 2020, there were about 50,482 attendances that completed ethics-related training courses at TSMC and its subsidiaries. TSMC not only provides annual online courses on professional ethics and requires colleagues to complete the training.

In addition to our internal compliance efforts, we expect and assist our business partners such as customers and suppliers, and any other entities with whom we deal (include consultants or third party agents who act for or on behalf of TSMC) to recognize and understand TSMC's ethical standards to fulfill our responsibilities as a corporate citizen. For instance, we require all of our suppliers to declare in writing that they will respect and comply with TSMC's ethical standards and culture. TSMC is a full member of the Responsible Business Alliance ("RBA", formerly the (Electronic Industry Citizenship Coalition, EICC)), dedicated to electronics supply chain sustainability. In addition to adopting the RBA Code of Conduct at all of its facilities, TSMC applied the RBA's standards to enhance our audit program of our suppliers and relevant business partners. We provide training and communicate our ethical culture to our suppliers through live seminars to prevent any unethical conduct and detect any sign of Ethics Code violations. In 2020, we held both a sustainable supply chain experience exchange and our annual Responsible Supply Chain Forum to share/ exchange practical experiences on topics such as the Ethics Code, labor rights, environmental protection, and occupational safety. In total, 518 attendees from 337 suppliers participated in these activities. We also exchange views on appropriate business conduct and TSMC's ethical standards and implementation status with our customers as part of customer audit programs.

Reporting Channels and Whistleblower Protection

To ensure that our conduct meets relevant legal requirements and the highest ethical standards under the Ethics Code, TSMC provides multiple channels for reporting business conduct concerns. First of all, our Audit Committee approved and we have implemented the "Complaint Policy and Procedures for Certain Accounting and Legal Matters" and "Procedures for Ombudsman System" that allow employees or any whistleblowers with relevant evidence to report any financial, legal, or ethical irregularities anonymously through either the Ombudsman or directly to the Audit Committee. TSMC maintains additional internal reporting channels for our employees. To foster an open culture of ethics compliance, we encourage our employees and the third parties we do business with to report any suspected noncompliance with law or relevant TSMC policy.

TSMC treats any complaint and the investigation thereof in a confidential and sensitive manner, and strictly prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who in good faith reports or helps with the investigation of any complaint.

Due to the open reporting channels, TSMC receives reports on various issues from employees and external parties such as our customers and suppliers from time to time. Below is a summary of the Number of Reported Incidents.

| Year | FY2016 | FY2017 | FY2018 | FY2019 | FY2020 |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| Total reported cases Ethics-related cases Cases investigated and verified as ethics violations | 116 16 2 | 113 20 4 | 150 14 1 | 205 26 2 | 246 (Note 1) 22 6 (Note 2) |
| Sexual Harassment Investigation Committees Formed Cases investigated and verified as violations | 5 5 | 73 | 3 | 4 | 4 2 (Note 3) |

Note 1: Among them, 155 cases were related to employee relations, 69 cases were categorized as others (e.g. asking personal questions or private matters), and 22 cases were related to ethics. Note 2: One incident involved an employee who committed multiple serious violations of the Ethics Code by borrowing money from vendors and defrauding peers in the name of purchasing discounted vouchers. The employee was dismissed. One incident involved an employee who grossly violated Company regulations by over-claiming a large amount of materials for unnecessary replacement in order to obtain. The employee was dismissed. For each the remaining four incidents, the Company took progressive disciplinary actions, taking into account the nature and severity of the misconduct: one incident involved an employee who violated Company policy by improperly leaking a project's base price to a certain vendor. Although the act did not bring harm to the company, impartiality and professionalism were compromised as a result; one incident involved an employee who failed to disclose a situation in which he/she had interest that conflicts with the company, in violation of the Ethics Code; one incident involved an employee who violated the Ethics Code by mismanaging vendor/supplier relationships; one incident involved an employee who violated Company procurement process by making a payment request with mismatched justification.

Note 3: These two employees who violated Company sexual prevention policy were disciplined by the company, and one was dismissed. Meanwhile, Company leveraged the two violations to strengthen the promotion of how to use social media properly in 2020 TMSC annual sexual harassment prevention so as to raise employees' awareness since these two incidents were involved in misuse of social media.

Ethics Code Violation Disciplinary Action

We do not tolerate any violation of the Ethics Code and treat every possible violation incident seriously. Any violator of the Ethics Code (or relevant regulations) will be severely disciplined to the full extent of our policies and the law, up to and including immediate dismissal, termination of business relationship, and judicial prosecution as appropriate.

3.5.1 Taiwan Corporate Conduct and Ethics Implementation as Required by the Taiwan Financial Supervisory Commission

| | | | Implementation Status | Causes for the | | |
|---|---|----------------|---|----------------|--|--|
| | | Yes No Summary | | | | |
| Establishment of Corporate Conduct and Ethics Policy and Implementation Measures (1) Does the company have a clear ethical corporate management policy approved by its Board of Directors, and bylaws and publicly available documents addressing its corporate conduct and ethics policy and measures, and commitment regarding implementation of such policy from the Board of Directors and the top management team? | v | | (1) Integrity is the most important core value of TSMC's culture. TSMC is committed to acting ethically in all aspects of our business. We have established TSMC Code of Ethics and Business Conduct (the "Ethics Code") to require that each employee bears a heavy personal responsibility to uphold TSMC's ethics value. For more details on the Ethics Code and the measures that TSMC Board of Directors (the "Board") and the management team take to ensure compliance of the Ethics Code please refer to TSMC's Annual Report and the Corporate Social Responsibility Report. | None | | |
| (2) Whether the company has established an assessment mechanism for the risk of unethical conduct; regularly analyzes and evaluates within a business context, the business activities with a higher risk of unethical conduct; has formulated a program to prevent unethical conduct with a scope no less than the activities prescribed in paragraph 2, Article 7 of the Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/ GTSM Listed Companies? | V | | (2) At the heart of our corporate governance culture is the Ethics Code that applies to TSMC and its subsidiaries, and this Ethics Code requires that each employee bears a heavy personal responsibility to preserve and to protect TSMC's ethical values and reputation and to comply with various applicable laws and regulations. Specific requirements under the Ethics Code could be found in our Annual Report. In addition, to educate and remind our employees of their responsibilities under the Ethics Code, we publish our Ethics Code, relevant policies and documents on our intranet and promote its awareness through training course, posters, and internal news articles. Furthermore, to ensure that our conduct meets relevant legal requirements and the highest ethical standards under the Ethics Code, TSMC provides multiple channels for reporting business conduct concerns. Please refer to Assessment Item 3 for details. We do not tolerate any violation of the Ethics Code (or relevant regulations) will be severely punished to the full extent of our policies and the law, including immediate dismissal in accordance with TSMC Employee Recognition, Disciplinary and Ombudsman Procedure, termination of business relationship, and judicial prosecution as appropriate. | | | |
| (3) Whether the company has established relevant policies that are duly enforced to prevent unethical conduct, provided implementation procedures, guidelines, consequences of violation and complaint procedures, and periodically reviews and revises such policies? | V | | (3) Under the framework of the Ethics Code, TSMC has established a regulatory compliance program that includes policies, guidelines and procedures in other policy areas, including: Anti-corruption, Anti-harassment, Anti-discrimination, Anti-trust (unfair competition), Environment, Export Control, Financial Reporting, Insider Trading, Intellectual Property, Proprietary Information Protection (PIP), Personal Data Protection, Record Retention and Disposal, as well as procuring certain raw materials from socially responsible sources ("Conflict-free Minerals"). The above-mentioned policies are crucial in facilitating overall compliance with the Ethics Code. TSMC, its employees and its subsidiaries are expected to fully understand and comply with all laws and regulations that govern our businesses, as well as relevant policies, guidelines and procedures, and make ethical decisions in every circumstance. The Internal Auditor of TSMC also plays a critical role in ensuring the Company's compliance with the Ethics Code and relevant rules and regulations. To ensure that our financial, managerial, and operating information is accurate, reliable, and timely and that our employee's actions are in compliance with happlicable policies, standards, procedures, laws and regulations, our Internal Auditor conducts audits of various control points within the Company in accordance with is annual audit plan approved by the Board of Directors and subsequently reports its audit findings and remedial issues to the Board and Management on a regular basis. | | | |

(Continued)

| Assessment Item | | | Implementation Status | Causes for the |
|---|-----|----|---|----------------|
| אספיסטוויבווג ונפווו | Yes | No | Summary | Difference |
| Ethic Management Practice (1) Whether the company has assessed the ethics records of whom it has business relationship with and include business conduct and ethics related clauses in the business contracts? | | | (1) We expect and assist our customers, suppliers, business partners, and any other entities with whom we deal (such as consultant or third party agents who act for or on behalf of TSMC) to understand and act in accordance with TSMC's ethical standards. For instance, as for our suppliers, we require all of them to declare in writing that they will not engage in any fraud or any unethical conduct when dealing with us or our officers and employees. In addition to periodic audit, we provide training and communicate our ethical culture to our suppliers through live seminars to prevent any unethical conduct. We exchange views on appropriate business conduct and TSMC's ethical standards with our customers as part of customer audit programs. | None |
| (2) Whether the company has set up a unit which is dedicated to promoting the company's ethical standards and regularly (at least once a year) reports directly to the Board of Directors on its ethical corporate management policy and relevant matters, and program to prevent unethical conduct and monitor its implementation? | V | | (2) TSMC's Board of Directors strives to perform the responsibilities of supervising the corporate conduct and ethics compliance practice through the Audit Committee and the Compensation Committee, the hiring of a financial expert consultant for the Audit Committee, and coordination with the Internal Audit department. The General Counsel and the Corporate & Compliance Legal Division (which directly reports to the General Counsel) promotes, with other divisions, the Company's ethical standards, and the General Counsel reports quarterly to the Board on the implementation status. In addition, both the responsible senior manager appointed by the CEO to oversee the Ombudsmen system and Internal Auditors update the Board on ethical standards and compliance issues on a regular basis. Moreover, TSMC's officers, especially our CEO, CFO, and General Counsel, with oversight from our Board, are responsible for the full, fair, accurate, timely, and understandable financial accounting and financial disclosure in reports and documents filed by the Company with securities authorities and in all TSMC public communications and disclosures. | |
| (3) Whether the company has established policies to prevent conflict of interests, provide appropriate communication and complaint channels and implement such policies properly? | V | | (3) TSMC requires newly hired employees to declare any conflict of interest situation as appropriate. In addition, all employees must disclose any matters that have, or may have, the appearance of undermining the Ethics Code (such as any actual or potential conflict of interest). Furthermore, key employees and senior officers must periodically declare their compliance status with the Ethics Code according to relevant procedures. | |
| (4) To implement relevant policies on ethical conducts, has the company established effective accounting and internal control systems, audit plans based on the assessment of unethical conduct, and have its ethical conduct program audited by internal auditors or CPA periodically? | V | | (4) TSMC continues maintaining the integrity of its financial reporting processes and controls and establishes appropriate internal control systems for preventing higher potential unethical conduct, and the Internal Auditors formulate annual audit plans based on the results of the risk assessment and subsequently reports its audit findings and remedial issues to the Board and Management on a regular basis. In addition, all departments and subsidiaries of TSMC are also required to conduct Control Self-Assessment (CSA) tests annually to review the effectiveness of the internal control system. | |
| (5) Does the company provide internal and external ethical conduct training programs on a regular basis? | V | | (5) Training is a major component of our compliance program, conducted throughout the year to refresh TSMC's employees' commitment to ethical conduct, and to get updated information on laws and regulations related to their daily operations. As for our suppliers, we communicate our ethical culture to our business partners through live seminars to ensure their fully understanding of our commit to ethical conduct. | |
| Implementation of Complaint Procedures (1) Does the company establish specific complaint and reward procedures, set up conveniently accessible complaint channels, and designate responsible individuals to handle the complaint received? | V | | (1) TSMC's Audit Committee approved and TSMC has implemented the "Complaint Policy and Procedures for Certain Accounting and Legal Matters" and "Procedures for Ombudsman System" that allow employees or any whistleblowers with relevant evidence to report any financial, legal, or ethical irregularities anonymously through either the Ombudsman or directly to the Audit Committee. TSMC also requires all employees to stay vigilant and whistle-blow any noncompliance by anyone to their supervisors, the function head of Human Resources, the responsible corporate Vice President that oversees the Ombudsmen system, or to the Chairman of the Company's Audit Committee directly. | None |
| (2) Whether the company has established standard operation procedures for investigating the complaints received, follow-up measures after investigation are completed, and ensuring such complaints are handled in a confidential manner? | V | | (2) TSMC treats any complaint and the investigation thereof in a confidential and sensitive manner, as is clearly stated in our bylaws. | |
| (3) Does the company adopt proper measures to prevent a complainant from retaliation for his/her filing a complaint? | V | | (3) TSMC strictly prohibits any form of retaliation against any individual who in good faith reports or helps with the investigation of any complaint, as is clearly stated in our bylaws. | |
| Information Disclosure Does the company disclose its guidelines on business ethics as well as information about implementation of such guidelines on its website and Market Observation Post System (MOPS)? | V | | Our internal website provides guidelines and informative articles on ethics and honorable business conduct (in both Chinese and English) for employees' easy access. In addition, TSMC discloses relevant policies and information in its Annual Report (which is also available at the MOPS), CSR/ESG Report and includes TSMC Ethics and Business Conduct Policy on its external website (available at: http://www.tsmc.com). | None |

5. If the company has established corporate governance policies based on Ethical Corporate Management Best Practice Principles for TWSE/GTSM Listed Companies, please describe any discrepancy between the policies and their implementation

TSMC has established the Ethics Code to require that all employees, officers and board members comply with the Ethics Code and the other policies and procedures. There is no discrepancy between the Ethics Code, including its affiliate policies and procedures, and its implementation. For more details, please refer to "3.5 Code of Ethics and Business Conduct" on page 51-54 of this Annual Report

6. Other important information to facilitate better understanding of the company's corporate conduct and ethics compliance practices (e.g., review the company's corporate conduct and ethics policy).

For details on the implementation of TSMC's corporate conduct and ethics, please refer to "3.5 Code of Ethics and Business Conduct" on page 51-54 of this Annual Report.

3.6 Regulatory Compliance

TSMC's compliance systems are comprised of a series of legislation monitoring, developing and implementation of effective compliance policies and programs, training, and maintaining open reporting channels.

Legislative Monitoring

TSMC operates in many countries. To comply with governing legislation, applicable laws, regulations and regulatory expectations, we closely monitor domestic and foreign government policies and regulatory developments that could materially impact TSMC's business and financial operations. Our Legal organization periodically updates our relevant internal departments, management and the Audit Committee of applicable regulatory changes so that internal teams ensure compliance with new regulatory requirements in a timely manner. We are also a proactive advocate for legislative and regulatory reform, and our comments and recommendations on legal reforms to the government have been accepted constructively. TSMC is increasingly dedicated to identifying potential regulatory issues and will continue to be involved in advocating public policy changes that foster a positive and fair business environment.

Policy and Compliance Program Development and Implementation

Under the framework of the Ethics Code, TSMC has established a regulatory compliance program that includes policies, guidelines and procedures in different compliance areas, including: Anti-corruption, Anti-harassment, Anti-discrimination, Employment Regulations, Antitrust (unfair competition), Environment, Export Control, Financial Reporting, Insider Trading, Intellectual Property, Proprietary Information Protection (PIP), Personal Data Protection, Record Retention and Disposal, as well as procuring certain raw materials from socially responsible sources ("Conflict-free Minerals"). It is our belief that these policies are crucial in strengthening overall compliance with the Ethics Code and compliance program. TSMC, its employees and its subsidiaries are expected to fully understand and comply with all laws and regulations that govern our businesses, as well as relevant policies, guidelines and procedures, and make ethical decisions in every circumstance.

Compliance Awareness Training

Training is one of the major component of our regulatory compliance program. To get updated information on laws and regulations related to their daily operations and to strengthen TSMC's employees' commitment to ethical conduct through regular promotion and training courses. Highlights of our training include:

- Multiple types for training and promotion: TSMC enriches employees' information sources for regulatory compliance through various promotion activities. Awareness promotion emails to employees, posters at our facilities, and news articles, compliance guidelines, tips and FAQs which our employees can access through our intranet;
- Focused face-to-face training courses for different business attributes: face-to-face seminars focusing on specific topics such as Anti-Corruption, PIP, Intellectual Property, Personal Data Protection, Export Control Management and Antitrust. Training is made mandatory for those employees whose jobs are especially relevant to a particular topic to ensure sufficient awareness of relevant laws and internal policies;
- Various online courses available to employees at any time: on-line learning programs updated frequently to provide most up-to-date information and timely and flexible access for employees to understand the law and key compliance issues, covering topics of Anti-Corruption, Antitrust, Anti-harassment, Insider Trading, Export Control Management, PIP, and Personal Data Protection among others;
- Continuous training of the Legal team: TSMC's Legal team actively participate in external professional courses held in Taiwan or abroad to receive current developments of new
- laws and regulations and track the latest developments in various professional legal fields, and for its lawyers to comply with applicable continuing legal education requirements. External experts are also invited to give in-house lectures on key issues.

Reporting Channels

TSMC provides multiple channels for reporting business conduct concerns to ensure that our conduct meets relevant legal requirements and the highest ethical standards under the Ethics Code. For more details about the reporting channels, please refer to "3.5 Code of Ethics and Business Conduct" on page 51-54 of this Annual Report.

Major Accomplishments

In 2020, TSMC achieved several major accomplishments in regulatory compliance. Externally, in addition to fulfilling the Company's obligations toward regulatory compliance matters. TSMC exercised its civic duties as a responsible corporate citizen by providing feedback on current regulations and regulations in legislation, with the intent to improve Taiwan's industrial investment environment, enhance economic development, and help align domestic laws with international law. Furthermore, TSMC continues to focus on the topics related to the Company Law, the Securities and Exchange Act, intellectual property protection and environment protection. In addition, TSMC advised government agencies on recent revisions to corporate governance, trade secrets and environmental protection regulations.

Internally, TSMC provides multiple courses about legal and regulatory compliance, including anti-corruption, anti-trust, anti-harassment, insider trading, export control, and protection of confidential and personal information. These courses are taught by both internal and external experts and law professionals. The important achievements are as follows:

- Ethics and Compliance: providing an "Annual Ethics and Compliance Training Course" (mandatory 0.5 hour online course) covering various important regulatory compliance topics – a total of about 50,482 employees completed this training course - with all production staffs were starting from 2019.
- Export Compliance: TSMC's export management system (EMS) and policy have been in place for a number of years. It aims to ensure that TSMC and its subsidiaries are in compliance with all applicable regulations covering the export of information, technologies, products, materials and equipment. TSMC's EMS was certified in September 2012 by the Bureau of Foreign Trade, the Taiwan regulator, as a qualified ICP (Internal Compliance Program) exporter. In 2018, TSMC successfully extended the validity period of its ICP certificate to October 2021. In addition, TSMC implements "No ECCN, No Shipment" control and customers are required to provide end use and export control classification number (ECCN) of their products, among other required information, for TSMC to apply for applicable export licenses. To further enhance relevant employees' awareness of the export control requirements, in 2020 TSMC altogether provided more than 20 face-to-face communication sessions and on-line learning program to employees in relevant functions - a total of 1,272 employees completed these sessions or the programs as requested.

- Supplier Management: TSMC shares and exchanges practical experiences with suppliers with sales offices in Taiwan by holding both a sustainable supply chain experience exchange and annual Responsible Supply Chain Forums on topics such as Ethics Code, labor rights, environmental protection and occupational safety. In total, 518 attendees from 347 suppliers were participated in these activities.
- Conflict-Free Supply Chain: As a recognized global leader in the hi-tech supply chain, we acknowledge our corporate social responsibility to strive to procure conflict-free minerals in an effort to recognize humanitarian and ethical social principles that protect the dignity of all persons. Meanwhile, we have implemented a series of compliance safeguards in accordance with industry leading practices, requesting suppliers to fill in the "Conflict Minerals Reporting Template" and sign the "TSMC Conflict-Free Minerals Declaration" every year. TSMC will continuously make progress to ensure a conflict-free supply chain.
- Personal Data Protection: Because of the importance of personal data protection, TSMC periodically reviews the Rules of Privacy and Personal Data Protection and external and internal privacy policies to identify the needs to update such documents. Based on current personal data protection laws and risks, TSMC conducts an annual training on privacy and personal data protection to enhance employees' awareness and compliance. In addition, a personal data protection committee composed of Legal, Human Resources, and IT divisions convene on an annual basis to assist the implementation of and monitoring compliance with the rules.
- Antitrust Compliance: Based on annual antitrust risk assessment results, TSMC identified functions with potential higher risk from an antitrust perspective. To enhance targeted functions' employee awareness of the importance of competition and antitrust laws and issues during daily operations, TSMC established antitrust training programs and conducted several antitrust trainings, via either face-to-face onsite training sessions or on-line learning programs, for global sales personnel and employees in relevant departments at Taiwan, United States, Europe, Japan, Korea and mainland China areas – a total of 841 employees completed the on-line program as requested.

3.7 Internal Control System Execution Status

3.7.1 Statement of Internal Control System

Statement of Internal Control System

Based on the findings of a self-assessment, Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited (TSMC) states the following with regard to its internal control system during the year 2020:

- efficiency of our operations (including profitability, performance and safeguarding of assets), reliability, timeliness,
- identified deficiencies.
- also includes several items which can be found in the Regulations.
- 4. TSMC has evaluated the design and operating effectiveness of its internal control system according to the aforesaid Regulations.
- compliance of reporting, and compliance with applicable rulings, laws and regulations.
- 6. This Statement is an integral part of TSMC's annual report and prospectus, and will be made public. Any falsehood, Securities and Exchange Law.
- attending directors expressing dissenting opinions, and the remainder all affirming the content of this Statement.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

Mark Liu, Chairman C.C. Wei, Chief Executive Officer

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

February 09, 2021

1. TSMC's Board of Directors and management are responsible for establishing, implementing, and maintaining an adequate internal control system. Internal control system is designed to provide reasonable assurance over the effectiveness and transparency and regulatory compliance of our reporting, and compliance with applicable rulings, laws and regulations.

2. An internal control system has inherent limitations. No matter how perfectly designed, an effective internal control system can provide only reasonable assurance of accomplishing its stated objectives. Moreover, the effectiveness of an internal control system may be subject to changes due to extenuating circumstances beyond our control. Nevertheless, our internal control system contains self-monitoring mechanisms, and TSMC takes immediate remedial actions in response to any

3. TSMC evaluates the design and operating effectiveness of its internal control system based on the criteria provided in the Regulations Governing the Establishment of Internal Control Systems by Public Companies (herein below, the "Regulations"). The criteria adopted by the Regulations identify five key components of managerial internal control: (1) control environment, (2) risk assessment, (3) control activities, (4) information and communication, and (5) monitoring activities. Each component

5. Based on the findings of such evaluation, TSMC believes that, on December 31, 2020, it has maintained, in all material respects, an effective internal control system (that includes the supervision and management of our subsidiaries), to provide reasonable assurance over our operational effectiveness and efficiency, reliability, timeliness, transparency and regulatory

concealment, or other illegality in the content made public will entail legal liability under Articles 20, 32, 171, and 174 of the

7. This Statement was passed by the Board of Directors in their meeting held on February 09, 2021, with none of the ten

3.8 Status of Personnel Responsible for the Company's Financial and Business Operation

3.8.1 Resignation or Dismissal of Chairman, President, and Heads of Accounting, Finance, Internal Audit, Corporate Governance Officer and R&D during 2020 and as of the Date of this Annual Report: None.

3.8.2 Certification of Employees Whose Jobs are Related to the Release of the Company's Financial Information

| Number of | Employees | | | | | |
|----------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Internal Audit | Finance | | | | | |
| 2 | 44 | | | | | |
| 2 | 11 | | | | | |
| - | 1 | | | | | |
| 12 | 5 | | | | | |
| - | 2 | | | | | |
| - | 2 | | | | | |
| - | 1 | | | | | |
| - | 1 | | | | | |
| 3 | - | | | | | |
| 3 | - | | | | | |
| 5 | - | | | | | |
| 1 | - | | | | | |
| 2 | - | | | | | |
| | Internal Audit 2 2 - 12 - | | | | | |

3.9 Information Regarding TSMC's Independent Auditor

3.9.1 Audit Fees

The Audit Committee approves all fees payable to TSMC's independent auditor and recommends the same to the Board of Directors for further approval. The Board of Directors has authorized the Audit Committee to approve any increase not exceeding 10% of the approved fees.

Unit: NT\$ thousands

| Accounting | Name of CPA | Audit Fee | Non-audit Fee | | | | | | |
|-------------------|---|--------------|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------|----------|-------------------------|--------|
| Firm | | | System Design | Company Registration | Human Resource | Others (Note) | Subtotal | CPA's Audit Period | Remark |
| Deloitte & Touche | Mei-Yen Chiang, Yu-Feng Huang, and others | 60,253 | - | - | - | 10,063 | 10,063 | 01/01/2020 - 12/31/2020 | - |

Note: The fees were mainly related to the bond offering that was borne by the underwriter.

3.9.2 CPA's information

(1) Former CPAs

| Date of Change | Approved by BOD on November 10, 2020 | | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Reasons and Explanation of Changes | | compliance with regulatory requirements on rotation, the co-signing partner Yu-Feng Huang will be replaced by Shang-Chih Lin starting from 021. The engagement partner will remain to be Mei-Yen Chiang. | | | | | |
| State Whether the Appointment is Terminated or Rejected by the Consignor or CPAs | Client | CPA | Consignor | | | | |
| | Appointment terminated automatically | Not available | Not available | | | | |
| | Appointment rejected (discontinued) | Not available | Not available | | | | |
| The Opinions Other than Unmodified Opinion Issued in the Last Two Years and the Reasons for the Said Opinions | None | | | | | | |
| Is There Any Disagreement in Opinion with the | Yes | | Accounting principle or practice | | | | |
| Issuer | | | Disclosure of financial statements | | | | |
| | | | Auditing scope or procedures | | | | |
| | | | Others | | | | |
| | No | v | | | | | |
| | Explanation | | | | | | |
| Supplementary Disclosure (Disclosures Specified in Article 10.6.1.4~7 of the Standards) | None | - | | | | | |

(2) Successor CPAs

Accounting Firm CPA

Date of Engagement

Prior to the Formal Engagement, Any Inquiry or Consultation on the Accounting Treatment or Accounting Principles for Specific Transactions, and the Type of Audi Opinion that Might be Rendered on the Financial Report

Written Opinions from the Successor CPAs that are Different from the Former CPA' Opinions

(3) The reply of former CPAs on Article 10.6.1 and Article 10.6.2.3 of the Standards: None.

Affiliates in the Most Recent Year.

3.9.4 Evaluation of the External Auditor's Independence

The Audit Committee annually monitors the independence of TSMC's external auditor by conducting the following evaluation standards and reports the same to the Board of Directors: 1. The auditor's independence declaration

- 2. The Audit Committee pre-approves all audit and non-audit services conducted by the auditor to ensure that the non-audit services do not influence the results of the audit
- 3. Ensure the audit partner rotates every five years
- interests, commercial relations, employment relations, and etc.

3.10 Material Information Management Procedure

TSMC has established relevant procedures for managing and disclosing material information. The responsible departments regularly remind all officers and employees about the need to comply with these procedures and other applicable regulations when they become aware of any potential material information and the possible need to publicly disclose such information. To ensure that our employees, managers and board directors are aware of and comply with these relevant regulations, TSMC has also established our "Insider Trading Policy". To reduce the risk of insider trading, on-line training programs and live seminars are conducted periodically. In addition, employees can familiarize themselves with relevant internal policies and training articles by easily accessing TSMC's Legal Organization intranet website.

| | Deloitte & Touche |
|----|--------------------------------------|
| | Mei-Yen Chiang and Shang-Chih Lin |
| | Approved by BOD on November 10, 2020 |
| it | None |
| 's | None |

3.9.3 TSMC's Chairman, Directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, and Managers in Charge of Its Finance and Accounting Operations Did Not Hold Any Positions within TSMC's Independent Audit Firm or Its

4. Annually evaluate the independence of the external auditor based on the results of the auditor survey regarding its financial

4. Capital and Shares



> LED lights of a stock exchange ticker board (Left)

> Illumination from rapid thermal process (Right)

4.1 Capital and Shares

4.1.1 Capitalization

| | Unit: Share/NT\$ As of 02/28/2 | | | | | | | | | |
|--|--------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| | Face Value Per Share | Authorized S | hare Capital | Capital | Stock | Remark | | | | |
| | Face value Per Share | Shares | Amount | Shares | Amount | remark | | | | |
| | 10 | 28,050,000,000 | 280,500,000,000 | 25,930,380,458 | 259,303,804,580 | No change in Authorized Share Capital and Capital Stock during 2020 and as of 02/28/2021 | | | | |

4.1.2 Capital and Shares

| Unit: Share | | | | | | | |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| Type of Stock | Authorized S | Total | | | | | |
| Type of Stock | Listed Shares | Unissued Shares | Total | | | | |
| Common Stock | 25,930,380,458 | 2,119,619,542 | 28,050,000,000 | | | | |

Shelf Registration: None.

4.1.3 Composition of Shareholders

| Common Share | As of 12/23/2020 (Note) | | | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|----------------|
| Type of Shareholders | Government Agencies | Financial Institutions | Other Juridical Persons | Foreign Institutions and Natural Persons | Domestic Natural Persons | Total |
| Number of Shareholders | 5 | 170 | 2,217 | 5,455 | 601,562 | 609,409 |
| Shareholding | 1,654,461,110 | 809,081,441 | 1,257,529,349 | 19,795,784,323 | 2,413,524,235 | 25,930,380,458 |
| Shareholding Percentage | 6.38% | 3.12% | 4.85% | 76.34% | 9.31% | 100.00% |

Note: Record date for the second quarter 2020 cash dividend distribution.

Distribution of Shareholding

| Common | Share |
|--------|-------|
| | |

| Common Share As of 12/23/2020 (Note) | | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|--|
| Shareholding Range | Number of Shareholders | Shareholding | Shareholding Percentage | |
| 1-999 | 287,233 | 44,716,170 | 0.17% | |
| 1,000-5,000 | 254,248 | 480,113,158 | 1.85% | |
| 5,001-10,000 | 32,167 | 235,488,920 | 0.91% | |
| 10,001-15,000 | 11,344 | 139,824,302 | 0.54% | |
| 15,001-20,000 | 5,559 | 98,468,155 | 0.38% | |
| 20,001-30,000 | 5,597 | 137,709,204 | 0.53% | |
| 30,001-40,000 | 2,708 | 94,147,114 | 0.36% | |
| 40,001-50,000 | 1,697 | 76,648,811 | 0.30% | |
| 50,001-100,000 | 3,306 | 230,904,152 | 0.89% | |
| 100,001-200,000 | 1,808 | 251,198,641 | 0.97% | |
| 200,001-400,000 | 1,200 | 335,329,150 | 1.29% | |
| 400,001-600,000 | 506 | 246,212,952 | 0.95% | |
| 600,001-800,000 | 309 | 213,011,618 | 0.82% | |
| 800,001-1,000,000 | 199 | 177,845,047 | 0.69% | |
| Over 1,000,001 | 1,528 | 23,168,763,064 | 89.35% | |
| Total | 609,409 | 25,930,380,458 | 100.00% | |

Note: Record date for the second quarter 2020 cash dividend distribution.

Preferred Share: None.

4.1.4 Major Shareholders

| iommon Share As of 12/23/2020 (N | | |
|---|---------------|-------------------------|
| Shareholders | Shareholding | Shareholding Percentage |
| ADR-Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company, Ltd. | 5,321,819,398 | 20.52% |
| National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | 1,653,709,980 | 6.38% |
| Citibank (Taiwan) Ltd. in custody for Government of Singapore | 664,026,441 | 2.56% |
| Citibank (Taiwan) Ltd. in custody for Norges Bank | 400,245,488 | 1.54% |
| JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A., Taipei Branch in custody for Vanguard Total International Stock Index Fund, a series of Vanguard Star Funds | 345,882,748 | 1.33% |
| New Labor Pension Fund | 279,045,255 | 1.08% |
| Fubon Life Insurance Co., Ltd | 246,007,308 | 0.95% |
| JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A., Taipei Branch in custody for Vanguard Emerging Markets Stock Index Fund, a series of Vanguard International Equity Index Funds | 214,909,785 | 0.83% |
| JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A., Taipei Branch in custody for Invesco Oppenheimer Developing Markets Fund | 210,336,429 | 0.81% |
| JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A., Taipei Branch in custody for New Perspective Fund | 207,355,941 | 0.80% |

Note: Record date for the second quarter 2020 cash dividend distribution.

4.1.5 Net Change in Shareholding by Directors, Management and Shareholders with 10% Shareholdings or More

Unit: Share

| Title | 20 | 20 | 01/01/2021 - 02/28/2021 | | |
|---|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|
| Name | Net Change in Shareholding | Net Change in Shares Pledged | Net Change in Shareholding | Net Change in Shares Pledged | |
| Chairman Mark Liu | - | - | - | - | |
| Chief Executive Officer & Vice Chairman C.C. Wei | - | - | - | - | |
| Director F.C. Tseng | - | - | - | - | |
| Director National Development Fund, Executive Yuan Representative: Ming-Hsin Kung | - | - | - | - | |
| Independent Director Sir Peter L. Bonfield | - | - | - | - | |
| Independent Director Stan Shih | - | - | - | - | |
| Independent Director Kok-Choo Chen | - | - | - | - | |
| Independent Director Michael R. Splinter | - | - | - | - | |
| Independent Director Moshe N. Gavrielov | - | - | - | - | |
| Independent Director Yancey Hai (Note 1) | - | - | - | - | |
| Senior Vice President Lora Ho | 59,000 | (1,300,000) | - | 1,000,000 | |
| Senior Vice President Wei-Jen Lo | - | - | - | - | |
| Senior Vice President Rick Cassidy | - | - | - | - | |
| Senior Vice President Y.P. Chin | - | - | - | - | |
| Senior Vice President Y.J. Mii | - | - | - | - | |
| Senior Vice President J.K. Lin | - | - | 130,233 (Note 5) | - | |
| Senior Vice President J.K. Wang | 30,000 | - | - | - | |
| Senior Vice President Cliff Hou | 10,648 | - | 930 | - | |
| Senior Vice President Kevin Zhang | 43,000 | - | 25,000 | - | |
| Vice President and General Counsel/Corporate Governance Officer Sylvia Fang | - | (100,000) | - | - | |
| Vice President Connie Ma | 41,000 | - | - | - | |
| Vice President Y.L. Wang | - | - | - | - | |

| Title | 20 | 20 | 01/01/2021 | - 02/28/2021 |
|--|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Name | Net Change in Shareholding | Net Change in Shares Pledged | Net Change in Shareholding | Net Change in Shares Pledged |
| Vice President and TSMC Distinguished Fellow Doug Yu | - | - | 10,000 | - |
| Vice President and TSMC Fellow Alexander Kalnitsky (Note 2) | - | - | - | - |
| Vice President and TSMC Fellow T.S. Chang | (27,000) | - | - | - |
| Vice President Michael Wu | 5,000 | - | - | - |
| Vice President Min Cao | - | - | - | - |
| Vice President HS. Philip Wong (Note 2) | - | - | - | - |
| Vice President Marvin Liao | 10,000 | - | 5,000 | - |
| Vice President Y.H. Liaw | - | - | - | - |
| Vice President Simon Jang | - | - | - | - |
| Vice President, Chief Financial Officer/Spokesperson Wendell Huang | 214 | - | 20 | - |
| Vice President C.S. Yoo (Note 3) | - | - | - | - |
| Vice President Jun He (Note 3) | 1,000 | - | 4,000 | - |
| Vice President Geoffrey Yeap (Note 4) | - | - | - | - |
| Vice President and Chief Information Officer Chris Horng-Dar Lin (Note 4) | - | - | - | - |

Note 1: Mr. Yancey Hai was elected as TSMC's independent director at TSMC's Annual Shareholders' Meeting on June 9, 2020. His shareholding was disclosed starting from that date. Note 2: Vice President Alexander Kalnitsky retired, effective December 29, 2020. Vice President Dr. Philip Wong resigned and became a special consultant to TSMC, effective April 1, 2020. Their shareholdings will not be disclosed after that date. Note 3: Dr. C.S. Yoo and Dr. Jun He were promoted to Vice President, effective November 10, 2020. Their shareholdings were disclosed starting from that date. Note 4: Dr. Geoffrey Yeap and Dr. Chris Horng-Dar Lin were promoted to Vice President, effective February 9, 2021. Their shareholdings were disclosed starting from that date. Note 5: The increased shareholding was acquired from a relative rather than a purchase from market.

(Continued)

4.1.6 Stock Trade with Related Party

| Name | Reason of the Transfer | Transfer Date | Transferee | Relation with the Transferee | Shares | Transfer Price |
|---------------|------------------------|---------------|-------------|---------------------------------|--------|----------------|
| Kok-Choo Chen | Inheritance | 11/13/2020 | Heungtat Ng | Spouse | 5,120 | - |

4.1.7 Stock Pledge with Related Party: None.

4.1.8 Related Party Relationship among TSMC's 10 Largest Shareholders

| Common Share | | | | | | | As o | f 12/23/2020 (Note |
|--|---------------|--------|-----------------------------------|--------|--------------------------------------|-----|---|--------------------|
| Name | Shares Held | | Shares Held by Spouse & Minors | | Shares Held in the Name of Others | | Name and Relationship between TSMC's Shareholders | |
| | Shares | % | Shares | % | Shares | % | Name | Relationship |
| ADR-Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company, Ltd. | 5,321,819,398 | 20.52% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | None | None |
| National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | 1,653,709,980 | 6.38% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | None | None |
| Representative: Ming-Hsin Kung | 779 | 0.00% | - | - | - | - | None | None |
| Citibank (Taiwan) Ltd. in custody for Government of Singapore | 664,026,441 | 2.56% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | None | None |
| Citibank (Taiwan) Ltd. in custody for Norges Bank | 400,245,488 | 1.54% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | None | None |
| JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A., Taipei Branch in custody for Vanguard Total International Stock Index Fund, a series of Vanguard Star Funds | 345,882,748 | 1.33% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | None | None |
| New Labor Pension Fund | 279,045,255 | 1.08% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | None | None |
| Fubon Life Insurance Co., Ltd | 246,007,308 | 0.95% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | None | None |
| Chairman: Richard M. Tsai | | | | Not Av | vailable | | | |
| JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A., Taipei Branch in custody for Vanguard Emerging Markets Stock Index Fund, a series of Vanguard International Equity Index Funds | 214,909,785 | 0.83% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | None | None |
| JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A., Taipei Branch in custody for Invesco Oppenheimer Developing Markets Fund | 210,336,429 | 0.81% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | None | None |
| JPMorgan Chase Bank N.A., Taipei Branch in custody for New Perspective Fund | 207,355,941 | 0.80% | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | None | None |

Note: Record date for the second quarter 2020 cash dividend distribution.

4.1.9 Long-term Investment Ownership

| Long-term Investment | | | (1) Directly/indirectly Owned Subsidiaries | | Total Own (1) + (| | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------|--|-----------------|-------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| | Shares | % | Shares | % | Shares | % | | |
| Equity Method: | | | | | | | | |
| TSMC Partners, Ltd. | 988,268,244 | 100% | - | - | 988,268,244 | 100% | | |
| TSMC Global Ltd. | 11,284 | 100% | - | - | 11,284 | 100% | | |
| TSMC North America | 11,000,000 | 100% | - | - | 11,000,000 | 100% | | |
| TSMC Europe B.V. | 200 | 100% | - | - | 200 | 100% | | |
| TSMC Japan Limited | 6,000 | 100% | - | - | 6,000 | 100% | | |
| TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc. | 11,000 (Note 1) | 100% | - | - | 11,000 (Note 1) | 100% | | |
| TSMC Korea Limited | 80,000 | 100% | - | - | 80,000 | 100% | | |
| TSMC China Company Limited | Not Applicable (Note 2) | 100% | Not Applicable (Note 2) | - | Not Applicable (Note 2) | 100% | | |
| TSMC Nanjing Company Limited | Not Applicable (Note 2) | 100% | Not Applicable (Note 2) | - | Not Applicable (Note 2) | 100% | | |
| TSMC Arizona Corporation | 30,001 | 100% | - | - | 30,001 | 100% | | |
| VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. | 253,120,000 (Note 3) | 86.94% (Note 3) | - | - | 253,120,000 (Note 3) | 86.94% (Note 3) | | |
| Systems on Silicon Manufacturing Co. Pte. Ltd. | 313,603 | 38.79% | - | - | 313,603 | 38.79% | | |
| Vanguard International Semiconductor Corp. | 464,223,493 | 28.32% | 275,614,145 | 16.82% (Note 4) | 739,837,638 | 45.14% | | |
| Xintec Inc. | 111,281,925 | 41.01% | - | - | 111,281,925 | 41.01% | | |
| Global UniChip Corporation | 46,687,859 | 34.84% | - | - | 46,687,859 | 34.84% | | |
| VentureTech Alliance Fund II, L.P. | Not Applicable (Note 2) | 98.00% | Not Applicable (Note 2) | - | Not Applicable (Note 2) | 98.00% | | |
| VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. | Not Applicable (Note 2) | 98.00% | Not Applicable (Note 2) | - | Not Applicable (Note 2) | 98.00% | | |

Note 1: In February 2021, TSMC had a capital injection in TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc. Total shares held by TSMC increased to 15,000 shares accordingly.
 Note 2: Not applicable. These firms do not issue shares. TSMC's investments are measured as a percentage of ownership.
 Note 3: On February 9, 2021, TSMC's Board of Directors approved the sale of up to 39,501,000 common shares of VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. After such share disposal, shares owned by TSMC will decrease to 213,619,000 shares and TSMC's ownership in VisEra will be reduced to 73.37%.
 Note 4: TSMC's Director, National Development Fund of Executive Yuan, held 16.72% while other Directors and Management held 0.10%.
 Note 5: On November 10, 2020, TSMC's Board of Directors approved the investment in a new venture capital fund, Emerging Fund L.P. The fund was established in January 2021. On February 9, 2021, TSMC's Board of Directors approved to establish a wholly-owned subsidiary in Japan to expand the Company's 3DIC material research.

4.1.10 Share Information

TSMC's earnings per share in 2020 increased 50.0% from 2019 to NT\$19.97 per share. The following table details TSMC's market price, net worth, earnings, and dividends per common share, as well as other data regarding return on investment.

Market Price, Net Worth, Earnings, and Dividends Per Common Share

Unit: NT\$, except for weighted average shares and return on investment ratios

| Item | 2019 | 2020 | 01/01/2021 - 02/28/2021 | | |
|---|----------------------|----------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| Market Price Per Share (Note 1) | | | | | |
| Highest Market Price | 345.00 | 530.00 | 673.00 | | |
| Lowest Market Price | 208.00 | 248.00 | 536.00 | | |
| Average Market Price | 261.73 | 378.65 | 614.21 | | |
| Net Worth Per Share | | | | | |
| Before Distribution | 62.53 | 71.33 | - | | |
| After Distribution | 60.03 | 68.83 (Note 5) | - | | |
| Earnings Per Share | | | | | |
| Weighted Average Shares (thousand shares) | 25,930,380 | 25,930,380 | - | | |
| Diluted Earnings Per Share | 13.32 | 19.97 | - | | |
| Dividends Per Share | | | | | |
| Cash Dividends | 9.50 | 10.00 (Note 5) | - | | |
| Accumulated Undistributed Dividend | - | - | - | | |
| Return on Investment | Return on Investment | | | | |
| Price/Earnings Ratio (Note 2) | 19.65 | 18.96 | - | | |
| Price/Dividend Ratio (Note 3) | 27.55 | 37.86 (Note 5) | - | | |
| Cash Dividend Yield (Note 4) | 3.6% | 2.6% (Note 5) | - | | |

Note 1: Referred to TWSE website

Note 2: Price/Earnings Ratio = Average Market Price/ Diluted Earnings Per Share

Note 3: Price/Dividend Ratio = Average Market Price/Cash Dividends Per Share

Note 4: Cash Dividend Yield = Cash Dividends Per Share/Average Market Price

Note 5: Including the dividends amount for fourth guarter of 2020, which were approved by Board of Directors on February 9, 2021.

4.1.11 Dividend Policy and Distribution of Earnings

Except as otherwise specified in the Articles of Incorporation or under the R.O.C. law, TSMC will not pay dividends or make other distributions to shareholders when there are no earnings. The Company's profits may be distributed by way of cash dividend, stock dividend, or a combination of cash and stock. Pursuant to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, distributions of profits shall be made preferably by way of cash dividend. In addition, the ratio for stock dividends shall not exceed 50% of the total distribution. Distribution of stock dividends is subject to approval by the R.O.C. Financial Supervisory Commission.

In the Annual Shareholders' Meeting on June 5, 2019, the Company's shareholders approved the amendments to TSMC's Articles of Incorporation to authorize the Company's Board of Directors to approve quarterly cash dividends after the close of each quarter. After the Company's Board of Directors approves quarterly cash dividends, TSMC will distribute the dividend within six months. The respective amounts and payment dates of 2020 guarterly cash dividends are demonstrated in the table below. TSMC intends to maintain a sustainable cash dividend on both an annual and quarterly basis.

2020 Quarterly Earnings Distribution

Unit: NT\$

| Approved Da |
|-------------|

| Period | Approved Date | Payment Date | Cash Dividends Per Share | Total Earnings Distribution Amount |
|------------------------|---------------|--------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| First quarter of 2020 | 05/12/2020 | 10/15/2020 | NT\$2.5 | 64,825,951,145 |
| Second quarter of 2020 | 08/11/2020 | 01/14/2021 | NT\$2.5 | 64,825,951,145 |
| Third quarter of 2020 | 11/10/2020 | 04/15/2021 | NT\$2.5 | 64,825,951,145 |
| Fourth quarter of 2020 | 02/09/2021 | 07/15/2021 | NT\$2.5 | 64,825,951,145 |

4.1.12 Compensation to Directors and Profit Sharing to Employees

Based on TSMC's Articles of Incorporation, before paying dividends or bonuses to shareholders, TSMC shall set aside not more than 0.3% of its annual profit to directors as compensation and not less than 1% to employees as a profit sharing.

As resolved by TSMC's Board of Directors on February 9, 2021, a profit sharing to employees was expensed based on a certain percentage of 2020 profit; compensation to directors was expensed based on the estimated amount of payment. If the actual amounts subsequently paid differ from the above estimated amounts, the differences will be recorded in the year paid as a change in accounting estimate.

2020 Directors' Compensation and Employees' Profit Sharing

Directors' Compensation (Cash)

Employee's Profit Sharing (Cash)

Note: NT\$34,753,184 thousand business performance bonus was already distributed following each quarter of 2020. The above employees' profit sharing will be distributed in July, 2021

2019 Directors' Compensation and Employees' Profit Sharing

Directors' Compensation (Cash)

Employees' Profit Sharing (Cash)

Note: The above directors' compensation and employees' profit sharing were expensed under the Company's 2019 statement of comprehensive income and were approved by the Board of Directors at its meeting on February 11, 2020. However, due to employee turnover, the employees' profit sharing in the amount of NT\$131,545 thousand was undistributed, and related expense was reversed in 2020

4.1.13 Impact to 2021 Business Performance and EPS Resulting from Stock Dividend Distribution: Not applicable.

4.1.14 Buyback of Common Stock: None.

| Board Resolution (02/09/2021) | |
|-------------------------------|--|
| Amount (NT\$ thousands) | |
| 509,753 | |
| 34,753,184 | |

| Board Resolution (02/11/2020) | Actual Result (Note) |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Amount (NT\$ thousands) | Amount (NT\$ thousands) |
| 360,404 | 360,404 |
| 23,165,745 | 23,034,200 |

4.2 Issuance of Corporate Bonds

4.2.1 Corporate Bonds

NTD Corporate Bonds

| NTD Corpor | ate bonus | | | | | | | | | | | | As of 02/28/202 |
|---------------------------------------|---|--|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|---|
| Issuance | | Domestic Unsecured Bond (101-3) | Domestic Unsecured Bond (101-4) | Domestic Unsecured Bond (102-1) | Domestic Unsecured Bond (102-2) | Domestic Unsecured Bond (102-4) | Domestic Unsecured Bond (109-1) | Domestic Unsecured Bond (109-2) | Domestic Unsecured Bond (109-3) | Domestic Unsecured Bond (109-4) | Domestic Unsecured Bond (109-5) | Domestic Unsecured Bond (109-6, Green Bond) | Domestic Unsecured Bond (109-7) |
| Issue Date | | 10/09/2012 | 01/04/2013 | 02/06/2013 | 07/16/2013 | 09/25/2013 | 03/23/2020 | 04/15/2020 | 05/29/2020 | 07/14/2020 | 09/03/2020 | 12/02/2020 | 12/29/2020 |
| Denomination | | NT\$10,000,000 | NT\$10,000,000 | NT\$10,000,000 | NT\$10,000,000 | NT\$10,000,000 | NT\$10,000,000 | NT\$10,000,000 | NT\$10,000,000 | NT\$10,000,000 | NT\$10,000,000 | NT\$10,000,000 | NT\$10,000,000 |
| Offering Price | | Par | Par | Par | Par | Par | Par | Par | Par | Par | Par | Par | Par |
| Total Amount | | NT\$4,400,000,000 | NT\$23,600,000,000 | NT\$21,400,000,000 | NT\$13,700,000,000 | NT\$15,000,000,000 | NT\$24,000,000,000 | NT\$21,600,000,000 | NT\$14,400,000,000 | NT\$13,900,000,000 | NT\$15,600,000,000 | NT\$12,000,000,000 | NT\$18,500,000,000 |
| Coupon (Per Anr | num) | 1.53% | Tranche A: 1.23% Tranche B: 1.35% Tranche C: 1.49% | Tranche A: 1.23% Tranche B: 1.38% Tranche C: 1.50% | Tranche A: 1.50% Tranche B: 1.70% | Tranche A: 1.35% Tranche B: 1.45% Tranche C: 1.60% Tranche D: 1.85% Tranche E: 2.05% Tranche F: 2.10% | Tranche A: 0.58% Tranche B: 0.62% Tranche C: 0.64% | Tranche A: 0.52% Tranche B: 0.58% Tranche C: 0.60% | Tranche A: 0.55% Tranche B: 0.60% Tranche C: 0.64% | Tranche A: 0.58% Tranche B: 0.65% Tranche C: 0.67% | Tranche A: 0.50% Tranche B: 0.58% Tranche C: 0.60% | Tranche A: 0.40% Tranche B: 0.44% Tranche C: 0.48% | Tranche A: 0.36% Tranche B: 0.41% Tranche C: 0.45% |
| Tenure and Matu | urity Date | Tenure: 10 years Maturity: 10/09/2022 | Tranche A: 5 years Maturity: 01/04/2018 Tranche B: 7 years Maturity: 01/04/2020 Tranche C: 10 years Maturity: 01/04/2023 | Tranche A: 5 years Maturity: 02/06/2018 Tranche B: 7 years Maturity: 02/06/2020 Tranche C: 10 years Maturity: 02/06/2023 | Tranche A: 7 years Maturity: 07/16/2020 Tranche B: 10 years Maturity: 07/16/2023 | Tranche A: 3 years Maturity: 09/25/2016 Tranche B: 4 years Maturity: 09/25/2017 Tranche C: 5.5 years Maturity: 03/25/2019 Tranche D: 7.5 years Maturity: 03/25/2021 Tranche E: 9.5 years Maturity: 03/25/2023 Tranche F: 10 years Maturity: 09/25/2023 | Tranche A: 5 years Maturity: 03/23/2025 Tranche B: 7 years Maturity: 03/23/2027 Tranche C: 10 years Maturity: 03/23/2030 | Tranche A: 5 years Maturity: 04/15/2025 Tranche B: 7 years Maturity: 04/15/2027 Tranche C: 10 years Maturity: 04/15/2030 | Tranche A: 5 years Maturity: 05/29/2025 Tranche B: 7 years Maturity: 05/29/2027 Tranche C: 10 years Maturity: 05/29/2030 | Tranche A: 5 years Maturity: 07/14/2025 Tranche B: 7 years Maturity: 07/14/2027 Tranche C: 10 years Maturity: 07/14/2030 | Tranche A: 5 years Maturity: 09/03/2025 Tranche B: 7 years Maturity: 09/03/2027 Tranche C: 10 years Maturity: 09/03/2030 | Tranche A: 5 years Maturity: 12/02/2025 Tranche B: 7 years Maturity: 12/02/2027 Tranche C: 10 years Maturity: 12/02/2030 | Tranche A: 5 years Maturity: 12/29/2025 Tranche B: 7 years Maturity: 12/29/2027 Tranche C: 10 years Maturity: 12/29/2030 |
| Repayment | | Bullet | Bullet | Bullet | Bullet | Bullet | Bullet | Bullet | Bullet | Two equal installments in last two years | Two equal installments in last two years | Two equal installments in las two years | t Two equal installments in last two years |
| Outstanding | | NT\$4,400,000,000 | NT\$3,000,000,000 | NT\$3,600,000,000 | NT\$3,500,000,000 | NT\$10,600,000,000 | NT\$24,000,000,000 | NT\$21,600,000,000 | NT\$14,400,000,000 | NT\$13,900,000,000 | NT\$15,600,000,000 | NT\$12,000,000,000 | NT\$18,500,000,000 |
| Credit Rating | | twAAA (Taiwan Ratings Corporation, 09/04/2012) | twAAA (Taiwan Ratings Corporation, 11/29/2012) | twAAA (Taiwan Ratings Corporation, 12/18/2012) | twAAA (Taiwan Ratings Corporation, 05/16/2013) | twAAA (Taiwan Ratings Corporation, 08/06/2013) | Not Applicable |
| Underwriter | | Not Applicable | | | | | Yuanta Securities Co., Ltd | MasterLink Securities Co., Ltd | Hua Nan Securities Co., Ltd | Capital Securities Co., Ltd | KGI Securities Co., Ltd | Capital Securities Co., Ltd | KGI Securities Co., Ltd |
| Trustee | | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bar | nk Co., Ltd | | | | Taipei Fubon Commercial Ban | k Co., Ltd. | | - | 1 | | |
| Guarantor | | None | | | | | None | | | | | | |
| Legal Counsel | | Modern Law Office | | | | | True Honesty International Law | w Offices | | | | | |
| Auditor | | Deloitte & Touche | | | | | Deloitte & Touche | | | | | | |
| Redemption or E | Early Repayment Clause | None | | | | | None | | | | | | |
| Covenants | | None | | | | | None | | | | | | |
| | Conversion Right | None | | | | | None | | | | | | |
| Other Rights of Bondholders | Amount of Converted or Exchanged Common Shares, ADRs or Other Securities | Not Applicable | | | | | Not Applicable | | | | | | |
| Dilution Effect a Existing Shareho | nd Other Adverse Effects on olders | None | | | | | None | | | | | | |
| Custodian | | None | | | | | None | | | | | | |

USD Corporate Bonds

| lssuance | | US-dollar Domestic Unsecured Bond (109-1) | Senior Unsecured Notes (Note) | | |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|
| Issue Date | | 09/22/2020 | 09/28/2020 | | |
| Denomination | | US\$1,000,000 | US\$200,000 and integral multiples of US\$1,000 in excess thereof | | |
| .isting | | Taipei Exchange | Singapore Exchange | | |
| Offering Price | | Par | 2025 Notes: 99.907% 2027 Notes: 99.603% 2030 Notes: 99.083% | | |
| Fotal Amount | | US\$1,000,000,000 | US\$3,000,000,000 | | |
| Coupon (Per An | inum) | 2.70% | 2025 Notes: 0.75% 2027 Notes: 1.00% 2030 Notes: 1.375% | | |
| Tenure and Maturity Date | | 40 years Maturity: 09/22/2060 | 2025 Notes: 5 years Maturity: 09/28/2025 2027 Notes: 7 years Maturity: 09/28/2027 2030 Notes: 10 years Maturity: 09/28/2030 | | |
| Repayment | | Bullet | Bullet | | |
| Outstanding | | US\$1,000,000,000 | US\$3,000,000,000 | | |
| Credit Rating | | Not Applicable | Aa3 (Moody's Investors Service, 09/21/2020) AA- (Standard & Poor's Rating Services, 09/21/2020) | | |
| Underwriter | | Goldman Sachs (Asia) L.L.C., Taipei Branch KGI Securities Co. Ltd. (lead underwriter) | Goldman Sachs International as lead underwriter | | |
| Trustee | | Mega International Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Citicorp International Limited | | |
| Guarantor | | None | TSMC | | |
| egal Counsel. | | True Honesty International Law Offices | Sullivan & Cromwell (Hong Kong) LLP Harney Westwood & Riegels Lee and Li, Attorneys-at-Law | | |
| Auditor | | Deloitte & Touche | Deloitte & Touche | | |
| Redemption or | Early Repayment Clause | Callable on the 5th anniversary of the issue date and every anniversary thereafter | Issuer may, at its option, redeem the Notes, at any time, in whole or in par at the relevant redemption price according to relevant agreements | | |
| Covenants | | None | None | | |
| | Conversion Right | None | None | | |
| Other Rights of Bondholders Amount of Converted or Exchanged Common Shares, ADRs or Other Securities | | Not Applicable | Not Applicable | | |
| Dilution Effect a | and Other Adverse Effects reholders | None | None | | |
| Custodian | | None | None | | |

Note: Issued by TSMC Global Ltd., a wholly-owned subsidiary of TSMC, and unconditionally and irrevocably guaranteed by TSMC.

- 4.2.2 Convertible Bond: None.
- 4.2.3 Exchangeable Bond: None.
- 4.2.4 Shelf Registration: None.
- 4.2.5 Bond with Warrants: None.
- 4.3 Preferred Shares
- 4.3.1 Preferred Shares: None.
- 4.3.2 Preferred Shares with Warrants: None.

4.4 Issuance of American Depositary Shares

| Issue Date | 10/08/1997 | 11/20/1998 | 01/12/1999 - 01/14/1999 | 07/15/1999 | 08/23/1999 - 09/09/1999 | 02/22/2000 - 03/08/2000 | 04/17/2000 | 06/07/2000 - 06/15/2000 | 05/17/2001 - 06/11/2001 | 11/27/2001 | 02/07/2002 - 02/08/2002 | 11/21/2002 - 12/19/2002 |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Total Amount (US\$ million) | 595 | 185 | 36 | 296 | 159 | 379 | 225 | 1,168 | 539 | 321 | 1,002 | 160 |
| Offering Price Per ADS (US\$) | 24.78 | 15.26 | 17.75 | 24.516 | 28.964 | 57.79 | 56.16 | 35.75 | 20.63 | 16.03 | 16.75 | 8.73 |
| Units Issued | 24,000,000 | 12,094,000 | 2,000,000 | 12,094,000 | 5,486,000 | 6,560,000 | 4,000,000 | 32,667,800 | 26,110,000 | 20,000,000 | 59,800,000 | 18,348,000 |
| Common Shares Represented | Each unit of ADS rep | presents five TSMC Com | mon Shares. | | | | | | | | | |
| Underlying Securities | TSMC Common Sha | res from Selling Shareho | olders | | | | | Cash Offering and TSMC Common Shares from Selling Shareholders | TSMC Common Shares fro | om Selling Shareholders | | |
| Apportionment of Expenses for Issuance and Maintenance | (Note 3) | | | | | | | (Note 4) | (Note 3) | | | |
| Issuance and Listing | NYSE | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rights and Obligations of ADS Holders | Same as those of Co | ommon Share Holders | | | | | | | | | | |
| Trustee | Not Applicable | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Depositary Bank | Citibank, N.A. – Nev | v York | | | | | | | | | | |
| Custodian Bank (Note 1) | Citibank, N.A. – Taip | oei Branch | | | | | | | | | | |
| ADSs Outstanding (Note 2) | As of February 28, 2 | 021, total number of o | utstanding ADSs was 1, | 064,315,074. | | | | | | | | |
| Terms and Conditions in the Deposit Agreement and Custody Agreement | See Deposit Agreem | ent and Custody Agree | ment for Details | | | | | | | | | |
| Closing Price Per | 01/01/2020 - 12/31/2020 | High | 109.04 | | | | | | | | | |
| ADS (US\$; source: Bloomberg) | 12/31/2020 | Low | 43.89 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Average | 69.74 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 01/01/2021 - 02/28/2021 | High | 140.05 | | | | | | | | | |
| | 02/20/2021 | Low | 111.70 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | Average | 127.83 | | | | | | | | | |

Note 1: Citibank, N.A., Taipei Branch changed its name to "Citibank Taiwan Limited" in 2009. Note 2: TSMC has in aggregate issued 813,544,500 ADSs since 1997, which, if taking into consideration stock dividends distributed over the period, would amount to 1,147,835,205 ADSs. Stock dividends distributed in 1998, 1999, 2000, 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004, 2005, 2007, 2008 and 2009 were 45%, 23%, 28%, 40%, 10%, 8%, 14.08668%, 4.99971%, 2.99903%, 0.49991%, 0.50417% and 0.49998%, respectively. As of February 28, 2021, total number of outstanding ADSs was 1,064,315,074 after 83,520,131 were redeemed. Note 3: All fees and expenses related to issuance of ADSs were paid by the selling shareholders, while maintenance expenses were borne by TSMC. Note 4: All fees and expenses related to issuance of ADSs were paid proportionately by TSMC and the selling shareholders, while maintenance expenses were borne by TSMC.

| 07/14/2003 - 07/21/2003 | 11/14/2003 | 08/10/2005 - 09/08/2005 | 05/23/2007 |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|
| 909 | 1,077 | 1,402 | 2,563 |
| 10.40 | 10.77 | 8.60 | 10.68 |
| 87,357,200 | 100,000,000 | 163,027,500 | 240,000,000 |
| | 07/21/2003 909 10.40 | 07/21/2003 909 1,077 10.40 10.77 | 07/21/2003 09/08/2005 909 1,077 1,402 10.40 10.77 8.60 |

4.5 Status of Employee Stock Option Plan

- 4.5.1 Issuance of Employee Stock Options: None.
- 4.5.2 Employee Stock Options Granted to Management Team and to Top 10 Employees: None.

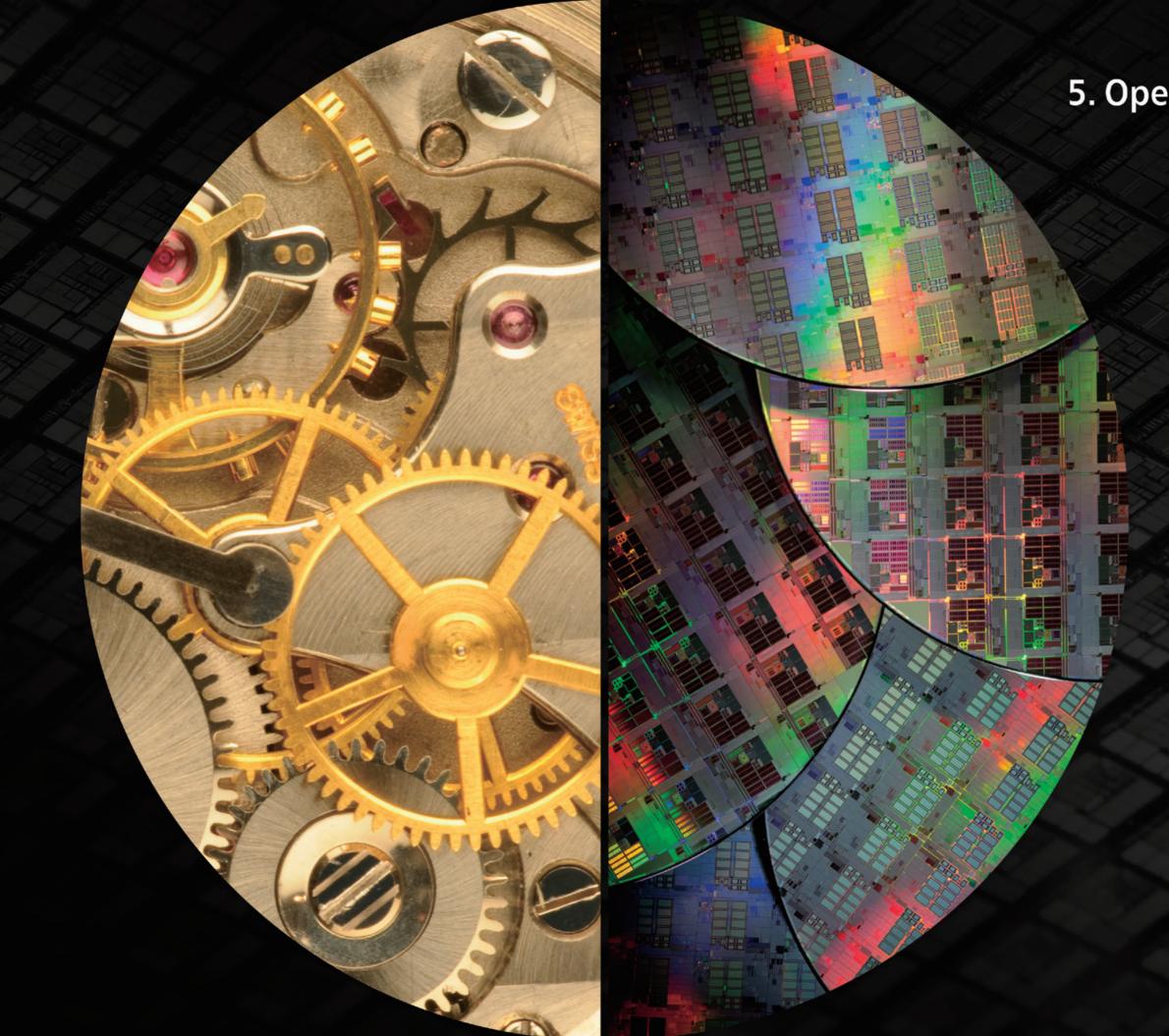
4.6 Status of Employee Restricted Stock

- 4.6.1 Status of Employee Restricted Stock: None.
- 4.6.2 Employee Restricted Stock Granted to Management Team and to Top 10 Employees: None.
- 4.7 Status of New Share Issuance in Connection with Mergers and Acquisitions: None.

4.8 Funding Plans and Implementation

The funds raised by TSMC through issuances of domestic corporate bonds are used in accordance with respective funding plans and actual needs. As of the end of the fourth quarter of 2020, the implementation of uncompleted funding plans was as follow:

| Projects | Gross Proceeds | Use of Proceeds | Implementation Status |
|--|------------------|--|---|
| Unsecured Corporate Bond (109-6, Green Bond) | NT\$12 billion | Green buildings and environmental protection related expenditures | As of the end of the fourth quarter of 2020, the actual implementation rate was 9.12% (calculated based on actual payment requests), as compared to the planned implementation rate of 13.92%. The funds were used for the originally planned projects and there was no major difference between the expected benefits and the actual situation. |
| Unsecured Corporate Bond (109-7) | NT\$18.5 billion | Purchase/expansion of facilities and equipment | The plan was originally scheduled to be implemented in the first quarter of 2021. As of the end of the fourth quarter of 2020, the actual implementation rate was 64.37% due to spending earlier than schedule. The funds were used for the originally planned projects and there was no major difference between the expected benefits and the actual situation. |
| US-dollar Domestic Unsecured Corporate Bond (109-1) | US\$1 billion | Purchase/expansion of facilities and equipment | The plan was originally scheduled to be implemented in the first quarter of 2021. As of the end of the fourth quarter of 2020, the actual implementation rate was 42.50% due to spending earlier than schedule. The funds were used for the originally planned projects and there was no major difference between the expected benefits and the actual situation. |



5. Operational Highlights

> Turning gears in precision machinery (Left)

> Silicon wafers that drive technology progress (Right)

5.1 Business Activities

5.1.1 Business Scope

As the founder and a leader of the dedicated semiconductor foundry segment, TSMC provides a full range of integrated semiconductor foundry services, including the most advanced process technologies, leading specialty technologies, the most comprehensive design ecosystem support, excellent manufacturing productivity and quality, advanced mask technologies, and 3DFabricTM advanced packaging and silicon stacking technologies, to meet a growing variety of customer needs. The Company strives to provide the best overall value to its customers and views customer success as TSMC's own success. As a result, TSMC has gained customer trust from around the world and has experienced strong growth and success of its own.

5.1.2 Customer Applications

TSMC manufactured 11,617 different products for 510 customers in 2020. These chips were used across a broad spectrum of electronic applications, including computers and peripherals, information appliances, wired and wireless communication systems, servers and data centers, automotive and industrial equipment, as well as consumer electronics such as digital TVs, game consoles, digital cameras, AI-enabled IoT and wearables, and many other devices and applications.

The rapid ongoing evolution of end products prompts customers to pursue product differentiation using TSMC's innovative technologies and services and, at the same time, spurs TSMC's own development of technology. As always, TSMC believes success depends on leading rather than following industry trends.

5.1.3 Consolidated Shipments and Net Revenue in 2020 and 2019

Unit: Shipments (thousand 12-inch equivalent wafers) / Net Revenue (NT\$ thousands)

| | | 20 | 20 | 2019 | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|-----------|---------------|-----------|-------------|--|
| | | Shipments | Net Revenue | Shipments | Net Revenue | |
| Wafer | Domestic (Note 1) | 2,038 | 113,838,353 | 1,678 | 91,259,259 | |
| | Export | 10,360 | 1,064,617,920 | 8,390 | 836,058,092 | |
| Others (Note 2) | Domestic (Note 1) | N/A | 12,452,935 | N/A | 8,835,783 | |
| | Export | N/A | 148,345,603 | N/A | 133,832,314 | |
| Total | Domestic (Note 1) | 2,038 | 126,291,288 | 1,678 | 100,095,042 | |
| | Export | 10,360 | 1,212,963,523 | 8,390 | 969,890,406 | |

Note 1: Domestic means sales to Taiwan.

Note 2: Others mainly include revenue associated with packaging and testing services, mask making, design services, and royalties.

5.1.4 Production in 2020 and 2019

Unit: Capacity / Output (million 12-inch equivalent wafers) / Amount (NT\$ millions)

| Wafers | | | | | | | |
|--------|----------|--------|---------|--|--|--|--|
| Year | Capacity | Output | Amount | | | | |
| 2020 | 12 - 13 | 12-13 | 643,051 | | | | |
| 2019 | 12 - 13 | 9-10 | 448,292 | | | | |

5.2 Technology Leadership

5.2.1 R&D Organization and Investment

In 2020, TSMC continued to invest in research and development, with total R&D expenditures amounting to 8.2% of revenue, a level that equals or exceeds the R&D investment of many other leading high-tech companies.

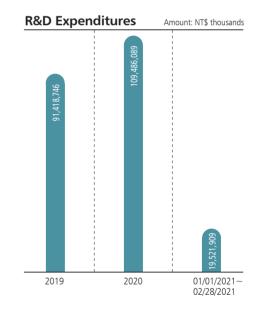
Faced with the increasingly difficult challenge to continue extending Moore's Law, which calls for the doubling of semiconductor computing power every two years, TSMC has focused its R&D efforts on offering customers first-to-market, leading-edge technologies and design solutions that contribute to their product success. In 2020, following the transfer to manufacturing of 5nm technology, the Company's R&D organization continued to fuel the pipeline of technological innovation needed to maintain industry leadership. While TSMC's 3nm technology, the sixth generation platform to make use of 3D transistors, continues full development with major customers completed IP design and started silicon validation, the Company has proceeded into full development of 2nm technology, which is the leading edge technology in the semiconductor industry today. At the same time, the Company's research and pathfinding pushed forward with exploratory studies for nodes beyond 2nm.

In addition to complementary-metal-oxide-semiconductor (CMOS) logic, TSMC conducts R&D on a wide range of other semiconductor technologies that provide the functionalities required by customers for mobile SoC and other applications. Highlights in 2020 include:

- Accomplished process validation of system-on-integrated-chip (SoIC) for both chip-on-wafer (CoW) and wafer-on-wafer (WoW) stacking using micron-level bonding-pitch processes with promising electrical yield and reliability results
- Developed the fifth generation (Gen-5) chip on wafer on substrate (CoWoS[®]) with record-breaking Si interposer area up to 2,400mm², which is equivalent to the size of three full reticles. Qualification completion is targeted in the first half of 2021
- Entered high-volume manufacturing of integrated fan-out package-on-package (InFO-PoP) Gen-5 packaging for mobile application processors and successfully qualified InFO-PoP Gen-6 for mobile applications with enhanced thermal performance

- Developed integrated fan-out on substrate (InFO-oS) Gen-3, which provides more chip partition integration with larger package size and higher bandwidth
- Expanded 12-inch Bipolar-CMOS-DMOS (BCD) technology portfolio on 90nm, 55nm and 22nm, targeting a variety of fast-growing applications of mobile power management ICs with various levels of integration
- Achieved technical qualification of 28nm eFlash for automobile electronics and micro controller units (MCU) applications
- Began production of 28nm resistive random access memory (RRAM) as a low-cost solution for the price sensitive IoT
- market and 22nm magnetic random access memory (MRAM) for next generation embedded memory MCUs, automotive devices, IoT and AI applications
- Entered volume production of CMOS image sensors with shrunk sub-micron pixel size and sensors meeting automotive grade reliability compliance

In 2020, TSMC maintained strong partnerships with many world-class research institutions, including SRC in the U.S. and IMEC in Belgium. The Company also continued to expand research collaboration with leading universities throughout the world for two grand purposes: the advancement of semiconductor technologies and the nurturing of human talent for the future.



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5.2.2 R&D Accomplishments in 2020

Highlights

• 3nm Technology

In 2020, TSMC focused on the manufacturing baseline process setup, yield learning, transistor and interconnect R/C performance improvement, and reliability evaluation of 3nm technology, which offers significant density improvement with better performance at same power or lower power consumption at comparable performance compared to 5nm technology. During the year, major customers completed IP design and started silicon validation. TSMC plans to complete 3nm technology qualification for risk production in 2021.

2nm Technology

In 2020, following initial research and pathfinding, TSMC proceeded into the development stage of 2nm technology, focusing on testkey and test vehicle design and implementation, mask making and Si pilot runs.

• Lithography Technology

The focus for R&D lithography in 2020 was on 3nm and 2nm technology development and preparation of technology development of next-generation nodes and beyond. In 3nm technology development, EUV (extreme ultraviolet) lithography showed good imaging capability with expected wafer yield. TSMC R&D is working on reduction of mask defects in EUV scanner and overlay errors while lowering overall cost. In 2021, TSMC will focus intensely on improving EUV quality and reducing costs in 2nm technology and beyond.

In 2020, the Company's EUV program made continuous improvement in light-source power and stability, enabling faster learning rates and process development for advanced nodes. Additional progress was made with resist process, pellicle, and related mask blanks. EUV technology has been adopted for full scale manufacturing.

Mask Technology

Mask technology is very crucial in advanced lithography. In 2020, the R&D organization successfully completed 3nm node mask technology development, which largely implemented complicated and advanced EUV mask technology. Continuous advancement of EUV mask technology was made to meet mask requirements for 2nm node lithography.

Integrated Interconnect and Packaging Wafer level system integration (WLSI) technologies have evolved quickly with various platforms mixed and matched in increasingly complex application scenarios. All such

technologies come under the umbrella of wafer level integration, which TSMC has named 3DFabricTM for its enablement of fine pitch chip-to-chip connection and a unified fabrication philosophy leveraging existing wafer processes. Under 3DFabric[™], all processes with chips that are embedded before interconnection are called Integrated Fan-Out (InFO). while all processes that start with making re-distribution interconnection (RDL) followed by chip placement onto pre-made RDL are called CoWoS[®]. This new nomenclature more accurately reflects the nature of the processes involved and points to their future technology paths. Along with their siblings, SoIC, system-on-wafer (SoW), and systemon-integrated-substrate (SoIS), they form a universal WLSI technology family that will lead the industry in meeting the future scaling needs as required by increasingly challenging and more diversified computing systems integration.

• 3DIC and TSMC-SolCTM

TSMC-SoICTM is an innovative wafer-level frontend 3DIC chip stacking platform with outstanding bonding density, interconnect bandwidth, power efficiency, and thin profile. It extends Moore's Law through system-level scaling with sustainable performance gains and cost benefits. A SoIC integrated chip can be subsequently assembled using conventional packages or using TSMC's new 3DFabric[™] technologies, such as CoWoS or InFO, for next generation HPC, AI and mobile applications. Currently, TSMC has achieved process validation for both CoW and WoW stacking using micron-level bonding-pitch processes with promising electrical vield and reliability results. TSMC will keep pursuing the scaling of SoIC technologies to align with the Company's other advanced Si technologies for further improved transistor density, system power, performance, and area (PPA), and cost competitiveness.

Chip-Last CoWoS[®]

CoWoS[®] with Si interposer is the leading 2.5D technology for high-end HPC and AI product applications. The technology features a large Si interposer with sub-micron routing layers and iCap (integrated capacitors), so that various chiplets such as SoC and high bandwidth memory (HBM) can be placed on it. The CoWoS[®] Gen-5 now under development has displayed a record-breaking Si interposer area up to 2,400mm², which is equivalent in size to three full reticles. Qualification completion is targeted in the first half of 2021.

Chip-First InFO

In 2020, TSMC continued its industry leadership in high-volume manufacturing of InFO-PoP Gen-5 packaging for

mobile applications and InFO-oS Gen-2 for HPC chip-partition applications. InFO-PoP Gen-6 was also successfully gualified for mobile applications and displayed enhanced thermal performance. InFO-oS Gen-3, which provides more chip-partition integration with larger package size and higher bandwidth, was developed on schedule. To meet demand of HPC applications, TSMC developed ultra-high bandwidth InFO Local Silicon Interconnect (InFO LSI) technology, in which SoC chiplets are integrated into a 3D InFO package through ultra-high density local Si interconnects (LSI). InFO without substrate, which uses multi-die heterogeneous integration and finer-pitch die-to-die interconnection, was successfully qualified for consumer applications. The newest generation IPD (integrated passive device) technology, which provides higher density capacitors and low ESL (effective series inductance) for improved electrical performance, passed gualification on InFO-PoP. This enhanced InFO-PoP will benefit both AI and 5G IPD is scheduled to begin in 2021.

In 2020, TSMC developed a 3nm silicon proof and EM mobile applications. High volume manufacturing of the newest simulation-based LC tank design to facilitate high-speed SerDes (serializer/deserializer) circuit design with various metal scheme options and layout specifications with shortened design Advanced Interconnect turnaround time. 2020 marked the first year that the end-users TSMC provides innovative technologies to enable began enjoying the benefit of high speed, low latency and small-dimensional interconnect and boost chip performance. massive IoT in the 5G network roadmap. To improve the In 2020, a brand-new hybrid interconnect was proposed as a cost-benefit ratio of 5G, TSMC provided various 7nm and 6nm RF devices for customer transceiver designs. To boost future interconnect architecture. At small geometries, this new architecture shows promising potential to resolve Cu gap-fill performance in RF switching, TSMC developed a 40nm special difficulty and significantly reduce both interconnect resistance process for 5G RF FEM (frontend module) design in sub-6 GHz and capacitance. Developing innovative solutions such as these applications. To accommodate higher frequencies, TSMC also helps TSMC maintain its global technology leadership. developed a N28HPC+ process for enhancing power amplifier performance in 5G mmWave FEM designs.

Corporate Research

Innovation in devices and materials continues to drive higher performance and reduced power consumption in advanced logic technologies. In 2020, TSMC stayed at the forefront of 2D and carbon nanotube (CNT) transistor research. TSMC successfully demonstrated a process to synthesize one-atomic-layer thick, single-crystal, hexagonal boron nitride (hBN) on full 2-inch wafers, a significant achievement as hBN has been shown to be an ideal passivation layer for 2D device channels. This outstanding fundamental research result was published in the March 2020 issue of Nature, one of the world's leading science journals.

At the 2020 Symposia on VLSI Technology, TSMC demonstrated the highest nFET current for 2D-FETs at a drain voltage of 1V, with CVD MoS₂ monolayer channel. And at the 2020 International Electron Device Meeting, the Company introduced a novel interfacial layer dielectric (ILX), which could nucleate on CNT a continuous sub-0.5nm thickness film, which allows growth of high-k gate dielectric (hafnium oxide) on CNT

by conventional ALD. Enabled by this novel ILX, top-gate CNT transistors with gate length down to 15nm were demonstrated with nearly ideal gate control.

TSMC continues to search and explore emerging high-density, non-volatile memory hardware accelerators for AI and HPC applications. The Company's corporate research is well positioned to pave the way for continued node-to-node density scaling, performance enhancement, and power reduction as it has done in the past.

Specialty Technologies

TSMC offers a broad array of technologies to address a wide range of applications:

• Mixed Signal/Radio Frequency (MS/RF)

• Power IC/Bipolar-CMOS-DMOS (BCD)

TSMC expanded the 12-inch BCD technology portfolio on 90nm, 55nm and 22nm in 2020, targeting a variety of fast-growing applications for mobile power management ICs with various levels of integration. This included dedicated optimized 5V power switches to handle increasing power demands driven by Li-ion batteries. 90nm BCD technology covers wide spectrum of applications from 5V to 35V and will be continuously expanded in 2021.

Panel Drivers

In 2020, TSMC developed wafer-on-wafer stacking (WoW 28HPC/40HV) with stable product yield comparable to 28HPC+ with 60% active power reduction. In addition, 28HV monolithic technology completed customer IP verification, qualification and 128Mb SRAM yield verification. These technologies are leading-edge for small panel 4K resolution, OLED (organic light-emitting diode) and 120Hz display driver ICs. Furthermore, TSMC completed OLED on Si product

qualification and moved to mass production for AR/VR applications with excellent yield and illumination uniformity. In 2021, TSMC plans to offer an improved version of this technology and deploy 8V transistors for WoW stacking efficiency that will mean enhanced performance and cost reduction for OLED TDDI (touch with display driver integration) applications on 28HV.

• Micro-Electromechanical Systems (MEMS)

TSMC's modular MEMS technology was qualified for mass production of high-resolution accelerometers and gyroscopes in 2020. Future plans include the development of next-generation high-sensitivity thin microphones, total solutions for MEMS optical image stabilization (OIS) systems in 12-inch wafer, and BioMEMS applications.

• Gallium Nitride (GaN)

TSMC started mass production of the first generation of 650V and 100V enhanced GaN high electron mobility transistors (E-HEMT), which quickly ramped to full capacity in 2020. The Company continues to expand production capacity to meet customer demand. Production of the second generation of 650V and 100V power E-HEMT, which demonstrated 50% FOM (figure of merit) improvement, is planned for 2021. In addition, TSMC has completed the device development of 100V depleted GaN high electron mobility transistor (D-HEMT), with excellent performance, and passed engineering verification of several 5G base station module design companies. D-HEMT is targeted to start risk production in 2021.

• Complementary Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor (CMOS) Image Sensors

In 2020, TSMC made several technical innovations in CMOS image sensor technology. The top four accomplishments were: (1) pixel size scaling demonstrating 15% shrinkage from the previous year with mass production for mobile, high-resolution imaging applications now underway; (2) technology transfer and start of mass production of automotive grade, ultra-wide dynamic-range image sensors with high reliability standard; (3) start of risk production phase of Germanium time-of-flight (TOF) sensors, which provide higher 3D object accuracy and use longer wavelength optical sources, resulting in lower system power consumption compared to silicon-type sensors suitable for mobile devices and machine vision applications; (4) successful development of phase-II 3D metal-insulator-metal (MiM) high-density pixel-embedded capacitors with three times higher capacitance density than the previous generation for global shutter and high dynamic-range image sensor applications.

Embedded Flash/Emerging Memory

TSMC reached several major milestones in embedded non-volatile memory (NVM) technologies in 2020. At the 40nm node, the Company successfully mass-produced NOR-based cell technology with split-gate cell to support consumer electronics and numerous automotive electronics applications. At the 28nm node, the Company's embedded flash development for HP mobile computing and HP low-leakage platforms maintained a stable high yield and achieved technical qualification for consumer electronics grade and automotive electronics grade-1 uses, and was scheduled for technical gualification in automotive electronics highest grade-0 in 2021. TSMC also offered RRAM as a low-cost embedded NVM solution for the price sensitive IoT market. The Company's 40nm node also achieved technical qualification as customer product gualifications continued. While the 28nm node entered mass production, the 22nm node completed technical qualification in 2020.

TSMC took major strides in embedded MRAM technology in 2020. At the 22nm node, the Company achieved technical qualification to successfully mass-produce MRAM and received the Flash Memory Summit 2020's Best of Show award for the most innovative AI application. TSMC expects MRAM in 22nm node to achieve technical qualification for automotive electronics applications in 2021. At the 16nm node, yield was stably high and technical qualification is expected in 2021, preparing for the next generation of embedded memory in MCUs, and many automotive, IoT and AI device applications.

5.2.3 Technology Platform

TSMC provides customers with advanced technology platforms that include the comprehensive infrastructure needed to optimize design productivity and cycle times. These include: design flows for electronic design automation (EDA); silicon-proven libraries and IP building blocks; and simulation and verification design kits, i.e., process design kits (PDKs) and technology files.

EDA tools, features and IP solutions are readily available for customers to adopt to meet their product requirements at various design stages for TSMC's latest advanced technologies including 3nm, 5nm, 6nm, 7nm, 7nm+, 12nm, 22nm and 3DIC design enablement platforms. To help customers plan new product tape-outs incorporating library/IP from the Company's Open Innovation Platform[®] (OIP) ecosystem, the OIP ecosystem features a portal to connect customers to the solution providers from 18 EDA partners, six Cloud partners, 39 IP partners, 20 design center alliance (DCA) and eight value chain aggregator (VCA) partners. Overall, TSMC and its EDA partners have created numerous deliverables from 0.5μ m to 3nm and have accumulated more than 12,000 techfiles and 450 PDKs, and a portfolio of more than 35,000 IP titles to meet customer design needs.

5.2.4 Design Enablement

TSMC's technology platforms provide a solid foundation to facilitate the design process. Customers can design using the Company's internally developed IP and tools or use tools available from TSMC's OIP partners.

Tech Files and PDKs

EDA tool certification is an essential element for IP and customer designs to ensure that features meet TSMC process technology requirements, with certification results that can be found on TSMC-OnlineTM. There are corresponding tech files and PDKs available for customers to download and design together with certified EDA tools. TSMC provides a broad range of PDKs for digital logic, mixed-signal, radio frequency (RF), high-voltage driver, CMOS image sensor (CIS) and embedded flash technologies across a range of nodes from 0.5μ m to 3nm. In addition, the Company provides tech files for design rule checking (DRC), layout verification of schematic (LVS), resistance-capacitance (RC) extraction, automatic place and route, and a layout editor to ensure process technology information is accurately represented in EDA tools. By 2020, TSMC had provided customers more than different 12,000 different tech files and 450 PDKs via TSMC-Online[™]. There are more than 100,000 customer downloads of these tech files and PDKs every year.

Library and IP

Silicon intellectual property (IP) is the basic building block of integrated circuit designs. Various IP types are available to support different customer design applications including foundation IP, analog IP, embedded memory IP, interface IP and soft IP. TSMC and its alliance partners offer customers a rich portfolio of reusable IPs, which are building blocks for many circuit designs. To support 3DIC customer needs, TSMC introduced 3DIC IP in 2019. In 2020, the Company expanded its library and silicon IP portfolio to contain more than 35,000 items, a 35% increase over 2019.

Design Methodology and Flow

Design reference flows are built on top of certified EDA tools to provide additional design flow methodology innovations

that can help boost productivity. In 2020, TSMC addressed critical design challenges associated with new 3nm technology through OIP collaboration and announced the availability of 3nm design reference flows for mobile and HPC platforms. In addition to process technology advancements, the Company continued to develop 3DIC technologies and in 2020 introduced TSMC 3DFabricTM, a comprehensive family consisting of both frontend 3D chip stacking and backend advanced packaging technologies. For frontend 3D chip stacking, the Company offers TSMC-SoICTM design reference flow; for backend advanced packaging, TSMC updated its InFO and CoWoS[®] design reference flows to improve design productivity. These design reference flows feature 3nm FinFET-specific and 3DIC design solutions to optimize PPA.

5.2.5 Intellectual Property

TSMC has established a process to generate value from intellectual property by aligning intellectual property strategy with R&D, business operation objectives, marketing, and corporate development strategies. Intellectual property rights protect the company's freedom to operate, enhance competitive position, and enable many profit-generating activities.

TSMC has an active worldwide patent strategy and places on equivalent emphasis on both quality and quantity as the core principle of TSMC patent management. In terms of patent filings, TSMC has accumulated more than 62,000 patent applications worldwide as of end of 2020, including 6,900 applications filed in 2020 TSMC ranked historical high No.3 among global US patent applicants, and No.1 among patent applicants in Taiwan for five consecutive years. In terms of patent grants, TSMC has obtained exceeding 45,000 patent worldwide accumulated as of end of 2020, including 4,500 global patents received (more than 2,800 U.S. patents included, ranking No.6 among U.S. Patentees) in 2020. In terms of patent quality, the allowance rate of TSMC's U.S. applications reached 99% and TSMC ranked No.1 in patent allowance rate among global top 10 U.S. Patent Assignees in 2020. At least once a year, the General Counsel updates to the Board of Directors the status of the intellectual property management scheme. Going forward, TSMC will continue to implement a unified strategic plan for intellectual capital management, combining with strategic considerations and close alignment with the business objectives, to drive the timely creation, management and use of intellectual property.

TSMC has worked continuously to improve the quality of intellectual property portfolio and to reduce the maintenance costs. TSMC will continue to invest in intellectual property portfolio and intellectual property management system to ensure the company's technology leadership and receive maximum business interest from intellectual property rights.

5.2.6 TSMC University Collaboration Programs

In recent years TSMC has significantly expanded its collaboration with prestigious universities in Taiwan. The mission of this joint research is twofold: to encourage and prepare competent graduate students for the semiconductor industry and to inspire university professors to conduct leading-edge semiconductor research, including but not limited to novel devices, process and materials technologies, semiconductor manufacturing and engineering, and specialty technologies for electronic applications. Back in 2013, TSMC established research centers at four top universities in Taiwan - National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University, National Taiwan University, National Cheng Kung University and National Tsing Hua University. More than a thousand high-caliber students with backgrounds in the disciplines of electronics, physics, materials, chemistry, chemical engineering, and mechanical engineering participated in semiconductor-related research centers. In 2019, the Company jointly launched TSMC-NTHU Semiconductor Program for the purpose of enhancing the quality and quantity of domestic semiconductor students and attracting more outstanding students to a career in the semiconductor industry. In 2020, more schools such as National Taiwan University, National Cheng Kung University, National Yang Ming Chiao Tung University, National Taipei University of Technology, and National Taiwan University of Science and Technology joined the cooperation to launch the Semiconductor Program for student enrollment to narrow the gap between industry and academia, and to bolster the quality and competitiveness of the talent pool in the industry. In addition, TSMC conducts strategic research projects at top overseas universities such as Stanford, MIT, UC Berkeley and so on. The focus is on innovative capabilities in transistors. interconnect, materials, modeling, and design technologies.

TSMC University Shuttle Program

The TSMC University Shuttle Program was established to provide professors at leading research universities worldwide with access to the advanced silicon process technologies needed to develop innovative circuit design concepts. Despite the COVID-19 pandemic in 2020 that caused the majority of university campuses to close, TSMC continued the University Shuttle Program that links motivated professors and graduate students with enthusiastic managers at TSMC in order to promote excellence in the development of advanced silicon design technologies and to nurture new generations of engineering talents in the semiconductor field. The University Shuttle Program provides access to TSMC silicon process technologies for digital and analog/mixed-signal circuits, RF designs and micro-electromechanical system designs. TSMC's Virtual Design Environment (VDE) has received a great deal of positive feedback from customers, and in 2020 the Company further applied VDE to University Shuttle Program to achieve win-win collaboration, enabling elite graduate students to realize and demonstrate their innovations in the form of exciting new end products of various design applications.

5.2.7 Future R&D Plans

To maintain and strengthen its technology leadership, the Company plans to continue investing heavily in R&D. For advanced CMOS logic, TSMC's 3nm and 2nm CMOS nodes are progressing nicely through the pipeline. In addition, the Company's reinforced exploratory R&D work is focused on beyond-2nm node and on areas such as 3D transistors, new memory and low-R interconnect, which are on track to establish a solid foundation to feed into many technology platforms. For 3DIC advanced packaging, TSMC is developing innovations for energy-efficient sub-system integration and scaling to provide further augmentation of CMOS logic applications. The Company has intensified its focus on new specialty technologies such as RF and 3D intelligent sensors, aiming at 5G and smart IoT applications. The corporate research function, established in 2017, continues to focus on novel materials, processes, devices, nanowires, and memory for the long-term, beyond eight to ten years. The Company also continues to collaborate with external research bodies from academia and industry consortia alike with the goal of extending Moore's Law and paving the way to future cost-effective technologies and manufacturing solutions for its customers. With a highly competent and dedicated R&D team and its unwavering commitment to innovation, TSMC is confident in its ability to deliver competitive SoC technologies to its customers and to drive future business growth and profitability for years to come.

Summary of TSMC's Major Future R&D Projects

| Project Name | Description | Risk Production (Estimated Target Schedule) |
|---|---|--|
| 3nm logic technology platform and applications | 6 th generation 3D CMOS technology platform for SoC | 2021 |
| Beyond-3nm logic technology platform and applications | 3D CMOS technology platform for SoC | 2023 |
| 3DIC | Cost-effective solutions with better form factor and performance for System-in- Package (SiP) | 2018 - 2021 |
| Next-generation lithography | EUV lithography and related patterning technology to extend Moore's Law | 2018 - 2021 |
| Long-term research | Specialty SoC technology (including new NVM, MEMS, RF, analog) and transistors with 8 to 10 years horizon | 2018 - 2026 |

The projects above account for roughly 70% of the total R&D budget for 2021. Total R&D budget is estimated to be around 8% of 2021 revenue.

5.3 Manufacturing Excellence

5.3.1 GIGAFAB[®] Facilities

Maintaining reliable capacity is a key part of TSMC's manufacturing strategy. The Company currently operates four 12-inch GIGAFAB[®] facilities – Fab 12, 14, 15 and 18. The combined capacity of the four facilities exceeded nine million 12-inch wafers in 2020. Fab 12, 14 and 15 support 0.13μ m, 90nm, 65nm, 40nm, 28nm, 20nm, 16nm, 10nm, and 7nm process technologies, including each technology's sub-nodes. 5nm is currently accelerating into mass production at Fab 18. Besides, an additional portion of the capacity is built at Fab 12 for R&D work on leading-edge manufacturing technologies, which currently supports the technology development of 3nm and 2nm nodes and beyond.

The GIGAFAB[®] facilities are coordinated by a centralized management system known as super manufacturing platform (SMP) to provide customers with more consistent quality and reliability, improved flexibility to cope with demand fluctuations, faster yield learning and time-to-volume production, as well as lower-cost product requalification.

5.3.2 Engineering Performance Optimization

As advanced technology continues to evolve and IC geometry keeps shrinking, the need for tighter process and quality control becomes extremely challenging for manufacturing. TSMC's unique manufacturing infrastructure is tailored to handle a diversified product portfolio, which uses strict process control to attain tightened specs and meet higher product quality, performance and reliability requirements. To achieve excellence in both quality and manufacturing, TSMC's process control systems have been integrated with numerous intelligent functions. Through Intelligent Detection, Smart Diagnosis, and Cognitive Action, the Company has demonstrated remarkable results in yield enhancement, quality assurance, workflow improvement, fault detection, cost reduction and shortening of the R&D cycle.

In the meantime, with the advent of the 5G era's stricter quality requirements for mobile, high performance computing, automotive and the Internet of Things, TSMC has further established big data and machine learning architecture to systematically integrate foundry know-how and data science methodology and develop knowledge-based engineering analysis with optimized engineering performance.

5.3.3 Agile and Intelligent Operations

The Company's sophisticated, agile and intelligent operating systems continue to drive manufacturing excellence. TSMC has integrated intelligence of processes, machine tuning, manufacturing know-how, and Artificial Intelligence (AI) technologies to create an intelligent manufacturing environment. Intelligent manufacturing technologies are widely applied in scheduling and dispatching, employee productivity, equipment productivity, process and equipment control, quality defense, and robotic control in order to optimize quality, productivity, efficiency, and flexibility while achieving real-time information analysis, improving forecast capability, maximizing cost effectiveness, and accelerating overall innovation. TSMC has also integrated new applications such as intelligent mobile devices, IoT, and mobile robots, and combined with intelligent automated material handling systems (AMHS) to consolidate wafer manufacturing data collection and analysis, utilize manufacturing resource efficiently, and maximize manufacturing effectiveness. As a result, the system provides fast ramp-up, short cycle time, stable manufacturing, on-time delivery, and total quality satisfaction. It also offers great flexibility to quickly support customers' urgent pull-in requests when needed.

5.3.4 Digital Transformation

To meet the needs of advanced technologies, fast capacity ramping, and quality assurance in the future, TSMC has accelerated its corporate digital transformation by comprehensively introducing the technologies of big data, AI, and HPC. As a result, the Company has achieved breakthroughs on intelligent tool, process AI control, AI scheduling and transportation, AI EDA (engineering data analysis), AR (augmented reality) and MR (mixed reality) for remote collaboration, all of which have enhanced the Company's manufacturing advantages.

5.3.5 Raw Materials and Supply Chain Management

In 2020, TSMC continued to review and resolve supply issues and quality issues as well as potential supply chain risks through the collaboration of teams formed by fab operations, quality control and business organizations. TSMC also worked with suppliers to further advance material and process innovation, improve guality and create recycling savings with benefits from win-win solutions.

Raw Materials Supply

| Major Materials | Major Suppliers | Market Status | Procurement Strategy |
|---------------------------|--|---|--|
| Raw Wafers | FST GlobalWafers SEH Siltronic SUMCO | These 5 suppliers together provide over 90% of the world's raw wafer supply. | TSMC's suppliers of silicon wafers are required to pass stringent quality certification procedures. TSMC procures wafers from multiple sources to ensure adequate supplies for volume manufacturing and to appropriately manage supply risk. Raw wafer quality enhancement programs are in place to support TSMC's technology advancement. TSMC regularly reviews the quality, delivery, cost, sustainability and service performance of its wafer suppliers. The results of these reviews are incorporated into subsequent purchasing decisions. A periodic audit of each wafer supplier's quality assurance system ensures that TSMC can maintain the highest quality in its own products. |
| Chemicals | Air Liquide BASF DuPont Entegris | These 13 companies are the major worldwide suppliers of chemicals. | •TSMC takes various approaches with suppliers to better manage the cost and supply. •Most suppliers have relocated some of their operations closer to TSMC's major manufacturing facilities, thereby significantly improving procurement logistics. •All supplied products are regularly reviewed to ensure that TSMC's specifications are |
| | Fujifilm Electronic Materials Kanto PPC Kuang Ming Merck RASA Shiny Tokuyama Versum Wah Lee | | met and product quality is satisfactory. •TSMC encourages and engages with chemical suppliers to implement innovative green solutions for waste reduction |
| Lithographic Materials | 3M Fujifilm Electronic Materials JSR Nissan Shin-Etsu Chemical Sumitomo Chemical T.O.K. | These 7 companies are the major worldwide suppliers of lithographic materials. | TSMC works closely with suppliers to develop materials that meet all application and cost requirements. TSMC and suppliers periodically conduct programs to improve their quality, delivery, sustainability and green policy, and to ensure continuous progress of TSMC's supply chain. Some major suppliers have relocated or plan to replicate their manufacturing sites closer to TSMC's major manufacturing facilities, thereby significantly improving |
| Gases | Air Liquide Air Products Central Glass Entegris Linde LienHwa Praxair SK Materials Taiwan Material Technology Taiyo Nippon Sanso Versum | These 10 companies are the major worldwide suppliers of specialty gases. | procurement logistics and reducing supply risks. The majority of these suppliers have facilities in multiple geographic locations, which minimizes supply risk for TSMC. TSMC conducts periodic audits to ensure that they meet TSMC's standards. |
| Slurry, Pad, Disk | 3M AGC Cabot Microelectronics DuPont Fujibo Fujifilm Electronic Materials Fujimi | These 7 companies are the major worldwide suppliers of CMP (Chemical Mechanical Polishing) materials. | TSMC works closely with suppliers to develop materials that meet all application and cost requirements. TSMC and suppliers periodically conduct programs to improve their quality, delivery, sustainability and green policy, and to ensure continuous progress of TSMC's supply chain. Most suppliers have relocated or plan to replicate some of their manufacturing sites closer to TSMC's major manufacturing facilities, thereby significantly improving procurement logistics and reducing supply risks. |

Suppliers Accounting for at Least 10% of Annual Consolidated Net Procurement 11 1 NTC 1

| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | | |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Supplier | Procurement Amount | As % of 2020 Total Net Procurement | Relation to TSMC | Procurement Amount | As % of 2019 Total Net Procurement | Relation to TSMC | |
| Company A | 13,144,243 | 20% | None | 10,322,266 | 17% | None | |
| Company B | 11,010,731 | 17% | None | 11,275,564 | 19% | None | |
| Company C | 6,445,912 | 10% | None | 4,423,006 | 7% | None | |
| Company D | 6,211,819 | 9% | None | 5,735,862 | 10% | None | |
| Others | 29,747,951 | 44% | - | 27,403,771 | 47% | - | |
| Total Net Procurement | 66,560,656 | 100% | - | 59,160,469 | 100% | - | |

• Reason for Increase or Decrease: The changes of procurement amount and percentage were mainly due to customer product demand change.

5.3.6 Quality and Reliability

TSMC strives to provide excellence in semiconductor manufacturing services to all its customers worldwide. The Company is dedicated to quality in every facet of its business and maintains a culture of continuous improvement to assure customer satisfaction. TSMC implements containment and preventive actions to shield customers from being affected by product defects.

In the technology development stage, the Quality & Reliability organization (Q&R) helps customers design in superior product reliability. In 2020, Q&R worked with R&D in advanced logic, specialty and advanced packaging technologies throughout development and qualification stages continuously to ensure meeting commitments to customers for device characteristics, process yield and product reliability.

For advanced logic technology, O&R successfully certified product guality and reliability for 5nm FinFET, a second generation process with EUV lithography, which enabled the first 5nm product in the world to reach mass production in 2020. For specialty technologies, Q&R successfully completed IP gualification of 22nm ULL (ultra-low leakage) embedded MRAM (magnetic random access memory). In support of HPC mobile computing and HPC low-leakage process platforms, Q&R gualified 28nm embedded flash consumer grade and automotive grade 1. In addition, TSMC's advanced packaging solutions enable system integration with wafer level process, by integration of frontend wafer process and backend chip packaging. In 2020, Q&R successfully gualified fifth generation InFO solutions with finer interconnect line width and spacing and CoWoS® with larger interposer size for heterogeneous integration, and then began high volume production for both mobile and HPC products.

To continuously reduce product defects, enhance process controls, make early detection of abnormalities and prevent quality problems that affect customers, Q&R collaborates with other operational entities to establish real-time defense systems using advanced statistical methods and quality tools. Since 2017, the Company's Q&R and fabs have worked together on enhancements for automotive product quality improvement, including design rule implementation and migration to Automotive Quality System 2.0. This covers process capability requirement tightening for in-line and wafer acceptance testing in fabs and the handling of maverick wafers and lots. Q&R also provides dedicated resources for field/line return analysis and timely physical failure analysis (PFA) for process improvement to meet automotive customers' stringent DPPM (defective parts per million) requirements.

To stimulate employee problem-solving and develop related guality systems and methodologies, O&R held several company-wide symposia and training programs on total quality excellence (TQE), design of experiment (DOE), statistical process control (SPC), metrology and deep machine learning, and quality audit in 2020. These included the promotion and training of deep machine learning, which was successfully applied to automatic classification of wafer defects and advanced spectral analysis to detect differences among processes and equipment so that corrective actions could be initiated. Furthermore, deep machine learning was also used to analyze the correlation between raw materials and TSMC process parameters for the first time and to successfully block

problematic raw materials. In 2021, O&R will continue the development of employee capabilities by promoting quality methods and professional trainings and applying deep machine learning to enhance TSMC competitiveness.

For raw material and supplier management, Q&R and the material management organization collaborate to enhance the inspection capability for incoming material guality and supplier management. A raw material quality improvement task force works with suppliers, and raw material guality checks have been added to critical control points of the production line. Q&R has also required suppliers to apply statistical process methods to strictly control the stability of their own process guality and enhance upstream raw material analysis. Q&R requests that supply chain factories seek ISO 9001 certification, implement process change management and evaluation, and undertake guality audits. In 2020, Q&R set up a new laboratory dedicated to advanced material analysis to enhance the capability of raw material inspection and speed up the root cause investigation for abnormal material events. In the meantime, Q&R is developing a raw materials' fingerprinting database to further enhance TSMC's control and analysis capability for any raw material's basic characteristics.

Q&R is committed to "green manufacturing" and "responsible supply chain" practices and collaborates with the corporate ESH organization to ask suppliers to document that their materials comply with international regulation for carcinogenic, mutagenic and reprotoxic (CMR) substances and to classify all risky materials and carry out sampling tests. In 2020, O&R had 100% inspection capability for CMR substances and shared the inspection methods and skills with major material suppliers to enhance monitoring of hazardous substances and control capability in supply chain. Furthermore, Q&R also works with operational entities for the recycling and reuse of chemical acids and successfully achieved several impurity reductions in recycling chemical acids during 2020. In 2021, Q&R will continue sharing its technical knowledge to assist chemical suppliers for developing further recycling and reuse projects to achieve TSMC's quality requirements and the sustainable goal of friendly environment. Q&R is also committed to the continual improvement of local supply chains and developing local talents. In 2020, Q&R again collaborated with Semiconductor Equipment and Materials International (SEMI) to hold the second Strategic Materials Conference (SMC) in Taiwan to motivate talented domestic personnel and to elevate the competitiveness of the local supply chain.

TSMC fully supports continuous improvement programs to strengthen the work culture, improve product quality and production efficiency, reduce production costs, and improve customer satisfaction. These programs encourage colleagues to strive for excellence, drive cross-departmental observation and learning, and enhance their innovative and problem-solving abilities – all traits that greatly contribute to achieving a win-win outcome of honing TSMC's competitive edge and building customer satisfaction. In addition to internal cross-organizational learning and exchange, TSMC participates in the Taiwan Continuous Improvement Competition to promote the development of other local industries by sharing its experience, and to enhance the problem-solving and innovation ability of its colleagues by observing the improvement methods of other industries. In 2020, TSMC's outstanding performance was recognized with five gold awards, one silver award and one "best improvement and innovation" award. At the same time, Q&R coached domestic material suppliers to participate in the competition for local suppliers' quality culture and capability enhancement and they won a total of four gold, five silver, and five bronze awards. In 2021, Q&R will encourage far backend material suppliers to participate in the competition to promote the quality culture of continual improvement.

Thanks to qualification in technology development, real-time defense systems and innovative applications in semiconductor manufacturing services, as well as its continuous quality improvement culture, TSMC had no major product recalls in 2020. Meanwhile, a third party audit verified the effectiveness of TSMC's quality management systems in compliance with IATF 16949: 2016 and IECQ QC 080000: 2017 certificates requirements. Periodic customer feedback indicates that products shipped from TSMC have consistently met or exceeded all field quality and reliability requirements. In these ways, TSMC helps customers improve time-to-market delivery and competitiveness with excellent, reliable products for the four major growth markets the Company serves: mobile communications, high performance computing (HPC), Internet of Things (IoT), and automotive electronics.

5.4 Customer Trust

5.4.1 Customers

TSMC's worldwide customers have a variety of products that deliver excellent performance across the semiconductor industry. Customers include fabless semiconductor companies, system companies, and integrated device manufacturers such

as Advanced Micro Devices, Inc., Broadcom Inc., Intel Corporation, MediaTek Inc., NVIDIA Corporation, NXP Semiconductors N.V., OmniVision Technology, Inc., Qualcomm Incorporated, STMicroelectronics N.V., Xilinx, Inc., and many more.

Customer Service

TSMC is committed to providing the best customer services and strongly believes that customer service is critical to customer satisfaction and customer relationship, which are keys for customer retention, customer relationship enhancement, and attracting new customers. TSMC has established a dedicated customer service team that strives to provide world-class services in supporting customers in product design, mask making, wafer manufacturing, and backend services, thereby leading to customer satisfaction, gaining customer trust, and sustaining corporate revenue and profitability.

To improve customer interaction on a real-time basis, TSMC-Online™ offers a suite of web-based applications that allows us to provide more proactive customer service and support in design, engineering and logistics. Customers thus have 24-7 access to critical information and are able to create customized reports. TSMC-Online™ facilitates design collaboration by maintaining data availability and accessibility and providing customers with accurate up-to-date information at each stage of design process. Engineering collaboration includes engineering lots, wafer yields and wafer acceptance test analysis, as well as quality and reliability data. Logistics collaboration includes information of wafer fabrication, backend processes, and shipments in client orders.

Customer Satisfaction

To ensure customer satisfaction, and to make sure we fully comprehend customer needs, TSMC appoints third-party consulting firms to conduct annual customer satisfaction surveys (ACSS) with majority of existing customers either via on-line surveys or interviews. In addition to the survey, customer service team also conducts guarterly business reviews (QBRs) with customers to collect their feedback on a regular basis. Customer feedback is routinely reviewed, analyzed and then used to develop appropriate improvement plans, all in all becoming an integral part of the customer satisfaction process. Through surveys and feedback reviews, TSMC is able to closely interact with customers, provide better services, and enhance the quality of customer collaboration.

Customers Accounting for at Least 10% of Annual Consolidated Net Revenue Unit: NT\$ thousands

| | | 2020 | | 2019 | | | |
|-------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Customer | Net Revenue | As % of 2020 Total Net Revenue | Relation to TSMC | Net Revenue | As % of 2019 Total Net Revenue | Relation to TSMC | |
| Customer A | 336,775,511 | 25% | None | 247,213,291 | 23% | None | |
| Customer B | 167,390,758 | 12% | None | 152,876,885 | 14% | None | |
| Others | 835,088,542 | 63% | - | 669,895,272 | 63% | - | |
| Total Net Revenue | 1,339,254,811 | 100% | - | 1,069,985,448 | 100% | - | |

• Reason for Increase or Decrease: The changes of sales amount and percentage were mainly due to customer product demand change.

5.4.2 Open Innovation Platform[®] Initiative

Innovation has always been an exciting and challenging proposition. Competition among semiconductor companies continues to intensify in the face of increasing industry consolidation and the commoditization of technology at more mature, conventional levels. Companies must find ways to keep innovating in order to survive and prosper. One way to promote innovation is through active collaboration with external partners. At TSMC this is known as "Open Innovation®". It is an "outside in" approach to complement traditional "inside out" methods. TSMC has chosen this path to innovation via its Open Innovation Platform® (OIP) initiative, which is a key part of the TSMC Grand Alliance.

The OIP initiative is a comprehensive design technology infrastructure that encompasses all critical IC implementation areas to lower design barriers and improve first-time silicon success. OIP promotes the speedy implementation of innovation amongst the semiconductor design community and its ecosystem partners using TSMC's IP, design implementation, process technology and backend services.

Crucial to OIP are ecosystem interfaces and collaborative components initiated and supported by TSMC to empower innovation throughout the supply chain and, in turn, drive the creation and sharing of new revenue and profits. TSMC's active accuracy assurance (AAA) initiative is key to OIP, providing the accuracy and quality required by the ecosystem interfaces and collaborative components.

TSMC's Open Innovation[®] model brings together the creative thinking of customers and partners under the common goal of shortening each of the following: design time, time-to-volume, time-to-market and, ultimately, time-to-revenue. The model features:

- the foundry segment's earliest and most comprehensive electronic design automation (EDA) certification program, delivering timely design tool enhancement required by new process technologies
- the foundry segment's largest, most comprehensive and most robust silicon-proven IP (intellectual properties) and library portfolio, and
- comprehensive design ecosystem alliance programs covering market-leading EDA, library, IPs, and design service partners.

TSMC's OIP alliance consists of 18 EDA partners, six Cloud partners, 39 IP partners, 20 design center alliance (DCA) partners, and eight value chain aggregator (VCA) partners. TSMC and its partners work together proactively and engage much earlier and deeper than ever before in order to address mounting design challenges at advanced technology nodes. Through this early and intensive collaboration effort, TSMC's OIP is able to deliver the needed design infrastructure with timely enhancement of EDA tools, early availability of critical IPs and quality design services when customers need them. Taking full advantage of the process technologies once they reach production-ready maturity is critical to customers' success.

TSMC's OIP partner management portal facilitates communication with its ecosystem partners for efficient business productivity. Designed with a highly intuitive interface, this portal can be accessed via a direct link from TSMC-OnlineTM.

TSMC held its online OIP Ecosystem Forum in August 2020. This annual event demonstrates how TSMC and its ecosystem partners jointly develop design solutions on top of TSMC's advanced technologies through OIP collaboration. It was also a good opportunity to maintain contact with customers and ecosystem partners during the COVID-19 pandemic. At the forum, TSMC made key presentations on 3nm design solutions ready for design power, performance, and area (PPA) exploration for smartphone and HPC applications, as well as on 5nm, 6nm and 7nm design solutions and ecosystem that have already been applied to actual customer chip production. Other presentation highlights included: N12eTM, featuring further speed/power enhancement with design solutions to support AI-enabled IoT products; comprehensive automotive design solutions and ecosystems, already developed for 16nm and 7nm and soon to be extended to 5nm; and 3DFabric[™] design ecosystem solutions that currently available to support chip, package, and system integration implementation and verification for improved system performance. The availability of the aforementioned design ecosystem solutions will help customers successfully pursue opportunities in mobile, high performance computing, the IoT and automotive markets.

5.5 Human Capital

Human capital is TSMC's most treasured asset. In this regard, the Company's main role is to provide jobs with meaningful contents in a safe environment with excellent compensation and benefits. TSMC goes beyond this, however, by actively encouraging employees to nurture and enjoy a healthy family life, develop personal interests, expand social participation, and, in general, live a happy life.

5.5.1 Human Rights Policy

TSMC believes that respecting human rights and promoting a decent work environment are important throughout the Company and its supply chain. TSMC abides by local laws and regulations in all countries and regions where we operate, and upholds the human rights of all workers, including regular, contract and temporary employees, and interns. We also require our suppliers to act in the same fashion, as addressing human rights issue in complex supply chains is a shared responsibility. We support the UN Universal Declaration of Human Rights (UDHR), and are committed to treating all workers with dignity and respect as understood by international human rights standards, including The International Bill of Human Rights, The International Labour Organization's (ILO) Declaration on Fundamental Principles and Rights at Work, The UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights (UNGPs), The OECD Guidelines for

Multinational Enterprises and The Ten Principles of The United Nations Global Compact (UNGC). We also align our actions with the Responsible Business Alliance (RBA) Code of Conduct. The guiding principles for TSMC's Human Right Policy are as follows, and TSMC's Supplier Code of Conduct requires all of our suppliers to follow the same standards.

Guiding Principles

- Embed respect for economic, social, cultural, civil, and political rights, as well as the right to development, in the way we operate
- Provide a safe and secure work environment that is free of harassment
- Eliminate unlawful discrimination and ensure equality in the workplace
- Zero tolerance for child labor
- Forbid forced labor
- Commit to responsible sourcing of minerals
- Protect labor rights of vulnerable groups or marginalized groups such as indigenous peoples, women, migrant workers, contracted labor and persons with disabilities
- Comply with all applicable wage laws and regulations, and legal limits to working hours
- Provide fair living wage and pay in full and on time with pay slips to state legitimate deductions
- Enable a communication-friendly environment and maintain an open-style management system
- Support the physical and psychological well-being of employees, and the balance between work and life
- Make diverse open dialogue channels available for stakeholders such as suppliers, business partners, and others to report concerns or suspected violations to the Company, including ways to report anonymously
- Monitor and assess relevant risks, practices, and impacts regularly to respond to evolving situations and stakeholders' needs

In addition, TSMC refrains from forcing employees to do unwilling labor service, listens to the employees, keeps communication channels open, and respects the right of all workers to form and join trade unions of their own choosing as well as to refrain from such activities as they choose.

5.5.2 Workforce Structure

At the end of 2020, TSMC had 56,831 employees worldwide, including 5,857 managers, 27,767 professionals, 4,832 assistants and 18,375 technicians. The following table summarizes the makeup of TSMC's workforce as of the end of February, 2021:

| | | 12/31/2019 | 12/31/2020 | 02/28/2021 |
|----------------------|--------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | Managers | 5,364 | 5,857 | 5,969 |
| | Professionals | 24,416 | 27,767 | 28,393 |
| Jop | Assistant Engineer/Clerical | 4,357 | 4,832 | 4,903 |
| | Technician | 17,160 | 18,375 | 18,558 |
| Total | | 51,297 | 56,831 | 57,823 |
| Gender | Male | 62.2% | 62.9% | 63.1% |
| Gender | Female | 37.8% | 37.1% | 36.9% |
| | Ph.D. | 4.5% | 4.4% | 4.4% |
| | Master's | 44.7% | 46.7% | 47.0% |
| Education | Bachelor's | 25.3% | 25.7% | 25.9% |
| | Other Higher Education | 10.6% | 9.8% | 9.6% |
| | High School | 14.8% | 13.3% | 13.1% |
| Average Years of Age | | 36.6 | 36.4 | 36.4 |
| Average Year | s of Service | 9.3 | 9.1 | 9.1 |

5.5.3 Recruitment

Key elements of TSMC's success and growth depend on a common vision and values shared by the Company's employees. To strengthen growth momentum, the Company is committed to recruiting top-notch professionals in all positions. TSMC is an equal opportunity employer and operates on the principles of open and fair recruitment. The hiring principles are integrity and ability, and the Company evaluates all candidates according to their qualifications as related to the requirement of each position without regard to race, gender, age, religion, nationality or political affiliation.

To promote continuous growth, in 2020 TSMC recruited more than 8,000 employees, including over 5,600 managers and professionals, as well as over 2,500 assistants and technicians.

5.5.4 People Development

Employee development is an integral and critical factor for the growth of any company. The continuous growth of TSMC is also inseparable from employees' development. - and at TSMC it is goal oriented, disciplined and planned. The Company is committed to expanding and fulfilling employee potential by providing meaningful work in a world-class workplace. TSMC is also committed to cultivating a consistent and diverse learning environment. To this end, the Company has initiated the TSMC Employee Training and Education Procedure to ensure the Company's and the individuals' development objectives can be achieved through the integration of internal and external training resources and with internal rotation opportunities. To help employees reach their potential, TSMC is committed to on-the-job training and systematic job rotation. In addition, TSMC provides various resources and channels to encourage employees to learn on their own to further improve their performance and achieve their potential. TSMC integrates internal and external resources and designs diversified development programs based on business objectives, the nature of the individual's job, work performance and career development path. The Company provides employees with a diverse network of learning resources, including on-the-job training, classroom training, e-learning, coaching, mentoring and job rotation; it also creates an educational atmosphere through learning activities in response to organizational development requirements and employee capability enhancement goals.

The Company provides employees with a wide range of onsite general, professional and managerial training programs. In addition to engaging external experts as trainers, hundreds of TSMC employees are trained to be qualified instructors to share their valuable knowledge and skillset in internal educational courses.

TSMC provides the following training programs:

- New employee basic training and job orientation. In addition, the newcomers' managers and a well-established buddy system are in place to support new hires in their assimilation process regarding both corporate culture and work requirements.
- General as required by government regulations and/or the Company policies, as well as on basic subjects for all employees or employees in various job functions. Topics include industry-specific safety, workplace health and safety, ethics and regulatory compliance, sexual harassment prevention, quality, fab emergency response and personal effectiveness management.
- Professional/functional technical and professional training required by different functions within the Company. TSMC offers training courses on equipment engineering, process engineering, accounting, information technology and so forth.
- English enhancement program including online English webinars, English one-on-one consulting services, business English workshops, and the English learning zone to strengthen employees' English capability that supports TSMC's global business goals.
- Management management development programs tailored to the needs of managers at all levels based on their managerial capabilities and responsibilities, including new,

experienced, and senior managers; optional courses also available.

- Direct labor for production-line employees to acquire the knowledge, skills and approaches they need to perform their jobs well and to pass certification for operating equipment. Includes direct labor skill training, "Train the Trainer" training, and manufacturing leadership training.
- Personal effective training addresses topics related to professional skillsets including presentation skills, innovation, self-encouragement, and teamwork, etc.
- Customized programs tailored to the needs of the organization and/or the employee's development plan.

In 2020, TSMC conducted over 1,300 internal training sessions and provided over 920 thousand hours of training and a total of more than 1 million attendees participated. On average, each employee attended over 16 hours of training and TSMC spent over NT\$95 million on the education and development of employees.

Apart from internal training resources, TSMC employees are also subsidized when pursuing external short-term courses, for-credit classes and degrees.

5.5.5 Compensation

TSMC employees are entitled to a comprehensive compensation and benefits program above the industry average. TSMC provides a diversified compensation program that is competitive externally, fair internally, and adapted locally. TSMC adheres to the philosophy of sharing wealth with employees in order to attract, retain, develop, motivate and reward talented, performing employees. Thanks to solid business results over the past years, the actual total compensation received by employees has been above the industry's average.

TSMC's compensation program includes a monthly salary, business performance bonuses based on quarterly business results, and an profit sharing based on annual profits.

The purpose of the business performance bonus and profit sharing programs is to reward employee contributions appropriately, to encourage employees to work consistently toward ensuring TSMC success, and to align employees' interests with those of TSMC's shareholders so as to achieve wins for the Company, shareholders and employees. The Company determines the amount of the business performance bonus and profit sharing based on operating results and industry practice in the Republic of China. The amount and distribution of the employee bonuses are recommended by the Compensation Committee to the Board of Directors for approval. Individual rewards are based on each employee's job responsibility, contribution and performance.

The same philosophy applies to TSMC's compensation programs in overseas subsidiaries. In addition to providing employees with a locally competitive base salary, annual bonuses are granted as a part of total compensation, in line with local regulations, market practices, and the overall operating performance of each subsidiary, to promote employee commitment and development.

TSMC believes that the long-term ownership of company shares by corporate officers help align their interests with the interests of TSMC's shareholders, therefore, TSMC formulated Corporate Officer Shareholding Guidelines in 2020. The required value for Chairman, CEO, and other corporate officers' holding of TSMC shares shall be certain times of their annual base salary. Officers shall keep the required value for the entire period of employment.

5.5.6 Employee Engagement

The Company encourages employees to maintain a healthy and well-balanced life while pursuing their career goals effectively. TSMC continuously facilitates employee communication and provides employee caring, benefit, rewards and recognition programs.

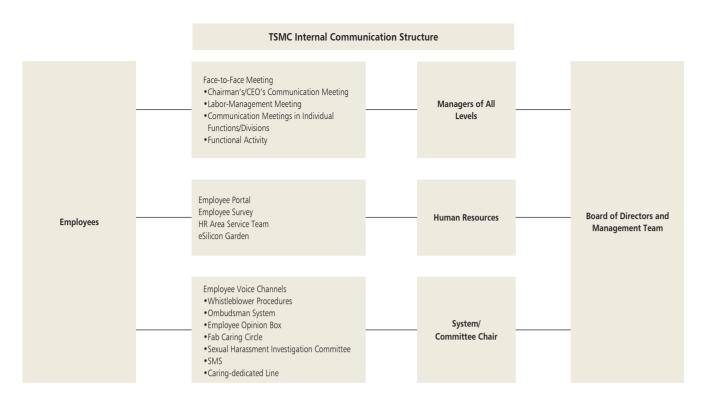
Employee Communication

TSMC values two-way communication and is committed to keeping communication channels open and transparent for management, subordinates and peers. The Company is committed to ensuring that employees are able to communicate openly and share ideas and concerns with management regarding work conditions and management practices without fear of discrimination, reprisal, intimidation or harassment.

TSMC makes continuous efforts to listen to the voice of employees and to facilitate mutual and timely employee communication, based on multiple channels and platforms, which in turn fosters harmonious labor relations and creates a win-win situation for the Company and employees. TSMC supports a host of two-way communication channels, including:

- Communication meetings for various levels of managers and employees; for example, the Chairman's/CEO's communication meeting, and communication meetings in individual functions/divisions
- Quarterly labor-management meetings to provide business updates and invite employees to discuss labor conditions and welfare activities
- Periodic employee satisfaction surveys to selected employees, with follow-up actions based on survey findings
- A core value survey taken biennially to understand the Company's implementation of core values and employees' commitment and engagement
- *myTSMC* employee portal, an internal website featuring the Founder's, Chairman's, and CEO's talks, corporate messages, executive interviews, and other activities of interest to employees
- *eSilicon Garden*, a website hosting TSMC's internal electronic publications and providing real-time updates on major activities of the Company, as well as inspirational content featuring outstanding teams and individuals
- Two reporting channels for complaints regarding managerial, financial, auditing, ethics and business conduct issues:
- The whistleblower reporting system administered by the Audit Committee
- The ombudsman system administered by a senior manager appointed by the CEO
- The Employee Opinion Box, which provides an opportunity to submit suggestions or opinions regarding work and the overall work environment
- The Fab Caring Circle in each fab, which addresses issues related to employees' work and personal life; the system is dedicated mainly to the Company's direct laborers
- Sexual harassment investigation committee, a channel dedicated to ensuring a work environment free from the threat of sexual harassment; the committee consists of three directors appointed by the CEO, one from human resources, one from legal affairs, and the third from other organizations

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TSMC has many internal communication channels, a major reason why the relationship between management and employees has been quite harmonious. The Company respects the right of all workers to form and join labor unions of their own choosing as well as the right to refrain from such activities. No employees have pursued this avenue or issued a request to form a union so far.

During 2020 and as of the date of this Annual Report, TSMC has no incurred any labor-dispute related losses. However, the Company was fined following labor inspection results as follows: NT\$90,000 issued on 06/17/2020 for overtime applications not being timely processed (Labor Standards Act Article 24 Paragraph 1) and continuous working days exceeding the permitted limit (Labor Standards Act Article 36 Paragraph 1); NT\$90,000 issued on 06/01/2020 for management negligence when a pregnant female employee work past ten p.m. (Labor Standards Act Article 49 Paragraph 5); NT\$20,000 issued on 01/06/2021 due to clerical errors resulting in wages not being paid in full directly to an employee (Labor Standards Act Article 22 Paragraph 2). The Company has reviewed its working hours management and related administrative process, and strengthened its communication of these matters to managers and employees.

Employee Benefit Programs

- Convenient onsite services and amenities: such as in-fab cafeterias, convenience stores, and other services
- Comprehensive health management services, including in-fab clinic services, post health-exam follow-up activities, and employee assistance programs
- Diverse employee welfare programs: leisure and art events, encouraging employees to participate in hobby clubs; vibrant sports center and onsite preschool service to meet employees' needs for child care; also festival bonuses and emergency subsidies are also available to address employees' needs

Diverse Employee Recognition

TSMC sponsors various internal award programs to recognize employees for outstanding achievements, both individual and at a team level. With these award programs, TSMC aims to encourage continued employee development, which also enhances the Company's competitive advantage.

The award programs include:

- TSMC Academy: recognizes outstanding scientists and engineers whose individual technical capabilities have made significant contributions
- TSMC Excellent Labor Award: recognizes technicians whose outstanding performances have made significant contributions
- Total Quality Excellence at each fab: recognizes employees' continuous efforts in creating value
- Service Award: recognizes and shows appreciation of senior employees and their long-term commitment and dedication
- Excellent Instructor Award: praises the outstanding performance and contribution of internal instructors in training courses for employees
- Function-wide awards dedicated to innovation, such as the Idea Forum, TQE awards and CSR Award, which recognize employee initiative and continuous implementation of innovative practices

Apart from company-wide awards, TSMC encourages employees to participate in external talent activities and competitions. In 2020, distinguished TSMC employees continued to be recognized through a host of awards, such as the National Model Labor Award, the Excellent Young Engineers Award, Outstanding Engineer Award, Taiwan Continuous Improvement Awards, and the National Manager Excellence Award.

5.5.7 Retention

Overall employee satisfaction with the Company was measured in the biennial TSMC core values survey last taken in 2020. In this survey, 95% of participants said they were willing to commit fully in their work to make TSMC an even more successful company; while 96% concurred with the statement that they are willing to contribute their talents to TSMC and grow together with the Company for the next five years.

In 2020, the Company recorded a manageable turnover rate of 5.3% which complies with the healthy turnover rate recognized by the company.

5.5.8 Retirement Policy

TSMC's retirement policy is set according to the labor standard laws and labor pension practices of various respective regions. Thanks to the Company's sound financial condition, it is able to ensure solid pension contributions and payments, which encourages employees to make long-term career plans and further deepens their commitment to TSMC.

5.6 Material Contracts

TSMC is not currently a party to any material contracts, other than those entered into in the ordinary course of its business. The Company's "Significant Contingent Liabilities and Unrecognized Commitments" are disclosed in Annual Report section (II), Financial Statements, page 71.

6. Financial Highlights and Analysis

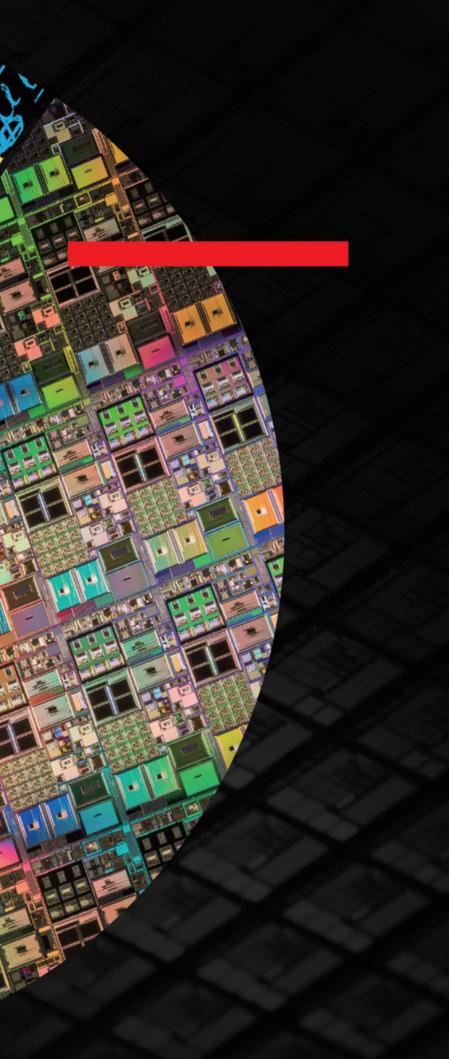
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> A meticulously hand-drawn IC diagram (Left)

> Colorful and delicate ICs (Right)



6.1 Financial Highlights

6.1.1 Condensed Balance Sheet

Condensed Balance Sheet from 2016 to 2020 (Consolidated)

| Item | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Current Assets | 817,729,126 | 857,203,110 | 951,679,721 | 822,613,914 | 1,092,185,308 |
| Long-term Investments (Note 1) | 46,153,916 | 41,569,074 | 29,304,796 | 30,172,039 | 27,728,208 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 997,777,687 | 1,062,542,322 | 1,072,050,279 | 1,352,377,405 | 1,555,589,120 |
| Right-of-use Assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 17,232,402 | 27,728,382 |
| Intangible Assets | 14,614,846 | 14,175,140 | 17,002,137 | 20,653,028 | 25,768,179 |
| Other Assets (Note 2) | 10,179,727 | 16,371,997 | 20,091,105 | 21,756,244 | 31,712,208 |
| Total Assets | 1,886,455,302 | 1,991,861,643 | 2,090,128,038 | 2,264,805,032 | 2,760,711,405 |
| Current Liabilities | | | | | |
| Before Distribution | 318,239,273 | 358,706,680 | 340,542,586 | 590,735,701 | 617,151,048 |
| After Distribution | 499,751,936 | 566,149,724 | 547,985,630 | 655,561,652 | 681,976,999 (Note 3) |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | 178,164,903 | 110,395,320 | 72,089,056 | 51,973,905 | 292,938,358 |
| Total Liabilities | | | | | |
| Before Distribution | 496,404,176 | 469,102,000 | 412,631,642 | 642,709,606 | 910,089,406 |
| After Distribution | 677,916,839 | 676,545,044 | 620,074,686 | 707,535,557 | 974,915,357 (Note 3) |
| Equity Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent | | | | | |
| Capital Stock | 259,303,805 | 259,303,805 | 259,303,805 | 259,303,805 | 259,303,805 |
| Capital Surplus | 56,272,304 | 56,309,536 | 56,315,932 | 56,339,709 | 56,347,243 |
| Retained Earnings | | | | | |
| Before Distribution | 1,072,008,169 | 1,233,362,010 | 1,376,647,841 | 1,333,334,979 | 1,588,686,081 |
| After Distribution | 890,495,506 | 1,025,918,966 | 1,169,204,797 | 1,268,509,028 | 1,523,860,130 (Note 3) |
| Others | 1,663,983 | (26,917,818) | (15,449,913) | (27,568,369) | (54,679,873) |
| Equity Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent | | | | | |
| Before Distribution | 1,389,248,261 | 1,522,057,533 | 1,676,817,665 | 1,621,410,124 | 1,849,657,256 |
| After Distribution | 1,207,735,598 | 1,314,614,489 | 1,469,374,621 | 1,556,584,173 | 1,784,831,305 (Note 3) |
| Noncontrolling Interests | 802,865 | 702,110 | 678,731 | 685,302 | 964,743 |
| Total Equity | | | | | |
| Before Distribution | 1,390,051,126 | 1,522,759,643 | 1,677,496,396 | 1,622,095,426 | 1,850,621,999 |
| After Distribution | 1,208,538,463 | 1,315,316,599 | 1,470,053,352 | 1,557,269,475 | 1,785,796,048 (Note 3) |

Note 1: Long-term investments as of December 31, 2016 and 2017 include noncurrent available-for-sale financial assets, held-to-maturity financial assets, financial assets carried at cost and investments accounted for using equity method. Starting from 2018, upon initial application of IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", the category includes noncurrent financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, noncurrent financial assets at amortized cost, and investments accounted for using equity method. Note 2: Other assets consist of deferred income tax assets, refundable deposits, and other noncurrent assets. Note 3: The amount approved by Board of Directors on February 9, 2021.

Condensed Balance Sheet from 2016 to 2020 (Unconsolidated) Unit: NT\$ thousands

| Year | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------------------|
| Current Assets | 443,781,164 | 436,769,337 | 469,966,106 | 355,118,125 | 580,949,248 |
| Long-term Investments (Note 1) | 397,290,976 | 464,401,415 | 550,524,494 | 559,380,999 | 565,432,338 |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 979,401,337 | 1,016,355,970 | 1,025,286,941 | 1,310,900,634 | 1,511,784,556 |
| Right-of-use Assets | 0 | 0 | 0 | 15,030,020 | 25,184,827 |
| Intangible Assets | 10,047,991 | 9,870,127 | 12,429,930 | 16,271,444 | 21,733,597 |
| Other Assets (Note 2) | 6,816,676 | 11,992,542 | 17,253,537 | 18,774,850 | 28,420,547 |
| Total Assets | 1,837,338,144 | 1,939,389,391 | 2,075,461,008 | 2,275,476,072 | 2,733,505,113 |
| Current Liabilities | | | | | |
| Before Distribution | 308,177,214 | 308,383,240 | 328,060,518 | 605,540,547 | 680,529,735 |
| After Distribution | 489,689,877 | 515,826,284 | 535,503,562 | 670,366,498 | 745,355,686 (Note 3) |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | 139,912,669 | 108,948,618 | 70,582,825 | 48,525,401 | 203,318,122 |
| Total Liabilities | | | | | |
| Before Distribution | 448,089,883 | 417,331,858 | 398,643,343 | 654,065,948 | 883,847,857 |
| After Distribution | 629,602,546 | 624,774,902 | 606,086,387 | 718,891,899 | 948,673,808 (Note 3) |
| Equity | | | | | |
| Capital Stock | 259,303,805 | 259,303,805 | 259,303,805 | 259,303,805 | 259,303,805 |
| Capital Surplus | 56,272,304 | 56,309,536 | 56,315,932 | 56,339,709 | 56,347,243 |
| Retained Earnings | | | | | |
| Before Distribution | 1,072,008,169 | 1,233,362,010 | 1,376,647,841 | 1,333,334,979 | 1,588,686,081 |
| After Distribution | 890,495,506 | 1,025,918,966 | 1,169,204,797 | 1,268,509,028 | 1,523,860,130 (Note 3) |
| Others | 1,663,983 | (26,917,818) | (15,449,913) | (27,568,369) | (54,679,873) |
| Total Equity | | | | | |
| Before Distribution | 1,389,248,261 | 1,522,057,533 | 1,676,817,665 | 1,621,410,124 | 1,849,657,256 |
| After Distribution | 1,207,735,598 | 1,314,614,489 | 1,469,374,621 | 1,556,584,173 | 1,784,831,305 (Note 3) |

Note 1: Long-term investments as of December 31, 2016 and 2017 include held-to-maturity financial assets, financial assets carried at cost and investments accounted for using equity method. Starting from 2018, upon initial application of IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments", the category includes noncurrent financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and investments accounted for using equity method. Note 2: Other assets consist of deferred income tax assets, refundable deposits, and other noncurrent assets. Note 3: The amount approved by Board of Directors on February 9, 2021.

6.1.2 Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income

Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income from 2016 to 2020 (Consolidated)

Unit: NT\$ thousands (Except EPS: NT\$)

| Year | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|---|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Net Revenue | 947,938,344 | 977,447,241 | 1,031,473,557 | 1,069,985,448 | 1,339,254,811 |
| Gross Profit | 474,832,098 | 494,826,402 | 497,874,253 | 492,701,896 | 711,130,120 |
| Income from Operations | 377,957,778 | 385,559,223 | 383,623,524 | 372,701,090 | 566,783,698 |
| Non-operating Income and Expenses | 8,001,602 | 10,573,807 | 13,886,739 | 17,144,246 | 17,993,482 |
| Income before Income Tax | 385,959,380 | 396,133,030 | 397,510,263 | 389,845,336 | 584,777,180 |
| Net Income | 334,338,236 | 343,146,848 | 351,184,406 | 345,343,809 | 518,158,082 |
| Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Year, Net of Income Tax | (11,067,189) | (28,821,631) | 9,836,976 | (11,823,562) | (30,321,802) |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year | 323,271,047 | 314,325,217 | 361,021,382 | 333,520,247 | 487,836,280 |
| Net Income Attributable to: | | | | | |
| Shareholders of the Parent | 334,247,180 | 343,111,476 | 351,130,884 | 345,263,668 | 517,885,387 |
| Noncontrolling Interests | 91,056 | 35,372 | 53,522 | 80,141 | 272,695 |
| Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to: | | | | | |
| Shareholders of the Parent | 323,186,736 | 314,294,993 | 360,965,015 | 333,440,460 | 487,563,478 |
| Noncontrolling Interests | 84,311 | 30,224 | 56,367 | 79,787 | 272,802 |
| Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share (Note) | 12.89 | 13.23 | 13.54 | 13.32 | 19.97 |

Note: Based on weighted average shares outstanding in each year.

Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income from 2016 to 2020 (Unconsolidated)

Unit: NT\$ thousands (Except EPS: NT\$)

| Year | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|---|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| Net Revenue | 936,387,291 | 969,136,109 | 1,023,925,713 | 1,059,646,793 | 1,314,793,013 |
| Gross Profit | 461,808,296 | 478,937,691 | 492,955,501 | 480,143,141 | 682,004,023 |
| Income from Operations | 369,730,533 | 374,690,117 | 384,027,838 | 365,923,992 | 543,465,507 |
| Non-operating Income and Expenses | 15,458,427 | 18,626,059 | 12,170,315 | 22,821,227 | 39,153,435 |
| Income before Income Tax | 385,188,960 | 393,316,176 | 396,198,153 | 388,745,219 | 582,618,942 |
| Net Income | 334,247,180 | 343,111,476 | 351,130,884 | 345,263,668 | 517,885,387 |
| Other Comprehensive Income (Loss) for the Year, Net of Income Tax | (11,060,444) | (28,816,483) | 9,834,131 | (11,823,208) | (30,321,909) |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year | 323,186,736 | 314,294,993 | 360,965,015 | 333,440,460 | 487,563,478 |
| Basic/Diluted Earnings Per Share (Note) | 12.89 | 13.23 | 13.54 | 13.32 | 19.97 |

Note: Based on weighted average shares outstanding in each year.

6.1.3 Financial Analysis

Financial Analysis from 2016 to 2020 (Consolidated)

| | | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|----------------------------|--|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Capital Structure Analysis | Debts Ratio (%) | 26.31 | 23.55 | 19.74 | 28.38 | 32.97 |
| | Long-term Fund to Property, Plant and Equipment (%) | 157.17 | 153.70 | 163.20 | 123.79 | 137.80 |
| Liquidity Analysis | Current Ratio (%) | 256.95 | 238.97 | 279.46 | 139.25 | 176.97 |
| | Quick Ratio (%) | 241.34 | 217.94 | 248.76 | 124.92 | 154.35 |
| | Times Interest Earned (Times) | 117.74 | 119.95 | 131.28 | 120.92 | 281.95 |
| Operating Performance | Average Collection Turnover (Times) | 8.78 | 7.74 | 8.19 | 7.95 | 9.35 |
| Analysis | Days Sales Outstanding | 41.57 | 47.16 | 44.57 | 45.91 | 39.04 |
| | Average Inventory Turnover (Times) | 8.18 | 7.88 | 6.02 | 6.20 | 5.70 |
| | Average Inventory Turnover Days | 44.62 | 46.32 | 60.63 | 58.87 | 64.04 |
| | Average Payment Turnover (Times) | 20.11 | 16.82 | 16.56 | 15.48 | 15.45 |
| | Property, Plant and Equipment Turnover (Times) | 1.02 | 0.95 | 0.97 | 0.88 | 0.92 |
| | Total Assets Turnover (Times) | 0.53 | 0.50 | 0.51 | 0.49 | 0.53 |
| Profitability Analysis | Return on Total Assets (%) | 19.03 | 17.84 | 17.34 | 15.99 | 20.69 |
| | Return on Equity Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent (%) | 25.60 | 23.57 | 21.95 | 20.94 | 29.84 |
| | Operating Income to Paid-in Capital Ratio (%) | 145.76 | 148.69 | 147.94 | 143.73 | 218.58 |
| | Pre-tax Income to Paid-in Capital Ratio (%) | 148.84 | 152.77 | 153.30 | 150.34 | 225.52 |
| | Net Margin (%) | 35.27 | 35.11 | 34.05 | 32.28 | 38.69 |
| | Basic Earnings Per Share (NT\$) | 12.89 | 13.23 | 13.54 | 13.32 | 19.97 |
| | Diluted Earnings Per Share (NT\$) | 12.89 | 13.23 | 13.54 | 13.32 | 19.97 |
| Cash Flow | Cash Flow Ratio (%) | 169.63 | 163.17 | 168.54 | 104.13 | 133.30 |
| | Cash Flow Adequacy Ratio (%) | 108.57 | 112.41 | 113.11 | 106.60 | 100.74 |
| | Cash Flow Reinvestment Ratio (%) | 11.51 | 11.08 | 9.06 | 8.45 | 11.24 |
| Leverage | Operating Leverage | 2.15 | 2.16 | 2.28 | 2.41 | 1.97 |
| | Financial Leverage | 1.01 | 1.01 | 1.01 | 1.01 | 1.00 |
| Industry Specific Key | Billing Utilization Rate (%) (Note) | 92 | 91 | 87 | 81 | 94 |
| Performance Indicator | Advanced Technologies (16-nanometer and below) Percentage of Wafer Sales (%) | 21 | 32 | 41 | 50 | 58 |
| | Sales Growth (%) | 12.38 | 3.11 | 5.53 | 3.73 | 25.17 |
| | Net Income Growth (%) | 9.03 | 2.65 | 2.34 | -1.67 | 50.00 |

Analysis of deviation of 2020 vs. 2019 over 20%:

Current ratio increased by 27% mainly due to increase in cash and cash equivalents and inventories.

2. Quick ratio increased by 24% mainly due to increase in cash and cash equivalents.

 Times interest earned increased by 29%, return on equity attributable to shareholders of the parent increased by 43%, basic earnings per share increased by 50% and diluted earnings per share increased by 50% mainly due to increase in net income attributable to shareholders of the parent. 5. Operating income to paid-in capital ratio increased by 52% as a result of increase in operating income.

Operating income to patch capital ratio increased by 52 was a result of increase in operating income.
 Pre-tax income to paid-in capital ratio increased by 50% as a result of increase in pre-tax income.
 Cash flow ratio increased by 28% and cash flow reinvestment ratio increased by 33% as a result of increase in cash provided by operating activities.

Note: Capacity includes wafers committed by Vanguard and SSMC.

* Glossary 1. Capital Structure Analysis (1) Debt Ratio = Total Liabilities / Total Assets

(2) Long-term Fund to Property, Plant and Equipment Ratio = (Shareholders' Equity + Noncurrent Liabilities) / Net Property, Plant and Equipment

 Liquidity Analysis
 Current Ratio = Current Assets / Current Liabilities
 Quick Ratio = (Current Assets - Inventories - Prepaid Expenses) / Current Liabilities (3) Times Interest Earned = Earnings before Interest and Taxes / Interest Expenses

 Operating Performance Analysis

 Average Collection Turnover = Net Sales / Average Trade Receivables
 Days Sales Outstanding = 365 / Average Collection Turnover
 Average Inventory Turnover = Cost of Sales / Average Inventory
 Average Inventory Turnover pays = 365 / Average Inventory
 Average Inventory Turnover pays = 365 / Average Inventory
 Average Inventory Turnover = Cost of Sales / Average Inventory Turnover
 Average Inventory Turnover = Cost of Sales / Average Trade Payables
 Property, Plant and Equipment Turnover = Net Sales / Average Net Property, Plant and Equipment Turnover

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(7) Total Assets Turnover = Net Sales / Average Total Assets

- 4. Profitability Analysis
 (1) Return on Total Assets = (Net Income + Interest Expenses * (1 Effective Tax Rate)) / Average Total Assets
- (2) Return on Equity Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent = Net Income Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent / Average Equity Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent
 (3) Operating Income to Paid-in Capital Ratio = Operating Income / Paid-in Capital

- (4) Pre-tax Income to Paid-in Capital Ratio = Income before Tax / Paid-in Capital
 (5) Net Margin = Net Income / Net Sales
 (6) Earnings Per Share = (Net Income Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent Preferred Stock Dividend) / Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding

- Cash Flow

 Cash Flow Ratio = Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities / Current Liabilities
 Cash Flow Adequacy Ratio = Five-year Sum of Cash from Operations / Five-year Sum of Capital Expenditures, Inventory Additions, and Cash Dividend
 Cash Flow Rationary Provided By Constitution of the State State
- (3) Cash Flow Reinvestment Ratio = (Cash Provided by Operating Activities Cash Dividends) / (Gross Property, Plant and Equipment + Long-term Investments + Other Noncurrent Assets) + Working Capital)

Leverage

- (1) Operating Leverage = (Net Sales Variable Cost) / Income from Operations (2) Financial Leverage = Income from Operations / (Income from Operations Interest Expenses)

Financial Analysis from 2016 to 2020 (Unconsolidated)

| | | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|----------------------------|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Capital Structure Analysis | Debt Ratio (%) | 24.39 | 21.52 | 19.21 | 28.74 | 32.33 |
| | Long-term Fund to Property, Plant and Equipment Ratio (%) | 156.13 | 160.48 | 170.43 | 127.39 | 135.80 |
| Liquidity Analysis | Current Ratio (%) | 144.00 | 141.63 | 143.26 | 58.64 | 85.37 |
| | Quick Ratio (%) | 128.65 | 118.68 | 113.07 | 45.81 | 65.93 |
| | Times Interest Earned (Times) | 146.73 | 144.04 | 137.46 | 122.80 | 330.85 |
| Operating Performance | Average Collection Turnover (Times) | 8.89 | 7.86 | 8.45 | 8.32 | 9.80 |
| Analysis | Days Sales Outstanding | 41.07 | 46.44 | 43.21 | 43.88 | 37.24 |
| | Average Inventory Turnover (Times) | 8.56 | 8.39 | 6.31 | 6.65 | 6.13 |
| | Average Inventory Turnover Days | 42.63 | 43.49 | 57.89 | 54.91 | 59.58 |
| | Average Payment Turnover (Times) | 19.04 | 16.39 | 16.22 | 15.10 | 14.89 |
| | Property, Plant and Equipment Turnover (Times) | 1.03 | 0.97 | 1.00 | 0.91 | 0.93 |
| | Total Assets Turnover (Times) | 0.54 | 0.51 | 0.51 | 0.49 | 0.52 |
| Profitability Analysis | Return on Total Assets (%) | 19.58 | 18.29 | 17.62 | 16.00 | 20.74 |
| | Return on Equity (%) | 25.60 | 23.57 | 21.95 | 20.94 | 29.84 |
| | Operating Income to Paid-in Capital Ratio (%) | 142.59 | 144.50 | 148.10 | 141.12 | 209.59 |
| | Pre-tax Income to Paid-in Capital Ratio (%) | 148.55 | 151.68 | 152.79 | 149.92 | 224.69 |
| | Net Margin (%) | 35.70 | 35.40 | 34.29 | 32.58 | 39.39 |
| | Basic Earnings Per Share (NT\$) | 12.89 | 13.23 | 13.54 | 13.32 | 19.97 |
| | Diluted Earnings Per Share (NT\$) | 12.89 | 13.23 | 13.54 | 13.32 | 19.97 |
| Cash Flow | Cash Flow Ratio (%) | 172.81 | 184.45 | 173.17 | 98.00 | 114.56 |
| | Cash Flow Adequacy Ratio (%) | 107.06 | 99.42 | 113.52 | 106.59 | 99.88 |
| | Cash Flow Reinvestment Ratio (%) | 11.74 | 10.98 | 9.23 | 8.23 | 10.93 |
| Leverage | Operating Leverage | 2.19 | 2.22 | 2.28 | 2.46 | 2.04 |
| | Financial Leverage | 1.01 | 1.01 | 1.01 | 1.01 | 1.00 |

Analysis of deviation of 2020 vs. 2019 over 20%:

1. Current ratio increased by 46% mainly due to increase in cash and cash equivalents and inventories

2. Quick ratio increased by 44% mainly due to increase in cash and cash equivalents.

 Times interest earned increased by 169% mainly due to increase in pre-tax income and decrease in interest expenses.
 Return on total assets increased by 30%, return on equity increased by 43%, net margin increased by 21%, basic earnings per share increased by 50% and diluted earnings per share increased by 50% mainly due to increase in net income.

5. Operating income to paid-in capital ratio increased by 49% as a result of increase in operating income.

6. Pre-tax income to paid-in capital ratio increased by 50% as a result of increase in pre-tax income.

7. Cash flow reinvestment ratio increased by 33% as a result of increase in cash provided by operating activities.

* Glossary 1. Capital Structure Analysis

(1) Debt Ratio = Total Liabilities / Total Assets
 (2) Long-term Fund to Property, Plant and Equipment Ratio = (Shareholders' Equity + Noncurrent Liabilities) / Net Property, Plant and Equipment

Liquidity Analysis

 Current Ratio = Current Assets / Current Liabilities

(2) Quick Ratio = (Current Assets - Inventories - Prepaid Expenses) / Current Liabilities
 (3) Times Interest Earned = Earnings before Interest and Taxes / Interest Expenses

- Operating Performance Analysis

 Average Collection Turnover = Net Sales / Average Trade Receivables

- Average Collection Turnover = Net Sales / Average Trade Receivables
 Days Sales Outstanding = 365 / Average Collection Turnover
 Average Inventory Turnover = Cost of Sales / Average Inventory
 Average Inventory Turnover = Cost of Sales / Average Inventory Turnover
 Average Payment Turnover = Cost of Sales / Average Trade Payables
- (6) Property, Plant and Equipment Turnover = Net Sales / Average Net Property, Plant and Equipment

(7) Total Assets Turnover = Net Sales / Average Total Assets

- Profitability Analysis

 Return on Total Assets = (Net Income + Interest Expenses * (1 Effective Tax Rate)) /

 Average Total Assets
- (2) Return on Equity = Net Income / Average Shareholders' Equity
 (3) Operating Income to Paid-in Capital Ratio = Operating Income / Paid-in Capital
- (4) Pre-tax Income to Paid-in Capital Ratio = Income before Tax / Paid-in Capital (5) Net Margin = Net Income / Net Sales
- (6) Earnings Per Share = (Net Income Preferred Stock Dividend) / Weighted Average Number of Shares Outstanding

5. Cash Flow

- (1) Cash Flow Ratio = Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities / Current Liabilities (2) Cash Flow Adeguacy Ratio = Five-year Sum of Cash from Operations / Five-year Sum of
- Capital Expenditures, Inventory Additions, and Cash Dividend
- (3) Cash Flow Reinvestment Ratio = (Cash Provided by Operating Activities Cash Dividends) / (Gross Property, Plant and Equipment + Long-term Investments + Other Noncurrent Assets) + Working Capital)

6. Leverage

(1) Operating Leverage = (Net Sales - Variable Cost) / Income from Operations (2) Financial Leverage = Income from Operations / (Income from Operations - Interest

Expenses)

6.1.4 Auditors' Opinions from 2016 to 2020

| Year | СРА | Audit Opinion |
|------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 2016 | Yih-Hsin Kao, Yu-Feng Huang | An Unmodified Opinion |
| 2017 | Yih-Hsin Kao, Yu-Feng Huang | An Unmodified Opinion |
| 2018 | Mei Yen Chiang, Yu-Feng Huang | An Unmodified Opinion |
| 2019 | Mei Yen Chiang, Yu-Feng Huang | An Unmodified Opinion |
| 2020 | Mei Yen Chiang, Yu-Feng Huang | An Unmodified Opinion |

Deloitte & Touche

20F, No. 100, Songren Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: 886-2-2725-9988

6.1.5 Audit Committee's Review Report

The Board of Directors has prepared the Company's 2020 Business Report, Financial Statements, and proposal for allocation of guarterly earnings. The CPA firm of Deloitte & Touche was retained to audit TSMC's Financial Statements and has issued an audit report relating to the Financial Statements. The Business Report, Financial Statements, and guarterly earnings allocation proposal have been reviewed and determined to be correct and accurate by the Audit Committee members of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited. According to relevant requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act and the Company Law, we hereby submit this report.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

Chairman of the Audit Committee: Sir Peter L. Bonfield

N. SAL

February 9, 2021

6.1.6 Financial Difficulties

The Company should disclose the financial impact to the Company if the Company and its affiliated companies have incurred any financial or cash flow difficulties in 2020 and as of the date of this Annual Report: None.

Statements and Independent Auditors' Report

Please refer to Annual Report section (II), Financial Statements.

6.1.7 Consolidated Financial Statements and Independent Auditors' Report along with Parent Company Only Financial

6.2 Financial Status and Operating Results

6.2.1 Financial Status

Consolidated

| Jnit: NT\$ thousands | | | | | | | |
|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|------|--|--|--|
| Item | 2020 | 2019 | Difference | % | | | |
| Current Assets | 1,092,185,308 | 822,613,914 | 269,571,394 | 33% | | | |
| Long-term Investments (Note 1) | 27,728,208 | 30,172,039 | (2,443,831) | -8% | | | |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 1,555,589,120 | 1,352,377,405 | 203,211,715 | 15% | | | |
| Right-of-use Assets | 27,728,382 | 17,232,402 | 10,495,980 | 61% | | | |
| Intangible Assets | 25,768,179 | 20,653,028 | 5,115,151 | 25% | | | |
| Other Assets (Note 2) | 31,712,208 | 21,756,244 | 9,955,964 | 46% | | | |
| Total Assets | 2,760,711,405 | 2,264,805,032 | 495,906,373 | 22% | | | |
| Current Liabilities | 617,151,048 | 590,735,701 | 26,415,347 | 4% | | | |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | 292,938,358 | 51,973,905 | 240,964,453 | 464% | | | |
| Total Liabilities | 910,089,406 | 642,709,606 | 267,379,800 | 42% | | | |
| Capital Stock | 259,303,805 | 259,303,805 | 0 | 0% | | | |
| Capital Surplus | 56,347,243 | 56,339,709 | 7,534 | 0% | | | |
| Retained Earnings | 1,588,686,081 | 1,333,334,979 | 255,351,102 | 19% | | | |
| Others | (54,679,873) | (27,568,369) | (27,111,504) | -98% | | | |
| Equity Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent | 1,849,657,256 | 1,621,410,124 | 228,247,132 | 14% | | | |
| Total Equity | 1,850,621,999 | 1,622,095,426 | 228,526,573 | 14% | | | |

Note 1: Long-term investments consist of noncurrent financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income, noncurrent financial assets at amortized cost, and investments accounted for using equity method.

Note 2: Other assets consist of deferred income tax assets, refundable deposits, and other noncurrent assets.

• Analysis of Deviation over 20%

Increase in current assets: The increase was mainly due to increase in cash and cash equivalents and inventories.

Increase in right-of-use assets: The increase was mainly due to increase in leases of land.

Increase in intangible assets: The increase was mainly due to increase in technology license and patent.

Increase in other assets: The increase in other assets was mainly due to increase in deferred income tax assets and other noncurrent assets.

Increase in total assets: The increase in total assets was mainly due to increase in current assets and property, plant and equipment. Increase in noncurrent liabilities: The increase was mainly due to issuance of corporate bonds in 2020.

Increase in total liabilities: The increase was mainly due to increase in noncurrent liabilities.

Decrease in other equity: The decrease was mainly due to increase in currency exchange loss arising from translation of foreign operations in 2020.

Major Impact on Financial Position

The above deviations had no major impact on TSMC's financial position.

• Future Plan on Financial Position: Not applicable.

Unconsolidated Links NITE also una als

| Item | 2020 | 2019 | Difference | % |
|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|------|
| Current Assets | 580,949,248 | 355,118,125 | 225,831,123 | 64% |
| Long-term Investments (Note 1) | 565,432,338 | 559,380,999 | 6,051,339 | 1% |
| Property, Plant and Equipment | 1,511,784,556 | 1,310,900,634 | 200,883,922 | 15% |
| Right-of-use Assets | 25,184,827 | 15,030,020 | 10,154,807 | 68% |
| Intangible Assets | 21,733,597 | 16,271,444 | 5,462,153 | 34% |
| Other Assets (Note 2) | 28,420,547 | 18,774,850 | 9,645,697 | 51% |
| Total Assets | 2,733,505,113 | 2,275,476,072 | 458,029,041 | 20% |
| Current Liabilities | 680,529,735 | 605,540,547 | 74,989,188 | 12% |
| Noncurrent Liabilities | 203,318,122 | 48,525,401 | 154,792,721 | 319% |
| Total Liabilities | 883,847,857 | 654,065,948 | 229,781,909 | 35% |
| Capital Stock | 259,303,805 | 259,303,805 | 0 | 0% |
| Capital Surplus | 56,347,243 | 56,339,709 | 7,534 | 0% |
| Retained Earnings | 1,588,686,081 | 1,333,334,979 | 255,351,102 | 19% |
| Others | (54,679,873) | (27,568,369) | (27,111,504) | -98% |
| Total Equity | 1,849,657,256 | 1,621,410,124 | 228,247,132 | 14% |

Note 1: Long-term investments consist of noncurrent financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income and investments accounted for using equity method. Note 2: Other assets consist of deferred income tax assets, refundable deposits, and other noncurrent assets.

• Analysis of Deviation over 20%

Increase in current assets: The increase was mainly due to increase in cash and cash equivalents and inventories. Increase in right-of-use assets: The increase was mainly due to increase in leases of land. Increase in intangible assets: The increase was mainly due to increase in technology license and patent. Increase in other assets: The increase in other assets was mainly due to increase in deferred income tax assets and other noncurrent assets.

Increase in total assets: The increase in total assets was mainly due to increase in current assets and property, plant and equipment. Increase in noncurrent liabilities: The increase was mainly due to issuance of corporate bonds in 2020. Increase in total liabilities: The increase was mainly due to increase in noncurrent liabilities. Decrease in other equity: The decrease was mainly due to increase in currency exchange loss arising from translation of foreign operations in 2020.

Major Impact on Financial Position

The above deviations had no major impact on TSMC's financial position. • Future Plan on Financial Position: Not applicable.

6.2.2 Financial Performance

Consolidated

| Unit: | NT\$ | thousands |
|-------|------|-----------|
| | | |

| Item | 2020 | 2019 | Difference | % |
|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------|
| Net Revenue | 1,339,254,811 | 1,069,985,448 | 269,269,363 | 25% |
| Cost of Revenue | 628,108,309 | 577,286,947 | 50,821,362 | 9% |
| Gross Profit before Realized (Unrealized) Gross Profit on Sales to Associates | 711,146,502 | 492,698,501 | 218,448,001 | 44% |
| Realized (Unrealized) Gross Profit on Sales to Associates | (16,382) | 3,395 | (19,777) | -583% |
| Gross Profit | 711,130,120 | 492,701,896 | 218,428,224 | 44% |
| Operating Expenses | 145,056,549 | 119,504,582 | 25,551,967 | 21% |
| Other Operating Income and Expenses, Net | 710,127 | (496,224) | 1,206,351 | NM |
| Income from Operations | 566,783,698 | 372,701,090 | 194,082,608 | 52% |
| Non-operating Income and Expenses | 17,993,482 | 17,144,246 | 849,236 | 5% |
| Income before Income Tax | 584,777,180 | 389,845,336 | 194,931,844 | 50% |
| Income Tax Expenses | 66,619,098 | 44,501,527 | 22,117,571 | 50% |
| Net Income | 518,158,082 | 345,343,809 | 172,814,273 | 50% |
| Other Comprehensive Loss, Net of Income Tax | (30,321,802) | (11,823,562) | (18,498,240) | -156% |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year | 487,836,280 | 333,520,247 | 154,316,033 | 46% |
| Total Net Income Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent | 517,885,387 | 345,263,668 | 172,621,719 | 50% |
| Total Comprehensive Income Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent | 487,563,478 | 333,440,460 | 154,123,018 | 46% |

Analysis of Deviation over 20%

Increase in net revenue: The increase was mainly attributed to rise in average selling price due to higher advanced technology revenue weighting and increase in wafer shipments during 2020, partially offset by the unfavorable impact of change in foreign exchange rate.

Increase in gross profit before realized (unrealized) gross profit on sales to associates and gross profit. The increase was mainly due to higher capacity utilization and continuing cost improvement in 2020, partially offset by an unfavorable exchange rate and dilution from 5-nanometer products.

Decrease in realized (unrealized) gross profit on sales to associates: The decrease was mainly due to higher sales to investees in the fourth quarter of 2020.

Increase in operating expenses: The increase was mainly due to higher research and development expenditures for advanced technology.

Increase in other operating income and expenses, net: The increase was mainly due to a net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment in 2020 compared to a net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment in 2019.

Increase in income from operations: The increase was mainly due to gross profit increased at a higher rate than the increase in operating expenses.

Increase in income before income tax: The increase was mainly due to higher income from operations.

Increase in income tax expenses, net income and total net income attributable to shareholders of the parent: The increase was mainly due to higher income before income tax in 2020.

Increase in other comprehensive loss, net of income tax: The increase was mainly due to increase in currency exchange loss arising from translation of foreign operations in 2020.

Increase in total comprehensive income for the year and total comprehensive income attributable to shareholders of the parent: The increase was mainly due to higher net income in 2020.

Sales Volume Forecast and Related Information

For additional details, please refer to "1. Letter to Shareholders".

• Major Impact on Financial Performance

The above deviations had no major impact on TSMC's financial performance.

• Future Plan on Financial Performance: Not applicable

Unconsolidated Links NITE also used

| Item | 2020 | 2019 | Difference | % |
|---|---------------|---------------|--------------|-------|
| Net Revenue | 1,314,793,013 | 1,059,646,793 | 255,146,220 | 24% |
| Cost of Revenue | 632,772,608 | 579,507,047 | 53,265,561 | 9% |
| Gross Profit before Realized (Unrealized) Gross Profit on Sales to Subsidiaries and Associates | 682,020,405 | 480,139,746 | 201,880,659 | 42% |
| Realized (Unrealized) Gross Profit on Sales to Subsidiaries and Associates | (16,382) | 3,395 | (19,777) | -583% |
| Gross Profit | 682,004,023 | 480,143,141 | 201,860,882 | 42% |
| Operating Expenses | 139,285,510 | 114,067,919 | 25,217,591 | 22% |
| Other Operating Income and Expenses, Net | 746,994 | (151,230) | 898,224 | NM |
| Income from Operations | 543,465,507 | 365,923,992 | 177,541,515 | 49% |
| Non-operating Income and Expenses | 39,153,435 | 22,821,227 | 16,332,208 | 72% |
| Income before Income Tax | 582,618,942 | 388,745,219 | 193,873,723 | 50% |
| Income Tax Expenses | 64,733,555 | 43,481,551 | 21,252,004 | 49% |
| Net Income | 517,885,387 | 345,263,668 | 172,621,719 | 50% |
| Other Comprehensive Loss, Net of Income Tax | (30,321,909) | (11,823,208) | (18,498,701) | -156% |
| Total Comprehensive Income for the Year | 487,563,478 | 333,440,460 | 154,123,018 | 46% |

Analysis of Deviation over 20%

Increase in net revenue: The increase was mainly attributed to rise in average selling price due to higher advanced technology revenue weighting and increase in wafer shipments during 2020, partially offset by the unfavorable impact of change in foreign exchange rate.

Increase in gross profit before realized (unrealized) gross profit on sales to subsidiaries and associates and gross profit: The increase was mainly due to higher capacity utilization and continuing cost improvement in 2020, partially offset by an unfavorable exchange rate and dilution from 5-nanometer products.

Decrease in realized (unrealized) gross profit on sales to subsidiaries and associates: The decrease was mainly due to higher sales to investees in the fourth quarter of 2020.

Increase in operating expenses: The increase was mainly due to higher research and development expenditures for advanced technology.

Increase in other operating income and expenses, net: The increase was mainly due to a net gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment in 2020 compared to a net loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment in 2019. Increase in income from operations: The increase was mainly due to gross profit increased at a higher rate than the increase in operating expenses.

Increase in non-operating income and expenses: The increase was mainly due to higher share of profits of subsidiaries and associates in 2020.

Increase in income before income tax: The increase was mainly due to higher income from operations. Increase in income tax expenses and net income: The increase was mainly due to higher income before income tax in 2020. Increase in other comprehensive loss, net of income tax: The increase was mainly due to increase in currency exchange loss arising from translation of foreign operations in 2020.

Increase in total comprehensive income for the year: The increase was mainly due to higher net income in 2020. Sales Volume Forecast and Related Information

For additional details, please refer to "1. Letter to Shareholders". Major Impact on Financial Performance

The above deviations had no major impact on TSMC's financial performance.

• Future Plan on Financial Performance: Not applicable.

6.2.3 Cash Flow

Consolidated

Unit: NT\$ thousands

| ĺ | | Net Cash Provided | Net Cash Used in | Net Cash Used in | Effect of Exchange Rate Changes on | Cash Balance 12/31/2020 | Remedy for Liq | uidity Shortfall |
|---|----------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| | Cash Balance 12/31/2019 | by Operating Activities in 2020 | Investing Activities in 2020 | Financing Activities in 2020 | Cash and Cash Equivalents in 2020 | | Investment Plan | Financing Plan |
| | 455,399,336 | 822,666,212 | (505,781,714) | (88,615,087) | (23,498,100) | 660,170,647 | None | None |

Analysis of Cash Flow

NT\$822.7 billion net cash generated by operating activities: mainly include net income, along with depreciation and amortization expenses.

NT\$505.8 billion net cash used in investing activities: primarily for capital expenditures.

NT\$88.6 billion net cash used in financing activities: mainly for cash dividend payment, repayment of corporate bonds and decrease in short-term loans, partially offset by issuance of corporate bonds.

• Remedial Actions for Liquidity Shortfall

As a result of positive operating cash flows and cash on-hand, remedial actions are not required.

• Cash Flow Projection for Next Year: Not applicable.

Unconsolidated

Unit: NT\$ thousands

| Cash Balance | Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities in | Net Cash Used in Investing Activities in | Net Cash Used in Financing Activities in | Cash Balance 12/31/2020 | Remedy for Liq | uidity Shortfall |
|--------------|---|---|---|----------------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 12/31/2019 | 2020 | 2020 | 2020 | | Investment Plan | Financing Plan |
| 141,450,698 | 779,610,148 | (503,670,089) | (114,225,040) | 303,165,717 | None | None |

• Analysis of Cash Flow

NT\$779.6 billion net cash generated by operating activities: mainly include net income, along with depreciation and amortization expenses.

NT\$503.7 billion net cash used in investing activities: primarily for capital expenditures.

NT\$114.2 billion net cash used in financing activities: mainly for cash dividend payment, partially offset by issuance of corporate bonds.

• Remedial Actions for Liquidity Shortfall

As a result of positive operating cash flows and cash on-hand, remedial actions are not required.

• Cash Flow Projection for Next Year: Not applicable.

6.2.4 Recent Years Major Capital Expenditures and Impact on Financial and Business

| Unit: NT\$ thousands | |
|----------------------|--|
|----------------------|--|

| Plan | Actual or Planned Source of Capital | Total Amount for 2020 | Actual Use of Capital | | |
|---|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-------------|--|
| FIGI | Actual of Plainley Source of Capital | and 2019 | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Production Facilities, R&D and Production Equipment | Cash flow generated from operations and issuance of corporate bonds | 952,577,255 | 496,152,977 | 456,424,278 | |
| Others | Cash flow generated from operations | 15,083,617 | 11,085,745 | 3,997,872 | |
| Total | | 967,660,872 | 507,238,722 | 460,422,150 | |

Based on capital expenditures listed above, TSMC's annual production capacity increased by approximately 0.7 million 12-inch equivalent wafers in 2020.

6.2.5 Long-term Equity Investment Policy and Results

TSMC's long-term equity investments accounted for using equity method were all made for strategic purposes. In 2020, the gains from these investments amounted to NT\$3,592,818 thousand on a consolidated basis, increasing from the previous year mainly due to increases in product demand and the mass production of new products. In the future, TSMC's long-term equity investments accounted for using equity method will continue to focus on strategic purposes through prudent assessments.

6.3 Risk Management

The Board of Directors plays a key role in helping the Company identify and manage economic risks. The risk management organization periodically briefs the Audit Committee on the ever-changing risk environment facing TSMC, the key points of the Company's enterprise risk management, and risk assessment and mitigation efforts. The Audit Committee's Chairperson also reports to the Board of Directors on the risk environment and risk mitigation actions to be taken.

TSMC and its subsidiaries are committed to proactively and cost effectively integrating and managing strategic, operational, financial and hazardous risks that represent potential negative consequences to operations and financial results. TSMC operates an enterprise risk management (ERM) program based on both its corporate vision and its long-term, sustainable responsibility to both industry and society. ERM seeks to provide the appropriate management of risks on behalf of all stakeholders. The Company maintains a risk map that assesses likelihood and impact severity of risk events on the Company's operation, and is used to identify and prioritize risk controls and implement various controls and treatment strategies in response to risks as they are identified.

Scope of Risk Management

- Strategic Perspective
- Regulatory change and compliance
- Government policies
- Changes in technology and industry
- Technology development and competition
- Demand and capacity expansion

Operational Perspective

- Sales and purchasing concentration
- Information security
- Intellectual property rights

- Recruitment of qualified personnel
- Corporate image

Financial Perspective

- Interest rate, foreign exchange, inflation, deflation and taxation
- External financing
- High-risk and/or highly leveraged investments; financial derivative transactions
- Strategic investments

Hazardous Events

- Earthquakes and natural hazards
- Fire or chemical spills
- Climate change
- Utility supply

Enterprise Risk Management Framework



To mitigate the operational impacts of crisis events, ERM conducts pre-crisis risk assessment and identifies feasible strategies for crisis prevention. Response procedures and recovery plans are established corresponding to different scenarios. For specific severe crisis events involving multiple TSMC manufacturing sites, the cross-functional central crisis command center composed of operations and support functions is responsible for giving directions and internal coordination to speed up response time and proactively communicate with stakeholders. To raise risk awareness and strengthen risk management culture in TSMC, RM task forces have been formed to enhance risk assessment and conduct crisis response exercises for potential critical events such as fire, earthquake, IT service disruption, IT security breach, supply chain disruption, major yield loss, and utility supply disruption. In order to continuously mitigate corporate risks, crisis response exercises are used to test the integrity of ERM and effectiveness of risk controls.

To mitigate supply chain disruption risks, TSMC has created a task force comprised of members from fab operations. materials management, risk management and guality systems management to work with suppliers to develop business continuity plans and enhance supply chain resilience. Partly as a result of these efforts, there were no interruptions in TSMC's supply chain in 2020.

As production capacity continues to expand with more advanced technology, TSMC has initiated and implemented seismic protection engineering design, risk treatment practices and green manufacturing projects during the design phase of all new fabs.

6.3.1 Risk Management Organization Chart

TSMC's risk management organization reports annually to the Audit Committee on the risk environment TSMC faces, the key points of enterprise risk management, and risk assessment and mitigation efforts. The Audit Committee Chairperson also reports to the Board on these discussions and actions.



Organization Functions RM Steering Committee

- Consists of functional heads (with internal audit head sitting as an observer)
- Reports to the Audit Committee
- Reviews risk control progress
- Identifies and approves prioritization of risk controls

RM Executive Council

- Consists of representatives from each function
- Determines and implements cost-effective risk controls
- Improves risk management transparency and how risks are managed

RM Program

- Supports RM task forces to enhance effective risk controls
- Coordinates and facilitates RM Executive Council on risk management activities
- Consolidates ERM reports and provides updates to the RM Steering Committee

RM Task Force

- Identifies potential scenarios and business impact
- Determines risk mitigation actions in accordance with risk scenarios
- Establishes crisis management procedures and conducts exercises

6.3.2 Strategic Risks

Risks Associated with Changes in Technology and Industry

Industry Developments

The electronics industries and semiconductor market are cyclical and subject to significant and often rapid fluctuations in product demand, which could impact TSMC's semiconductor foundry business. Variations in order levels from customers may result in volatility in the Company's revenue and earnings.

From time to time, the electronics and semiconductor industries have experienced significant, and occasionally prolonged periods of downturns and overcapacity. Because TSMC is, and will continue to be, dependent on the requirements of electronics and semiconductor companies for its services, periods of downturns and overcapacity in the general electronics and semiconductor industries could lead to reduced demand for overall semiconductor foundry services, including TSMC's services. If TSMC cannot take appropriate actions such as reducing its costs to sufficiently offset declines in demand, the Company's revenue, margin, and earnings will likely suffer during periods of downturns and overcapacity.

Changes in Technology

The semiconductor industry and its technologies are constantly changing. TSMC competes by developing process technologies using increasingly advanced nodes and on manufacturing products with more functions. The Company also competes by developing new derivative technologies. If TSMC does not anticipate these changes in technologies and rapidly develop new and innovative technologies, or the Company's competitors unforeseeably gain sudden access to additional technologies, TSMC may not be able to provide foundry services on competitive terms. In addition, TSMC's customers have significantly decreased the time in which their products or services are launched into the market. If TSMC is unable to meet these shorter product time-to-market, it risks losing these customers. These factors have also been intensified by the shift of the global technology market to consumer driven products, such as smartphones, and increasing competition and concentration of customers (all further discussed among these risk factors).

Also, the uncertainty and instability inherent in advanced technologies also impose challenges for achieving expected product quality and product yield. If TSMC fails to maintain quality, it may result in loss of revenue and additional cost, as well as loss of business or customer trust. For example, in January 2019, the Company discovered yield problems in 12-nanometer and 16-nanometer wafers caused by a batch of photoresist, which resulted in delayed delivery of products and had a negative effect on TSMC's gross margin and operating margin in the first guarter of 2019. To reduce future risks of such incidences, the Company has since strengthened inline wafer inspection and tightened control of incoming material to deal with the increasing complexity of leading-edge technologies. If TSMC is unable to innovate new technologies factors, it may become less competitive and its revenue may decline significantly.

that meet the demand of its customers or overcome the above Furthermore, the Company's competitors may, from time to time, also decide to undertake aggressive pricing initiatives in one or several technology nodes. These competitive activities may decrease TSMC's customer base, or its ASP, or both. If Regarding the response measures for the above-mentioned TSMC is unable to compete effectively with these new and risks, please refer to "2.2.4 TSMC Position, Differentiation and aggressive competitors on technology, manufacturing capacity, Strategy" on pages 15-17 of this annual report. product quality and customer satisfaction, it risks losing customers to these new contenders.

Risks Associated with Decrease in Demand and Average Selling Price

A vast majority of the Company's revenue is derived from customers who use TSMC products in smartphones, high performance computing (HPC), Internet of Things (IoT), automotive electronics, and digital consumer electronics (DCE). Any deterioration in or a slowdown in the growth of such end markets resulting in a substantial decrease in the demand for overall global semiconductor foundry services,

including TSMC products and services, could adversely affect the Company's revenue. Further, semiconductor manufacturing facilities require substantial investment to construct and are largely fixed-cost assets once they are in operation. Because the Company owns most of its manufacturing capacities, a significant portion of our operating costs is fixed. In general, these costs do not decline when customer demand or our capacity utilization rates drop, and thus declines in customer demand, among other factors, may significantly decrease our margins. Conversely, as product demand rises and factory utilization increases, the fixed costs are spread over increased output, which can improve our margins. In addition, the historical and current trend of declining average selling prices (or "ASP") of end use applications places downward pressure on the prices of the components that go into such applications. If the ASP of end use applications continues decreasing, the pricing pressure on components produced by TSMC may lead to a reduction of its revenue, margin and earnings.

Risks Associated with Competition

The markets for TSMC's foundry services are highly competitive. The Company competes with other foundry service providers, as well as a number of integrated device manufacturers. Some of these companies may have access to more advanced technologies than TSMC. Other companies may have greater financial and other resources than TSMC, such as the possibility of receiving direct or indirect government subsidies, economic stimulus funds, or other incentives that may be unavailable to TSMC. For example, Chinese companies are expected to be key players for new semiconductor fab development and fab equipment spending in part due to various incentives provided by the Chinese government.

Risks Associated with Changes in the Government **Policies and Regulatory Environment** TSMC management closely monitors all domestic and foreign government policies and regulations that might impact its business and financial condition. During 2020 and as of the date of this Annual Report, there were no government policies or regulatory changes would materially impact TSMC's operations or financial condition.

6.3.3 Operational Risks

Risks Associated with Capacity Expansion TSMC performs long-term market demand forecast for its products and services to manage its overall capacity. Based on market demand forecasts, TSMC has continued to add capacity to meet market needs for its products and services. Currently, TSMC's capacity expansion plans include installing and increasing production capacity, mainly for 5-nanometer and 3-nanometer nodes, expanding its production facilities in the Southern Taiwan Science Park and building a 300mm wafer fab in Arizona.

Implementing these capacity expansion plans will increase its costs, and the increases may be substantial. For example, the Company would need to build new facilities, purchase additional equipment and hire and train personnel to operate the new equipment. If TSMC does not increase its net revenue accordingly, its financial performance may be adversely affected by these increased costs.

In addition, market conditions are dynamic and TSMC's market demand forecast may change significantly at any time. During periods of decreased demand, certain manufacturing lines or tools in some of the Company's manufacturing facilities may be suspended or shut down temporarily. However, if subsequent demand increases rapidly over a short period of time, TSMC may not be able to restore the capacity in a timely manner to take advantage of the upturn. In such circumstances, its financial performance and competitiveness may be adversely affected.

In order to mitigate the risk associated with capacity expansion, TSMC continuously watches for changes in market conditions and works closely with its customers. When market demand is not as expected, the Company tries to adjust its capacity plans in a timely manner to reduce the impact on its financial performance.

Risks Associated with Sales Concentration Over the years, TSMC's customer profile and the nature of the Company's customers' business have changed dramatically. While the Company generates revenue from hundreds of customers worldwide, TSMC's ten largest customers in 2018, 2019 and 2020 accounted for approximately 68%, 71% and 74% of TSMC's net revenue in the respective year. TSMC's largest customer in 2018, 2019 and 2020 accounted for approximately 22%, 23% and 25% of the Company's net revenue in the respective year. TSMC's second largest customer for each particular year accounted for less than 10% of its net revenue in 2018, 14% and 12% of its net revenue in 2019 and 2020, respectively.

A more concentrated customer base will subject TSMC's revenue to seasonal demand fluctuations from the Company's large customers and cause different seasonal patterns of the Company's business. This customer concentration results in part from the changing dynamics of the electronics industry with the structural shift to mobile devices and applications and software that provide the content for such devices. There are only a limited number of customers who are successfully exploiting this new business model paradigm.

Also, TSMC has seen the changes of nature in the Company's customers' business models in response to this new business model paradigm. For example, there is a growing trend toward the system companies developing their own designs and working directly with semiconductor foundries, which makes their products and services more marketable in a changing consumer market. Also, since the global semiconductor industry is becoming increasingly competitive, some of TSMC's customers have engaged in industry consolidations in order to remain competitive. Such consolidations have taken the form of mergers and acquisitions. If more of TSMC's major customers consolidate, this will further decrease the overall number of the Company's customer pool. In addition, regulatory restrictions such as export control directed at TSMC's major customers could impact the Company's ability to supply products to those customers, reduce those customers' demand for TSMC's products and services and impact their business operations. The loss of, or significant curtailment of purchases by, one or more of the Company's top customers, including curtailments due to increased competitive pressures, industry consolidation, changes in applicable regulatory restrictions, product designs, manufacturing sourcing policies or practices of these customers, or the timing of customer or distributor inventory adjustments, or change in its major customers' business models may adversely affect TSMC's results of operations and financial condition.

Risks Associated with Purchasing Concentration • Raw Materials

TSMC's production operations require that it obtain adequate supplies of raw materials, such as silicon wafers, gases, chemicals, and photoresist, on a timely basis and at commercially reasonable prices. In the past, shortages in the supply of some materials, whether by specific vendors or by the semiconductor industry generally, have resulted in

occasional industry-wide price adjustments and delivery delays. Moreover, major natural disasters, trade barriers and political or economic turmoil occurring within the country of origin of such raw materials may also significantly disrupt the availability of such raw materials or increase their prices. Also, since TSMC procures some of its raw materials from sole-sourced suppliers. there is a risk that the Company's needs for such raw materials may not be met or that back-up supplies may not be readily available. In addition, recent trade tensions could result in increased prices or even unavailability of raw materials due to tariffs, export control or other non-tariff barriers. TSMC's revenue and earnings could decline if the Company is unable to obtain adequate supplies of the necessary raw materials in a timely manner or if there are significant increases in the costs of raw materials. To reduce the supply chain risk and to manage the cost effectively, TSMC commits resources toward developing new supply sources. In addition, the Company continually encourages its suppliers to reduce their supply chain risk by decentralizing production plants and to improve their cost competitiveness by moving their production facilities to Taiwan from higher-cost areas.

Given that qualified backup suppliers are hard to find, TSMC engages early and extensively with primary suppliers on managing quality and capacity issues to be prepared for any unexpected need to ramp up or curtail production when the Company lacks sufficient time to re-tune its production process. For leading technology nodes, TSMC not only adopts world-class processes and facilities but also requires world-class materials. To streamline supply chain risk management, the Company has increased supplier site audits and meetings to extend supply chain best practices to its upstream suppliers. In addition, in response to the rapid increase or decrease in production capacity of new products, TSMC has continued to improve its inventory monitoring system to achieve more accurate demand forecasts and ensure that the supply chain maintains sufficient inventory levels. The Company has established a supply chain risk assessment to ensure critical suppliers meet standards in labor, ethics, ESH (Environmental, Safety and Health) and BCP (Business Continuity Plan). Onsite audits are conducted regularly to empower these suppliers to take responsibility for their supply chain as any regulatory violations or adverse environmental impact event, or failure to meet sustainability requirements could result in business reduction or termination.

• Equipment

The Company's operations and ongoing expansion plans depend on its ability to obtain an appropriate amount of

equipment and related services from a limited number of suppliers in a market that is characterized from time to time by limited supply and long delivery cycles. During such times, supplier-specific or industry-wide lead times for delivery can be as long as six months or more. To better manage its supply chain, the Company has implemented various business models and risk management contingencies with suppliers to shorten the procurement lead time. Further, growing complexities, especially in advanced lithographic technologies, may delay the timely availability of the equipment and parts needed to exploit time-sensitive business opportunities and also increase the market price for such equipment and parts. Additionally, ongoing trade tensions or protectionist measures could result in increased prices for, or even unavailability of, key equipment, including as a result of necessary export licenses being delayed or denied, additional export control measures, and other tariff or non-tariff barriers. If TSMC is unable to obtain equipment in a timely manner to fulfill its customers' demand on technology and production capacity, or at a reasonable cost, its financial condition and results of operations could be negatively impacted.

Risks Associated with IT Security

Even though TSMC has established a comprehensive internet and computing security network, it cannot guarantee that its computing systems which control or maintain vital corporate functions, such as its manufacturing operations and enterprise accounting, would be completely immune to crippling cyberattacks by any third party attempting to gain unauthorized access to its internal network systems, to sabotage its operations and goodwill or otherwise. In the event of a serious cyberattack, TSMC's systems may lose important corporate data or its production lines may be shut down pending the resolution of such attack. While TSMC seeks to continuously review and assess its cybersecurity policies and procedures to ensure their adequacy and effectiveness, the Company cannot guarantee that it will not be susceptible to new and emerging risks and attacks in the evolving landscape of cybersecurity threats. Hackers behind these cyberattacks may also attempt to steal TSMC trade secrets and other sensitive information, such as proprietary information of its customers and other stakeholders and personal information of its emplovees.

Malicious hackers may also try to introduce computer viruses, corrupted software or ransomware into TSMC's network systems to disrupt our operations, blackmail the Company to regain control of our computing systems, or spy on it for sensitive information. These attacks may result in TSMC having to pay damages for its delayed or disrupted orders or incur significant expenses in implementing remedial and improvement measures to enhance its cybersecurity network, and may also expose the Company to significant legal liabilities arising from or related to legal proceedings or regulatory investigations associated with, among other things, leakage of employee, customer or third-party information which the company has an obligation to keep confidential.

In the past, TSMC experienced and may in the future be subject to attack by malicious software contained in the equipment the Company purchases and installs. TSMC has implemented and continually updated rigorous cybersecurity measures to prevent and minimize harm caused by such attacks. These measures include advanced virus scanning tools to prevent a fab from installing virus-infected tools, strengthening firewall and network controls to prevent computer viruses from spreading among tools and fabs, and the installation of anti-virus and advanced malware detection solutions across our computer devices. In addition, TSMC has deployed secure PCs and laptops, developed a public cloud security policy, introduced new technology for data protection, and improved email phishing detection. TSMC also established an integrated and automatic security operation platform, and it regularly perform employee awareness testing and conduct external security risk assessments. While these ongoing enhancements further improve Company's cybersecurity defense solutions, there can be no assurance that the Company is immune to cyberattacks.

In addition, TSMC employs certain third-party service providers for the Company and its affiliates worldwide with whom it needs to share highly sensitive and confidential information to enable them to provide the relevant services. Despite that the Company requires the third-party service providers to comply with the confidentiality and/or internet security requirements in its service agreements with them, there is no assurance that each of them will strictly fulfill such obligations, or at all. The on-site network systems of and the off-site cloud computing networks such as servers maintained by such service providers and/or its contractors are also subject to risks associated with cyberattacks. If TSMC or its service providers are not able to timely resolve the respective technical difficulties caused by such cyberattacks, or ensure the integrity and availability of its data (and data belonging to its customers and other third parties) or control of its or its service providers' computing systems, the Company's commitments to its customers and other stakeholders may be materially impaired and its results of operations, financial condition, prospects and reputation may also be materially and adversely affected as a result.

Risks Associated with Intellectual Property Rights The Company's ability to compete successfully and to achieve future growth depends in part on the continued strength of its intellectual property portfolio. While we actively enforce and protect our intellectual property rights, there can be no assurance that its efforts will be adequate to prevent the misappropriation or improper use of its proprietary technologies, software, trade secrets or know-how. Also, the Company cannot assure you that, as its business or business models expand into new areas, it will be able to develop independently the technologies, patents, software, trade secrets or know-how necessary to conduct its business or that it can do so without unknowingly infringing the intellectual property rights of others. As a result, TSMC may have to rely on, to a certain degree, licensed technologies and patent licenses from others. To the extent that the Company relies on licenses from others, there can be no assurance that it will be able to obtain any or all of the necessary licenses in the future on terms it considers reasonable or at all. The lack of necessary licenses could expose TSMC to claims for damages and/or injunctions from third parties, as well as claims for indemnification by its customers in instances where it has contractually agreed to indemnify its customers against damages resulting from infringement claims.

TSMC has received, from time to time, communications from third parties, including non-practicing entities and semiconductor companies, asserting that TSMC's technologies, its manufacturing processes, or the design IPs of the semiconductors made by TSMC or the use of those semiconductors by its customers may infringe their patents or other intellectual property rights. Because of the nature of the industry, its market position, and the expansion of its manufacturing operations in foreign jurisdictions, the Company may receive an increased number of such communications in the future. The assertions made and lawsuits initiated by litigious, well-funded, non-practicing entities are particularly aggressive in their monetary demand and in seeking court-issued injunctions. Such lawsuits and assertions may increase TSMC's cost of doing business and may potentially be extremely disruptive if these asserting entities succeed in blocking the trade of products made and services offered by TSMC. Also, with the Company's expansion of its manufacturing operations into certain non-R.O.C. jurisdictions, it has faced increased challenges in managing risks of intellectual property misappropriation. Despite our efforts to adopt robust measures to mitigate the risk of intellectual property misappropriation in such new jurisdictions, we cannot guarantee that the protection measures we adopted will be

sufficient to prevent us from potential infringements by others, or at all.

If TSMC fails to obtain or maintain certain technologies or intellectual property licenses or fails to prevent our intellectual property from being misappropriated and, if litigation relating to alleged intellectual property matters occurs, it could: (1) prevent the Company from manufacturing particular products or selling particular services or applying particular technologies; and (2) reduce our ability to compete effectively against entities benefiting from our misappropriated intellectual property, which could reduce its opportunities to generate revenue.

TSMC has taken related measures to minimize potential loss of shareholder value arising from intellectual property claims and litigation filed against the Company. These measures include: strategically obtaining licenses from certain semiconductor and other technology companies as needed; timely securing intellectual property rights originating within and outside of TSMC for defensive and/or offensive protection of TSMC technology and business; and aggressively defending against baseless litigation.

Risks Associated with Litigious and Non-litigious Matters As is the case with many companies in the semiconductor industry, we have received from time to time communications from third parties asserting that its technologies, its manufacturing processes, or the design of the semiconductors made by TSMC or the use of those semiconductors by its customers may infringe upon their patents or other intellectual property rights. These assertions have at times resulted in litigation by or against the Company and settlement payments by the Company. Irrespective of the validity of these claims, TSMC could incur significant costs in the defense thereof or could suffer adverse effects on its operations. TSMC is also subject to antitrust compliance requirements and scrutiny by governmental regulators in multiple jurisdictions. Any adverse results of such proceeding or other similar proceedings that may arise in those jurisdictions could harm TSMC's business and distract its management, and thereby have a material adverse effect on its results of operations or prospects, and subject TSMC to potential significant legal liability.

Currently, TSMC's material legal proceedings are as follows:

On September 28, 2017, TSMC was contacted by the European Commission (the "Commission"), which asked us for information and documents concerning alleged anti-competitive practices in relation to semiconductor sales.

We cooperated continuously with the Commission to provide the requested information and documents. The Commission subsequently decided to close the investigation in May 2020.

Other than the matters described above, as of the date of this Annual Report, TSMC is not currently a party to any other material legal proceedings.

- Risks Associated with Mergers and Acquisitions
 In 2020 and as of the date of this annual report, TSMC did not conduct any merger or acquisition.
- **Risks Associated with Recruiting Quality Personnel** TSMC relies on the continued services and contributions of its management team skilled technical and professional personnel. The Company's business could suffer from the inability to fulfill personnel needs with high quality professionals in a timely fashion caused by the loss of personnel, illegal talent poaching, or related changes in market demand for its products and services. Since there is fierce competition for talent recruitment, the Company cannot ensure timely fulfillment of its personnel demand.
- In order to reduce the risk of talent recruitment, TSMC encourages job rotation and implements on-the-job training and certification system. In this way, employees can learn and enhance their work efficiency in the actual work field.
 Moreover, TSMC creates multiple recruitment channels and continues to hire top-notch talents from Taiwan and overseas.
 TSMC recruits diversified and various special professional talents, and at the same time strengthen industry-academic cooperation. Grasp outstanding talents earlier can help TSMC recruit them in the future.

Future R&D Plans and Expected R&D Spending For additional details, see "5.2.7 Future R&D Plans" on page 86-87 of this annual report.

Changes in Corporate Reputation and Impact on Company's Crisis Management

TSMC has established an excellent corporate reputation around the world based on its core values of integrity, commitment, innovation and customer trust. The Company's positive image also reflects outstanding operations, rigorous corporate governance and dedication to social responsibility by serving as a good corporate citizen. TSMC continues to pursue innovation in the economic, environmental and social dimensions of CSR.

In 2020, TSMC was honored with numerous awards for achievements in operations, corporate governance, patents, profit growth, investor relations, environmental protection, corporate sustainability and other fields. These included: the Taiwan Institute for Sustainable Energy 2020 Taiwan Corporate Sustainability Awards' Most Prestigious Sustainability Award, Platinum Medal For Sustainability Report, Sustainable Water Management Award, Climate Leader Award, and Supply Chain Management Award; First Place in *CommonWealth* Magazine's Excellence in Corporate Social Responsibility Award for Large-Cap companies; ranked top 5% in the Taiwan Stock Exchange corporate governance evaluation; member of Fortune Magazine's 2020 World's Most Admired Companies and the 2020 Global 500; the R.O.C. Ministry of Economic Affairs Industrial Development Bureau's Green Factory Label and Energy Conservation Benchmark Award; the R.O.C. Environmental Protection Administration's Enterprise Green Procurement Award: Membership in the Corporate Knights 100 Most Sustainable Corporations for 2020; ranked No.1 in the 2020 Carbon Clean 200 list by Corporate Knights and As You Sow; Membership in the Wall Street Journal's 100 Most Sustainably Managed Companies; and named Most Impactful Pioneer in the 2020 RE100 Leadership Awards. In addition, TSMC was selected as a part of the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices for the 20th consecutive year.

TSMC adheres to its vision of uplifting society, and applies technology and innovation to help humanity overcome many challenges. As TSMC strives to excel in corporate social responsibility, the Company also encourages employees to make innovative breakthroughs in how they think about things and do things, as well as nurture their empathy and broaden their horizons. In 2020, the Corporate Social Responsibility Executive Committee, led by Chairman Dr. Mark Liu, held the first "TSMC CSR AWARD," taking tangible action to encourage all employees to propose ideas for sustainability in the five strategic directions of corporate social responsibility, including green manufacturing, building a responsible supply chain, creating an inclusive workplace, talent development, and caring for the underprivileged. The award further motivates TSMC colleagues to think innovatively about their work, implement corporate social responsibility, and build further on the Company's positive corporate reputation.

With its global reputation in mind, TSMC employs numerous preventative measures to address potential risks from earthquakes, fires, IT service disruption, yield loss, information security, supply chain disruption, pandemics, environmental

events, and utility supply disruption. TSMC sets crisis response and recovery measures according to possible crisis events and maintains a "TSMC crisis command center control instruction" as well as a "TSMC emergency response procedure" to establish its emergency response command structure. TSMC also holds regular exercises for crisis scenarios to ensure that crisis response procedures are comprehensive.

TSMC holds regular monthly meetings of the Environment, Safety and Health Committee, which coordinates relevant departments in each fab to conduct regular emergency response drills and continuously improve their notification and operational procedures to ensure clear channels of communication to stakeholders in crisis management, with the public relations department serving as the designated gateway for external communications.

In the event of an emergency, all departments immediately deploy emergency response measures to eliminate or minimize impact on personnel safety, the surrounding environment, company property and manufacturing operations. Responders also alert the public relations department at the earliest stages of response to ensure timely, clear and consistent communication regarding the situation.

Risks Associated with Change in Management During 2020 and as of the date of this Annual Report, there were no such risks for TSMC.

6.3.4 Financial Risks

Economic Risks

Interest Rate Fluctuation

TSMC is exposed to interest rate risks primarily related to its investment portfolio and outstanding debt. Changes in interest rates affect the interest earned on the Company's cash and cash equivalents and fixed income securities, the fair value of those securities, as well as the interest paid on its debt.

The objective of TSMC's investment policy is to achieve a return that will allow the Company to preserve principal and support liquidity requirements. The policy generally requires the Company to invest in securities with investment grade and limits the amount of credit exposure to any one issuer. TSMC's cash and cash equivalents as well as fixed income investments in both fixed- and floating-rate securities carry a degree of interest rate risk. The majority of TSMC's fixed income investments are fixed-rate securities, which are classified as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive

income, and may have their fair value adversely affected due to a rise in interest rates. At the same time, if interest rates fall, cash and cash equivalents as well as floating-rate securities may generate less interest income than expected.

TSMC has entered and may in the future enter into interest rate futures to partially hedge the interest rate risk on its fixed income investments. However, these hedges can offset only a small portion of the financial impact from movements in interest rates.

All of the Company's short-term debt is floating-rate, hence a rise in interest rates may result in higher interest expense than expected. The majority of its long-term debt is fixed-rate and measured at amortized cost and as such, changes in interest rates would not affect the future cash flows and the carrying amount.

Certain of TSMC's fixed income investments and short-term debt are primarily based on the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR), which is expected to be replaced by other benchmark rates after 2021. TSMC cannot predict the consequences and timing of these developments, or whether such a transition might cause a reduction in its interest income and/or an increase in its interest expense.

• Foreign Exchange Volatility

Substantially all of TSMC's sales are denominated in U.S. dollars and over half of its capital expenditures are denominated in currencies other than NT dollars, primarily in U.S. dollars, Euros, and Japanese ven. As a result, any significant fluctuations to its disadvantage in the exchange rate of the NT dollar against such currencies, in particular a weakening of the U.S. dollar against the NT dollar, would have an adverse impact on the Company's revenue and operating profit as expressed in NT dollars. For example, every one percent depreciation of the U.S. dollar against the NT dollar would result in an approximately 0.4 percentage point decrease in the Company's operating margin based on its 2020 results.

Conversely, if the U.S. dollar appreciates significantly versus other major currencies, the demand for the products and services of TSMC's customers and for TSMC's goods and services will likely decrease, which will negatively affect the Company's revenue.

TSMC uses foreign currency derivative contracts, such as currency forwards or currency swaps, to protect against currency exchange rate risks associated with non-NT-dollar-

denominated assets and liabilities and certain forecasted transactions. These hedges reduce, but do not entirely eliminate, the effect of foreign currency exchange rate movements on its assets and liabilities.

Fluctuations in the exchange rate between the U.S. dollar and the NT dollar may affect the U.S. dollar value of the Company's common shares and the market price of the Company's American Depositary Shares (ADSs) and of any cash dividends paid in NT dollar on TSMC's common shares represented by ADSs.

Inflation

In 2020 and as of the date of this annual report, inflation had no material impact on TSMC's operations, or the business operations of its customers and suppliers.

- Amendments to Tax Regulations or Implementation of New Tax Laws
- Any amendments to existing tax regulations or the implementation of any new tax laws in the jurisdictions in which TSMC operates its business may have an adverse effect on its net income.

While the Company is subject to tax laws and regulations in various jurisdictions in which it operates or conducts business, TSMC's principal operations are in the R.O.C. and it is exposed primarily to taxes levied by the R.O.C. government.

Any unfavorable changes of tax laws and regulations in this iurisdiction could increase TSMC's effective tax rate and have an adverse effect on its operating results.

In order to control tax risk, the Company closely monitors all domestic and foreign governmental policies and regulations that might impact its financial operations. TSMC has established risk management procedures to collect information, analyze potential tax implications, and develop countermeasures.

Risks Associated with External Financing In times of market instability, sufficient external financing may not be available to the Company on a timely basis, on commercially reasonable terms to the Company, or at all. If sufficient external financing is not available when TSMC needs such financing to meet its capital requirements, the Company may be forced to curtail its expansion, modify plans or delay the deployment of new or expanded services until it obtains such financing.

Risks Associated with High-Risk/Highly Leveraged Investments; Lending, Endorsements, and Guarantees for Other Parties: and Financial Derivative Transactions In 2020 and as of the date of this annual report. TSMC made no high-risk or highly leveraged financial investments.

In 2020 and as of the date of this annual report, TSMC has provided guarantees to TSMC Global, a wholly-owned subsidiary of TSMC, for its issuances of US dollar-denominated senior unsecured bonds in amounts not to exceed US\$7.5 billion in total. Among which, US\$3 billion senior unsecured bonds were already issued in September 2020. Since 2014, TSMC has provided a guarantee of no more than US\$83.21 million to TSMC North America, a wholly owned subsidiary of TSMC, for its obligation to an office leasing contract. Since 2020, TSMC Japan Limited has provided a guarantee of no more than JPY1,320 million to TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc., a wholly-owned subsidiary of TSMC, for its obligation to an office leasing contract.

As of February 28, 2021, there were RMB 4.8 billion outstanding intercompany loans between TSMC's subsidiaries, and US\$3.1 billion outstanding intercompany loans between TSMC and its subsidiary. All intercompany loans were in compliance with relevant rules and regulations.

All derivative financial transactions entered in 2020 by TSMC were strictly for hedging and not for trading or speculative purposes. For more transaction information and risk assessment, please refer to Note 7, Note 10, and Note 32 of the annual report section (II), Financial Statements.

To manage risks of various financial transactions, TSMC has established internal control policies and procedures based on sound financial and business practices, all in compliance with the relevant rules and regulations issued by the Taiwan Securities and Futures Bureau. TSMC's policies and procedures include "Procedures for Financial Derivatives Transactions," "Procedures for Lending Funds to Other Parties," "Procedures for Acquisition or Disposal of Assets," and "Procedures for Endorsement and Guarantee".

Risks Associated with Impairment Charges Under Taiwan-IFRSs, TSMC is required to evaluate its tangible assets, right-of-use assets and intangible assets for impairment whenever triggering events or changes in circumstances indicate that the asset may be impaired. If certain criteria are met, TSMC is required to record an impairment charge. TSMC

is not able to estimate the extent or timing of any impairment charge for future years. Any impairment charge required may have a material adverse effect on the Company's net income.

The determination of an impairment charge at any given time is mainly based on the projected results of operations over several years subsequent to that time. Consequently, an impairment charge is more likely to occur during a period when the Company's operating results are otherwise already depressed. See "Note 5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION AND UNCERTAINTY" in Annual Report section (II), Financial Statements for a discussion of how TSMC assesses if an impairment charge is required and, if so, how the amount is determined.

6.3.5 Hazardous Risks and Utility Supply Interruption or **Shortage Risks**

The frequency and severity of disruptive events, including damaging earthquakes, other natural disasters and severe weather, have been increasing in part due to climate change or systemic regional geological changes. TSMC has manufacturing and other operations in locations subject to natural disasters such as flooding, earthquakes, tsunamis, typhoons and droughts that may cause interruptions or shortages in the supply of utilities, such as water and electricity, which in turn could disrupt operations. For example, in 2021, Taiwan has faced one of the worst droughts in decades. Government restrictions on supply and usage of water by industrial companies such as TSMC in response to such severe weather events could also disrupt our operations. In addition, TSMC's suppliers and customers also have operations in such locations. For example, most of TSMC's production facilities, as well as those of many of its suppliers and customers and upstream providers of complementary semiconductor manufacturing services, are located in Taiwan and Japan, areas susceptible to earthquakes, tsunamis, flooding, typhoons, and droughts from time to time that may cause shortages in electricity or water, or interruptions to the Company's operations.

Thus, if one or more natural disasters that result in a prolonged disruption to TSMC's operations or those of its customers or suppliers, or if any of its fabs or vendor facilities were to be damaged or cease operations as a result of an explosion or fire, it could reduce the Company's manufacturing capacity and cause the loss of important customers and thereby have an adverse and material impact on its operational and financial performance.

TSMC has occasionally suffered power outages or surges in and to meet customers' needs could be materially adversely Taiwan caused by difficulties encountered by its electricity affected. supplier, the Taiwan Power Company, or other power consumers on the same power grid. Some of these have TSMC maintains a comprehensive risk management system resulted in interruptions to TSMC operations. Such shortages or dedicated to the safety of people, the conservation of interruptions in electricity supply could further be exacerbated natural resources and the protection of property. In order by changes in the energy policy of the government, which to cope effectively with emergencies and natural disasters, intends to make Taiwan a nuclear-free country by 2025. If the management at each facility has developed comprehensive Company is unable to secure reliable and uninterrupted supply plans and procedures that focus on risk prevention, emergency of electricity to power its manufacturing fabs within Taiwan, its response, crisis management and business continuity. All TSMC manufacturing fabs have been ISO 14001 certified ability to fill customers' orders would be severely jeopardized. (environmental management system) and ISO 45001 certified If such events were to occur over prolonged periods of (occupational health and safety management system). All manufacturing fabs in Taiwan have also been TOSHMS (Taiwan time, TSMC's operations and financial performance may be materially adversely affected. Occupational Safety and Health Management System) certified. New fabs will also attain the above certifications within 18 months after acquiring factory registration certification. Future expansions of TSMC's operations in the R.O.C. could be

limited by shortages in water and electricity, and the limited availability of commercial-use land.

The ongoing COVID-19 pandemic may materially adversely affect TSMC business and results of operations in several ways, including but not limited to: (1) interruption of the operations of TSMC's supply chains for equipment, parts and materials in terms of manufacturing, logistics, and manpower arrangements for tool installation; (2) significant fluctuation in TSMC customers' demands for certain products, leading to uncertainties for TSMC's capacity planning and also for meeting customers' demand, which may harm TSMC's business with customers and subject TSMC to risks of legal disputes; and (3) potential production delays for TSMC's products due to forced factory or office closures or partial operation.

The Company has implemented various measures to address the abovementioned risks, including but not limited to, health management of TSMC's employees, management of production inventory, supply chain risk management, and capacity management for demand changes. TSMC has formed an "Epidemic Prevention Committee" to identify. implement and monitor such actions as required by the dynamic exigencies arising from the pandemic. As of the date of this annual report, TSMC's current business and results of operations have not been materially affected by the pandemic, partially due to such trends as work-from-home and distance learning emerged to help accelerate the digital transformation. However, there is no certainty that the measures the Company has taken will be sufficient to mitigate the risks posed by COVID-19, and TSMC's ability to perform critical functions

TSMC has further strengthened its business continuity plans, which include periodic risk assessment, risk mitigation, and implementation through the establishment of emergency taskforces when necessary, combined with the preparation of a thorough analysis of an emergency, its impact, alternative actions, and solutions for each possible scenario together with appropriate precautionary and/or recovery measures. Each taskforce is given the responsibility of ensuring TSMC's ability to minimize personal injury, business disruption and financial impact under the circumstances. TSMC periodically reviews its business continuity plans and revise it according to exercise results and implementation.

In response to the impact of the earthquake that occurred in Taiwan, TSMC continued to improve its earthquake emergency response, tool anchorage and seismic isolation facilities, and readiness for tool salvage and production recovery. These improvements have also been integrated into new fab design. TSMC business continuity procedures were further enhanced through the compliance with ISO 22301.

TSMC and many of its suppliers use combustible and toxic materials in their manufacturing processes and are therefore subject to risks that cannot be completely eliminated arising from explosion, fire, or environmental influences. Although the Company maintains many overlapping risk prevention and protection systems, as well as fire and casualty insurance, TSMC's risk management and insurance coverage may not always be sufficient to cover all of the Company's potential losses. If any of TSMC's fabs or vendor facilities were to be damaged or cease operations as a result of an explosion,

fire or environmental causes, it could reduce the Company's manufacturing capacity leading to the loss of important sales and customers and as a negative impact on TSMC's financial performance. In addition to periodic fire-protection inspections and firefighting drills, the Company has also carried out a corporate-wide fire risk mitigation project focused on managerial and hardware improvements.

6.3.6 Risks Regarding Non-Compliance with Export **Control, Environmental and Climate Change** Related Laws, Regulations and Accords, and Failure to Timely Obtain Requisite Approvals Necessary for **Conducting Business**

Because TSMC engages in manufacturing activities in multiple jurisdictions and conducts business with its customers located worldwide, such activities are subject to a myriad of governmental regulations. For example, the manufacturing, assembling and testing of TSMC's products require the use of metals, chemicals, and materials that are subject to environmental, climate-related, health and safety, and humanitarian conflict-free sourcing laws, regulations and quidelines issued worldwide.

The Company's failure to comply with any such laws or regulations, as amended from time to time, and its failure to comply with any information and document sharing requests from the relevant authorities in a timely manner could result in:

- significant penalties and legal liabilities, such as the denial of import or export permits or third-party private lawsuits. criminal or administrative proceedings;
- the temporary or permanent suspension of production of the affected products:
- unfavorable in alterations in TSMC's manufacturing, fabrication and assembly and test processes;
- challenges from its customers that place TSMC at a significant competitive disadvantage, such as loss of actual or potential sales contracts in case the Company is unable to satisfy the applicable legal standard or customer requirement;

restrictions on TSMC's operations or sales;

- loss of tax benefits, including termination of current tax incentives, disgualification of tax credit application and repayment of the tax benefits that the Company is not entitled to; and
- damages to TSMC's goodwill and reputation.

Complying with applicable laws and regulations, such as environmental and climate related laws and regulations, could also require TSMC, among other things, to do the following: (1) purchase, use or install remedial equipment; (2) implement remedial programs such as climate change mitigation programs; (3) modify its product designs and manufacturing processes, or incur other significant expenses such as obtaining substitute raw materials or chemicals that may cost more or be less available for the Company's operations.

TSMC's inability to timely obtain approvals necessary for the conduct of its business could impair its operational and financial results. For example, if the Company is unable to timely obtain environmental related approvals needed to undertake the development and construction of a new fab or expansion project, then such inability may delay, limit, or increase the cost of its expansion plans that could also in turn adversely affect its business and operational results. In light of increased public interest in environmental issues, TSMC's operations and expansion plans may be adversely affected or delayed responding to public concern and social environmental pressures even if the Company complies with all applicable laws and regulations.

TSMC believes that climate change should be regarded as a significant corporate risk that must be controlled to improve competitiveness. For TSMC's climate change related risks and control measures, see the Climate Change and Energy Management section under "7.2.1 Environmental Protection" on page 131-132 of this annual report.

6.3.7 Other Risks

Potential Impact and Risks Associated with Sales of Significant Numbers of Shares by TSMC's Directors, and/or Major Shareholders Who Own 10% or More of TSMC's Total Outstanding Shares The value of TSMC shareholders' investment may be reduced by possible future sales of TSMC shares owned by major shareholders.

As of the date of this annual report, no single shareholder owned 10% or more of TSMC's total outstanding shares.

Risks of Trade Policies

As TSMC's revenue is primarily derived from sales to major economies in the world (please refer to "2.2.4 TSMC Position, Differentiation and Strategy" on page 15-17 of this annual report), any changes in the trade policies (such as the increase of tariffs on certain products, the implementation of import and export controls, and the adoption of other trade barriers) of such major economies can affect the sales of TSMC or its customers and thereby affect TSMC's operating results. TSMC continues to monitor the recent shifts in trade policies and measures among the relevant major economies and will take corresponding responsive actions in accordance with subsequent developments.

In May 2020 and again in August 2020, the U.S. tightened its export control measures against Huawei Technology Co. Ltd. and its affiliates (collectively, "Huawei"), including an expanded license requirement for providing Huawei with items subject to the U.S. export control jurisdiction. To comply with relevant laws and regulations, we have discontinued shipment of products to Huawei since September 15, 2020. On the other hand, measures adopted by an affected country to counteract impacts of another country's actions or regulations could lead to significant legal liability to multinational corporations including our own. For example, in January 2021, China adopted a blocking statute that, among other matters, entitles Chinese entities incurring damages from a multinational's compliance with foreign laws to seek civil remedies.

As of the date of this annual report, our current results of operations have not been materially affected. Nevertheless, depending on future developments of global trade tensions, such relevant regulations, rules, or measures may have an adverse impact on our business and operations, and we may incur significant legal liability and financial losses as a result.

TSMC continues to monitor the recent shifts in trade policies and measures among the relevant major economies and will take corresponding responsive actions in accordance with subsequent developments.

Other Material Risks

In 2020 and as of the date of this annual report, TSMC's management was not aware of any other risk that could have a potentially material impact on the financial status of the Company.

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7. Corporate Social Responsibility

> A library collecting accumulated knowledge (Left)

> Photomasks storing the power of innovation (Right)



7.1 Overview

The Company's four core values of integrity, commitment, innovation, and customer trust remain as the core values of TSMC's culture. As the world's largest semiconductor foundry and a trusted technology and capacity provider, TSMC seeks, in addition to continued success in its business endeavors, to fulfill its ESG (Environmental, Social and Governance) management. For TSMC these responsibilities fall into three primary missions: acting with integrity, strengthening environmental protection and caring for the disadvantaged. For each of these missions the Company has established concrete, measurable long-term goals, as well as corresponding action plans to review and correct periodically, consistently creating value for all stakeholders.

Guidance for the Implementation of ESG

TSMC's "ESG Policy" is the overarching guiding principle for sustainable development. The "ESG Matrix" set by the Company's founder Dr. Morris Chang, clearly defines the scope of TSMC's ESG responsibility. The horizontal axis shows the seven areas where TSMC strives to demonstrate its ESG commitment: morality, business ethics, economy, rule of law, sustainability, work/life balance and happiness, and philanthropy. On the vertical axis are actions that TSMC has taken to fulfill these responsibilities.

TSMC ESG Matrix

| Society TSMC | Morality | Business Ethics | Economy | Rule of Law | Sustainability | Work/Life Balance Happiness | Philanthropy |
|--|----------|-----------------|---------|-------------|----------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|
| Integrity | V | V | | | | | |
| Law Compliance | | | | V | | | |
| Anti-Corruption Anti-Bribery Anti-Cronyism | V | V | | V | | | |
| Environmental Protection Climate Control Energy Conservation | | | | V | V | | |
| Corporate Governance | | V | V | V | | | |
| Provide Well-Paying Jobs | | | V | | | V | |
| Good Shareholder Return | | | V | | | | |
| Employees' Work-Life Balance | | | | | | V | |
| Encourage Innovation | | V | V | | | | |
| Good Work Environment | | | | | | V | |
| TSMC Charity Foundation | | | | | V | V | V |
| TSMC Education and Culture Foundation | | | | | V | V | V |

ESG Management

In compliance with the vision and missions of TSMC's ESG Policy, the ESG Steering Committee serves as the highest-level ESG decision-making center within the Company and is committed to aligning TSMC more closely with international sustainability trends. TSMC's Chairman chairs the ESG Steering Committee, and the Chairperson of the ESG Committee serves as Executive Secretary. Together with senior executives from a wide variety of functions, they survey the Company's core operating capabilities, set the medium- to long-term strategic direction for ESG, and draft the blueprint to link the Company's core competencies with the UN sustainable development goals (SDGs).

The Company's ESG Committee serves as a cross-departmental communication platform. Through quarterly meetings and issue-based discussions by cross-organizational teams, the committee members jointly set the Company's ESG strategies, identify key issues for the year, draft ESG-related budgets for their organizations and coordinate resource deployment, as well as plan and carry out annual projects. The Committee pursues sustainability objectives of interest to all stakeholders and ensures ESG strategies are implemented effectively in the Company's daily operations.

The Chairperson of the ESG Committee reports quarterly to the Board of Directors on implementation results and the work planned in the future. In 2020, TSMC focused on strengthening renewable energy adoption, driving in-house reuse rate of resources to realize circular economics, applying circular economy, and launching the TSMC Urban Greenery Project. To build a sustainable supply chain, the Company implemented a signed supplier code of conduct, performed supplier risk assessments and launched Supply Online 360, a Global responsible supply chain management platform, to extend TSMC's high operational standards. The Company also created an inclusive workplace by piloting a "Psychological Safety" program to enable open communication and develop semiconductor talent and support through STEM (science, technology, engineering and mathematics) education. To have a positive social impact, the TSMC Education and Culture Foundation and the TSMC Charity Foundation also actively support and promote youth development, culture and art, and care for the disadvantaged.

Stakeholder Engagement

TSMC respects all stakeholder rights. To understand the level of interest in sustainability issues, TSMC uses multiple systematic channels to communicate with stakeholders, including the "Contact Us" section of the corporate website, the ESG website and the ESG mailbox, the Irregular Business Conduct Reporting System, as well as the new Supply Chain Worker Grievance Channel, established in 2020. TSMC has conducted three studies focused on identification, prioritization and validation with regard to these issues.

In 2020, the TSMC ESG mailbox received 445 valid emails on subjects ranging from corporate governance, innovation and services, to supply chain management, green manufacturing, inclusive workplace, and social investments. Submissions were primarily regarding requests for inquiries on operations, proposals for donations and collaborations, opinion and feedback from the public and visits. TSMC responded through direct action from related departments and timely replies from the public relations department, supporting communication with the public as well as positive development in society.

Stakeholders and Communication Channels in 2020

| Stakeholders | Communication Channels |
|------------------------|--|
| Employees | Communications and working meetings throughout a Corporate intranet, internal emails and other annound Human resources representatives Employee training and classroom courses Regular and ad-hoc communication meetings, such a: Department Technical Committee, Proprietary Informa Employee voice channels, such as Immediate Respons Ombudsman System Audit Committee Whistleblower System EWC event questionnaire survey The biennial "Employee Opinion Survey on Company I |
| Shareholders/Investors | |
| Customers | Customer satisfaction survey Customer meetings Customer audits Business and technology assessment Email responses to the issues that customers are conc |
| Suppliers/Contractors | Supplier meetings Supply Chain Security Association Meetings Supply Chain Management Forum Responsible Supply Chain Forum Environmental, Safety, and Health Training Program-I Supplier Ethics and Code of Conduct Promotion On-site consult and audit Supply Online 360 – Global responsible supply chain r Supply Chain Worker Grievance Channel |
| Government | Official correspondence and visits Industry experience and advice sharing, and keynote s Meetings (such as communication meetings, public he Communication platforms of the industry associations |

: all levels and all units of the Company ncement channels (such as promotion posters at facilities)

as Manager Development Consulting Committee, Operations Engineer Training Committee, Manufacturing nation Protection (PIP) Committee, etc. 1se System, Employee Opinion Box, Wellness Center, wellness website, Employee PIP Opinion Dedicated Line, etc.

y Core Values"

ephone conference call

, and corporate press releases on the Company's website

cerned

-Experience Sharing Workshops

management platform Survey on Ethics

speeches hearings, forums, seminars or social gatherings) ns and NGOs

(Continued)

| Stakeholders | Communication Channels |
|--------------|---|
| Society | Arts events in the communities Sponsorship of youth development events Sponsorship of charity projects and emergency aid Sponsorship of non-profit organizations to support educational projects Professorship endowments and student scholarships at universities Project collaboration and visits Support of non-profit organizations and institutions via monetary and in-kind donation, as well as providing necessary manpower for a good cause Regular visits to National Museum of Science, Hsinchu Veterans Home, St. Teresa Children Center, Jacana Ecology Education Park, remote schools and TSMC ecological parks to provide volunteer services Annual volunteer activities in collaboration with TSMC fabs and divisions TSMC EGG website, newsletters, mailbox and Facebook page TSMC EGG used in and TSMC Charity Foundation websites "Sending Love" charity platform |

Responsibilities of ESG Steering Committee and ESG Committee Members

| Committee Members | Responsibilities | Stakeholders |
|--|--|--|
| Legal | Corporate Governance, Code of Conduct, Legal Compliance (including fair competition, privacy and personal information, and protection for whistle-blowers), Intellectual Property, Protection of Confidential Information | Employees Government Society (Note) |
| Customer Service | Customers' Service and Satisfaction, Customer Trust, Customer Confidentiality, RBA and its Code of Conduct | Customers |
| Information Technology and Materials & Risk Management | Information Security, Materials and Supply Chain Risk Management, Supplier Management, Conflict Minerals, RBA and its Code of Conduct; Risk Management, Crisis Management, Emergency Response and Action Plan | Employees Shareholders/Investors Customers Suppliers/Contractors Government Society |
| Quality and Reliability | Product Quality and Reliability, Product Recall Mechanism | Customers Suppliers/Contractors |
| Research and Development | Innovation Management, Green Products | Employees Customers Suppliers/Contractors |
| Business Development | Shaping an Energy-efficient Technology Roadmap, Building Alliance with Customers to Foster Smarter, Greener Product Innovations, Establishing & Promoting TSMC as a Responsible Technology Thought Leader, and Sharing its Experiences and Achievements | Employees Customers Society |
| Finance | Financial Disclosure, Dividend Policy, Tax Strategy | Employees Shareholders/Investors Customers Suppliers/Contractors Government |
| Investor Relations | Resolving Issues of Stakeholder Concern, Establishing Trusting Long-term Relationships, Effective Two-way Communication, Annual Report Production | Shareholders/Investors |
| Operations | Operational Eco-efficiency, Pollution Prevention, Water Resource Risk Management, Green Manufacturing | Customers Shareholders/Investors Suppliers/Contractors |
| Environment, Safety and Health | Environmental Policy and Management System, Climate Change Mitigation and Adaption, Pollution Prevention, Energy Consumption Efficiency, Carbon Emissions and Carbon Rights Management, Product Environmental Responsibility, Response Mechanism for Environmental Issues, Environmental Spending, Green Supply Chain, Policy and Management Systems for Occupational Health and Safety, Workplace Health and Safety, Occupational Disease Prevention and Health Promotion, Communication of ESH Regulations | Employees Shareholders/Investors Customers Suppliers/Contractors Government Society |
| Human Resources | Talent Attraction and Retention, Employees' Physical and Mental Well-being and Work-life Balance, Labor-management Relations and Employee Engagement, Labor Rights, Training and Development, Mobility, RBA and its Code of Conduct | Employees |
| TSMC Education and Culture Foundation TSMC Charity Foundation | Philanthropy, Community Relations | Society |
| Public Relations | Stakeholder Engagement, Mechanism for Reflecting Issues of Social Concern, Media Relations | Society |

Note: Society includes community, non-governmental organizations, non-profit organizations and the public.

TSMC believes that companies exist to bring positive change to the world. The Company knows that the future is filled with challenges but it will always stay true to its cornerstones of – integrity and responsible operations. TSMC has chosen nine major United Nations' Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs), drafted 2030 long-term goals, and implemented sustainable approaches accordingly. With Goal 17 of the SDG – global partnerships – at the core, TSMC collaborates with stakeholders inside and outside the Company as well as with business partners along the value chain. Through participation, cooperation, and dialogue, TSMC actively creates sustainable values in the governance/economy, the environment and society for its stakeholders, and has become the only semiconductor company chosen for the Dow Jones Sustainability World Indices over the past 20 consecutive years.

2020 ESG Awards and Ratings

| Category | Organization | Awards and Ratings |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Overall ESG | Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSI) | Dow Jones Sustainability World Index for the 20 th consecutive year Dow Jones Sustainability Emerging Markets Index |
| | RobecoSAM (S&P Global) | The Sustainability Yearbook Award 2020 – Gold Class |
| | MSCI ESG Indexes | MSCI ACWI ESG Leaders Index component MSCI ESG Research – AA Ratings MSCI ACWI SRI Index component MSCI ACWI Islamic Index component MSCI Emerging Markets ESG Leaders Index |
| | Sustainalytics | • "Top Rated" within the Semiconductor Industry |
| | FTSE4Good Index | FTSE4Good Emerging Index component FTSE4Good All-World Index component FTSE4Good TIP Taiwan ESG Index component |
| | RE100 | •RE100 Leadership Awards 2020 – Most Impactful Pioneer |
| | Wall Street Journal | •The 100 Most Sustainably Managed Companies in the World |
| | Corporate Knights | Global 100 Most Sustainable Corporations |
| | World Benchmarking Alliance (WBA) | •SDG 2000 – The 2,000 Most Influential Companies |
| | CommonWealth Magazine | Corporate Social Responsibility Award – Large cap – 1st Place |
| | Taiwan Institute of Sustainable Energy | The Most Prestigious Sustainability Awards – Top Ten Domestic Corporates – for the 5 th consecutive year Taiwan Top 50 Corporate Responsibility Report Awards – IT & IC Manufacturing – Platinum Award English Report – Platinum Award Sustainable Water Management Awards Climate Leadership Awards Supply Chain Management Awards |
| conomy, Governance | Institutional Investor Magazine | Most Honored Company (Technology/Semiconductors) – All-Asia Best ESG (Technology/Semiconductors) – 1 st Place (buy-side and sell-side) – All-Asia Best CEO (Technology/Semiconductors) – 1 st Place (buy-side and sell-side) – All-Asia Best CFO (Technology/Semiconductors) – 1 st Place (buy-side and sell-side) – All-Asia Best Investor Relations Program (Technology/Semiconductors) – 1 st Place (buy-side and sell-side) – All-Asia Best Investor Relations Professional (Technology/Semiconductors) – 1 st Place (buy-side and sell-side) – All-Asia Best Investor Relations Team (Technology/Semiconductors) – 1 st Place (buy-side and sell-side) – All-Asia |
| | IFI Claims | •2020 Top 50 US Patent Assignees |
| | Institute of Electrical and Electronics Engineers (IEEE) | 2021 IEEE Corporate Innovation Award |
| | Forbes | •Global 2000 |
| | FORTUNE | •2020 World's Most Admired Companies •Fortune Global 500 |
| | Brand Finance | •Tech 100 2020 |
| | Asiamoney | Most Outstanding Company in Taiwan – Semiconductors & Semiconductor Equipment Sector |
| | Business Today | •Top 1,000 Enterprises in Taiwan, Hong Kong and Mainland China |
| | Taiwan Stock Exchange | •Top 5% in Corporate Governance Evaluation of Listed Companies for the 6 th consecutive year |
| | PricewaterhouseCoopers | •Global Top 100 Companies by market capitalization for the 8 th consecutive year |
| | R.O.C. Ministry of Economic Affairs Intellectual Property Office | •Ranked No. 1 in Taiwan patent applications for the 5 th consecutive year |
| | Corporate Synergy Development Center | Taiwan Continuous Improvement Award – Gold Tower Award – Advanced Packaging Technology and Service, Intelligent Manufacturing Center, Fab 14A, Fab 15B Taiwan Continuous Improvement Award – Silver Tower Award – Fab 3 Taiwan Continuous Improvement Award – Best Improvement Innovation Award – Advanced Packaging Technolog and Service |
| Environment, Safety and Health | Corporate Knights & As You Sow | •2020 Carbon Clean 200™ List – 1 st Place |
| | CDP | •Climate Change – A- •Water Security – A |
| | Alliance for Water Stewardship (AWS) | • "Platinum" class certification – Fab 15A, Fab 15B |
| | U.S. Green Building Council Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) certification | • "Gold" class certification – Fab 15 P7, Fab 18 P1 Manufacturing Facility |
| | R.O.C. Industrial Development Bureau, Ministry of Economic Affairs | •Excellence in Voluntary Carbon Offsets Award – Fab 14B, Fab 15A •Green Factory – Fab 14 P7 |
| Society | Cheers | Top 10 Most Admired Companies to Young Generations |
| | Forbes | •World's Best Employers |

7.2 Environmental, Safety and Health (ESH) Management

TSMC believes its environmental, safety and health practices must not only meet legal requirements, but should also align with internationally recognized best practices. The Company's ESH policies aim to achieve "zero incident" and "environmental sustainability" and to make TSMC a world-class organization in environmental, safety and health management. The Company's strategies for attaining these goals are to comply with regulations, promote safety and health, strengthen recycling and pollution prevention, manage ESH risks, instill an ESH culture, establish a green supply chain, and fulfill its related corporate social responsibilities.

All TSMC manufacturing facilities have received ISO 14001: 2015 certification for environmental management systems and ISO 45001: 2018 certification for occupational safety and health management systems. All fabs in Taiwan have been TOSHMS (Taiwan Occupational Safety and Health Management System) certified since 2009. The International Organization for Standardization (ISO) released the latest version of ISO 45001: 2018 to replace OHSAS 18001 in March 2018. All TSMC fabs in Taiwan received ISO 45001: 2018 certification in August 2019. All TSMC subsidiaries obtained certification in 2020.

TSMC strives for continuous improvement and actively seeks to enhance climate-change management, pollution prevention and control, power and resource conservation, waste reduction and recycling, safety and health management, fire and explosion prevention as well as to minimize the impact of earthquake damage, so as to reduce overall environmental, safety and health risks.

In order to meet regulatory and customer requirements for the management of hazardous materials, TSMC has adopted the IECQ QC 080000 Hazardous Substance Process Management (HSPM) System. All TSMC manufacturing facilities have been QC 080000 certified since 2007. Through the establishment of QC 080000, TSMC ensures that its products comply with international regulatory and customer requirements, including the European Union's "Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS) Directive," the EU's "Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)," the "Montreal Protocol on Substances that Deplete the Ozone Layer," the "halogen-free in electronic products" initiative, Perfluorooctane Sulfonates (PFOS), Perfluorooctanoic Acid (PFOA) and its related substances restriction standards.

In addition, TSMC started a project for reducing usage of hazardous substance N-methylpyrrolidinone (NMP) in 2016. NMP unit product usage has been reduced 59% by 2020 comparing to 2016, and the project will continue promoting for further reduction.

Since 2011, TSMC has adopted the ISO 50001 Energy Management System for the continuous improvement in energy conservation. In 2019, all TSMC fabs in Taiwan received ISO 50001 Energy Management System certification, and all TSMC overseas subsidiaries scheduled to receive the certification in 2019 have had their certifications postponed to 2021 due to the impact of COVID-19 pandemic.

Aiming to establish the healthiest possible workplace, in 2017 TSMC formed a corporate-level health promotion committee led by managers at the vice president level. The committee members include site directors, managers of safety and health department, and representatives from wellness, HR and legal affairs divisions. External experts have also been invited to discuss the potential risks of occupational diseases in the semiconductor manufacturing process and prevention plans for such diseases. To mitigate health risks to employees, suppliers and contractors in the workplace, TSMC has adopted rigorous safety and health control measures focused on preventing occupational injuries and diseases and promoting employee safety, physical and mental health.

To mitigate the supply chain risk and fulfill corporate social responsibility, TSMC not only follows ESH best practices internally but also strives to improve the ESH performance of its suppliers and contractors through audits and counseling.

TSMC uses priority work management and self-management to govern services provided by contractors. The Company requires contractors performing level-one high-risk operations to complete certification for technicians and to establish their own ISO 45001 safety and health management system. The promotion of self-management aims at improving sense of responsibility, with the goal of promoting safety awareness and technical improvement for all contractors in the industry. For onsite contractor personnel, TSMC has standardized courses on safety and health and increased the frequency of such courses to improve training effectiveness and safety awareness. To ensure the Company's safety protocols are accurately delivered to contractors on a timely basis, TSMC has established a digital platform for mutual communication so that onsite operational risks can be mitigated.

TSMC collaborates with suppliers to improve the sustainability of the Company's supply chain regarding ESH-related issues, such as environmental protection, compliance of safety and hygiene codes, hazardous substance management, fire protection, and mitigation of natural disaster. The Company not only performs ESH audits at its suppliers' manufacturing sites, but also proactively assists them to improve ESH performance.

In addition, TSMC monitors potential climate-change related risks in the supply chain. The Company requests that suppliers conduct carbon emissions inventory and encourages them to implement measures to save energy, reduce carbon emissions, conserve water and reduce waste.

In recent years, TSMC suppliers have made excellent progress in procedure establishment and implementation for pollution control and safety management. To take it a step further, the Company has given greater attention to occupational hygiene issues directly related to labor health. In 2017, TSMC and the Ministry of Labor Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OHSA) jointly launched the "Semiconductor Supply Chain Safety and Health Promotion Project". TSMC also invited suppliers to participate in the project. As engaged by OSHA, a professional team has taken on the responsibility of providing consultation through document review and onsite inspection to participating suppliers on management procedures and hardware setup in order to improve the working environment and labor health management.

7.2.1 Environmental Protection

Climate Change and Energy Management

 Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) Given that climate change could potentially affect operations and pose financial risk, in 2018 TSMC adopted recommendations of the Task Force on Climate-related Financial Disclosures (TCFD) released by the Financial Stability Board (FSB) to identify risk and opportunities, and further established metrics and target management based on the identification results.

Management Structure of TSMC Climate-related Risk and Opportunity

| Category | Management Strategy and Actions |
|---------------------|---|
| Governance | Board of Directors periodically reviews climate change related ri •ESG Steering Committee led by Chairman is the Company's top Executive Secretary. ESG Steering Committee reviews TSMC's c Social Responsibility Executive Committee has been renamed a quarterly.) •The Energy and Carbon Reduction Committee led by the senio risk and opportunity in TSMC. This committee develops manage |
| Strategy | Identify short, medium and long term climate risks and opportu |
| | Assess the potential operational and financial impact of signific |
| | Conduct situational analysis, evaluate SBT and net-zero emission |
| Risk Management | Use of the TCFD framework to establish TSMC's climate risk ide |
| | Follow the risk identification and ranking on climate change to |
| | Integrate climate risk identification and assessment into the Ent |
| Metrics and Targets | Set management metrics related to climate change |
| | Examine the impact on company operations and assess the risks greenhouse gas emissions |
| | Develop climate change management objectives and review ach |

risk and opportunity

op organization that deals with climate change management. The chairperson of ESG Committee serves as the is for an analysis of the construction of the

or vice presidents of Fab operations is the organization that deals with action implementation of climate change gement plans, reviews the execution status and discusses future plans on a quarterly basis.

tunities through cross-departmental discussion

icant climate risks and opportunities to the company

entification process

develop relevant responding projects

nterprise Risk Management (ERM) process

ks and mitigation strategies for scope 1, 2 and 3 through annual inventory of ISO 14064-1 and disclosure of

chievement progress and actual performance

Financial Impact Analysis of Climate Risks and Opportunities

| Climate Risks | Potential Financial Impact | Climate Opportunities | Potential Financial Impact | 2020 Actions |
|--|---|--|--|--|
| GHG emissions cap and carbon tax/carbon fee | Restriction on capacity expansion, increase in operation costs | Participation in renewable energy plans Participation in carbon trading market | Early purchases of renewable energy, successfully increasing production capacity | TSMC's power purchasing agreements for renewable energy totaled 1.3 GW (Gigawatts) Purchased 1,230 GWh in renewable energy, renewable energy certificates (REC), and carbon credit to offset 100% of the electricity carbon emissions of our overseas subsidiaries, global offices and offices. |
| Trend of net zero emission | Increased cost of installation and operation for carbon reduction facilities Increased cost of purchasing carbon offset products | Win public recognition and Carbon emission offset cooperation | Accumulate carbon credits in preparation for future Carbon emission offset | Passed the application for Fluorinated- Greenhouse Gas and Nitrous Oxide reduction offset project reward TSMC Global Offices used Carbon Credit to achieve Net Zero Emission |
| | | Develop low-carbon product service to upgrade product energy efficiency | Satisfy customers' needs of energy-saving products and increase revenue | •Involved the production of 5nm energy saving production |
| Commitment of EIA (Environmental Impact Assessment) | The expansion of advanced technologies would be hampered by the lack of success in obtaining renewable energy and reclaimed water | Use reclaimed water | Smooth construction of advanced production lines | Started the construction of TSMC reclaimed water plant in Southern Taiwan Science Park |
| Uncertainty of development of new energy saving technology | Raising of electricity consumption of advance technology production line leads to increase of production cost | Construct green buildings | Lower utility costs | Applied and received 2 green building certifications |
| Impact on the Company's reputation | Unable to satisfy the expectations of stakeholders, impacting the Company's reputation | Increase company's reputation | Upgrade the performance of stakeholders' sustainability ranking | Leads the industry as the only semiconductor company chosen for the Dow Jones Sustainability Indices (DJSI) for 20 consecutive years TSMC ranked as one of CDP Change Climate and Water Security Leaders |
| Flood | Production affected, causing | Increase resilience against natural disasters | Strengthen climate resilience, | •Raised the building base of Fab 18 Phase 2 two |
| Drought | financial losses and a decrease in revenue | | lower risk of operations disruption, and reduce potential losses | •Fab 18 Phase 3 is committed to using and |
| Increasing of premium of natural disaster | Increase in operation cost | - | | developing reclaimed water •Established a comprehensive water monitoring system |
| Rising temperatures | Increase in electricity consumption, cost, and carbon emissions | Drive low-carbon green manufacturing | Save energy and cut cost | Conserved 500 GWh of electricity through energy-saving projects |

Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emission Reduction and Energy Management

TSMC actively participates in the World Semiconductor Council (WSC) in its efforts to establish a global voluntary PFC (perfluorinated compounds) emissions reduction goal for the decade of 2011 to 2020, and has incorporated past experience to develop best practices. The implementation of best practices has been adopted by the WSC as a major element of the 2020 goal. In 2013, in accordance with the "EPA Early Actions for Carbon Credit of Greenhouse Gases Reduction" regulation, TSMC applied for the recognition of greenhouse gas reduction from 2005 to 2011, and received 5.28 million tons of carbon dioxide credits in 2015. Those carbon credits can be used to offset greenhouse gas emissions of new manufacturing facilities regulated by Environmental Impact Assessment (EIA) Act, which can support the Company's sustainable operations and mitigate climate-change risk.

Since 2005, TSMC has completed the GHG (Greenhouse Gas) inventory program and taken a complete inventory of its GHG emissions to gain ISO 14064 certification. The inventory shows that the major direct GHG emissions are PFCs, which are widely used in the semiconductor manufacturing process. The primary indirect GHG emission is electricity consumption. The analysis of the inventory data is not only to meet domestic regulatory reporting requirements but also to serve as a baseline reference for TSMC's strategy to reduce GHG emissions. Since 2005, TSMC participated the international organization "Carbon Disclosure Program, CDP" to publicly disclose climate change related information every year. In 2020, TSMC was recognized by CDP as A- and A leadership level for climate change and water security respectively.

In response to the commitment of global climate summit "Paris Agreement" and the Republic of China's "Greenhouse Gas Reduction and Management Act" promulgated in 2015, TSMC initiated a cross-functional platform for corporate carbon management in 2016. The three areas of focus of this platform are legal compliance, carbon emission reduction, and carbon credit acquisition. In addition to participating in official regulatory consultation and communications meetings, TSMC also sets short, medium and long-term reduction targets through the energy and carbon reduction committee led by senior vice presidents which are carried out by energy and carbon reduction teams of individual fabs. Because more than 75% of TSMC's GHG emissions

come from electricity consumption, TSMC always emphasizes energy conservation and carbon reduction initiatives. TSMC has not only implemented energy-conserving designs in its manufacturing fabs and offices but has also continuously improved the energy efficiency of its facilities during operation. These efforts simultaneously reduce both carbon dioxide gas emissions and costs. TSMC has accumulated 1.7 billion kilowatt hours (kWh) power conservation since 2016.

From 2015 to 2017, TSMC voluntarily participated in the Republic of China Ministry of Economic Affairs' green power purchasing program for three consecutive years and became the largest buyer in Taiwan, purchasing 400 million kilowatt hours of green power. Although the Taiwan Power Company stopped selling green power in 2018, TSMC still aggressively negotiates the purchase of renewable energy with renewable energy suppliers in Taiwan. Targeting a long-term commitment of 100% renewable energy for the Company, TSMC is first committed to achieving a target of 25% renewable energy for fabs and 100% renewable energy for non-fab facilities by 2030. Since 2018, the overseas manufacturing fabs and offices have purchased renewable energy, REC and carbon credits to offset all carbon emissions caused by power consumption. All TSMC overseas sites achieved zero carbon emission of electricity consumption in 2020 again. TSMC also used carbon credits to offset Carbon emissions of natural gas consumption in kitchens, achieving the milestone of net zero emission for TSMC global offices. Although development of renewable energy in Taiwan is in an early stage, TSMC established a renewable energy task force and continued to communicate closely with government through the Association of Science Park Industries and Taiwan Semiconductor Industry Association. The Company made recommendations to the government in the hope that the collaboration could speed up renewable energy development in Taiwan. The recommendations included expanding the development of offshore wind power and increasing supply of renewable energy trading platform. TSMC also continued to find renewable energy. By the end of 2020, the total installation capacity of renewable energy contracted reached 1.3GW (Gigawatts). The renewable energy will be provided to TSMC gradually after related business process being completed. This is a clear manifestation of the Company's active support of the United Nations Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs).

TSMC became the first semiconductor company to join RE100 (Global Renewable Energy Initiative) in July 2020 and pledged that power consumption of all the Company's manufacturing plants and offices will be 100% supplied from renewable energy by 2050. TSMC was further awarded the first RE100 Leadership Award - the Most Impactful Pioneer in September

2020 for being the first to purchase large amounts of renewable electricity in Taiwan and taking practical action to support green energy.

Air and Water Pollution Control

- The Company has installed effective air and water pollution control equipment in each wafer fab to meet regulatory emissions standards. In addition, TSMC maintains backup pollution control systems, including emergency power supplies, to lower the risk of pollutant emissions in the event of equipment failure. The Company centrally monitors the operations of its air and water pollution control equipment around the clock and treats system effectiveness as an important tracking item to ensure the guality of emitted air and discharged water.
- To make the most effective use of Taiwan's limited water resources, all TSMC fabs strive to increase water reclamation rates by adjusting the water usage of manufacturing equipment and improving wastewater reclamation systems. All fabs meet or exceed the process water reclamation rate standard of the Science Park Administration. Some fabs are able to reclaim more than 90% of process water, outperforming most semiconductor fabs around the world. TSMC also makes every effort to reduce non-manufacturingrelated water consumption, including water used in air conditioning systems, sanitary facilities, wall cleaning and landscaping activities and kitchens. TSMC uses an intranet website to collect and measure water recycling volumes company-wide.

Since water resources are inherently local, TSMC shares its water saving experiences with other semiconductor companies through the Association of Science-Based Industrial Park to promote water conservation in order to achieve the Science Park's goals and ensure a long-term balance of supply and demand. In addition, TSMC has committed to using partially reclaimed water in newly constructed fabs in the future in order to further reuse water resources and support government policy and promotion for reclaimed water.

To continue enhancing water resources management, TSMC has adopted and followed the AWS Standard, the world's only sustainable water management standard. Early in 2019, Fab 6 and Fab 14 Phase 5/6/7 began serving as demonstration factories and received AWS certification by the end of the year, making TSMC the first semiconductor enterprise to receive AWS platinum level certification in the world. In 2020, Fab 15A and Fab 15B, located in Central Taiwan Science Park, passed third party verification audit and obtained AWS platinum level certification simultaneously.

Waste Management and Recycling

The Company has a designated unit responsible for waste recycling and disposal. To meet the goal of sustainable resource utilization, TSMC's priorities are: process waste reduction, onsite regeneration and reuse, and offsite recycling. The last option consists of treatment or disposal. To achieve raw material reduction, resource recycling and the goal of zero waste, for example, the Company built an in-house waste sulfuric acid pre-treatment system, as electronic grade sulfuric acid can be used as a waste water treatment agent after the wafer fabrication process. In order to track waste flow and ensure that all waste is treated or recycled legally and properly, TSMC carefully selects waste disposal and recycling contractors. All recycling contractors must report their recycled product sales monthly. The Company performs regular onsite audits to check factory status and review the reported data with actual reuse and recycling data to assure that the recycled product is flowing downstream properly. TSMC checks their licenses and on-site operational statuses, and also takes proactive steps to strengthen vendor auditing effectiveness. For example, all waste transportation contractors have been asked and agreed to join the GPS Satellite Fleet so that the cleanup transportation routes and abnormal stays for all trucks can be traced. In addition, all waste recycling and treatment vendors have installed closed-circuit TV systems at operating sites to monitor and audit waste handling. Meanwhile, TSMC also conducts an ongoing survey of recycled product tracking, actions taken to ensure lawful and proper waste recycling and treatment.

In 2020, TSMC's fabs in Taiwan achieved a 95% waste recycling rate for the sixth consecutive year, with a landfill rate below 1% for the eleventh consecutive year. In 2017, TSMC amended its articles of incorporation to add four business items for chemical materials to ensure waste flow and reduce risks of improper waste disposal by commissioned agencies. TSMC also set up onsite resource activation facilities to convert waste resources produced from processing activities into products to be used onsite or to sell to other factories. In 2020, the Company not only achieved zero outsourcing treatment of copper-containing liquid waste and cobalt-containing liquid waste, and zero purchasing of 50% concentration industrial-grade sulfuric acid but also extended its ammonium sulfate drying system, which converts biologically toxic ammonia wastewater into industrial grade ammonium sulfate as valuable recycled products for sale. As a result, TSMC has become a leader in waste resources regeneration.

Environmental Accounting

The purpose of TSMC's environmental accounting system is to identify and calculate environmental costs for internal management. At the same time, the Company can also evaluate the savings or economic benefits of environmental protection programs so as to promote economically-effective programs. While environmental expenses are expected to continue growing, environmental accounting can help manage these costs more effectively. TSMC's environmental accounting measures various environmental costs, establishes independent environmental account codes, and provides the data to all units for use in annual budgeting. The Company's economic benefit evaluation calculates cost savings for reduction of energy, water or waste and benefits from waste recycling in accordance with its environmental protection programs.

The environmental benefits disclosed in this report include real income from projects such as waste recycling and savings from major environmental projects. In 2020, the total benefits of environmental protection programs of TSMC fabs including waste recycling exceeded NT\$2,430 million.

2020 Environmental Cost of TSMC Fabs in Taiwan

| Classification | Description | Expense | Investment |
|--|--|-----------|------------|
| 1. Direct Costs for Reducing Environmental Impact | | · · · · · | |
| (1) Pollution Control | Fees for air pollution control, water pollution control, and others | 6,450,052 | 10,345,060 |
| (2) Resource Conservation | Costs for resource (e.g. water) conservation | - | 1,933,610 |
| (3) Industrial Waste Disposal and Recycling | Costs for waste treatment (including recycling, incineration and landfill) | 2,859,093 | - |
| 2. Indirect Cost for Reducing Environmental Impact (Environmental Managerial Costs) | (1) Cost of training (2) Environmental management system and certification expenditures (3) Environmental impact measurement and monitoring fees (4) Environmental protection product costs (5) Environmental protection organization fees | 349,441 | 318,302 |
| 3. Other Environmental Costs | (1) Costs for soil decontamination and natural environment remediation (2) Environmental damage insurance fees and environmental taxes and expenses (3) Costs related to environmental settlement, compensations, penalties and lawsuits | 127 | - |
| Total | | 9,658,713 | 12,596,972 |

2020 Environmental Efficiency of TSMC Fabs in Taiwan Linit: NT\$ thousands

| Category | Description | Efficiency |
|--|---|------------|
| 1. Cost Savings of Environmental Protection | Energy savings | 1,250,000 |
| Projects | Water savings | 24,087 |
| | Waste reduction | 632,100 |
| 2. Economic Efficiency for Industrial Waste Recycling | Recycling of used chemicals, wafers, sputter targets, batteries, lamps, packaging materials, paper cardboard, metals, plastics, and other waste | 524,100 |
| Total | | 2,430,287 |

Green Building and Green Factory

Since 2006, TSMC has adopted standards from both the Taiwan Green Building and the U.S. Green Building Council – Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED) for new fab and office building designs to achieve better energy and resource efficiency than conventional designs. TSMC has also continued to upgrade existing office buildings to comply with the LEED standard each year. From 2008 to 2020, 34 of TSMC's fabs and office buildings achieved LEED certifications - 3 platinum and 31 gold. Meanwhile, TSMC also received 5 Taiwan Intelligent Building diamond-class certifications and 23 Taiwan EEWH (ecology, energy saving, waste reduction and health) certifications - 20 diamond, 2 gold and 1 silver.

TSMC believes that more manufacturing companies should convert their facilities into green factories to improve the environment and lower construction costs. Therefore, the Company freely shares its practical experience with industry, government and academia. As of the end of 2020, 15,250 visitors from more than 370 different industrial, government, academic and general community groups had contacted TSMC to learn about the Company's green building technology and practical experience. Since 2009, TSMC has been a leading supporter of the Taiwan government's Green Factory Label standard, which includes the Clean Production and Factory Green Building evaluation systems. TSMC received Taiwan's first Green Factory Label and 13 labels in total as of the end of 2020, and is the most awarded company in Taiwan.

Environmental Audit Results in Violation of Environmental Regulations During 2020 and as of the date of this Annual Report, TSMC has no incurred any environmental pollution related losses. However, the Company was given two fines totaling NT\$127,000 for violating environmental regulations: NT\$100,000 issued on 01/06/2021 for failing to take effective air pollutant control measures at our construction site (Section 2 of Article 23 of the Air Pollution Control Act) – the Company took immediate corrective action after the audit by the competent authority: NT\$27,000 issued on 01/28/2021 for construction site work failing to conform with the Run-off Wastewater Reduction Plan approved by competent authority (Article 18 of the Water Pollution Control Act; Article 10 of Water Pollution Control Measures and Test Reporting Management Regulations) – the Company updated the Run-off Wastewater Reduction Plan after the audit by the competent authority and enhanced related management measures.

7.2.2 Sustainable Products

TSMC collaborates with its upstream material and equipment suppliers, design ecosystem partners and downstream assembly and testing service providers to minimize environmental impact. Reducing the resources and energy consumed for each unit of production allows the Company to provide customers with more advanced, power efficient and ecologically sound products, such as ultra-low power chips for narrowband IoT, low Vdd (low operating voltage) chips for wearables and IoT devices, low-power chips for mobile devices, high-efficiency LED driver chips for flat panel display backlighting, indoor/outdoor solid state LED lighting, Energy Star certified low standby AC-DC adaptors chips, high-efficiency DC brushless motor chips, electric vehicle chips and low-power server chips. By leveraging TSMC's superior energy-efficient technologies, these chips support sustainable city infrastructure, greener vehicles, smart grids, more energy efficient servers and data centers and other applications. In addition to helping customers design low power, high performance products to reduce resource consumption over the product's life cycle, TSMC's green manufacturing practices provide further green value to customers and other stakeholders.

TSMC-manufactured ICs are used in a broad variety of applications in various segments of the computer, communications, consumer, industrial, electric vehicle, server and data center, and other electronics markets. Through TSMC's manufacturing

technologies, customers' designs are realized and their products are incorporated into people's lives. These chips, therefore, make significant contributions to the progress of modern society. TSMC works hard to achieve profitable growth while providing products that add environmental and social value. Listed below are several examples of how TSMC-manufactured products make significant contributions to the environment and society.

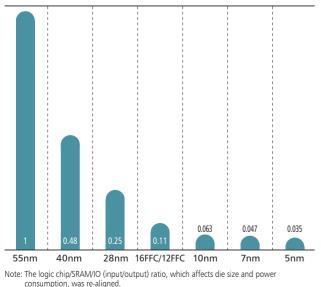
Environmental Contribution by TSMC Foundry Services

- 1. Continue to Drive Technology to Reduce Power Consumption and Save Resources
- To improve sustainability, TSMC continues to drive the development of advanced semiconductor process technologies to support customer designs that result in the most advanced, energy-saving and environmentally friendly products. In each new technology generation, circuitry line widths shrink, making transistors smaller and reducing product power consumption for completing the same tasks or achieving the same level of performance.
- As TSMC quickly ramped up its 16nm and newer generation technologies, combined wafer revenue contribution grew significantly from 4% in 2015 to 58% in 2020. TSMC's objective is to continue R&D investment and to increase wafer revenue contribution in 16nm and beyond technologies, helping the Company achieve both profitable growth and sustainability.

TSMC Wafer Revenue Contribution from 16nm and Beyond Technologies

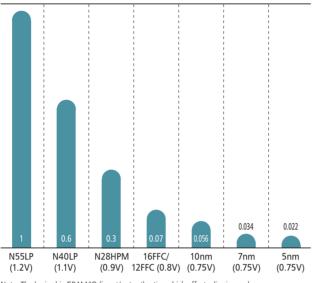
| 2015 | 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| 4% | 21% | 31% | 41% | 50% | 58% |

Chip Die Size Cross-Technology Comparison Die size reduces as line width shrinks



Chip Total Power Consumption Cross-Technology Comparison

More power is saved as line width shrinks



Note: The logic chip/SRAM/IO (input/output) ratio, which affects die size and power consumption, was re-aligned.

2. Provide Customers Leading Power Management IC Process with the Highest Efficiency

- TSMC's leading manufacturing technology helps customers design and produce green products. Power management ICs, the key components that supply and regulate power to all other IC components within electronic devices, are the most notable green IC products. TSMC helps customers produce industry-leading power management chips with more stable and efficient power supplies and lower energy consumption.
- In 2020, the Company shipped more than 3.8 million 8-inch equivalent wafers using TSMC's HV/Power technologies to customers. Power management ICs manufactured by TSMC for customers are widely used in computer, communication, consumer, electric vehicle, server and data center, and other systems around the globe.
 HV/Power Technologies Shipments

| V/Power Techr | nologies Shipme | ents | Unit: 8-ind | ch equivalent wafer |
|---------------|-----------------|---------|-------------|---------------------|
| 2016 | 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
| >2.100K | >2.500K | >2.600K | >2.900K | >3.800K |

3. Drive Industry-leading, Comprehensive Ultra-low Power (ULP) Technology Platform

• To meet low-power consumption requirements for IoT markets, such as wearable and smart home products, TSMC continues to invest in expanding and enhancing its ultra-low power processes. The Company provides industry's leading and most comprehensive ultra-low power (ULP) technology platform to support innovations for a wide range of IoT applications that demand increased computing in smart edge devices, including smart speakers, smart cameras, wearables, and various smart appliances. TSMC's industry-leading offerings include FinFET-based 12-nanometer technology -N12eTM featuring energy efficiency with high performance that results in more computing power and AI inferencing, 22nm ULP/Ultra-low leakage (ULL), 28nm ULP, 40nm ULP, and 55nm ULP, which have been widely adopted by various edge AI system-on-a-chip (SoC), battery-powered applications. TSMC has also extended its low Vdd offerings with wide-range operating voltage SPICE (simulation program with integrated circuit emphasis) models for extreme low-power applications.

4. Develop Greener Manufacturing to Lower Energy Consumption

• TSMC continues to develop more advanced and efficient technologies to reduce energy/resource consumption and pollution per unit during the manufacturing process, as well as power consumption and pollution during product use. In each new technology generation, circuitry line widths shrink, making chips smaller for the same circuit designs and lowering the energy and raw materials consumed for per chip in manufacturing. In addition, the Company continuously provides process simplification and new design methodology based on its manufacturing excellence to help customers reduce design and process waste so as to produce more advanced, energy-saving and environmentallyfriendly products. For total energy savings and benefits realized in 2020 through TSMC's green manufacturing, see Environmental Accounting on page 134-135 in this annual report.

Social Contribution by TSMC Foundry Services 1. Unleash Customers' Mobile and Wireless Chip Innovations that Enhance Mobility and Convenience

• The rapid growth of smartphones and tablets in recent years reflects strong demand for mobile devices, which accelerates innovations for IC products such as baseband, RF transceivers, application processors (AP), wireless local area networks (WLAN), CMOS image sensors (CIS), near field communication (NFC), Bluetooth, and global positioning systems (GPS) among others. These mobile devices offer remarkable convenience in daily living, and TSMC contributes significant value to these devices in the following ways: (1) new TSMC process technologies help chips achieve faster computing speeds in smaller sizes, leading to smaller form factors for these electronic devices. In addition, TSMC SoC technology integrates more functions into one chip, reducing the total number of chips in electronic devices, again resulting in a smaller system form factor; (2) new TSMC process technologies also help chips reduce power

consumption, allowing mobile devices to be used for a longer period of time; and (3) TSMC helps spread the growth of more convenient wireless connectivity such as 3G/4G/5G and WLAN/Bluetooth, meaning people can communicate more efficiently and "work anytime and anywhere," significantly increasing the mobility of modern society. In 2020, smartphone products represented about 48% of TSMC revenue.

TSMC Revenue Contribution from Smartphone Products

| 2017 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 |
|------|------|------|------|
| 52% | 45% | 49% | 48% |

- 2. Unleash Customers' Innovations in CIS and MEMS that Enhance Human Health and Safety; Create Green Products
- To make machines smarter, safer and more user and environmentally friendly, sensors are a must. Optical, acoustic, motion, and environment sensors are mostly made with either CIS or MEMS (micro-electromechanical systems) technologies. TSMC continues to put substantial effort into developing more advanced CIS and MEMS technologies to enable customers to create new products for new applications. For CIS, TSMC and customers have extended applications from traditional RGB (red, green, blue) sensing to 3D depth sensing, optical fingerprint, and NIR machine vision, etc. For MEMS, TSMC and customers have extended applications from traditional motion sensing to microphone, bio-sensing, microspeaker, medical ultrasound actuators and more. TSMC customers' sensing devices are used in consumer electronics, mobile communication, automotive electronics, industrial, and medical devices, and so on. They are increasingly smaller, faster, more accurate and more energy efficient, greatly enhancing human convenience, health and safety, and contributing to sustainability. For instance, TSMC customers' CIS and MEMS products are used in a number of advanced medical treatments as well as in preventative health care applications. Examples include early warning systems to minimize the injury from falls for the elderly, systems to detect physiological changes, car safety systems and other applications that significantly improve human health and safety. One remarkable example is that TSMC helps our customer deliver an innovative handheld, single-probe, whole-body ultrasound system in 2020. This product is a particularly useful tool during the global COVID-19 pandemic due to its fast and sharp lung imaging capabilities, portability and ease of cleaning, as infection control has become increasingly important. Moreover, advanced sensors can make equipment smarter by monitoring the working environment and conditions so that it can operate in a more energy efficient way.

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7.2.3 Safety and Health

Safety and Health Management

TSMC's safety and health management is compliant with local and international standards and adheres to the management approach of "Plan, Do, Check, Act" to prevent accidents, promote employee safety and health, and protect Company assets. All TSMC fabs in Taiwan have received TOSHMS (Taiwan Occupational Safety and Health Management System) certification since 2009. In 2018, the International Organization for Standardization released ISO 45001: 2018, replacing OHSAS 18001, with major changes in the expansion of the scope, support and participation of the leadership, collection and planning of internal and external issues, expectation and demand of stakeholders, evaluation of risk inspection, communication and consultation of non-managers, application of performance indicator, and evaluation of corrective and preventive action. Meanwhile, ISO 45001 ensures the spirit of the system can be effectively implemented at the management level through management review, internal audit, automatic check, and security patrol to find safety concerns and opportunities for improvement. All fabs in Taiwan received ISO 45001 certification for occupational health and safety in 2019 and all TSMC subsidiaries obtained the certification in 2020.

Besides accident prevention, TSMC has established emergency response procedures to protect employees and contractors if a disaster should occur, as well as to prevent and/or reduce the negative impact on the community and the environment. TSMC communicates regularly with suppliers to ensure that potential risk in the operation of production equipment is minimized and that safety control procedures are followed rigorously during installation. The Company places stringent controls on high-risk operations and also evaluates the seismic tolerance of its facilities and equipment to reduce the risk of earthquake damage.

For epidemics, TSMC has established corporate-level prevention committees and procedures for emergency response to outbreaks of infectious diseases.

Working Environment and Employee Safety and Health Protection

The Company's ESH policy is focused on establishing a safe working environment, preventing occupational injury and illness, keeping employees healthy, enhancing every employee's awareness and sense of accountability to ESH, and building an ESH culture. TSMC safety and health management operations apply to the following:

• Equipment Safety and Health Management

In addition to meeting regulatory requirements and internal standards, as well as mitigating ESH-related risks when building or expanding facilities, TSMC also maintains procedures governing new equipment and raw materials, requires safety approvals for bringing new tools online, updates safety rules, and implements seismic protection and other safety measures.

TSMC requires that all new tools meet SEMI-S8 requirements and that appropriate supplementary control measures be taken to reduce ergonomic risk. Moreover, the Company endeavors to automate 300mm front-opening unified pod (FOUP) transportation to prevent accumulative physical damage caused by repetitive manual handling of 300mm FOUPs. TSMC 300mm fabs have completed automatic transportation control.

• Environmental, Safety and Health Evaluation of New Tools and New Chemical Substances

As a technology leader in the global semiconductor industry, TSMC operates increasingly diversified process tools and introduces new chemicals in the R&D stage. Before using new tools or new chemicals, they are reviewed carefully by the new tools and new chemical review committee. The purpose is to ensure that new tools are compliant with the semiconductor industry's safety standards (such as SEMI-S2) and that new chemicals' environmental, safety and health concerns can be well controlled, including engineering controls, application of personal protection equipment, and operational safety training during storage, transportation, usage and disposal

• General Safety Management, Training and Audit

All TSMC manufacturing facilities hold environmental, safety and health committee meetings on a monthly basis. TSMC has adopted multiple preventive measures such as controls on high-risk work, contractor management, chemical safety management, personal protective equipment requirements, and safety audit management. In addition, the Company maintains detailed disaster response procedures and performs regular drills designed to minimize damage to employees and property, as well as the impact on society and the environment in the event of a disaster.

Working Environment Hazardous Factors Management TSMC conducts workplace hazard assessments to provide a comfortable, safe workplace to employees. The Company also educates and requires employees to use personal protective equipment (PPE) to prevent hazardous exposures.

The Company performs semi-annual workplace environment assessments of physical and chemical hazards, including CO₂ concentration, illumination, noise, and hazardous chemical substances regulated by local laws. In addition, TSMC has performed exposure assessments and has used hierarchy management control for chemicals with potential health hazards. If abnormal measurements occur, events happen, or an exposure assessment indicates there is an adverse health effect for employees, ESH professionals immediately conduct onsite observation and intervention to reduce the exposure to acceptable levels.

• Health Promotion Program

In order to establish the healthiest possible workplace and reduce the incidence of occupational disease, TSMC formed a corporate-level committee to execute health promotion programs covering three key areas:

- (1) Exposure and health risk assessment: develop an exposure assessment system to identify high health risk employees.
- (2) Hazardous training and notification: use standardized training materials for employees and contractors in all TSMC fabs. Inform them of the health risks and prevention measures at the workplace before working or providing any services there.
- (3) Strengthen management of chemicals with significant health risks: inform suppliers that all materials they provide to TSMC must comply with applicable laws including clear disclosure of any hazardous substances. Perform sampling of raw materials used in the manufacturing process to confirm that they do not contain any carcinogenic, mutagenic or toxic-reproductive materials as claimed in supplier's safety data sheet (SDS).

• Emergency Response

The planning and execution of an effective emergency response should identify potential high-risk events via risk assessment and be prepared for various scenarios. It should focus on continuous improvement and drills covering all potentially serious events. TSMC's emergency response plans include procedures for rapid-response crisis management and disaster recovery for all potential incidents.

All TSMC fabs conduct major annual emergency response exercises and evacuation drills. TSMC's onsite service contractors are also required to participate in emergency response planning and exercises to ensure cooperation in handling accidents and to effectively minimize any damage caused by disasters. At least every two years, each fab director invites fab management and support functions to participate in business continuity drills for potentially high-risk events such as earthquake, fire and flood (Tainan site). Since 2018, TSMC has conducted complex accident emergency response drills, which include simultaneous scenarios for earthquake, fire and chemical spills. In 2019, the Company completed 108 scenarios to ensure rapid response to emergencies so that losses can be minimized in the event of a real disaster. In 2020, TSMC took lead in the industry to introduce the "All-Hazard" approach recommended by the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) to conduct disaster prevention exercises.

In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, TSMC added tabletop exercises to disaster prevention training in an effort to minimize the risks of group infections that may arise as a result of full-scale exercises. The inclusion of tabletop exercises also aids in the verification of full-scale exercise procedures to make disaster response more comprehensive, thus effectively mitigating the impact of various types of disasters on business continuity in the future. As of October 2020, 75 sessions of tabletop exercises had been completed in addition to 195 full-scale exercises.

In addition to the regular emergency response drills held by engineering and facilities departments each guarter, the Company's laboratory, canteen, dormitory, and shuttle bus personnel also hold emergency response drills to prepare for events such as earthquakes, chemical spills, ammonia release, fires and traffic accidents.

• Emerging Infectious Disease Response

TSMC has a dedicated corporate ESH organization to monitor emerging infectious diseases around the world, to assess any potential impact on the workplace, and to provide an appropriate strategic response plan. In previous outbreaks such as SARS in 2003, H1N1 influenza in 2009, and MERS in 2015, as well as with the current COVID-19 threat, TSMC followed the Taiwan CDC's (Centers for Disease Control) rules and convened the corporate influenza response committee to develop the Company's strategies. These strategies included educating employees in prevention and response, publishing guidelines for managers, establishing guidelines for employee sick leave due to flu, and installing alcohol-based hand sanitizers at appropriate locations. The Committee also monitors the status of employee leave due to illness and, at the same time, develops a continuity plan to address manpower shortages and minimize business impact.

• Employee Physical and Mental Health Enhancement

TSMC believes that employees' physical and mental health is not only fundamental to maintaining normal business operations but is also part of a corporation's responsibility. To protect and promote employee physical and mental health, TSMC fosters collaboration among the onsite industrial safety and environmental protection department, onsite medical personnel of the health center, and physicians of occupational medicine. TSMC strives to reduce cerebral and cardiovascular disease that might be induced or aggravated by overwork, night work or shift work. The Company conducts maternal health protection programs and prevention of cumulative trauma disorders as well. TSMC devotes significant resources to mental health awareness and related activities, which not only protect employees from hazards at work but also proactively promote employee health in general. In 2020, through planned personal health management, (1) 599 female employees participated in the maternal health program, the completion rate was 100%. 598 of them were at the first degree risk (there was no harm to the mother, infant, and baby). One employee was classified as second degree risk (possible harm to the mother, infant, and baby) at the first assessment; after proper adjustments to her works, she was reclassified as the first degree after doctor's re-assessment. (2) By analyzing historical cerebral and cardiovascular cases of our employees, TSMC modified disease assessment criteria with contracted doctors, and, combining internal annual health examination reports, as well as working hour's information, was able to identify 2,678 employees that have middle to high risk for cerebral and cardiovascular diseases. These employees were provided with health education and medical assistance. Also, along with their managers, they received suggested working hour recommendations to reduce disease risk. (3) 174 employees were identified in a high risk group for cumulative trauma disorders. Among them, one could have job-related risks. The Company has adjusted whose job conditions to avoid possible risks. (4) As obesity has been considered as a precursor of diabetes, TSMC has held health promotion programs for several consecutive years. In 2020, considering the prevention of COVID-19 and the tendency of young generation's preference on social and video media, TSMC conducted a

series of on-line interactive activities, such as (1) 2 sessions of "Health Lecture On-line", 809 attendees in total. (2) 3 health education videos about hypertension, hyperlipidemia, and diabetes, with a total of 7,266 visits. (3) 3 sessions of on-line quiz, with respect to 3 topics of hypertension, hyperlipidemia, and diabetes, with a total of 4,618 attendees. (4) 1 session of "Selection of Health Diet" of DASH diet, 1,019 participants. The feedbacks were positive to make health promotion can be continued under epidemic prevention.

7.2.4 Supplier Management

Management Aspect

For better supply chain management, TSMC is committed to communicating with and encouraging its suppliers, including contractors, to increase their quality, cost effectiveness and delivery performance, and make continuous improvement in environmental protection, safety and health. Through regular communication with senior managers, site audits and experience sharing, the Company collaborates with major suppliers and contractors to enhance partnerships and ensure continued improvement of performance and increased joint contributions to society. As noted above, contractors performing high-risk activities must lay out clearly-defined safety precautions and preventative measures. In addition, contractors working on high-risk engineering projects must establish ISO 45001 or OHSAS 18001 systems and the workers must successfully complete work-related skill training. All contractors performing high-risk activities must obtain ISO 45001 certification before the end of 2021.

Supply Chain Sustainability

TSMC works with suppliers in several fields of sustainable development, such as greening the supply chain, carbon management for climate change, mitigation of fire risk, ESH management and business continuity plans in the event of a natural disaster.

Since becoming a full member of the Responsible Business Alliance (RBA) in 2015, TSMC has completed implementation of the RBA code of conduct throughout the Company by performing self-assessments at its facilities worldwide and reviewing policies and procedures in the areas of labor, health and safety, environment, ethics and management systems.

To enhance supply chain sustainability and streamline risk management, the Company is committed to collaborating with its suppliers to maintain full compliance with Taiwan's environmental, safety, health and fire protection regulations. TSMC developed a supplier's code of conduct, which affirmed basic labor rights and standards for health, safety, environment, ethics and management systems. TSMC works with suppliers to evaluate the risk and impact on the economy, the environment, and society and to make continuous improvement. The Company has helped boost suppliers' performance of sustainability through experience sharing and training and hopes to establish a world-class semiconductor supply chain that exceeds international standards and serves as a global benchmark.

TSMC is subject to the U.S. Securities & Exchange Commission (SEC) disclosure rule on conflict minerals released under Rule 13p-1 of the U.S. Securities Exchange Act of 1934. As a recognized global leader in the high-tech supply chain, the Company acknowledges its corporate social responsibility to strive to procure conflict-free minerals in an effort to recognize humanitarian and ethical social principles that protect the dignity of all people. To this end, TSMC has implemented a series of compliance safeguards in accordance with leading industry practices such as adopting the due diligence framework in the OECD's Model Supply Chain Policy for a Responsible Global Supply Chain of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High Risk Areas issued in 2011.

TSMC is a strong supporter of the Responsible Business Alliance and the Global e-Sustainability Initiative (GeSI), which will help the Company's suppliers source conflict-free minerals through their jointly developed Responsible Minerals Initiative (RMI). Since 2011, TSMC has asked its suppliers to disclose information and make timely updates on smelters and mines. The Company encourages suppliers to source minerals from facilities or smelters that have received a "conflict free" designation by a recognized industry group (such as the RBA) and also requires those who have not received such designation to become compliant with Responsible Minerals Initiative or an equivalent third party audit program. TSMC requires the use of tantalum, tin, tungsten and gold in its products that are conflict-free.

TSMC will continue to conduct the supplier survey annually and require suppliers to improve and expand their disclosure to fulfill regulatory and customer requirements. For further information, see the Company's Form SD filed with the U.S. SEC. (https://www.tsmc.com/english/investorRelations/sec_ filings.htm)

7.3 TSMC Education and Culture Foundation

In 2020, the world was hit hard by the COVID-19 pandemic. Starting in March, many venues in Taiwan were shut down and the impact of the pandemic could be felt in every sector. In times like these, it behoves the TSMC Education and Culture Foundation to be the first to donate a hundred thermographic cameras to the Ministry of Education to be deployed at national examination locations to support education and safeguard the health of students with the power of technology. Although various programs planned by the Foundation were curtailed by COVID-prevention measures, in 2020 the Foundation invested over NT\$99 million to support various educational events, art exhibitions and performances. Through continuous donations, the Foundation hopes to help reduce educational inequality and bring new ideas to the table for cultural enrichment.

Working in Tandem with Educational Partners, Closing the Resource Gap between City and Country Apart from donating one hundred thermographic cameras to the Ministry of Education as part of the COVID-prevention measures on campus in Taiwan, the TSMC Education and Culture Foundation works with its educational partners to reduce inequality in educational resources. Together the Foundation and its partner Junyi Academy worked to develop a series of online courses of adaptive learning titled "Critical Thinking Training," which was a response to the implementation of General Guidelines of Curriculum Guidelines of 12-Year Basic Education. In addition, the program hosted 26 teaching workshops where teachers learned how to guide students to think logically and improve their communication skills. 518 teachers have attended the workshops and more than 120,000 people have watched them online.

As well as providing online educational resources to teachers and students, the Foundation has long been committed to narrowing the gap of educational resources between schools in urban and rural areas. In 2020, it partnered with Cheng Zhi Education Foundation to assist Emei Junior High School of Hsinchu county to transition to be a KIST-inspired school. With the injection of new educational blood, the two foundations have helped change the lives of many students from schools in rural areas. The Foundation also continuously teams up with CommonWealth Education Foundation, Teach for Taiwan, and the Boyo Social Welfare Foundation. Together the

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Foundation donates quality books and brings good teachers to schools in rural areas to narrow the educational gap between urban and rural areas. Furthermore, in 2020 the Foundation offered grants to 70 students from low-income families at five universities: National Tsing Hua University, National Central University, National Cheng Kung University, National Sun Yat-sen University, and National Chung Cheng University. In doing so, the Foundation hopes to assist the students with financial aid and encourage them to concentrate on their studies.

Nurturing Young Talent, Offering a Stage for Diverse Development

To promote popular science education and nurture talents for the semiconductor industry, in 1997 TSMC subsidized the "World of Semiconductors" exhibition hall at the National Museum of Natural Science, being at the vanguard of business-supported education of popular science. For the exhibition to keep up with the times, the TSMC Education and Culture Foundation updated the content of the exhibition in 2002 and again in 2011. In 2018, the Foundation initiated a third renewal project and a brand new "World of Semiconductors" was officially launched in August 2020. With the latest upgrade the exhibition hall provides more in-depth knowledge on semiconductors, adds interactive exhibitions, and increases the exhibition space. Through a multi-dimensional experience at the exhibition, visiting students and the public can broaden their knowledge of semiconductors and the industry. In the meanwhile, in order to inspire more female students to take interest in science. in 2020 the Foundation organized for the first time a "Trip of TSMC Women Scientists," inviting students from five girls' high schools to visit the exhibition and be given guided tours by women engineers at TSMC. These women engineers have shared with the young students the trajectory of their learning and precious work experience, thereby hoping to encourage girls at high schools not to confine themselves to any subjects and commit themselves to fields in sciences through in-person exchange.

To motivate college students to pursue their dreams and encourage young people to commit to environmental sustainability, the TSMC Education and Culture Foundation organized the fifth "TSMC Youth Dream Building Project" in 2020. It focuses on the theme of "circular economy" as way to advocate the importance of environmental sustainability

to the public and to the younger generation. This project was open not only to the college students in Taoyuan, Hsinchu, Maoli and Tainan areas but also to those from Taichung area. In total, 102 teams of college students participated in the project. The topics of the proposals covered virtually every issue in society, ranging from creating a popular science column on semiconductors, to a wood reclaiming project, and from an anti-drug campaign to food and agriculture education. These innovative ideas greatly impressed the panel of judges. Moreover, the TSMC Education and Culture Foundation continued its support for literary, calligraphic and seal-carving by young students through funding two annual competitions, i.e. the "TSMC Youth Literature Award" and the "TSMC Youth Calligraphy and Seal-Carving Competition," which are well into their 17th and 13th years respectively. Both competitions have become the important events in their respective fields. The Foundation has also attracted public attention and interest in literature and calligraphy via the internet. The "TSMC Youth Literature Award" social platform so far has garnered over 14,000 members and one award-winning piece has been shared over 3.000 times.

The TSMC Education and Culture Foundation wishes to offer a non-academic platform to young students, where through science and humanities competitions and events the students can be inspired to develop diverse interests and explore wherever their passion takes them.

Advocating Online Arts and Literary Events, Calming the **Restless Mind**

During the second half of 2020, the pandemic situation in Taiwan was relatively under control. Thus, the TSMC Education and Culture Foundation was able to sponsor a live concert in Tainan performed by the renowned cellist Yo-Yo Ma and streamed it live globally. With pandemic preventive measures in place, the Foundation invited the public to the concert hall to experience the soul-soothing power of virtuoso performance. At the same time, live streaming allowed audiences all over the world to enjoy the musical feast. The Foundation also teamed up with the National Symphony Orchestra (of Taiwan) to initiate an "Education Program for Youth" project, inviting Taiwanese-Australian violinist Ray Chen to give master classes at the National Concert Hall. The classes were streamed live and broadcasted by Taiwan Public Television Service, thereby promoting music education to a wider audience. Over 73,000 people have viewed the master classes.

The Foundation has long dedicated itself to promoting Chinese classic literature. In 2020, it collaborated with National Tsing Hua University on a general education course, "Pai Hsien-yung Literature Lectures: *Dream of the Red Chamber*". The course hosted by Mr. Pai Hsien-yung and renowned Honglou meng specialists from abroad and in Taiwan to give lectures on various aspects of the classic. The course also invited students to explore the profoundness of Chinese literature, bringing a humanistic perspective to their education. Likewise, the Foundation-funded broadcasting program, "Lectures on the Classics on Air," entered its 13th year. The program host, Professor Xin Yi Yun, has released an audio book, *Putting A* Xin's Spin on Lao Tzu, as an approachable way for the public to experience the wisdom of Chinese philosophers from the classics. In the same vein, the 2020 "TSMC Lecture" again invited the distinguished research fellow Wang Ming-ke of the Institute of History and Philology of Academia Sinica to examine how humans have coped with fear and what measures have been taken historically to deal with pandemics. The TSMC Education and Culture Foundation has not only promoted literary talks within local communities but also posted the talks on an online channel available to the public. In doing so, the Foundation hopes to go beyond geographic borders with technology and let arts and literature comfort the restless minds during these difficult times.

7.4 TSMC Charity Foundation

Since its establishment in 2017, the TSMC Charity Foundation has focused on developing programs and projects relating to its four main pillar initiatives: disadvantaged care, solitary elderly care, filial piety promotion, and environmental protection. Under the leadership of Chairperson Sophie Chang, the Foundation takes a stand for disadvantaged persons, focusing on current and potential social issues, and striving to gives disadvantaged families and children from rural areas from all corners of society to support social change, powers social change through charitable works, and uplift Taiwan society.

• Solitary Elderly Care: The Foundation improved the health close the wealth gap in Taiwan society by enhancing education and welfare of solitary elders by collaborating with its and providing emergency assistance in rural areas. This support Networking of Love partners to connect social welfare groups and medical institutions providing care to solitary elders. more opportunities to improve their lives. The Foundation has In 2020, the Foundation helped launch a new intelligent also established a social welfare platform that magnifies voices medical system at the Taitung County Sazasa Aborigine Health Promotion Site to enhance medical guality and efficacy. The Foundation continued to collaborate with TSMC Facility Division to provide house repair services at seven locations in Eastern Taiwan, ensuring a safe and healthy living The Foundation continued to expand its scope of services space for solitary elders. Current Networking of Love partners through charitable endeavors in 2020 and initiated many new include Taipei Veterans General Hospital, Miaoli General projects related to social welfare including the following: Hospital, Old Five Old Foundation, Feng Yuan Hospital,

• Disadvantaged Care: The Foundation focused on the two main initiatives for disadvantaged care –"rural education" and "support for the disadvantaged". The Foundation provided volunteer services, building repairs, online educational materials, off-grade foods, and other assistance to educational institutions and children in rural areas, ensuring that disadvantaged groups received equal opportunities to obtain education. In 2020, the Foundation prioritized vocational education, collaborating with various enterprises to promote training and reach the goal of "providing livelihood/practical skills," helping students from rural areas with vocational training. To help support the basic living needs of the underprivileged, the Foundation continued to visit and provide financial aid and daily supplies to high-risk disadvantaged families, providing valuable support to the already existing social welfare system.

In 2020, the Foundation gave support to 62 after-school care locations benefiting a total of 4,685 students. With the dedication and knowledge of its TSMC volunteers, the Foundation created science tutorial videos to promote science experiments and education. The Foundation also collaborated with National Chiao Tung University to help 30 elementary schools in Hsinchu City that were lacking information resources to align with 2019 Curriculum Guidelines, an issue affecting 18,000 students in the city. The Foundation's "Sending Love" programs continued to be active, and Foundation staff conducted onsite visits to identify disadvantaged families in need of financial support. The living conditions of these disadvantaged families were improved through charitable donations from both inside and outside TSMC. As of 2020, the Foundation has assisted a total of 155 families.

China Medical University Hospital, Lin Tseng Lien Welfare and Charity Foundation, Taiwan Puli Care Association, Sin-Lau Hospital, Tainan Hospital, Jianan Psychiatric Center, Mennonite Christian Hospital and the Mennonite Social Welfare Foundation, and Fooyin University, Penghu Hospital and Cishan Hospital.

- Filial Piety Promotion: The Foundation promotes the culture value of filial piety as part of its efforts to reduce social risks and problems arising from ageing societies by raising generational awareness of filial piety. In 2020, volunteers from TSMC Fabs and Divisions helped promote filial piety awareness by teaching elementary and junior high school students to make lunchboxes and write autobiographies, thereby building a bridge for communication between generations. The Foundation continues to work with the K-12 Education Administration Ministry of Education, hosting four parent-child filial piety workshops in New Taipei City, Taichung, Yunlin, and Tainan to encourage cross-generational dialogue and plant the spirit of filial piety in the hearts of the attendees.
- Environmental Protection: We aim to reduce food waste through the Cherish Food Program. Through our volunteer programs, we promote environmental awareness, help schools improve energy savings inside their facilities, and also educate and provide information to these schools about environmental protection.

In 2020, the Foundation continued its "Cherish Food Program" and worked with many food companies to donate off-grade foods and 11 freezers to 92 institutes that collaborated with the Foundation to provide care for the disadvantaged, reduce food waste, and promote environmental conservation. The Foundation previously collaborated with food companies including Chi Mei Frozen Food, Hunya Foods, Laurel Corporation, Lian Hwa Foods Corporation, Hsin Tung Yang Corporation, and Dachan Great Wall Group.

TSMC ecology volunteers continued to provide ecology tours at Hsinchu Fab 12B plant, Taichung Fab 15 plant, Tainan Fab 14 plant, and the Tainan Jacana Ecology Education Park; meanwhile, TSMC professional energy-saving volunteers helped educational institutions of all levels with making energy-saving assessments and improvements, at service locations covering Taipei, Hsinchu, Taichung, Tainan and Kaohsiung.

7.5 TSMC i-Charity

Launched in 2014, the TSMC i-Charity platform is an internal interactive website that TSMC employees can use to propose care programs, share program results, provide responses and suggestions, and take advantage of timely online funding activities to give back to society.

In 2020, charitable contributions surpassed NT\$32 million and a total of 22,000 people participated in the "Equal Education Platform," "Teach for Taiwan," "Repair Services Volunteer Group Program," and "Pandemic Prevention Support for Firstline Workers" initiatives.

From 2014 until 2020, charitable contributions on the TSMC i-Charity platform has in aggregate, exceeded NT\$140 million. TSMC will continue its commitment to society and encourage employees to care for and give back to society in different ways.

7.6 Social Responsibility Implementation Status as Required by the Taiwan Financial Supervisory Commission

| Assessment Item | | |
|---|------------|---------|
| | Yes | No |
| Does the Company follow materiality principle to conduct risk assessment for environmental, social and corporate governance topics related to company operation, and establish risk management related policy or strategy? | V | |
| Does the Company have a dedicated (or ad-hoc) CSR organization with Board of Directors authorization for senior management, which reports to the Board of Directors? | V | |
| Environmental Topic Has the Company set an environmental management system designed to industry characteristics? | V | |
| (2) Is the Company committed to improving resource efficiency and to the use of renewable materials with low environmental impact? | | |
| (3) Does the Company evaluate current and future climate change potential risks and opportunities and take measures related to climate related topics? | | |
| (4) Does the Company collect data for greenhouse gas emissions, water usage and waste quantity in the past two years, and set energy conservation, greenhouse gas emissions reduction, water usage reduction and other waste management policies? | | |
| Social Topic Does the Company set policies and procedures in compliance with regulations and internationally recognized human rights principles? | V | |
| (2) Has the Company established appropriately managed employee welfare measures (include salary and compensation, leave and others), and link operational performance or achievements with employee salary and compensation? | | |
| (3) Does the Company provide employees with a safe and healthy working environment, with regular safety and health training? | | |
| (4) Has the Company established effective career development training plans? | | |
| (5) Does the Company's product and service comply with related regulations and international rules for customers' health and safety, privacy, sales, labelling and set polices to protect consumers' rights and consumer appeal procedures? | | |
| (6) Does the Company set supplier management policy and request suppliers to comply with related standards on the topics of environmental, occupational safety and health or labor right, and their implementation status? | | |
| 5. Does the Company refer to international reporting rules or guidelines to publish CSR Report to disclose non-financial information of the Company? Has the said Report acquire 3 rd certification party verification or statement of assurance? | V | |
| If the company has established its corporate social responsibility code of practic differences. | e accordin | g to "l |
| TSMC follows the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy set by the Chairman. Dr | Mark Lin | For |

7. Other important information to facilitate better understanding of the company's implementation of corporate social responsibility:

Please refer to TSMC's website for its corporate social responsibility implementation status: https://www.tsmc.com/english/csr/index.htm

| Implementation Status | Non- |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| Summary | implementation and Its Reason(s) |
| Please refer to "7. Corporate Social Responsibility" on pages 124-145 of this annual report. | None |
| Please refer to "7. Corporate Social Responsibility" on pages 124-145 of this annual report. | None |
| Please refer to "7.2.1 Environmental Protection" on pages 131-135 of this annual report. | None |
| (1) Please refer to "5.5 Human Capital" on pages 92-97 of this Annual Report. | None |
| (2) Please refer to "5.5 Human Capital" on pages 92-97 of this Annual Report. | |
| (3) Please refer to "7.2.3 Safety and Health" on pages 138-140 of this Annual Report. | |
| (4) Please refer to "5.5 Human Capital" on pages 92-97 of this Annual Report. | |
| (5) Not applicable as TSMC is not an end product manufacturer. | |
| (6) Please refer to "7.2.4 Supplier Management" on page 140-141 of this annual report. | |
| TSMC has published a "Corporate Social Responsibility Report" since 2008, and acquired 3 rd certification party verification or statement of assurance, and discloses this on the Company's website (https://www.tsmc.com/english/csr/ index.htm). | None |

isted Companies Corporate Social Responsibility Code of Practice," please describe the operational status and

TSMC follows the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy set by the Chairman, Dr. Mark Liu. For corporate social responsibility operational status, please refer to "7. Corporate Social Responsibility" on pages 124-145 of this annual report and corporate social responsibility related information in our website: https://www.tsmc.com/english/csr/index.htm

8. Subsidiary Information and Other Special Notes

ALL DATE OF

> A scenic highway stretching ahead unbending (Up)

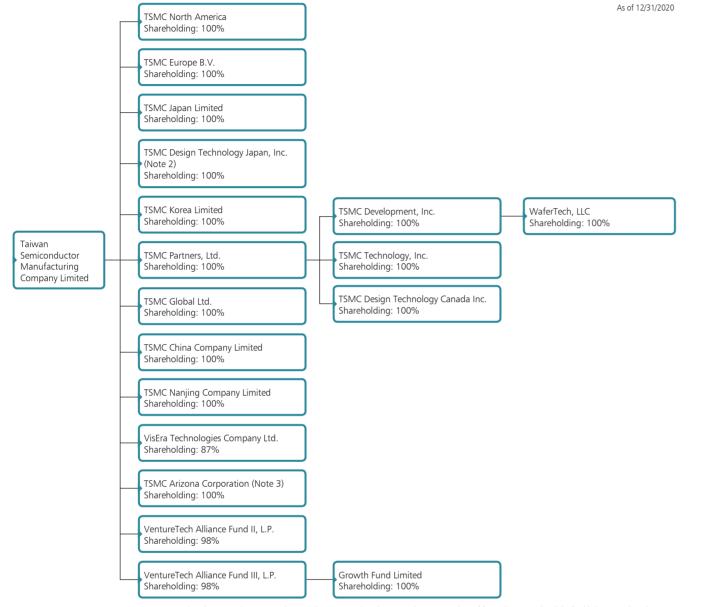
> The majestic scale of a fab cleanroom (Down)



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8.1 Subsidiaries

8.1.1 TSMC Subsidiaries Chart (Note 1)



Note 1: InveStar Semiconductor Development Fund, Inc. and InveStar Semiconductor Development Fund, Inc. (II) LDC. have completed the liquidation procedures in November 2020.

Emerging Fund, LP., a 99.9% owned subsidiary of TSMC, was established in January 2021. On February 9, 2021, TSMC's Board of Directors approved to establish a wholly-owned subsidiary in Japan to expand the Company's 3DIC material research.

Note 2: TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc. was established in January 2020. Note 3: TSMC Arizona Corporation was established in November 2020.

8.1.2 Business Scope of TSMC and Its Subsidiaries

TSMC and its subsidiaries strive to deliver the best foundry services. WaferTech in the United States and TSMC China provide 8-inch wafer capacity, while TSMC Nanjing provides 12-inch wafer capacity. In addition, TSMC Arizona in the United States is currently scheduled to provide 12-inch wafer capacity in 2024. TSMC's subsidiaries in North America, Europe, Japan, China, and South Korea, etc. are dedicated to provide timely customer services and engineering support to the worldwide customers and also support the Company's core foundry business with related services as well as invest in start-up companies in the semiconductor industry.

8.1.3 TSMC Subsidiaries

Unit: NT\$ (USD, EUR, JPY, KRW, RMB, CAD) thousands

| Company | Date of Incorporation | Place of Registration | Capita | al Stock | Business Activities |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------|------------------|--|
| TSMC North America | Jan. 18, 1988 | San Jose, California, U.S. | US\$ | 11,000 | Sales and marketing of integrated circuits and semiconductor devices |
| TSMC Europe B.V. | Mar. 04, 1994 | Amsterdam, The Netherlands | EUR | 100 | Customer service and supporting activities |
| TSMC Japan Limited | Sep. 10, 1997 | Yokohama, Japan | JPY | 300,000 | Customer service and supporting activities |
| TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc. | Jan. 10, 2020 | Yokohama, Japan | JPY | 550,000 (Note 1) | Engineering support activities |
| TSMC Korea Limited | May 02, 2006 | Seoul, Korea | KRW | 400,000 | Customer service and supporting activities |
| TSMC China Company Limited | Aug. 04, 2003 | Shanghai, China | RMB | 4,502,080 | Manufacturing, sales, testing, and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices |
| TSMC Nanjing Company Limited | May 16, 2016 | Nanjing, China | RMB | 6,650,119 | Manufacturing, sales, testing, and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices |
| TSMC Arizona Corporation | Nov. 10, 2020 | Arizona, U.S. | US\$ | 0.03 | Manufacturing, sales, and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices |
| TSMC Technology, Inc. | Feb. 20, 1996 | Delaware, U.S. | US\$ | 0.001 | Engineering support activities |
| TSMC Development, Inc. | Feb. 16, 1996 | Delaware, U.S. | US\$ | 0.001 | Investing in companies involved in semiconductor manufacturing |
| WaferTech, LLC | Jun. 03, 1996 | Delaware, U.S. | US\$ | 0 | Manufacturing, sales, and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices |
| TSMC Partners, Ltd. | Mar. 26, 1998 | British Virgin Islands | US\$ | 988,268 | Investing in companies involved in the semiconductor design and manufacturing, and other investment activities |
| TSMC Design Technology Canada Inc. | May 28, 2007 | Ontario, Canada | CAD | 2,434 | Engineering support activities |
| TSMC Global Ltd. | Jul. 18, 2006 | British Virgin Islands | US\$ | 11,284,000 | Investment activities |
| VentureTech Alliance Fund II, L.P. | Feb. 27, 2004 | Cayman Islands | US\$ | 3,487 | Investing in technology start-up companies |
| VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. | Mar. 25, 2006 | Cayman Islands | US\$ | 96,519 | Investing in technology start-up companies |
| Growth Fund Limited | May 30, 2007 | Cayman Islands | US\$ | 2,504 | Investing in technology start-up companies |
| VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. | Dec. 01, 2003 | Hsinchu, Taiwan | NT\$ | 2,911,531 | Engaged in manufacturing electronic spare parts and in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing, sales, packaging and testing of color filter |

Note 1: In February 2021, TSMC had a capital injection in TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc. Capital stock increased to JPY750 million accordingly. Note 2: On November 10, 2020, TSMC's Board of Directors approved the investment in a new venture capital fund, Emerging Fund L.P. The fund was established in January 2021. On February 9, 2021, TSMC's Board of Directors approved to establish a wholly-owned subsidiary in Japan to expand the Company's 3DIC material research.

As of 12/31/2020 (Note 2)

8.1.4 Shareholders in Common of TSMC and Its Subsidiaries with Deemed Control and Subordination: None.

8.1.5 Rosters of Directors, Supervisors, and Presidents of TSMC's Subsidiaries

| | | | Shareholding | |
|------------------------------------|---|---|---|-----------------------------|
| Company | Title | Name | Shares (Investment Amount) | % (Investment Holding %) |
| TSMC North America | Director Director President/CEO | Sylvia Fang Rick Cassidy David Keller | - | - |
| TSMC Europe B.V | Director Director President | Wendell Huang Maria Marced Maria Marced | TSMC holds 11,000,000 shares | 100% - - 100% |
| TSMC Japan Limited | Director Director President | Sylvia Fang Makoto Onodera Makoto Onodera | - - TSMC holds 6,000 shares | - - - 100% |
| TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc. | Director Director | Cliff Hou Wendell Huang | TSMC holds 11,000 shares (Note 1) | - - 100% |
| TSMC Korea Limited | Director Director Director | C.C. Pan Chih-Chun Tsai Wendell Huang | - - TSMC holds 80,000 shares | - - 100% |
| TSMC China Company Limited | Chairman Director Director Supervisor President | F.C. Tseng Y.P. Chin Roger Luo Lora Ho Roger Luo | - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - | - - - (100%) |
| TSMC Nanjing Company Limited | Chairman Director Director Director Supervisor Supervisor President | Lora Ho Y.P. Chin Cliff Hou Roger Luo Wendell Huang Sylvia Fang Roger Luo | | (100%) |
| TSMC Arizona Corporation | Director Director Director Director President/CEO | Cliff Hou YL Wang Sylvia Fang Wendell Huang Rick Cassidy | - - - TSMC holds 30,001 shares | - - - 100% |
| TSMC Technology, Inc. | Chairman Director President | Wendell Huang Cliff Hou Cliff Hou | TSMC Partners, Ltd. holds 10 shares | - - 100% |
| TSMC Development, Inc. | Chairman Director President | Wendell Huang Sylvia Fang Wendell Huang | TSMC Partners, Ltd. holds 10 shares | - - 100% |

| | | | Shareholding | |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|---|--|
| Company | Title Name | | Shares (Investment Amount) | % (Investment Holding %) |
| WaferTech, LLC | Director Director President | Y.H. Liaw Wendell Huang Tsung-Chia Kuo | TSMC Development, Inc. holds 293,636,833 shares | - - 100% |
| TSMC Partners, Ltd. | Director Director President | Wendell Huang Sylvia Fang Wendell Huang | - - - TSMC holds 988,268,244 shares | - - 100% |
| TSMC Design Technology Canada Inc. | Director Director Director President | Cliff Hou Cormac Michael O'Connell Sylvia Fang Cliff Hou | - - - TSMC Partners, Ltd. holds 2,300,000 shares | - - - 100% |
| TSMC Global Ltd. | Director Director | Wendell Huang Sylvia Fang | TSMC holds 11,284 shares | - - 100% |
| VentureTech Alliance Fund II, L.P. | None | None | (TSMC investst US\$3,189,066) | (98.00%) |
| VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. | None | None | (TSMC invests US\$94,589,012) | (98.00%) |
| Growth Fund Limited | None | None | (VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. invests US\$2,503,768) | (100%) |
| VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. | Chairman Director Director Director Director Supervisor President (Note 2) | Robert Kuan C.S. Yoo George Liu Sylvia Fang Diane Kao Wendell Huang Morris Cheng S.C. Hsin | 54,600 shares | 0.02% - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - |

Note 1: In February 2021, TSMC had a capital injection in TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc. Total shares held by TSMC increased to 15,000 share accordingly.
 Note 2: On March 4, 2021, VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. held its shareholder meeting for election of directors and replacing supervisors with Audit Committee. Newly elected directors are Robert Kuan (Chairman), George Liu and Diane Kao, all of whom are TSMC representatives, and Laura Huang, Emma Chang, and P.H. Chang, all of whom are independent directors.
 Note 3: On February 9, 2021, TSMC's Board of Directors approved the sale of up to 39,501,000 common shares of VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. After such share disposal, shares owned by TSMC will decrease to 213,619,000 shares and TSMC's rownership in VisEra villa be reduced to 73.37%.
 Note 4: On November 10, 2020, TSMC's Board of Directors approved the investment in a new venture capital fund, Emerging Fund L.P. The fund was established in January 2021. On February 9, 2021, TSMC's Board to establish a wholly-owned subsidiary in Japan to expand the Company's 3DIC material research.

(Continued)

8.1.6 Operational Highlights of TSMC Subsidiaries

Unit: NT\$ thousands, except EPS (NT\$)

Income (Loss) from Basic Earning Capital Stock Net Net Income Company Assets Liabilities Net Worth (Loss) Per Revenues (Loss) Share Operation 116,836,156 309,067 112,268,097 4,568,059 832,423,971 TSMC North America 252,542 294,316 26.76 TSMC Europe B.V. 3,459 867,873 330,136 537,737 756,339 85,308 60,142 300,710.37 TSMC Japan Limited 81,870 263,087 118,303 144,784 247,277 8,853 3,361 560.13 TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc. 150,095 (3,184) (8,070) (1,559.27) 530,744 238,478 292,266 106.147 TSMC Korea Limited 10,400 47,088 4,693 42,395 17,292 1,595 1,598 19.98 TSMC Development, Inc. 0.03 29,203,494 29,203,494 1,781,868 1,688,569 1,626,764 162,676,449.10 0 TSMC Partners, Ltd. 27,767,373 1,487 52,692,858 2,284,193 2,280,068 2,273,717 2.30 52,694,345 TSMC Global Ltd. 317,046,548 477,801,554 95,572,515 382,229,039 8,077,321 7,668,030 7,668,014 679,547.46 WaferTech, LLC 5.525.632 623.686 4.901.946 7.950.210 1.707.371 1.394.261 4.75 0 NA TSMC China Company Limited 19,342,286 67,219,561 2,726,842 64,492,719 19,894,495 6,687,777 7,200,634 TSMC Nanjing Company Limited 28,570,908 58,205,344 24,617,558 33,587,786 26,853,055 12,030,053 12,143,866 NA 7.18 VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. 2,911,531 11.771.768 6,946,349 2.556.440 2,090,545 4,488,933 7.282.835 TSMC Arizona Corporation (196) (79.29) 908,497 65,752 842.745 0 (196) 1 TSMC Technology, Inc. 0.03 1,691,248 921,834 769,414 2,946,355 140,303 147,271 14,727,061.80 TSMC Design Technology Canada Inc. 53,715 312,543 55,766 256.777 342,213 31,101 27,379 11.90 VentureTech Alliance Fund II, L.P. 97,982 77,750 0 77,750 1,606 (1,704) (2,066) NA VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. 2,711,906 NA 195,516 195,516 0 (14,453) (14,453) 0 70,348 Growth Fund Limited 123,940 0 123,940 0 (1,280) (1,280) NA

8.2 Status of TSMC Common Shares and ADRs Acquired, Disposed of, and Held by Subsidiaries: None.

8.3 Special Notes

As of 12/31/2020

- 8.3.1 Private Placement Securities in 2020 and as of the Date of this Annual Report: None.
- Taiwan: None.
- 8.3.4 Other Necessary Supplement: None.

8.3.2 The Listing of Penalties, Major Deficits, and State of Any Efforts to Make Improvements, Arising from Any Legal Penalties Imposed by Regulatory Authorities on the Company or Its Employees, or any Company Punishment toward Employees for Violating Internal Control Rules, Where Such Penalties or Punishments May Have Material Impacts on Shareholders' Interests or Securities Prices, in 2020 and as of the Date of this Annual Report: None.

8.3.3 Any Events in 2020 and as of the Date of this Annual Report that Had Material Impacts on Shareholders' Interests or Securities Prices as Stated in Item 3 Paragraph 2 of Article 36 of Securities and Exchange Law of

Contact Information

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Fab 2, Fab 5

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TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc.

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Fab 15B

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Fab 18

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Advanced Backend Fab 2

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Advanced Backend Fab 3

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Advanced Backend Fab 5

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TSMC North America

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TSMC Technology, Inc

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WaferTech, LLC

5509 N.W. Parker Street, Camas, WA 98607-9299, U.S.A. Tel: +1-360-8173000 Fax: +1-360-8173009

TSMC Arizona Corporation

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TSMC Spokesperson

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TSMC Deputy Spokesperson

Name: Nina Kao Title: Head of PR Department Tel: +886-3-5636688 Fax: +886-3-5637000 Email: press@tsmc.com

Auditors

Company: Deloitte & Touche Auditors: Mei-Yen Chiang, Yu-Feng Huang Address: 20F, No. 100, Songren Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei 110-016, Taiwan, R.O.C. Tel: +886-2-27259988 Fax: +886-2-40516888 Website: http://www.deloitte.com.tw

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Common Share Transfer Agent and Registrar

Company: The Transfer Agency Department of CTBC Bank Address: 5F, 83, Sec. 1, Chung-Ching S. Rd., Taipei 100-003, Taiwan R.O.C. Tel: +886-2-66365566 Fax: +886-2-23116723 Website: http://www.ctbcbank.com

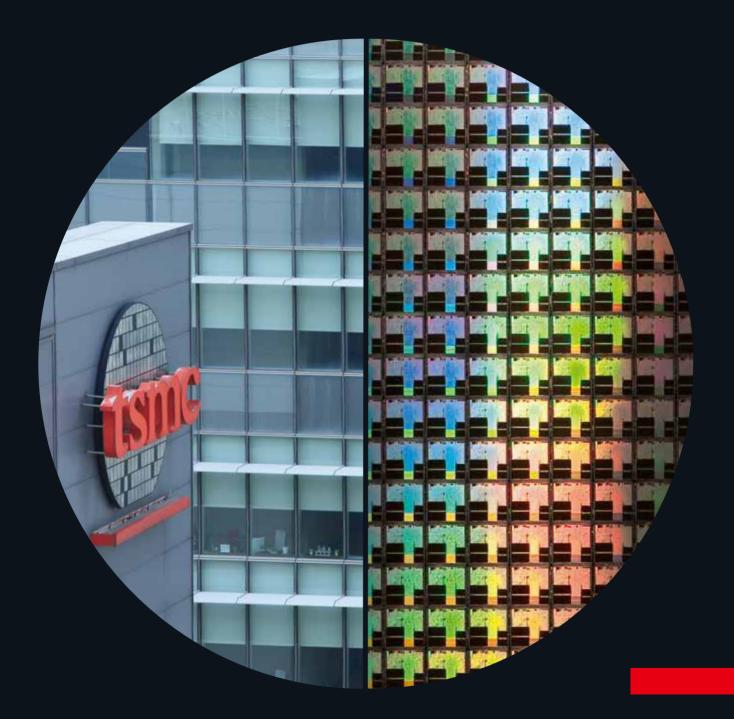
ADR Depositary Bank

Company: Citibank, N.A. Depositary Receipts Services Address: 388 Greenwich Street, New York, NY 10013, U.S.A. Website: http://www.citi.com/dr Tel: +1-877-2484237 (toll free) Tel: +1-781-5754555 (out of US) Fax: +1-201-3243284 E-mail: citibank@shareholders-online.com

TSMC's depositary receipts of the common shares are listed on New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) under the symbol TSM. The information relating to TSM is available at http://www.nyse.com and http://mops. twse.com.tw



TSMC Annual Report 2020 (II) Financial Statements



Taiwan Stock Exchange Market Observation Post System: https://mops.twse.com.tw
 TSMC annual report is available at https://investor.tsmc.com/english/annual-reports

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Consolidated Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 and Independent Auditors' Report

REPRESENTATION LETTER

The entities that are required to be included in the combined financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020, under the Criteria Governing the Preparation of Affiliation Reports, Consolidated Business Reports and Consolidated Financial Statements of Affiliated Enterprises are the same as those included in the consolidated financial statements prepared in conformity with the International Financial Reporting Standard 10, "Consolidated Financial Statements." In addition, the information required to be disclosed in the combined financial statements is included in the consolidated financial statementy, Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries do not prepare a separate set of combined financial statements.

Very truly yours,

TAIWAN SEMICONDUCTOR MANUFACTURING COMPANY LIMITED By

MARK LIU Chairman

February 9, 2021

Deloitte

勤業眾信

勤業眾信聯合會計師事務所 11073 台北市信義區松仁路100號20樓

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the "Company"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its consolidated financial performance and its consolidated cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 are stated as follows:

Property, plant and equipment (PP&E) – commencement of depreciation related to PP&E classified as equipment under installation and construction in progress (EUI/CIP)

Refer to Notes 4, 5 and 14 to the consolidated financial statements.

The Company's evaluation of when to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP involves determining when the assets are available for their intended use. The criteria the Company uses to determine whether EUI/CIP are available for their intended use involves subjective judgments and assumptions about the conditions necessary for the assets to be capable of operating in the intended manner. Changes in these assumptions could have a significant impact on when depreciation is recognized.

Given the subjectivity in determining the date to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP, performing audit procedures to evaluate the reasonableness of the Company's judgments and assumptions required a high degree of auditor judgment. Consequently, the validity of commencement of depreciation related to PP&E classified as EUI/CIP is identified as a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures related to the evaluation of when to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP included the following, among others:

- We read the Company's policy and understand the criteria used to determine when to commence depreciation.
- We tested the effectiveness of the controls over the evaluation of when to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP.
- 3. We sampled EUI/CIP at year end and performed the following for each selection:
 - Evaluated whether the selection did not meet the criteria specified by the Company for commencement of depreciation.
 - b. Observed the assets and evaluated their status at year end.
- We sampled and evaluated whether the selection of EUI/CIP met the criteria specified by the Company for commencement of depreciation during the year.
- We sampled and evaluated whether the selection of EUI/CIP met the criteria specified by the Company for commencement of depreciation subsequent to year end.

Other Matter

We have also audited the parent company only financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited as of and for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 on which we have issued an unmodified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRS, IAS, IFRIC, and SIC endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission of the Republic of China, and for such internal control as management

determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including members of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the consolidated financial

statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Mei Yen Chiang and Yu Feng Huang.

Yu Jeng Itwang

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

February 9, 2021

Notice to Readers

The accompanying consolidated financial statements are intended only to present the consolidated financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such consolidated financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | December 21 | 2020 | D | 2010 |
|---|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| ASSETS | December 31, 2 Amount | <u>2020</u> % | December 31, 2 Amount | <u>2019</u> % |
| ASSE15 | Allouitt | 70 | Amount | 70 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6) | \$ 660,170,647 | 24 | \$ 455,399,336 | 20 |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7) | 2,259,412 | - | 326,839 | - |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 8) | 122,448,453 | 5 | 127,396,577 | 6 |
| Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 9) | 6,597,992 | - | 299,884 | - |
| Hedging financial assets (Note 10) | 47 | - | 25,884 | - |
| Notes and accounts receivable, net (Note 11) | 145,480,272 | 5 | 138,908,589 | 6 |
| Receivables from related parties (Note 33) | 558,131 | - | 862,070 | - |
| Other receivables from related parties (Note 33) | 50,645 | - | 51,653 | - |
| Inventories (Notes 5 and 12) | 137,353,407 | 5 | 82,981,196 | 4 |
| Other financial assets (Note 34) | 10,676,111 | 1 | 11,041,091 | - |
| Other current assets | 6,590,191 | | 5,320,795 | |
| | | | | |
| Total current assets | 1,092,185,308 | 40 | 822,613,914 | 36 |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income (Note 8) | 4,514,940 | - | 4,124,337 | - |
| Financial assets at amortized cost (Note 9) | 4,372,207 | - | 7,348,914 | - |
| Investments accounted for using equity method (Note 13) | 18,841,061 | 1 | 18,698,788 | 1 |
| Property, plant and equipment (Notes 5 and 14) | 1,555,589,120 | 56 | 1,352,377,405 | 60 |
| Right-of-use assets (Notes 5 and 15) | 27,728,382 | 1 | 17,232,402 | 1 |
| Intangible assets (Notes 5 and 16) | 25,768,179 | 1 | 20,653,028 | 1 |
| Deferred income tax assets (Notes 5 and 27) | 25,958,184 | 1 | 17,928,358 | 1 |
| Refundable deposits | 1,343,001 | - | 2,084,968 | - |
| Other noncurrent assets | 4,411,023 | | 1,742,918 | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 1,668,526,097 | 60 | 1,442,191,118 | 64 |
| TOTAL | <u>\$ 2,760,711,405</u> | 100 | <u>\$ 2,264,805,032</u> | 100 |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Short-term loans (Notes 17 and 30) | \$ 88,559,026 | 3 | \$ 118,522,290 | 5 |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7) | 94,128 | - | 982,349 | _ |
| Hedging financial liabilities (Note 10) | 1,169 | - | 1,798 | - |
| Accounts payable | 38,987,284 | 1 | 38,771,066 | 2 |
| Payables to related parties (Note 33) | 2,107,718 | - | 1,434,900 | _ |
| Salary and bonus payable | 20,071,241 | 1 | 16,272,353 | 1 |
| Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors and supervisors (Note 29) | 35,681,046 | 1 | 23,648,903 | 1 |
| Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers | 157,804,961 | 6 | 140,810,703 | 6 |
| Cash dividends payable (Note 22) | 129,651,902 | 5 | 129,651,902 | 6 |
| Income tax payable (Notes 5 and 27) | 53,909,313 | 2 | 32,466,156 | 1 |
| Long-term liabilities - current portion (Notes 18 and 30) | 2,600,000 | - | 31,800,000 | 1 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities (Notes 5, 15, 21, 23 and 30) | 87,683,260 | 3 | 56,373,281 | 3 |
| • | | | | |
| Total current liabilities | 617,151,048 | 22 | 590,735,701 | 26 |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Bonds payable (Notes 18 and 30) | 254,105,084 | 9 | 25,100,000 | 1 |
| Long-term bank loans (Notes 19 and 30) | 1,967,611 | - | - | - |
| Deferred income tax liabilities (Notes 5 and 27) | 1,729,941 | - | 344,393 | - |
| Lease liabilities (Notes 5, 15 and 30) | 20,560,649 | 1 | 15,041,833 | 1 |
| Net defined benefit liability (Note 20) | 11,914,074 | 1 | 9,182,496 | - |
| Guarantee deposits (Notes 21 and 30) | 265,599 | - | 176,904 | - |
| Others | 2,395,400 | | 2,128,279 | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 292,938,358 | 11 | 51,973,905 | 2 |
| Total liabilities | 910,089,406 | 33 | 642,709,606 | 28 |
| EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT | | | | |
| Capital stock (Note 22) | 259,303,805 | 9 | 259,303,805 | 11 |
| Capital surplus (Note 22) | 56,347,243 | 2 | 56,339,709 | 3 |
| Retained earnings (Note 22) | | | | |
| Appropriated as legal capital reserve | 311,146,899 | 11 | 311,146,899 | 14 |
| Appropriated as special capital reserve | 42,259,146 | 2 | 10,675,106 | - |
| Unappropriated earnings | 1,235,280,036 | 45 | 1,011,512,974 | 45 |
| | 1,588,686,081 | 58 | 1,333,334,979 | 59 |
| Others (Note 22) | (54,679,873) | <u>(2</u>) | (27,568,369) | (1) |
| Equity attributable to shareholders of the parent | 1,849,657,256 | 67 | 1,621,410,124 | 72 |
| NON - CONTROLLING INTERESTS | 964,743 | | 685,302 | |
| Total equity | 1,850,621,999 | 67 | 1,622,095,426 | |
| TOTAL | <u>\$ 2,760,711,405</u> | 100 | <u>\$ 2,264,805,032</u> | 100 |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

| | 2020 | | 2019 | |
|---|---|--------------------------|---|--------------------------|
| | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| NET REVENUE (Notes 5, 23, 33 and 39) | \$1,339,254,811 | 100 | \$1,069,985,448 | 100 |
| COST OF REVENUE (Notes 5, 12, 29, 33 and 37) | 628,108,309 | 47 | 577,286,947 | 54 |
| GROSS PROFIT BEFORE REALIZED (UNREALIZED) GROSS PROFIT ON SALES TO ASSOCIATES | 711,146,502 | 53 | 492,698,501 | 46 |
| REALIZED (UNREALIZED) GROSS PROFIT ON SALES TO ASSOCIATES | (16,382) | | 3,395 | |
| GROSS PROFIT | 711,130,120 | 53 | 492,701,896 | 46 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 5, 29 and 33) Research and development General and administrative Marketing Total operating expenses | 109,486,089 28,457,593 <u>7,112,867</u> 145,056,549 | 8 2 <u>1</u> 11 | 91,418,746 21,737,210 <u>6,348,626</u> 119,504,582 | 8 2 <u>1</u> 11 |
| OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET (Notes 14, 15 and 29) | 710,127 | | (496,224) | |
| INCOME FROM OPERATIONS (Note 39) | 566,783,698 | 42 | 372,701,090 | 35 |
| NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES Share of profits of associates Interest income (Note 24) Other income Foreign exchange gain (loss), net (Note 36) Finance costs (Note 25) Other gains and losses, net (Note 26) | 3,592,818 9,018,400 660,607 (3,303,298) (2,081,455) 10,106,410 | - - - 1 | 2,844,222 16,189,374 417,295 2,095,217 (3,250,847) (1,151,015) | - 1 - - |
| Total non-operating income and expenses | 17,993,482 | 2 | 17,144,246 | 1 |
| INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX | 584,777,180 | 44 | 389,845,336 | 36 |
| INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 5 and 27) | 66,619,098 | 5 | 44,501,527 | 4 |
| NET INCOME | 518,158,082 | 39 | <u>345,343,809</u> (Con | <u>32</u> (tinued) |

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CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

| | 2020 | | 2019 | |
|--|--|-------|--|-----------------------|
| | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 5, 20, 22 and 27) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to | | | | |
| profit or loss: Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation Unrealized gain on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other | \$ (3,516,749) |) (1) | \$ 253,895 | - |
| comprehensive income Gain (loss) on hedging instruments | 423,697 24,085 | - | 334,327 (109,592) | - |
| Share of other comprehensive loss of associates Income tax benefit (expense) related to items that | (11,604) |) – | (10),552) (18,271) | - |
| will not be reclassified subsequently | 422,663 | (1) | (20,992) 439,367 | |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations | (29,847,196) | | (14,689,107) | (1) |
| Unrealized gain on investments in debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income Share of other comprehensive loss of associates | 2,466,711 (283,409) (27,663,894) | | $2,566,373 \\ (140,195) \\ (12,262,929)$ | (1) |
| Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of income tax | (30,321,802) | (3) | (11,823,562) | (1) |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR | <u>\$ 487,836,280</u> | 36 | <u>\$ 333,520,247</u> | 31 |
| NET INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: Shareholders of the parent Non-controlling interests | \$ 517,885,387 <u>272,695</u> | 39 | \$ 345,263,668 80,141 | 32 |
| | <u>\$ 518,158,082</u> | 39 | <u>\$ 345,343,809</u> | 32 |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME ATTRIBUTABLE TO: | | | | |
| Shareholders of the parent Non-controlling interests | \$ 487,563,478 272,802 | 36 | \$ 333,440,460 79,787 | 31 |
| | <u>\$ 487,836,280</u> | 36 | <u>\$ 333,520,247</u> (Cor | <u>31</u> ntinued) |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

| | 2020 Income Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent | 2019 Income Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent |
|--|---|---|
| EARNINGS PER SHARE (NT\$, Note 28) Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share | <u>\$ 19.97</u> <u>\$ 19.97</u> | <u>\$ 13.32</u> <u>\$ 13.32</u> |

(Concluded)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Image: state | | | | | | | Equity Attributa | Equity Attributable to Shareholders of the Parent | of the Parent | | 10 | | | | | |
|--|--|-----------------------------|-------------|---|-------------------------------|------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|-----------------|--|
| Matrix Matrix< | | Capital Stock - C Shares | Ommon Stock | | Legal Capital | d F | Unappropriated | T- E | Foreign Currency Translation | Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive | Others Gain (Loss) on Hedging | Unearned Stock-Based Employee | | | Non-controlling | Total |
| | ARY 1, 2019 | 25,930,380 | | Capital Surplus \$ 56,315,932 | \$ 276,033,811 | - | \$1,073,706,503 | \$1,376,647,841 | | - | | \$ (1,843) | 10.41 (15,449,913) | \$1,676,817,665 | 678,731 | Equity \$1,677,496,396 |
| | eamings terve sestre to shareholders | | | | 35,113,088 - 35,113,088 | (16,232,421) (16,232,421) | (35,113,088) 16,232,421 (388,955,707) (407,836,374) | - (388,955,707) (388,955,707) | | | | | | - (<u>388,955,707</u>) (<u>388,955,707</u>) | | - - (388,955,707) (388,955,707) |
| | 6 | | | | | | 345,263,668 | 345,263,668 | | | | | | 345,263,668 | 80,141 | 345,343,809 |
| | ive income (loss) in 2019, net of income tax | | | | | ľ | 217,059 | 217,059 | (14,829,053) | 2,898,483 | (109,697) | 1 | (12,040,267) | (11,823,208) | (354) | (11,823,562) |
| 1 | ve income (loss) in 2019 | | | | | | 345,480,727 | 345,480,727 | (14,829,053) | 2,898,483 | (109,697) | " | (12,040,267) | 333,440,460 | 79,787 | 333,520,247 |
| $ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \$ | tments in equity instruments at fair value through sive income | | | | | | 162,118 | 162,118 | | (162,118) | | | (162,118) | | | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | for gain on hedging instruments | | | | | | | | | | 82,276 | | 82,276 | 82,276 | | 82,276 |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | are of changes in equities of associates | | | 19,414 | | | , | | | | | 1,653 | 1,653 | 21,067 | 192 | 21,259 |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | ages in equities of subsidiaries | | | 370 | | | | | | | | | | 370 | (370) | |
| $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | reholders | | | 3,993 | | | | | | | | | | 3,993 | 13 | 4,006 |
| 25,903(0) 29,013(0) 31,14,600 10,15,1974 (133,34,97) (2,134,400) (133,34,97) (2,134,400) (3,134,600) (3,134,600) | ntrolling interests | | | | | | | | | | | | | | (73,051) | (73.051) |
| $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | MBER 31, 2019 | 25,930,380 | 259,303,805 | 56,339,709 | 311,146,899 | 10,675,106 | 1,011,512,974 | 1,333,334,979 | (26, 871, 400) | (692,959) | (3,820) | (190) | (27, 568, 369) | 1,621,410,124 | 685,302 | 1,622,095,426 |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | amings secre 10 shareholders | | | | | 31,584,040 31,584,040 | (31,584,040) (259,303,805) (290,887,845) | (259,303,805) (259,303,805) | | | | | | | | |
| $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | | | | | | | 517,885,387 | 517,885,387 | | | | | | 517,885,387 | 272,695 | 518,158,082 |
| $ \begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$ | ive income (loss) in 2020, net of income tax | | | | | | (3,121,793) | (3,121,793) | (30,130,227) | 2,906,026 | 24,085 | | (27, 200, 116) | (30, 321, 909) | 107 | (30, 321, 802) |
| 1 108.687 (108.687) (108.687 | ve income (loss) in 2020 | | | | | | 514,763,594 | 514,763,594 | (30,130,227) | 2,906,026 | 24,085 | | (27, 200, 116) | 487,563,478 | 272,802 | 487,836,280 |
| instruments a price of associates | tments in equity instruments at fair value through sive income | , | | , | , | | (108,687) | (108,687) | | 108,687 | , | | 108,687 | , | | , |
| quities of associates . 292 . <td>or loss on hedging instruments</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>,</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>(20,265)</td> <td></td> <td>(20, 265)</td> <td>(20,265)</td> <td></td> <td>(20,265)</td> | or loss on hedging instruments | | | | | | , | | | | (20,265) | | (20, 265) | (20,265) | | (20,265) |
| - 7.242 - 7.242 27 - 66/32 18/30.66 1.830.66 < | re of changes in equities of associates | | | 292 | | | | | | | | 190 | 190 | 482 | | 482 |
| | eholders | | | 7,242 | | | | | | | | | | 7,242 | 27 | 7,269 |
| 25330.380 \$ 239.303.805 \$ 56.347.243 \$ 311.146.899 \$ 42.239.146 \$1.235.280.036 \$1.588.686.081 \$ (57.001.627) \$ 2.231.754 \$ - \$ \$ (54.679.873) \$2.1849.657.256 \$ 964.743 | irrolling interests | | | | | - | | | | | | | | | 6,612 | 6,612 |
| | :MBER 31, 2020 | 25,930,380 | | | | | \$1,235,280,036 | \$1.588,686,081 | | | | ~ | | \$1,849,657,256 | | \$1,850,621,999 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|----------------|------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Income before income tax | \$ 584,777,180 | \$ 389,845,336 |
| Adjustments for: | φ 504,777,100 | φ 507,045,550 |
| Depreciation expense | 324,538,443 | 281,411,832 |
| Amortization expense | 7,186,248 | 5,472,409 |
| Expected credit losses recognized on investments in debt | , , | , , |
| instruments | 3,672 | 1,714 |
| Finance costs | 2,081,455 | 3,250,847 |
| Share of profits of associates | (3,592,818) | (2,844,222) |
| Interest income | (9,018,400) | (16,189,374) |
| Share-based compensation | 6,612 | 2,818 |
| Loss (gain) on disposal or retirement of property, plant and | | |
| equipment, net | (188,863) | 949,965 |
| Loss on disposal of intangible assets, net | 599 | 2,377 |
| Impairment loss (reversal of impairment loss) on property, plant and | | |
| equipment | 10,159 | (301,384) |
| Loss (gain) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or | (2,005) | 055 700 |
| loss, net | (3,005) | 955,723 |
| Gain on disposal of investments in debt instruments at fair value | (1, 420, 420) | (527 925) |
| through other comprehensive income, net | (1,439,420) | (537,835) |
| Loss from disposal of subsidiaries Unrealized (realized) gross profit on sales to associates | 16,382 | 4,598 (3,395) |
| Gain on foreign exchange, net | (1,372,610) | |
| Dividend income | (637,575) | |
| Gain arising from fair value hedges, net | (057,575) | (13,091) |
| Gain on lease modification | (2,828) | (2,075) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | (_,0_0) | (_,;;;;;) |
| Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss | (2,965,270) | 848,750 |
| Notes and accounts receivable, net | (8,082,708) | (18,119,552) |
| Receivables from related parties | 303,939 | (277,658) |
| Other receivables from related parties | 7,588 | 13,375 |
| Inventories | (54,372,211) | 20,249,780 |
| Other financial assets | 1,389,493 | 3,383,500 |
| Other current assets | (1,358,129) | (76,263) |
| Accounts payable | 404,607 | 5,860,068 |
| Payables to related parties | 672,818 | 58,401 |
| Salary and bonus payable | 3,798,888 | 1,800,981 |
| Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to | | |
| directors and supervisors | 12,032,143 | (332,251) |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 20,617,359 | (2,372,032) |
| Net defined benefit liability | (785,171) | (215,014) |
| Cash generated from operations | 874,028,577 | 667,182,815 |
| Income taxes paid | (51,362,365) | (52,044,071) |
| Net cash generated by operating activities | 822,666,212 | 615,138,744 |
| The cash generated by operating activities | 022,000,212 | (Continued) |
| | | (Continued) |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|------------------------|------------------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Acquisitions of: | | |
| Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss | \$ - | \$ (124,748) |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | (262,637,496) | (257,558,240) |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | (4,302,770) | (313,958) |
| Property, plant and equipment | (507,238,722) | (460, 422, 150) |
| Intangible assets | (9,542,387) | (9,329,869) |
| Proceeds from disposal or redemption of: | | |
| Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss - debt | | |
| instruments | 30,049 | 2,418,153 |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | 266,931,916 | 230,444,486 |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | 285,210 | 14,349,190 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 606,732 | 287,318 |
| Proceeds from return of capital of investments in equity instruments at | 51.052 | 1 107 |
| fair value through other comprehensive income | 51,052 | 1,107 |
| Derecognition of hedging financial instruments Interest received | (308,776) | (436,606) |
| Proceeds from government grants - property, plant and equipment | 9,775,120 1,044,327 | 16,874,985 2,565,338 |
| Proceeds from government grants - land use right and others | 25,369 | 850,623 |
| Other dividends received | 735,081 | 320,242 |
| Dividends received from investments accounted for using equity | 755,001 | 520,242 |
| method | 2,752,043 | 1,718,954 |
| Increase in prepayments for leases | (4,693,416) | - |
| Refundable deposits paid | (726,883) | (1,465,766) |
| Refundable deposits refunded | 1,431,837 | 1,019,294 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (505,781,714) | (458,801,647) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Increase (decrease) in short-term loans | (31,571,567) | 31,804,302 |
| Proceeds from short-term bills payable | 7,485,303 | - |
| Repayments of short-term bills payable | (7,500,000) | - |
| Proceeds from issuance of bonds | 236,725,675 | - |
| Repayment of bonds | (31,800,000) | (34,900,000) |
| Proceeds from long-term bank loans | 2,000,000 | - |
| Payments for transaction costs attributable to the issuance of bonds | (390,730) | - |
| Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities | (2,615,708) | (2,930,589) |
| Interest paid | (1,781,097) | (3,597,145) |
| Guarantee deposits received | 145,633 | 62,203 |
| Guarantee deposits refunded | (16,060) | (701,269) |
| Cash dividends | (259,303,805) | (259,303,805) |
| Donation from shareholders | 7,269 | 4,006 |
| Decrease in non-controlling interests | | (75,869) |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (88,615,087) | (269,638,166) (Continued) |

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------|
| EFFECT OF EXCHANGE RATE CHANGES ON CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | <u>\$ (23,498,100</u>) | <u>\$ (9,114,196</u>) |
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | 204,771,311 | (122,415,265) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 455,399,336 | 577,814,601 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR | <u>\$ 660,170,647</u> | <u>\$ 455,399,336</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements. (Concluded)

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

1. GENERAL

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited (TSMC), a Republic of China (R.O.C.) corporation, was incorporated on February 21, 1987. TSMC is a dedicated foundry in the semiconductor industry which engages mainly in the manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing of masks.

On September 5, 1994, TSMC's shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE). On October 8, 1997, TSMC listed some of its shares of stock on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) in the form of American Depositary Shares (ADSs).

The address of its registered office and principal place of business is No. 8, Li-Hsin Rd. 6, Hsinchu Science Park, Taiwan. The principal operating activities of TSMC's subsidiaries are described in Note 4.

2. THE AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying consolidated financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 9, 2021.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the amendments to the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have a significant effect on TSMC and its subsidiaries' (collectively as the "Company") accounting policies.

b. Amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers for application starting from 2021 and the IFRSs issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and endorsed by the FSC with effective date starting 2021

| | Effective Date Issued |
|---|------------------------------|
| New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations | by IASB |
| | |

Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7 and IFRS 16 "Interest Rate January 1, 2021 Benchmark Reform - Phase 2"

c. The IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

| New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations | Effective Date Issued by IASB |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020 | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework" | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture" | To be determined by IASB |
| Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current" | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use" | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts-Cost of Fulfilling a Contract" | January 1, 2022 |

As of the date the accompanying consolidated financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company continues in evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance as a result of the initial adoption of the aforementioned standards or interpretations and related applicable period. The related impact will be disclosed when the Company completes the evaluation.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For the convenience of readers, the accompanying consolidated financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the R.O.C. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language consolidated financial statements shall prevail.

Statement of Compliance

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers and the IFRSs endorsed by the FSC with the effective dates (collectively, "Taiwan-IFRSs").

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets.

Basis of Consolidation

The basis for the consolidated financial statements

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of TSMC and entities controlled by TSMC (its subsidiaries).

Income and expenses of subsidiaries acquired or disposed of are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income from the effective date of acquisition and up to the effective date of disposal, as appropriate. Total comprehensive income of subsidiaries is attributed to the shareholders of the parent and to the non-controlling interests even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

When necessary, adjustments are made to the financial statements of subsidiaries to bring their accounting policies into line with those used by the Company.

All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated in full on consolidation.

Changes in the Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Company losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amounts of the Company's interests and the non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity and attributed to shareholders of the parent.

When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, a gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss and is calculated as the difference between:

- a. the aggregate of the fair value of consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest at the date when control is lost; and
- b. the previous carrying amount of the assets (including goodwill), and liabilities of the subsidiary and any non-controlling interest.

The Company shall account for all amounts recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the Company had directly disposed of the related assets and liabilities.

The fair value of any investment retained in the former subsidiary at the date when control is lost is regarded as the cost on initial recognition of an investment in an associate.

The subsidiaries in the consolidated financial statements

The detail information of the subsidiaries at the end of reporting period was as follows:

| Name of Investor | Name of Investee Main Businesses and Products | | Establishment | Percentage of Ownership | | Note |
|------------------|---|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|--------|
| | | and Operating Location | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | | |
| TSMC | TSMC North America | Selling and marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | San Jose, California, U.S.A. | 100% | 100% | - |
| | TSMC Europe B.V. (TSMC Europe) | Customer service and supporting activities | Amsterdam, the Netherlands | 100% | 100% | a) |
| | TSMC Japan Limited (TSMC Japan) | Customer service and supporting activities | Yokohama, Japan | 100% | 100% | a) |
| | TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc. (TSMC JDC) | Engineering support activities | Yokohama, Japan | 100% | - | a), b) |
| | TSMC Korea Limited (TSMC Korea) | Customer service and supporting activities | Seoul, Korea | 100% | 100% | a) |
| | TSMC Partners, Ltd. (TSMC Partners) | Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacture, and other related business in the semiconductor industry and other investment activities | Tortola, British Virgin Islands | 100% | 100% | a) |
| | TSMC Global, Ltd. (TSMC Global) | Investment activities | Tortola, British Virgin Islands | 100% | 100% | - |
| | TSMC China Company Limited (TSMC China) | Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Shanghai, China | 100% | 100% | - |
| | TSMC Nanjing Company Limited (TSMC Nanjing) | Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Nanjing, China | 100% | 100% | d) |
| | VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. (VisEra Tech) | Engaged in manufacturing electronic spare parts and in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing, selling, packaging and testing of color filter | Hsin-Chu, Taiwan | 87% | 87% | - |
| (TSMC Arizona) | TSMC Arizona Corporation (TSMC Arizona) | Manufacturing, selling and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Phoenix, Arizona, U.S.A. | 100% | - | a), c) |
| | | Investing in new start-up technology companies | Cayman Islands | 98% | 98% | a) |
| | VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. (VTAF III) | Investing in new start-up technology companies | Cayman Islands | 98% | 98% | a) |

(Continued)

| | | | Establishment | Percentage of Ownership | | |
|------------------|---|---|---------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| Name of Investor | Name of Investee | Main Businesses and Products | and Operating Location | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | Note |
| TSMC Partners | TSMC Development, Inc. (TSMC Development) | Investing in companies involved in the manufacturing related business in the semiconductor industry | Delaware, U.S.A. | 100% | 100% | - |
| | TSMC Technology, Inc. (TSMC Technology) | Engineering support activities | Delaware, U.S.A. | 100% | 100% | a) |
| | TSMC Design Technology Canada Inc. (TSMC Canada) | Engineering support activities | Ontario, Canada | 100% | 100% | a) |
| | InveStar Semiconductor Development Fund, Inc. (ISDF) | Investing in new start-up technology companies | Cayman Islands | - | 97% | a), e) |
| | InveStar Semiconductor Development Fund, Inc. (II) LDC. (ISDF II) | Investing in new start-up technology companies | Cayman Islands | - | 97% | a), e) |
| TSMC Development | WaferTech, LLC (WaferTech) | Manufacturing, selling and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Washington, U.S.A. | 100% | 100% | - |
| VTAF III | Growth Fund Limited (Growth Fund) | Investing in new start-up technology companies | Cayman Islands | 100% | 100% | a) |
| | | * | | | (Co | oncluded) |

Note a: This is an immaterial subsidiary for which the consolidated financial statements are not audited by the Company's independent auditors.

Note b: TSMC JDC has been established in January 2020.

Note c: TSMC Arizona has been established in November 2020.

Note d: Under the investment agreement entered into with the municipal government of Nanjing, China, the Company will make an investment in Nanjing in the amount of approximately US\$3 billion to establish a subsidiary operating a 300mm wafer fab with the capacity of 20,000 12-inch wafers per month, and a design service center. The aforementioned 300mm wafer fab has reached the capacity of 20,000 12-inch wafers per month.

Note e: ISDF and ISDF II have completed the liquidation procedures in November 2020.

Foreign Currencies

The financial statements of each individual consolidated entity were expressed in the currency which reflected its primary economic environment (functional currency). The functional currency of TSMC and presentation currency of the consolidated financial statements are both New Taiwan Dollars (NT\$). In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the operating results and financial positions of each consolidated entity are translated into NT\$.

In preparing the financial statements of each individual consolidated entity, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Such exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the year except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

For the purposes of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations are translated into NT\$ using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity (attributed to non-controlling interests as appropriate).

Classification of Current and Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities

Current assets are assets held for trading purposes and assets expected to be converted to cash, sold or consumed within one year from the end of the reporting period. Current liabilities are obligations incurred for trading purposes and obligations expected to be settled within one year from the end of the reporting period. Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are noncurrent assets and liabilities, respectively.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents, for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments, consist of highly liquid time deposits and investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities shall be recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair values. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Financial Assets

The classification of financial assets depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date or settlement date basis for which financial assets were classified in the same way, respectively. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

a. Category of financial assets and measurement

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: financial assets at FVTPL, investments in debt instruments and equity instruments at FVTOCI, and financial assets at amortized cost.

1) Financial asset at FVTPL

For certain financial assets which include debt instruments that do not meet the criteria of amortized cost or FVTOCI, it is mandatorily required to measure them at FVTPL. Any gain or loss arising from remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss incorporates any interest earned on the financial asset.

2) Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

Debt instruments with contractual terms specifying that cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, together with objective of collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, are measured at FVTOCI.

Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment gains or losses on investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income and will be reclassified to profit or loss when these debt instruments are disposed.

3) Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate investments in equity investments that is not held for trading as at FVTOCI.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the Company's rights clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

4) Measured at amortized cost

Cash and cash equivalents, debt instrument investments, notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables and refundable deposits are measured at amortized cost.

Debt instruments with contractual terms specifying that cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, together with objective of holding financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, are measured at amortized cost.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets measured at amortized cost are measured at amortized cost, which equals to carrying amount determined by the effective interest method less any impairment loss.

b. Impairment of financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, a loss allowance for expected credit loss is recognized for financial assets at amortized cost (including accounts receivable) and for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI.

The loss allowance for accounts receivable is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. For financial assets at amortized cost and investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, when the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognized at an amount equal to expected credit loss resulting from possible default events of a financial instrument within 12 months after the reporting date. If, on the other hand, there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognized at an amount equal to expected credit loss resulting from the other hand, there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognized at an amount equal to expected credit loss resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The Company recognizes an impairment loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset.

c. Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss. However, on derecognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured either at amortized cost using effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities other than those held for trading purposes and designated as at FVTPL are subsequently measured at amortized cost at the end of each reporting period.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative financial instrument is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Hedge Accounting

a. Fair value hedge

The Company designates certain hedging instruments, such as interest rate futures contracts, to partially hedge against the fair value change caused by interest rates fluctuation in the Company's fixed income investments. Changes in the fair value of hedging instrument that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognized in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged items that are attributable to the hedged risk.

b. Cash flow hedge

The Company designates certain hedging instruments, such as forward exchange contracts, to partially hedge its foreign exchange rate risks associated with certain highly probable forecast transactions (capital expenditures). The effective portion of changes in the fair value of hedging instruments is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the forecast transactions actually take place, the associated gains or losses that were recognized in other comprehensive income are removed from equity and included in the initial cost of the hedged items. The gains or losses from hedging instruments relating to the ineffective portion are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The Company prospectively discontinues hedge accounting only when the hedging relationship ceases to meet the qualifying criteria; for instance, when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventories are recorded at standard cost and adjusted to approximate weighted-average cost at the end of the reporting period. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Investments Accounted for Using Equity Method

Investments accounted for using the equity method are investments in associates.

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The operating results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized in the consolidated statements of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate as well as the distribution received. The Company also recognizes its share in the changes in the equities of associates.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Company's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. If the Company's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate shall be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When a consolidated entity transacts with an associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Company's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not owned by the Company.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Costs include any incremental costs that are directly attributable to the construction or acquisition of the item of property, plant and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Such assets are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other identical categories of property, plant and equipment, commences when the assets are available for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of the assets less their residual values over their useful lives, and it is computed using the straight-line method mainly over the following estimated useful lives: land improvements - 20 years; buildings (assets used by the Company and assets subject to operating leases) - 10 to 20 years; machinery and equipment (assets used by the Company and assets subject to operating leases) - 5 years; and office equipment - 5 years. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. Land is not depreciated.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the assets. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Leases

For a contract that contains a lease component and non-lease component, the Company may elect to account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Company as lessor

Rental income from operating lease is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The Company as lessee

Except for payments for low-value asset leases and short-term leases (leases of machinery and equipment and others) which are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis, the Company recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of the lease.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost. The cost of right-of-use assets comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments and initial direct costs made at or before the commencement date, plus an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets. Subsequent measurement is calculated as cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss and adjusted for changes in lease liabilities as a result of lease term modifications or other related factors. Right-of-use assets are presented separately in the consolidated balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms. If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying assets to the Company by the end of the lease terms or if the cost of right-of-use assets reflects that the Company will exercise a purchase option, the Company depreciates the right-of-use assets from the commencement dates to the end of the useful lives of the underlying assets.

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments. Lease payments comprise fixed payments, variable lease payments which depend on an index or a rate and the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option. The lease payments are discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rates.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term, a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments, or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase an underlying asset, the Company remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use assets. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the consolidated balance sheets.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Other intangible assets

Other separately acquired intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: Technology license fees - the estimated life of the technology or the term of the technology transfer contract; software and system design costs - 3 years or contract period; patent and others - the economic life or contract period. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Impairment of Tangible Assets, Right-of-use Assets and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill is not amortized and instead is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the cash generating unit may be impaired. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Company's cash-generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. If the recoverable amount of a cash-generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the difference is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to such cash generating unit and then to the other assets of the cash generating unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the cash generating unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Tangible assets, right-of-use assets and other intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets (property, plant and equipment), right-of-use assets and other intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are

allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or a cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Guarantee Deposit

Guarantee deposit mainly consists of cash received under deposit agreements with customers to ensure they have access to the Company's specified capacity. Cash received from customers is recorded as guarantee deposit upon receipt. Guarantee deposits are refunded to customers when terms and conditions set forth in the deposit agreements have been satisfied.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied. The performance obligations are satisfied when customers obtain control of the promised goods, which is generally when the goods are delivered to the customers' specified locations.

Revenue from sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances. Estimated sales returns and other allowances is generally made and adjusted based on historical experience and the consideration of varying contractual terms to recognize refund liabilities, which is classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities.

In principle, payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month of when the invoice is issued. Due to the short term nature of the receivables from sale of goods with the immaterial discounted effect, the Company measures them at the original invoice amounts without discounting.

Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for service rendered by employees.

Retirement benefits

For defined contribution retirement benefit plans, payments to the benefit plan are recognized as an expense when the employees have rendered service entitling them to the contribution. For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefit is recognized based on actuarial calculations. Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Service cost (including current service cost), and net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liability represents the actual deficit in the Company's defined benefit plan.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Income tax on unappropriated earnings (excluding earnings from foreign consolidated subsidiaries) is expensed in the year the shareholders approved the appropriation of earnings which is the year subsequent to the year the earnings are generated.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the consolidated financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, net operating loss carryforwards and tax credits for research and development expenses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered. The deferred tax assets which originally not recognized is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset is realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Government Grants

Government grants are not recognized until there is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attaching to them and that the grants will be received.

Government grants whose primary condition is that the Company should purchase, construct or otherwise acquire noncurrent assets (mainly including land use right and depreciable assets) are recognized as a deduction from the carrying amount of the related assets and recognized as a reduced depreciation or amortization charge in profit or loss over the contract period or useful lives of the related assets. Government grants that are receivables as compensation for expenses already incurred are deducted from incurred expenses in the period in which they become receivables.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION AND UNCERTAINTY

The Company has considered the economic implications of COVID-19 on critical accounting estimates and will continue evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance as a result of the pandemic.

In the application of the aforementioned Company's accounting policies, the Company is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

Critical Accounting Judgments

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when the conditions described in Note 4 are satisfied.

Commencement of Depreciation Related to Property, Plant and Equipment Classified as Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress (EUI/CIP)

As described in Note 4, commencement of depreciation related to EUI/CIP involves determining when the assets are available for their intended use. The criteria the Company uses to determine whether EUI/CIP are available for their intended use involves subjective judgments and assumptions about the conditions necessary for the assets to be capable of operating in the intended manner.

Judgments on Lease Terms

In determining a lease term, the Company considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise or not to exercise an option, including any expected changes in facts and circumstances from the commencement date until the exercise date of the option. Main factors considered include contractual terms and conditions covered by the optional periods, and the importance of the underlying asset to the lessee's operations, etc. The lease term is reassessed if a significant change in circumstances that are within the control of the Company occurs.

Key Sources of Estimation and Uncertainty

Estimation of Sales Returns and Allowances

Sales returns and other allowance is estimated and recorded based on historical experience and in consideration of different contractual terms. The amount is deducted from revenue in the same period the related revenue is recorded. The Company periodically reviews the reasonableness of the estimates.

Valuation of Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the Company uses estimate to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the end of each reporting period.

The Company estimates the net realizable value of inventory for normal waste, obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is determined mainly based on assumptions of future demand within a specific time horizon.

Impairment of Tangible Assets, Right-of-use Assets and Intangible Assets Other than Goodwill

In the process of evaluating the potential impairment of tangible assets, right-of-use assets and intangible assets other than goodwill, the Company determines the independent cash flows, useful lives, expected future revenue and expenses related to the specific asset groups with the consideration of the nature of semiconductor industry. Any change in these estimates based on changed economic conditions or business strategies could result in significant impairment charges or reversal in future years.

Realization of Deferred Income Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deferred tax assets can be utilized. Assessment of the realization of the deferred tax assets requires subjective judgment and estimate, including the future revenue growth and profitability, tax holidays, the amount of tax credits can be utilized and feasible tax planning strategies. Any changes in the global economic environment, the industry trends and relevant laws and regulations could result in significant adjustments to the deferred tax assets.

Determination of Lessees' Incremental Borrowing Rates

In determining a lessee's incremental borrowing rate used in discounting lease payments, the Company mainly takes into account the market risk-free rates, the estimated lessee's credit spreads and secured status in a similar economic environment.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|--|--|
| Cash and deposits in banks Government bonds Repurchase agreements Commercial paper | \$ 653,580,548 3,716,119 1,750,443 | \$ 452,734,378 2,188,149 476,809 |
| | <u>\$ 660,170,647</u> | <u>\$ 455,399,336</u> |

Deposits in banks consisted of highly liquid time deposits that were readily convertible to known amounts of cash and were subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Financial assets | | |
| Mandatorily measured at FVTPL Forward exchange contracts Convertible bonds Agency mortgage-backed securities | \$ 2,259,412 | \$ 162,155 123,759 40,925 |
| Financial liabilities | <u>\$ 2,259,412</u> | <u>\$ 326,839</u> |
| Held for trading Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ 94,128</u> | <u>\$ 982,349</u> |

The Company entered into forward exchange contracts to manage exposures due to fluctuations of foreign exchange rates. These forward exchange contracts did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting. Therefore, the Company did not apply hedge accounting treatment for these forward exchange contracts.

Outstanding forward exchange contracts consisted of the following:

| | Maturity Date | Contract Amount (In Thousands) |
|------------------------------------|--|--|
| December 31, 2020 | | |
| Sell NT\$ Sell US\$ | January 2021 to March 2021 January 2021 to March 2021 | NT\$ 144,697,981 US\$ 1,176,858 |
| December 31, 2019 | | |
| Sell NT\$ Sell JPY Sell US\$ | January 2020 to June 2020 January 2020 to February 2020 January 2020 to March 2020 | NT\$ 108,428,027 JPY 57,471,581 US\$ 529,209 |

8. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI | | |
| Corporate bonds | \$ 56,593,623 | \$ 51,790,045 |
| Agency bonds/Agency mortgage-backed securities | 43,977,113 | 51,966,460 |
| Government bonds | 13,459,503 | 12,824,223 |
| Asset-backed securities | 8,368,264 | 10,815,849 |
| | 122,398,503 | 127,396,577 |
| | | (Continued) |

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI Non-publicly traded equity investments Publicly traded stocks | \$ 4,514,940 <u>49,950</u> <u>4,564,890</u> | \$ 4,124,337 |
| | <u>\$ 126,963,393</u> | <u>\$ 131,520,914</u> |
| Current Noncurrent | \$ 122,448,453 <u>4,514,940</u> | \$ 127,396,577 4,124,337 |
| | <u>\$ 126,963,393</u> | <u>\$ 131,520,914</u> (Concluded) |

These investments in equity instruments are held for medium to long-term purposes and therefore are accounted for as FVTOCI. For dividends recognized from these investments, please refer to consolidated statements of cash flows. All the dividends are from investments held at the end of the reporting period.

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, as the Company adjusted its investment portfolio, equity investments designated at FVTOCI were divested for NT\$8 thousand and NT\$873,470 thousand, respectively. The related other equity-unrealized gain/loss on financial assets at FVTOCI of NT\$108,996 thousand and NT\$156,770 thousand were transferred to decrease and increase retained earnings, respectively.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the cumulative loss allowance for expected credit loss of NT\$32,480 thousand and NT\$35,596 thousand was recognized under investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI, respectively. Refer to Note 32 for information relating to the credit risk management and expected credit loss.

9. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT AMORTIZED COST

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| Corporate bonds Less: Allowance for impairment loss | \$ 10,977,298 (7,099) | \$ 7,651,727 (2,929) |
| | <u>\$ 10,970,199</u> | <u>\$ 7,648,798</u> |
| Current Noncurrent | \$ 6,597,992 4,372,207 | \$ 299,884 7,348,914 |
| | <u>\$ 10,970,199</u> | <u>\$ 7,648,798</u> |

Refer to Note 32 for information relating to credit risk management and expected credit loss for financial assets at amortized cost.

10. HEDGING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|----------------------|---|
| Financial assets- current | | |
| Fair value hedges Interest rate futures contracts Cash flow hedges Forward exchange contracts | \$ 47 \$ 47 | \$ 22,380 <u>3,504</u> <u>\$ 25,884</u> |
| Financial liabilities- current | <u>v +7</u> | <u>\$_23,004</u> |
| Fair value hedges Interest rate futures contracts Cash flow hedges Forward exchange contracts | \$ 1,169 | \$ - 1,798 |
| | <u>\$ 1,169</u> | <u>\$ 1,798</u> |

Fair value hedge

The Company entered into interest rate futures contracts, which are used to partially hedge against the fair value changes caused by interest rate fluctuation in the Company's fixed income investments. The hedge ratio is adjusted in response to the changes in the financial market and capped at 100%.

On the basis of economic relationships, the Company expects that the value of the interest rate futures contracts and the value of the hedged financial assets will change in opposite directions in response to movements in interest rates.

The main source of hedge ineffectiveness in these hedging relationships is the credit risk of the hedged financial assets, which is not reflected in the fair value of the interest rate futures contracts. No other sources of ineffectiveness emerged from these hedging relationships during the hedging period. Amount of hedge ineffectiveness recognized in profit or loss is classified under other gains and losses.

The following tables summarize the information relating to the hedges of interest rate risk.

December 31, 2020

| Hedging Instruments | Contract Amount (US\$ in Thousands) | Maturity |
|---|--|--|
| Interest rate futures contracts - US Treasury bonds | US\$88,700 | March 2021 |
| Hedged Items | Asset Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amount of Fair Value Hedge Adjustments |
| Financial assets at FVTOCI | \$ 6,198,683 | \$ 1,122 |

| Hedging Instruments | Contract Amount (US\$ in Thousands) | Maturity |
|---|--|--|
| Interest rate futures contracts - US Treasury bonds | US\$122,200 | March 2020 |
| Hedged Items | Asset Carrying Amount | Accumulated Amount of Fair Value Hedge Adjustments |

 Financial assets at FVTOCI
 \$ 7,364,727
 \$ (22,380)

The effect for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is detailed below:

| Hedging Instruments/Hedged Items | Increase (Decrease) in Value Used for Calculating Hedge Ineffectiveness Years Ended December 31 | |
|--|--|------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Hedging Instruments Interest rate futures contracts - US Treasury bonds Hedged Items | \$ (353,611) | \$ (164,740) |
| Financial assets at FVTOCI | 353,611 | 177,831 |
| | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 13,091</u> |

Cash flow hedge

The Company entered into forward exchange contracts to partially hedge foreign exchange rate risks associated with certain highly probable forecast transactions (capital expenditures). The hedge ratio is adjusted in response to the changes in the financial market and capped at 100%. The forward exchange contracts have maturities of 12 months or less.

On the basis of economic relationships, the Company expects that the value of forward exchange contracts and the value of hedged transactions will change in opposite directions in response to movements in foreign exchange rates.

The main source of hedge ineffectiveness in these hedging relationships is driven by the effect of the counterparty's own credit risk on the fair value of forward exchange contracts. No other sources of ineffectiveness emerged from these hedging relationships. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, refer to Note 22(d) for gain or loss arising from changes in the fair value of hedging instruments and the amount transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items.

The following tables summarize the information relating to the hedges for foreign currency risk.

December 31, 2019

| Hedging Instruments | Contract Amount (In Thousands) | Maturity | Balance in Other Equity (Continuing Hedges) |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Forward exchange contracts | Sell NT\$ 1,342,392 | January 2020 | \$ (3,820) |
| | 22 | | |

The effect for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is detailed below:

| Hedging Instruments/Hedged Items | s/Hedged Items Increase S/Hedged Items Ineffectiveness Years Ended December | |
|---|---|----------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Hedging Instruments Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ 24,085</u> | <u>\$ (109,592</u>) |
| Hedged Items Forecast transaction (capital expenditures) | <u>\$ (24,085</u>) | <u>\$ 109,592</u> |
| 11. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET | | |
| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| At amortized cost | | |

| Notes and accounts receivable Less: Loss allowance At FVTOCI | \$ 142,771,597 (246,626) 142,524,971 2,955,301 | \$ 135,978,049 (325,325) 135,652,724 3,255,865 |
|--|---|---|
| | <u>\$ 145,480,272</u> | <u>\$ 138,908,589</u> |

The Company signed a contract with the bank to sell certain accounts receivable without recourse and transaction cost required. These accounts receivable are classified as at FVTOCI because they are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

In principle, the payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month when the invoice is issued. Aside from recognizing impairment loss for credit-impaired accounts receivable, the Company recognizes loss allowance based on the expected credit loss ratio of customers by different risk levels with consideration of factors of historical loss ratios and customers' financial conditions, competitiveness and business outlook. For accounts receivable past due over 90 days without collaterals or guarantees, the Company recognizes loss allowance at full amount.

Aging analysis of notes and accounts receivable

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Not past due | \$ 140,933,622 | \$ 126,134,762 |
| Past due | | |
| Past due within 30 days | 4,784,425 | 13,082,080 |
| Past due 31-60 days | 8,708 | 12,794 |
| Past due 61-120 days | 48 | 1,033 |
| Past due over 121 days | 95 | 3,245 |
| Less: Loss allowance | (246,626) | (325,325) |
| | <u>\$ 145,480,272</u> | <u>\$ 138,908,589</u> |

All of the Company's accounts receivable classified as at FVTOCI were not past due.

Movements of the loss allowance for accounts receivable

| | Years Ended | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|---|---------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| Balance, beginning of year Provision (Reversal) Effect of exchange rate changes | \$ 325,325 (78,474) (225) | \$ 7,253 318,290 (218) | | |
| Balance, end of year | <u>\$ 246,626</u> | <u>\$ 325,325</u> | | |

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the changes in loss allowance were mainly due to the variations in the balance of accounts receivable of different risk levels.

12. INVENTORIES

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|---|---|
| Finished goods Work in process Raw materials Supplies and spare parts | \$ 21,705,625 91,672,870 14,715,963 <u>9,258,949</u> | \$ 8,924,541 51,969,105 16,552,275 5,535,275 |
| | <u>\$ 137,353,407</u> | <u>\$ 82,981,196</u> |

Write-down of inventories to net realizable value and reversal of write-down of inventories resulting from the increase in net realizable value were included in the cost of revenue, as illustrated below:

| | Years Ended | December 31 |
|--|---------------------|------------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Inventory losses (reversal of write-down of inventories) | <u>\$ 3,664,513</u> | <u>\$ (1,983,048</u>) |

The aforementioned reversal of write-down of inventories for the year ended December 31, 2019 excluded wafer contamination losses. Please refer to related losses in Note 37.

13. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

Associates consisted of the following:

| | | Place of | | Carryin | g Amou | int | | d Voting Rights Held Company |
|--|--|--------------------------------|----|--------------------|--------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Name of Associate | Principal Activities | Incorporation and Operation | De | cember 31, 2020 | D | ecember 31, 2019 | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| Vanguard International Semiconductor Corporation (VIS) | Manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing and design service of masks | Hsinchu, Taiwan | \$ | 9,029,890 | \$ | 9,027,572 | 28% | 28% |
| Systems on Silicon Manufacturing Company Pte Ltd. (SSMC) | Manufacturing and selling of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Singapore | | 5,900,245 | | 6,502,174 | 39% | 39% |
| | | | | | | | | (Continued) |

| | | Place of | Carrying | Amount | | d Voting Rights Held Company |
|-------------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Name of Associate | Principal Activities | Incorporation and Operation | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| Xintec Inc. (Xintec) | Wafer level chip size packaging and wafer level post passivation interconnection service | Taoyuan, Taiwan | \$ 2,554,123 | \$ 1,846,145 | 41% | 41% |
| Global Unichip Corporation (GUC) | Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits | Hsinchu, Taiwan | 1,328,620 | 1,284,377 | 35% | 35% |
| Mutual-Pak | Manufacturing of electronic parts, wholesaling and retailing of electronic materials, and researching, developing and testing of RFID | New Taipei, Taiwan | 28,183 | 38,520 | 28% | 28% |
| | | | <u>\$ 18,841,061</u> | <u>\$ 18,698,788</u> | | (Concluded) |

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, no investments in associates are individually material to the Company. Please refer to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for recognition of share of both profit (loss) and other comprehensive income (loss) of associates that are not individually material.

The market prices of the investments accounted for using the equity method in publicly traded stocks calculated by the closing price at the end of the reporting period are summarized as follows. The closing price represents the quoted price in active markets, the level 1 fair value measurement.

| Name of Associate | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| VIS | <u>\$ 53,849,925</u> | <u>\$ 36,812,923</u> |
| Xintec | \$ 20,420,233 | \$ 8,958,195 |
| GUC | \$ 15,827,184 | \$ 11,251,774 |

14. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|-------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Assets used by the Company Assets subject to operating leases | \$1,554,585,938 <u>1,003,182</u> | \$1,352,313,861 <u>63,544</u> |
| | <u>\$1,555,589,120</u> | <u>\$1,352,377,405</u> |

a. Assets used by the Company

| Cost | nd and Land provements | Buildings | Machinery and Equipment | 1 | Office Equipment | Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress | Total |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|----|---------------------|--|---|
| <u>COSI</u> | | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 | \$ 3,991,798 | \$ 438,075,063 | \$ 2,886,622,968 | \$ | 54,611,364 | \$ 528,295,086 | \$ 3,911,596,279 |
| Additions (deductions) | - | 84,882,543 | 729,943,300 | | 15,112,949 | (304,218,044) | 525,720,748 |
| Disposals or retirements | - | (41,568) | (6,397,279) | | (734,129) | - | (7,172,976) |
| Transfers from assets subject | | | | | | | |
| to operating leases | - | 23,142 | - | | - | - | 23,142 |
| Transfers to assets subject to | | | | | | | |
| operating leases | - | - | (1,199,011) | | - | - | (1,199,011) |
| Effect of exchange rate | | | | | | | |
| changes | (49,173) | (491,706) | (1,964,246) | | (127,536) | (111,682) | (2,744,343) |
| | | | | | | | |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ 3,942,625 | \$ 522,447,474 | \$ 3,607,005,732 | \$ | 68,862,648 | \$ 223,965,360 | \$ 4,426,223,839 |
| | | | | | | | (Continued) |
| | | | | | | | (= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = |

| | Land and Land Improvements | Buildings | Machinery and Equipment | Office Equipment | Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress | Total |
|--|-------------------------------|---|---|---|--|---|
| Accumulated depreciation | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals or retirements Transfers from assets subject | \$ 538,690 1,479 | \$ 243,059,390 29,209,096 (27,990) | \$ 2,278,265,943 285,393,637 (6,012,942) | \$ 37,418,395 7,216,921 (732,403) | \$ - - - | \$ 2,559,282,418 321,821,133 (6,773,335) |
| to operating leases Transfers to assets subject to | - | 8,215 | - | - | - | 8,215 |
| operating leases Impairment Effect of exchange rate | - | - | (202,593) 10,159 | - | - | (202,593) 10,159 |
| changes | (34,040) | (449,240) | (1,924,235) | (100,581) | | (2,508,096) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | \$ 506,129 | <u>\$ 271,799,471</u> | <u>\$ 2,555,529,969</u> | <u>\$ 43,802,332</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$2,871,637,901</u> |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$ 3,436,496</u> | <u>\$ 250,648,003</u> | <u>\$ 1,051,475,763</u> | <u>\$ 25,060,316</u> | <u>\$ 223,965,360</u> | <u>\$1,554,585,938</u> |
| Cost | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 Additions Disposals or retirements | \$ 4,011,353 | \$ 418,151,675 21,448,528 (158,970) | \$ 2,728,760,127 179,798,420 (17,381,538) | \$ 48,382,279 7,415,036 (1,043,398) | \$ 172,910,989 355,621,089 | \$ 3,372,216,423 564,283,073 (18,583,906) |
| Transfers from right-of-use assets | - | - | 619,779 | - | - | 619,779 |
| Effect of disposal of subsidiary | - | - | - | (508) | - | (508) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes | (19,555) | (1,366,170) | (5,173,820) | (142,045) | (236,992) | (6,938,582) |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 3,991,798</u> | \$ 438,075,063 | <u>\$ 2,886,622,968</u> | <u>\$ 54,611,364</u> | <u>\$ 528,295,086</u> | <u>\$ 3,911,596,279</u> |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 Additions Disposals or retirements Transfers from right-of-use | \$ 550,575 1,633 | \$ 217,899,243 26,026,642 (144,402) | \$ 2,049,278,908 246,724,229 (12,880,817) | \$ 32,525,129 6,012,497 (1,042,131) | \$ - - - | \$ 2,300,253,855 278,765,001 (14,067,350) |
| assets Reversal of impairment | - | - | 20,659 (301,384) | - | - | 20,659 (301,384) |
| Effect of disposal of subsidiary | - | - | (501,584) | (508) | - | (508) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes | (13,518) | (722,093) | (4,575,652) | (76,592) | - | (5,387,855) |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 538,690</u> | <u>\$ 243,059,390</u> | <u>\$ 2,278,265,943</u> | <u>\$ 37,418,395</u> | \$ | <u>\$ 2,559,282,418</u> |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 3,453,108</u> | <u>\$ 195,015,673</u> | <u>\$ 608,357,025</u> | <u>\$ 17,192,969</u> | <u>\$ 528,295,086</u> | <u>\$1,352,313,861</u> (Concluded) |

The significant part of the Company's buildings includes main plants, mechanical and electrical power equipment and clean rooms, and the related depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful lives of 20 years, 10 years and 10 years, respectively.

In the first quarter of 2019, the Company recognized a reversal of impairment loss of NT\$301,384 thousand due to redeployment of certain idle machinery and equipment. Such reversal of impairment loss was recognized in other operating income and expenses.

b. Assets subject to operating leases

| | Buildings | Machinery and Equipment | Total |
|---|--|---|---|
| Cost | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 Disposals or retirements Transfers to assets used by the Company Transfers from assets used by the Company | \$ 562,610 (311,939) (23,142) | \$ - - - 1,199,011 | \$ 562,610 (311,939) (23,142) <u>1,199,011</u> |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$ 227,529</u> | <u>\$1,199,011</u> | <u>\$1,426,540</u> |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals or retirements Transfers to assets used by the Company Transfers from assets used by the Company | \$ 499,066 16,281 (305,766) (8,215) | \$ - 19,399 - - 202,593 | \$ 499,066 35,680 (305,766) (8,215) 202,593 |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$ 201,366</u> | <u>\$ 221,992</u> | <u>\$ 423,358</u> |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$ 26,163</u> | <u>\$ 977,019</u> | <u>\$1,003,182</u> |
| Cost | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 | <u>\$ 562,610</u> | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 562,610</u> |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 562,610</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 562,610</u> |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 Additions | \$ 474,899 24,167 | \$ | \$ 474,899 24,167 |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 499,066</u> | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 499,066</u> |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 63,544</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 63,544</u> |

Operating leases relate to leases of buildings and leases of machinery and equipment with lease terms approximately between 1 to 5 years. The lessees do not have purchase options to acquire the assets at the expiry of the lease periods.

The maturity analysis of operating lease payments receivable from the buildings and machinery and equipment is as follows:

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | | |
|------------------|----------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| Year 1 Year 2 | \$ 149,120 16,992 | \$ 18,450 16,992 | | |
| Year 3 | | 16,992 | | |
| | <u>\$ 166,112</u> | <u>\$ 52,434</u> | | |

15. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

b.

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|---|---|
| Carrying amounts | | |
| Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Office equipment | \$ 25,141,908 2,544,742 41,732 \$ 27,728,382 | <pre>\$ 14,064,036 2,351,809 775,809 40,748 \$ 17,232,402</pre> |
| | | |
| | Years Ended | 2019 |
| Additions to right-of-use assets | <u>\$ 13,481,172</u> | <u>\$ 1,032,985</u> |
| Depreciation of right-of-use assets Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Office equipment | \$ 1,312,888 569,531 775,809 23,402 <u>\$ 2,681,630</u> | \$ 957,065 458,772 1,184,374 22,453 <u>\$ 2,622,664</u> |
| Income from subleasing right-of-use assets (classified under other operating income and expenses, net) | <u>\$ 79,624</u> | <u>\$ 55,026</u> |
| . Lease liabilities | | |
| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| Carrying amounts | | |
| Current portion (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) Noncurrent portion | \$ 1,828,025 20,560,649 \$ 22,388,674 | \$ 2,275,084 <u>15,041,833</u> <u>\$ 17,316,917</u> |
| Ranges of discount rates for lease liabilities are as follows: | | |
| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Office equipment | 0.48%-2.14% 0.54%-3.88% - 0.28%-3.88% | 0.67%-2.14% 0.67%-3.88% 3.24% 0.64%-3.88% |

c. Material terms of right-of-use assets

The Company leases land and buildings mainly for the use of plants and offices with lease terms of 1 to 36 years. The lease contracts for land located in the R.O.C. specify that lease payments will be adjusted every 2 years on the basis of changes in announced land value prices. The Company does not have purchase options to acquire the leasehold land and buildings at the end of the lease terms.

The Company leases machinery and equipment for use in operation with lease terms of 2 years. The Company has purchase options to acquire leasehold machinery and equipment at the end of the lease terms. As of September 30, 2020, the aforementioned lease contract has been expired.

d. Subleases

The Company subleases the right to use its buildings and machinery and equipment under operating leases with lease terms of 1 to 6 years.

The maturity analysis of lease payments receivable under operating subleases is as follows:

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|
| Year 1 Year 2 | \$ 144,099 | \$ 58,569 <u>1,885</u> |
| | <u>\$ 144,099</u> | \$ 60,454 |

e. Other lease information

| | Years Ended | December 31 |
|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Expenses relating to short-term leases Expenses relating to low-value asset leases Expenses relating to variable lease payments not included in the measurement of lease liabilities | <u>\$ 3,153,451</u> <u>\$ 300</u> <u>\$ 256,996</u> | \$ 5,007,057 \$ 492 \$ 195,062 |
| | Years Ended | December 31 |
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Total cash outflow for leases | <u>\$ 6,354,610</u> | <u>\$ 7,724,421</u> |

16. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

| | | Goodwill | fechnology icense Fees | | oftware and stem Design Costs | I | Patent and Others | | Total |
|--|-----------|----------------------------------|---|-----------|--|----|-------------------------------------|-----------------|---|
| Cost | | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals or retirements Effect of exchange rate changes | \$ | 5,693,376 - - (256,774) | \$ 15,854,951 6,308,926 - (2,165) | \$ | 33,024,010 3,275,757 (60,467) (333) | \$ | 8,302,996 2,974,784 - (79) | \$ | 62,875,333 12,559,467 (60,467) (259,351) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$</u> | 5,436,602 | \$ 22,161,712 | <u>\$</u> | 36,238,967 | \$ | 11,277,701 | <u>\$</u> ((| <u>75,114,982</u> Continued) |

| | Goodwill | Technology License Fees | Software and System Design Costs | Patent and Others | Total |
|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|
| Accumulated amortization and | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals or retirements Effect of exchange rate changes | \$ - - - | \$ 9,823,770 2,404,461 (2,165) | \$ 26,502,067 3,669,257 (59,868) <u>303</u> | \$ 5,896,468 1,112,530 (20) | \$ 42,222,305 7,186,248 (59,868) (1,882) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 12,226,066</u> | <u>\$ 30,111,759</u> | <u>\$ 7,008,978</u> | <u>\$ 49,346,803</u> |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2020 | \$ 5,436,602 | <u>\$ 9,935,646</u> | <u>\$ 6,127,208</u> | <u>\$ 4,268,723</u> | <u>\$ 25,768,179</u> |
| Cost | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 Additions Disposals or retirements Effect of exchange rate changes | \$ 5,795,488 (102,112) | \$ 10,974,458 4,879,562 | \$ 29,594,483 3,710,381 (260,904) (19,950) | \$ 7,656,524 647,755 (1,283) | \$ 54,020,953 9,237,698 (260,904) (122,414) |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 5,693,376</u> | <u>\$ 15,854,951</u> | <u>\$ 33,024,010</u> | <u>\$ 8,302,996</u> | <u>\$ 62,875,333</u> |
| Accumulated amortization and | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 Additions Disposals or retirements Effect of exchange rate changes | \$ | \$ 8,756,005 1,066,834 | \$ 23,023,498 3,747,343 (258,527) (10,247) | \$ 5,239,313 658,232 (1,077) | \$ 37,018,816 5,472,409 (258,527) (10,393) |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 9,823,770</u> | <u>\$ 26,502,067</u> | <u>\$ 5,896,468</u> | <u>\$ 42,222,305</u> |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 5,693,376</u> | <u>\$ 6,031,181</u> | <u>\$ 6,521,943</u> | <u>\$ 2,406,528</u> | <u>\$ 20,653,028</u> (Concluded) |

The Company's goodwill has been tested for impairment at the end of the annual reporting period and the recoverable amount is determined based on the value in use. The value in use was calculated based on the cash flow forecast from the financial budgets covering the future five-year period, and the Company used annual discount rates of 8.0% in both years in its test of impairment as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, to reflect the relevant specific risk in the cash-generating unit.

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company did not recognize any impairment loss on goodwill.

17. SHORT-TERM LOANS

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|---|--|
| Unsecured loans Amount | <u>\$ 88,559,026</u> | <u>\$ 118,522,290</u> |
| Loan content US\$ (in thousands) EUR (in thousands) Annual interest rate Maturity date | \$ 200,000 2,398,000 (0.54)%-0.33% Due by February 2021 | \$ 2,370,000 1,410,000 0.01%-2.22% Due by May 2020 |

18. BONDS PAYABLE

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|------------------------------|----------------------|
| Domestic unsecured bonds Overseas unsecured bonds | \$ 173,197,000 84,291,000 | \$ 56,900,000 |
| Less: Discounts on bonds payable Less: Current portion | (782,916) (2,600,000) | (31,800,000) |
| | <u>\$ 254,105,084</u> | \$ 25,100,000 |

The major terms of domestic unsecured bonds are as follows:

| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
|----------------------|---------|--|--------------|----------------|---|
| NT\$ unsecured bonds | | | | | |
| 100-2 | В | January 2012 to January 2019 | \$ 7,000,000 | 1.46% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually |
| 101-1 | В | August 2012 to August 2019 | 9,000,000 | 1.40% | The same as above |
| 101-2 | В | September 2012 to September 2019 | 9,000,000 | 1.39% | The same as above |
| 101-3 | - | October 2012 to October 2022 | 4,400,000 | 1.53% | The same as above |
| 101-4 | В | January 2013 to January 2020 | 10,000,000 | 1.35% | The same as above |
| | С | January 2013 to January 2023 | 3,000,000 | 1.49% | The same as above |
| 102-1 | В | February 2013 to February 2020 | 11,600,000 | 1.38% | The same as above |
| | С | February 2013 to February 2023 | 3,600,000 | 1.50% | The same as above |
| 102-2 | А | July 2013 to July 2020 | 10,200,000 | 1.50% | The same as above |
| | В | July 2013 to July 2023 | 3,500,000 | 1.70% | The same as above |
| 102-3 | В | August 2013 to August 2019 | 8,500,000 | 1.52% | The same as above |
| 102-4 | С | September 2013 to March 2019 | 1,400,000 | 1.60% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually (interest for the six months prior |

to maturity will accrue on the basis of actual days and be repayable at maturity)

(Continued)

| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
|----------|---------|--|--------------|----------------|---|
| 102-4 | D | September 2013 to March 2021 | \$ 2,600,000 | 1.85% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually (interest for the six months prior to maturity will accrue on the basis of actual days and be repayable at maturity) |
| | Е | September 2013 to March 2023 | 5,400,000 | 2.05% | The same as above |
| | F | September 2013 to September 2023 | 2,600,000 | 2.10% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually |
| 109-1 | А | March 2020 to March 2025 | 3,000,000 | 0.58% | The same as above |
| | В | March 2020 to March 2027 | 10,500,000 | 0.62% | The same as above |
| | С | March 2020 to March 2030 | 10,500,000 | 0.64% | The same as above |
| 109-2 | А | April 2020 to April 2025 | 5,900,000 | 0.52% | The same as above |
| | В | April 2020 to April 2027 | 10,400,000 | 0.58% | The same as above |
| | С | April 2020 to April 2030 | 5,300,000 | 0.60% | The same as above |
| 109-3 | А | May 2020 to May 2025 | 4,500,000 | 0.55% | The same as above |
| | В | May 2020 to May 2027 | 7,500,000 | 0.60% | The same as above |
| | С | May 2020 to May 2030 | 2,400,000 | 0.64% | The same as above |
| 109-4 | А | July 2020 to July 2025 | 5,700,000 | 0.58% | Two equal installments in last two years; interest payable annually |
| | В | July 2020 to July 2027 | 6,300,000 | 0.65% | The same as above |
| | С | July 2020 to July 2030 | 1,900,000 | 0.67% | The same as above |
| 109-5 | А | September 2020 to September 2025 | 4,800,000 | 0.50% | The same as above |
| | В | September 2020 to September 2027 | 8,000,000 | 0.58% | The same as above |
| | С | September 2020 to September 2030 | 2,800,000 | 0.60% | The same as above |
| | | | | | (Continued) |

| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
|-----------------------|---------|--|--|----------------|--|
| 109-6 (green bond) | А | December 2020 to December 2025 | \$ 1,600,000 | 0.40% | Two equal installments in last two years; interest payable annually |
| | В | December 2020 to December 2027 | 5,600,000 | 0.44% | The same as above |
| | С | December 2020 to December 2030 | 4,800,000 | 0.48% | The same as above |
| 109-7 | А | December 2020 to December 2025 | 1,900,000 | 0.36% | The same as above |
| | В | December 2020 to December 2027 | 10,200,000 | 0.41% | The same as above |
| | С | December 2020 to December 2030 | 6,400,000 | 0.45% | The same as above |
| | | | | | (Concluded) |
| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount (US\$ in Thousands) | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
| US\$ unsecured bonds | | | | | |
| 109-1 | - | September 2020 to September 2060 | US\$ 1,000,000 | 2.70% | Bullet repayment (callable on the 5th anniversary of the issue date and every anniversary thereafter); interest payable annually |

The major terms of overseas unsecured bonds are as follows:

| Issuance Period | | amount (US\$ housands) | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
|--|------|---------------------------|-------------|--|
| September 2020 to September 2025 | US\$ | 1,000,000 | 0.75% | Bullet repayment (callable at any time, in whole or in part, at the relevant redemption price according to relevant agreements); interest payable semi-annually |
| September 2020 to September 2027 | | 750,000 | 1.00% | The same as above |
| September 2020 to September 2030 | | 1,250,000 | 1.375% | The same as above |

19. LONG-TERM BANK LOANS

| | December 31, 2020 |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| Unsecured loans | \$ 2,000,000 |
| Less: Discounts on government grants | (32,389) |
| | <u>\$ 1,967,611</u> |
| Loan content | |
| Annual interest rate | 0.4% |
| Maturity date | Due by |
| | September |
| | 2025 |

The long-term bank loans of the Company are with preferential interest rates subsidized by the government, and the loan proceeds are used to fund qualifying capital expenditure.

20. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The plan under the R.O.C. Labor Pension Act (the "Act") is deemed a defined contribution plan. Pursuant to the Act, TSMC and VisEra Tech have made monthly contributions equal to 6% of each employee's monthly salary to employees' pension accounts. Furthermore, TSMC North America, TSMC China, TSMC Nanjing, TSMC Europe, TSMC Canada and TSMC Technology also make monthly contributions at certain percentages of the basic salary of their employees. Accordingly, the Company recognized expenses of NT\$2,809,484 thousand and NT\$2,609,733 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

b. Defined benefit plans

TSMC has defined benefit plans under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law that provide benefits based on an employee's length of service and average monthly salary for the six-month period prior to retirement. The Company contributes an amount equal to 2% of salaries paid each month to their respective pension funds (the Funds), which are administered by the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee (the Committee) and deposited in the Committee's name in the Bank of Taiwan. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the Funds. If the amount of the balance in the Funds is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The Funds are operated and managed by the government's designated authorities; as such, the Company does not have any right to intervene in the investments of the Funds.

Amounts recognized in respect of these defined benefit plans were as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------|---------------|
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| Current service cost | \$ | 123,311 | \$ 135,645 |
| Net interest expense | | 81,604 | 123,951 |
| Components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit or loss | | 204,915 | 259,596 |
| Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: | | | |
| Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net | | | |
| interest expense) | | (139, 212) | (124,344) |
| • / | | | (Continued) |

| | Years Ended December 31 | |
|---|-------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Actuarial loss (gain) arising from experience adjustments Actuarial gain arising from changes in demographic | \$ 494,051 | \$ (438,009) |
| assumptions | - | (233,239) |
| Actuarial loss arising from changes in financial assumptions Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other | 3,161,910 | 541,697 |
| comprehensive income | 3,516,749 | (253,895) |
| Total | <u>\$ 3,721,664</u> | <u>\$ 5,701</u> (Concluded) |

The pension costs of the aforementioned defined benefit plans were recognized in profit or loss by the following categories:

| | Years Ended December 31 | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Cost of revenue | \$ 126,274 | \$ 157,845 |
| Research and development expenses | 57,306 | 72,686 |
| General and administrative expenses | 18,248 | 25,063 |
| Marketing expenses | 3,087 | 4,002 |
| | <u>\$ 204,915</u> | \$ 259,596 |

The amounts arising from the defined benefit obligation of the Company were as follows:

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets | \$ 16,980,277 (5,066,203) | \$ 13,484,090 (4,301,594) |
| Net defined benefit liability | <u>\$ 11,914,074</u> | <u>\$ 9,182,496</u> |

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation were as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31 | |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 13,484,090 | \$ 13,662,684 |
| Current service cost | 123,311 | 135,645 |
| Interest expense | 118,808 | 175,401 |
| Remeasurement: | | |
| Actuarial loss (gain) arising from experience adjustments | 494,051 | (438,009) |
| Actuarial gain arising from changes in demographic | | |
| assumptions | - | (233,239) |
| Actuarial loss arising from changes in financial assumptions | 3,161,910 | 541,697 |
| Benefits paid from plan assets | (398,986) | (344,131) |
| Benefits paid directly by the Company | (2,907) | (15,958) |
| Balance, end of year | <u>\$ 16,980,277</u> | <u>\$ 13,484,090</u> |

Movements in the fair value of the plan assets were as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31 | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 4,301,594 | \$ 4,011,279 |
| Interest income | 37,204 | 51,450 |
| Remeasurement: | | |
| Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net | | |
| interest expense) | 139,212 | 124,344 |
| Contributions from employer | 987,179 | 458,652 |
| Benefits paid from plan assets | (398,986) | (344,131) |
| Balance, end of year | <u>\$ 5,066,203</u> | <u>\$ 4,301,594</u> |

The fair value of the plan assets by major categories at the end of reporting period was as follows:

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|---|---|
| Cash Equity instruments Debt instruments | \$ 632,769 2,926,745 <u>1,506,689</u> | \$ 713,204 2,313,828 <u>1,274,562</u> |
| | <u>\$ 5,066,203</u> | <u>\$ 4,301,594</u> |

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The principal assumptions of the actuarial valuation were as follows:

| | Measurement Date | |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------|
| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| Discount rate Future salary increase rate | 0.40% 3.00%(Note) | 0.90% 3.00% |

Note: The Company has an additional 20 percent pay raise in 2021.

Through the defined benefit plans under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

- Investment risk: The pension funds are invested in equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the government's designated authorities or under the mandated management. However, under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law, the rate of return on assets shall not be less than the average interest rate on a two-year time deposit published by the local banks and the government is responsible for any shortfall in the event that the rate of return is less than the required rate of return.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the debt investments of the plan assets.

Assuming a hypothetical decrease in interest rate at the end of the reporting period contributed to a decrease of 0.5% (and not below 0.0%) in the discount rate and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$694,732 thousand and NT\$724,963 thousand as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

Assuming the expected salary rate increases by 0.5% at the end of the reporting period and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$835,964 thousand and NT\$706,502 thousand as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability.

The Company expects to make contributions of NT\$229,934 thousand to the defined benefit plans in the next year starting from December 31, 2020. The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 9 years.

21. GUARANTEE DEPOSITS

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Capacity guarantee Others | \$ - <u>349,999</u> | \$ 1,499,400 |
| | <u>\$ 349,999</u> | <u>\$ 1,729,881</u> |
| Current portion (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) Noncurrent portion | \$ 84,400 | \$ 1,552,977 <u>176,904</u> |
| | \$ 349,999 | <u>\$ 1,729,881</u> |

Some of guarantee deposits were refunded to customers by offsetting related accounts receivable.

22. EQUITY

a. Capital stock

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Authorized shares (in thousands) | 28,050,000 | 28,050,000 |
| Authorized capital | <u>\$ 280,500,000</u> | <u>\$ 280,500,000</u> |
| Issued and paid shares (in thousands) | 25,930,380 | 25,930,380 |
| Issued capital | <u>\$ 259,303,805</u> | <u>\$ 259,303,805</u> |

A holder of issued common shares with par value of NT\$10 per share is entitled to vote and to receive dividends.

The authorized shares include 500,000 thousand shares allocated for the exercise of employee stock options.

As of December 31, 2020, 1,064,364 thousand ADSs of TSMC were traded on the NYSE. The number of common shares represented by the ADSs was 5,321,819 thousand shares (one ADS represents five common shares).

b. Capital surplus

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Additional paid-in capital | \$ 24,184,939 | \$ 24,184,939 |
| From merger | 22,804,510 | 22,804,510 |
| From convertible bonds | 8,892,847 | 8,892,847 |
| From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries | 121,843 | 121,843 |
| From share of changes in equities of associates | 302,526 | 302,234 |
| Donations | 40,578 | 33,336 |
| | <u>\$ 56,347,243</u> | <u>\$ 56,339,709</u> |

Under the relevant laws, the capital surplus generated from donations and the excess of the issuance price over the par value of capital stock (including the stock issued for new capital, mergers and convertible bonds) may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or stock dividends up to a certain percentage of TSMC's paid-in capital. The capital surplus from share of changes in equities of subsidiaries and associates and dividend of a claim extinguished by a prescription may be used to offset a deficit; however, when generated from issuance of restricted shares for employees, such capital surplus may not be used for any purpose.

c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

The amendments to TSMC's Articles of Incorporation had been approved by TSMC's shareholders in its meeting held on June 5, 2019, which stipulate that earnings distribution may be made on a quarterly basis after the close of each quarter. Distribution of earnings by way of cash dividends should be approved by TSMC's Board of Directors and reported to TSMC's shareholders in its meeting.

TSMC's amended Articles of Incorporation provide that, when allocating earnings, TSMC shall first estimate and reserve the taxes to be paid, offset its losses, set aside a legal capital reserve at 10% of the remaining earnings (until the accumulated legal capital reserve equals TSMC's paid-in capital), then set aside a special capital reserve in accordance with relevant laws or regulations or as requested by the authorities in charge. Any balance left over shall be allocated according to relevant laws and the TSMC's Articles of Incorporation.

TSMC's Articles of Incorporation also provide that profits of TSMC may be distributed by way of cash dividend and/or stock dividend. However, distribution of earnings shall be made preferably by way of cash dividend. Distribution of earnings may also be made by way of stock dividend, provided that the ratio for stock dividend shall not exceed 50% of the total distribution.

The reserve may be used to offset a deficit, or be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks for the portion in excess of 25% of the paid-in capital if the Company incurs no loss.

Pursuant to existing regulations, the Company is required to set aside additional special capital reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the other components of stockholders' equity, such as the accumulated balance of foreign currency translation reserve, unrealized valuation gain or loss from fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets, gain or loss from changes in fair value of hedging instruments in cash flow hedges, etc. For the subsequent decrease in the deduction amount to

stockholders' equity, any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses.

The appropriations of 2020 and 2019 quarterly earnings have been approved by TSMC's Board of Directors in its meeting, respectively. The appropriations and cash dividends per share were as follows:

| Resolution Date of TSMC's Board of Directors in its meeting | Fourth Quarter of 2020 February 9, 2021 | Third Quarter of 2020 November 10, 2020 | Second Quarter of 2020 August 11, 2020 | First Quarter of 2020 May 12, 2020 |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| Special capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders Cash dividends per share (NT\$) | \$ 12,420,727 \$ 64,825,951 \$ 2.5 | \$ 5,501,351 \$ 64,825,951 \$ 2.5 | \$ <u>11,884,457</u> \$ <u>64,825,951</u> \$ <u>2.5</u> | \$ (2,694,841) \$ 64,825,951 \$ 2.5 |
| | | | | |
| Resolution Date of TSMC's Board of Directors in its meeting | Fourth Quarter of 2019 February 11, 2020 | Third Quarter of 2019 November 12, 2019 | Second Quarter of 2019 August 13, 2019 | First Quarter of 2019 June 5, 2019 |

The special capital reserve for 2020 is to be presented for approval in the TSMC's shareholders' meeting to be held on June 8, 2021 (expected).

The appropriation of 2018 earnings has been approved by TSMC's shareholders in its meeting held on June 5, 2019. The appropriation and cash dividends per share were as follows:

| | Appropriation of Earnings | Cash Dividends Per Share (NT\$) | 5 |
|--|---|---------------------------------------|---|
| Legal capital reserve Special capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders | \$ <u>35,113,088</u> <u>\$(11,459,458)</u> <u>\$207,443,044</u> | \$ 8.0 | |

d. Others

Changes in others were as follows:

| | | | Year I | Ended | December 3 | 1, 2020 | | |
|---|---|----|--|-------|------------------------------------|------------|---|------------------------|
| | Foreign Currency Translation Reserve | Ga | Inrealized in (Loss) on Financial Assets at FVTOCI | Н | l (Loss) on ledging truments | Stoc En | earned k-Based pployee pensation | Total |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$(26,871,400) | \$ | (692,959) | \$ | (3,820) | \$ | (190) | \$(27,568,369) |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTOCI | (29,846,818) | | - | | - | | - | (29,846,818) |
| Equity instruments | - | | 423,212 | | - | | - | 423,212 |
| Debt instruments Cumulative unrealized gain (loss) of equity | - | | 3,907,022 | | - | | - | 3,907,022 |
| instruments transferred to retained earnings due to disposal | - | | 108,687 | | - | | - | 108,687 (Continued) |

| | | Year Ended December 31, 2020 | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|--------------------------------------|--|
| | Foreign Currency Translation Reserve | Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at FVTOCI | Gain (Loss) on Hedging Instruments | Unearned Stock-Based Employee Compensation | Total | |
| Cumulative unrealized gain (loss) of debt instruments transferred to profit or loss due to disposal | ¢ | ¢ (1.420.420) | ¢ | \$ - | ¢ (1.420.420) | |
| Loss allowance adjustments from debt | \$ - | \$ (1,439,420) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ (1,439,420) | |
| instruments Gain (loss) arising on changes in the fair | - | (891) | - | - | (891) | |
| value of hedging instruments | - | - | 24,085 | - | 24,085 | |
| Transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items | - | - | (20,265) | - | (20,265) | |
| Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of associates Share of unearned stock-based employee | (283,409) | 15,450 | - | - | (267,959) | |
| compensation of associates | - | - 653 | - | 190 | 190 653 | |
| income tax effect | | 0 | | | 0 | |
| Balance, end of year | <u>\$(57,001,627</u>) | <u>\$ 2,321,754</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$</u> | $\frac{\$(54,679,873)}{(Concluded)}$ | |

| | Year Ended December 31, 2019 | | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|---|------------------------|--|
| | Foreign Currency Translation Reserve | Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at FVTOCI | Gain (Loss) on Hedging Instruments | Unearned Stock-Based Employee Compensation | Total | |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$(12,042,347) | \$ (3,429,324) | \$ 23,601 | \$ (1,843) | \$(15,449,913) | |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of | (14, 002, 501) | | | | (14, 002, 5(1)) | |
| foreign operations Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at | (14,693,561) | - | - | - | (14,693,561) | |
| FVTOCI | | | | | | |
| Equity instruments | - | 334,537 | - | - | 334,537 | |
| Debt instruments | - | 3,097,329 | - | - | 3,097,329 | |
| Cumulative unrealized gain (loss) of equity | | | | | | |
| instruments transferred to retained | | (1.52.1.10) | | | (1.60.1.10) | |
| earnings due to disposal | - | (162,118) | - | - | (162,118) | |
| Cumulative unrealized gain (loss) of debt instruments transferred to profit or loss due | | | | | | |
| to disposal | | (537,835) | | | (537,835) | |
| Loss allowance adjustments from debt | - | (337,833) | - | - | (337,833) | |
| instruments | | 6,879 | - | - | 6,879 | |
| Other comprehensive income transferred to | | 0,077 | | | 0,077 | |
| profit or loss due to disposal of subsidiary | 4.598 | - | - | - | 4,598 | |
| Gain (loss) arising on changes in the fair | y | | | | , | |
| value of hedging instruments | - | - | (109,592) | - | (109,592) | |
| Transferred to initial carrying amount of | | | | | | |
| hedged items | - | - | 82,276 | - | 82,276 | |
| Share of other comprehensive income (loss) | | | | | | |
| of associates | (140,090) | (11,903) | (105) | - | (152,098) | |
| Share of unearned stock-based employee | | | | | | |
| compensation of associates | - | - | - | 1,653 | 1,653 | |
| Income tax effect | | 9,476 | | | 9,476 | |
| Balance, end of year | <u>\$(26,871,400</u>) | <u>\$ (692,959</u>) | <u>\$ (3,820</u>) | <u>\$ (190</u>) | <u>\$(27,568,369</u>) | |

The aforementioned other equity includes the changes in other equities of TSMC and TSMC's share of its subsidiaries and associates.

23. NET REVENUE

a. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Product | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Wafer | \$1,178,456,273 | \$ 927,317,351 | |
| Others | 160,798,538 | 142,668,097 | |
| | <u>\$1,339,254,811</u> | <u>\$1,069,985,448</u> | |
| | Years Ended | December 31 | |
| Geography | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Taiwan | \$ 129,082,884 | \$ 84,255,256 | |
| United States | 817,910,976 | 634,713,043 | |
| China | 233,783,358 | 208,101,401 | |
| Europe, the Middle East and Africa | 70,213,432 | 67,568,157 | |
| Japan | 63,299,176 | 57,468,605 | |
| Others | 24,964,985 | 17,878,986 | |
| | <u>\$1,339,254,811</u> | <u>\$1,069,985,448</u> | |

The Company categorized the net revenue mainly based on the countries where the customers are headquartered.

| | | Years Ended | Dec | ember 31 |
|--|------------|--|-----|--|
| Platform | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Smartphone High Performance Computing Internet of Things Automotive Digital Consumer Electronics Others | \$ | 645,303,613 439,809,984 110,355,188 44,367,562 54,555,665 44,862,799 | \$ | 523,612,863 315,822,311 86,342,707 47,914,518 53,733,395 42,559,654 |
| | \$1 | ,339,254,811 | \$1 | ,069,985,448 |
| | | Years Ended | Dec | ember 31 |
| Resolution | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| 5-nanometer 7-nanometer 10-nanometer 16-nanometer 20-nanometer 28-nanometer 40/45-nanometer 65-nanometer 90-nanometer 0.11/0.13 micron 0.15/0.18 micron 0.25 micron and above | \$ | 90,934,485 394,836,964 3,403,151 197,959,003 8,450,865 149,367,729 103,176,542 61,226,671 29,380,358 33,197,137 86,008,475 20,514,893 | \$ | 249,548,139 23,266,355 186,700,858 9,535,831 149,578,719 93,366,285 69,250,008 25,624,251 22,947,287 77,564,492 19,935,126 |
| Wafer revenue | <u>\$1</u> | ,178,456,273 | \$ | <u>927,317,351</u> |

b. Contract balances

| | December 31, | December 31, | January 1, |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2019 |
| Contract liabilities (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) | <u>\$ 13,775,088</u> | <u>\$ 6,784,323</u> | <u>\$ 4,684,024</u> |

The changes in the contract liability balances primarily result from the timing difference between the satisfaction of performance obligation and the customer's payment.

The Company recognized revenue from the beginning balance of contract liability, which amounted to NT\$4,737,915 thousand and NT\$3,876,603 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

c. Refund liabilities

Estimated sales returns and other allowances is made and adjusted based on historical experience and the consideration of varying contractual terms, which amounted to NT\$40,453,153 thousand and NT\$36,211,421 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the aforementioned refund liabilities amounted to NT\$33,194,765 thousand and NT\$19,620,159 thousand (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities), respectively.

24. INTEREST INCOME

| | Years Ended December 31 | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|
| | 202 | 0 2019 | | |
| Interest income | | | | |
| Bank deposits | \$ 5,13 | \$9,149 \$ 11,454,032 | | |
| Financial assets at FVTPL | | 2,522 339,480 | | |
| Financial assets at FVTOCI | 3,12 | 21,856 3,476,192 | | |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | 75 | <u>54,873</u> <u>919,670</u> | | |
| | <u>\$ 9,01</u> | <u>8,400</u> <u>\$ 16,189,374</u> | | |

25. FINANCE COSTS

| | Years Ended December 31 | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| Interest expense | | | | |
| Corporate bonds | \$ 1,337,347 | \$ 1,139,935 | | |
| Bank loans | 500,875 | 1,869,335 | | |
| Lease liabilities | 227,752 | 240,927 | | |
| Others | 15,481 | 650 | | |
| | <u>\$ 2,081,455</u> | \$ 3,250,847 | | |

26. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

| | Years Ended December 31 | | | ember 31 |
|--|-------------------------|------------|----|-------------|
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Gain on disposal of financial assets, net | ¢ | 1 420 420 | ¢ | 525.025 |
| Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI | \$ | 1,439,420 | \$ | 537,835 |
| Loss on disposal of subsidiaries | | - | | (4,598) |
| Gain (loss) on financial instruments at FVTPL, net | | | | |
| Mandatorily measured at FVTPL | | 8,244,491 | | (2,360,699) |
| Gain arising from fair value hedges, net | | - | | 13,091 |
| The reversal (accrual) of expected credit loss of financial assets | | | | |
| Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI | | 891 | | (6,879) |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | | (4,563) | | 5,165 |
| Other gains, net | | 426,171 | | 665,070 |
| | \$ | 10,106,410 | \$ | (1,151,015) |

27. INCOME TAX

a. Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

Income tax expense consisted of the following:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| Current income tax expense | | | | |
| Current tax expense recognized in the current year | \$ 72,705,385 | \$ 45,411,178 | | |
| Income tax adjustments on prior years | 38,701 | 196,882 | | |
| Other income tax adjustments | 150,204 | (41,465) | | |
| | 72,894,290 | 45,566,595 | | |
| Deferred income tax benefit | | | | |
| The origination and reversal of temporary differences | (6,275,192) | (1,065,068) | | |
| Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss | <u>\$ 66,619,098</u> | <u>\$ 44,501,527</u> | | |

A reconciliation of income before income tax and income tax expense recognized in profit or loss was as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Income before tax | <u>\$ 584,777,180</u> | <u>\$ 389,845,336</u> | |
| Income tax expense at the statutory rate Tax effect of adjusting items: | \$ 118,837,423 | \$ 79,053,188 | |
| Nondeductible (deductible) items in determining taxable | 1 000 759 | (4,100,170) | |
| income | 1,009,758 | (4,180,168) | |
| Tax-exempt income | (65,988,096) | (39,808,121) | |
| Additional income tax under the Alternative Minimum Tax Act | 18,872,837 | 10,367,916 | |
| Additional income tax on unappropriated earnings | - | 5,903,794 | |
| • | | (Continued) | |

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|---|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| The origination and reversal of temporary differences | \$ (6,275,192) | \$ (1,065,068) | |
| Income tax credits | (26,537) | (5,925,431) | |
| | 66,430,193 | 44,346,110 | |
| Income tax adjustments on prior years | 38,701 | 196,882 | |
| Other income tax adjustments | 150,204 | (41,465) | |
| Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss | <u>\$ 66,619,098</u> | <u>\$ 44,501,527</u> | |
| | | (Concluded) | |

Under the amendment to the R.O.C Statute of Industrial Innovation in 2019, the amounts of unappropriated earnings in 2018 and thereafter used for building or purchasing specific assets or technologies can qualify for deduction when computing the income tax on unappropriated earnings.

For other jurisdictions, taxes are calculated using the applicable tax rate for each individual jurisdiction.

b. Income tax expense recognized in other comprehensive income

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Deferred income tax benefit (expense) Related to remeasurement of defined benefit obligation Related to unrealized gain/loss on investments in equity | \$ 422,010 | \$ (30,468) | |
| instruments at FVTOCI | 653 | 9,476 | |
| | <u>\$ 422,663</u> | <u>\$ (20,992</u>) | |

c. Deferred income tax balance

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and liabilities was as follows:

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Deferred income tax assets | | |
| Temporary differences | | |
| Depreciation | \$ 19,354,383 | \$ 13,547,220 |
| Refund liability | 3,755,131 | 2,150,352 |
| Net defined benefit liability | 1,341,960 | 1,016,248 |
| Unrealized loss on inventories | 858,463 | 469,430 |
| Deferred compensation cost | 330,340 | 323,093 |
| Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI | 66,393 | 65,740 |
| Others | 251,514 | 356,275 |
| | <u>\$ 25,958,184</u> | <u>\$ 17,928,358</u> (Continued) |

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|---------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Deferred income tax liabilities | | |
| Temporary differences Unrealized exchange gains Others | \$ (866,495) (863,446) | \$ (333,606) (10,787) |
| | <u>\$ (1,729,941</u>) | <u>\$ (344,393)</u> (Concluded) |

| | Year Ended December 31, 2020 | | | | |
|--|--|--|----------------------------------|---|--|
| | | Recogn | nized in | | |
| | Balance, Beginning of Year | Profit or Loss | Other Comprehensive Income | Effect of Exchange Rate Changes | Balance, End of Year |
| Deferred income tax assets | | | | | |
| Temporary differences Depreciation Refund liability Net defined benefit liability Unrealized loss on inventories Deferred compensation cost Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI Others | <pre>\$ 13,547,220 2,150,352 1,016,248 469,430 323,093 65,740 <u>356,275</u> \$ 17,928,358</pre> | \$ 5,823,956 1,606,140 (96,298) 391,095 27,437 (91,590) \$ 7,660,740 | \$ | \$ (16,793) (1,361) (2,062) (20,190) | \$ 19,354,383 3,755,131 1,341,960 858,463 330,340 66,393 251,514 |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | <u>\$ 17,920,530</u> | <u>\$ 7,000,740</u> | <u>\$ 422,005</u> | <u>\$ (53,577</u>) | <u>\$ 25,958,184</u> |
| Temporary differences Unrealized exchange gains Others | \$ (333,606) (10,787) \$ (344,393) | \$ (532,889) (852,659) \$ (1,385,548) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ (866,495) (863,446) \$ (1,729,941) |
| | <u>\$ (344,393</u>) | <u>\$ (1,383,348</u>) | <u></u> | <u>o </u> | <u>\$ (1,729,941</u>) |

| | Year Ended December 31, 2019 | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------|
| | | Recogn | nized in | | |
| | Balance, | | Other | Effect of | |
| | Beginning of | | Comprehensive | Exchange Rate | Balance, End of |
| | Year | Profit or Loss | Income | Changes | Year |
| Deferred income tax assets | | | | | |
| Temporary differences | | | | | |
| Depreciation | \$ 11,839,221 | \$ 1,727,762 | \$ - | \$ (19,763) | \$ 13,547,220 |
| Refund liability | 2,594,003 | (443,194) | - | (457) | 2,150,352 |
| Net defined benefit liability | 1,084,874 | (38,158) | (30,468) | - | 1,016,248 |
| Unrealized loss on inventories | 750,995 | (280,734) | - | (831) | 469,430 |
| Deferred compensation cost | 271,711 | 59,365 | - | (7,983) | 323,093 |
| Investments in equity instruments | | | | | |
| at FVTOCI | 56,191 | 73 | 9,476 | - | 65,740 |
| Others | 209,392 | 151,063 | | (4,180) | 356,275 |
| | <u>\$ 16,806,387</u> | <u>\$ 1,176,177</u> | <u>\$ (20,992</u>) | <u>\$ (33,214</u>) | <u>\$ 17,928,358</u> |
| Deferred income tax liabilities | | | | | |
| Temporary differences | | | | | |
| Unrealized exchange gains | \$ (61,677) | \$ (271,929) | \$ - | \$ - | \$ (333,606) |
| Others | (171,607) | 160,820 | | | (10,787) |
| | <u>\$ (233,284)</u> | <u>\$ (111,109)</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ (344,393</u>) |

d. The deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the aggregate deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized amounted to NT\$55,521,034 thousand and NT\$33,445,504 thousand, respectively.

e. Unused tax-exemption information

As of December 31, 2020, the profits generated from the following projects of TSMC are exempt from income tax for a five-year period:

Tax-exemption Period

2018 to 2022

Construction and expansion of 2009 by TSMC

f. The information of unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities associated with investments

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the aggregate taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries not recognized as deferred income tax liabilities amounted to NT\$152,827,360 thousand and NT\$131,085,673 thousand, respectively.

g. Income tax examination

The tax authorities have examined income tax returns of TSMC through 2018. All investment tax credit adjustments assessed by the tax authorities have been recognized accordingly.

28. EARNINGS PER SHARE

| | Years Ended | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| Basic EPS Diluted EPS | <u>\$ 19.97</u> <u>\$ 19.97</u> | <u>\$ 13.32</u> <u>\$ 13.32</u> | | |

EPS is computed as follows:

| | Amounts (Numerator) | Number of Shares (Denominator) (In Thousands) | EPS (NT\$) |
|---|------------------------|--|-----------------|
| Year Ended December 31, 2020 | | | |
| Basic/Diluted EPS Net income available to common shareholders of the parent | <u>\$ 517,885,387</u> | 25,930,380 | <u>\$ 19.97</u> |
| Year Ended December 31, 2019 | | | |
| Basic/Diluted EPS Net income available to common shareholders of the parent | <u>\$ 345,263,668</u> | 25,930,380 | <u>\$ 13.32</u> |

| | | Years Ended December 31 | |
|----|--|--|--|
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| a. | Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets | | |
| | Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses Recognized in other operating income and expenses | \$ 299,311,405 25,191,358 <u>35,680</u> | \$ 256,530,964 24,856,701 24,167 |
| | | <u>\$ 324,538,443</u> | <u>\$ 281,411,832</u> |
| b. | Amortization of intangible assets | | |
| | Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses | \$ 4,837,728 | \$ 3,069,901 2,402,508 |
| | | <u>\$ 7,186,248</u> | <u>\$ 5,472,409</u> |
| c. | Employee benefits expenses | | |
| | Post-employment benefits Defined contribution plans Defined benefit plans Other employee benefits | \$ 2,809,484 <u>204,915</u> 3,014,399 137,803,038 | \$ 2,609,733 <u>259,596</u> 2,869,329 107,115,281 |
| | | \$140, 817,437 | <u>\$ 109,984,610</u> |
| | Employee benefits expense summarized by function Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses | \$ 83,098,994 <u>57,718,443</u> | \$ 64,701,955 45,282,655 |
| | | <u>\$ 140,817,437</u> | <u>\$ 109,984,610</u> |

According to TSMC's Articles of Incorporation, TSMC shall allocate compensation to directors and profit sharing bonus to employees of TSMC not more than 0.3% and not less than 1% of annual profits during the period, respectively.

TSMC accrued profit sharing bonus to employees based on a percentage of net income before income tax, profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors during the period; compensation to directors was expensed based on estimated amount payable. If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual consolidated financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate. Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees is illustrated below:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Profit sharing bonus to employees | <u>\$ 34,753,184</u> | <u>\$ 23,165,745</u> | |

TSMC's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors for 2020, 2019 and 2018 had been approved by the Board of Directors of TSMC, as illustrated below:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 February 19, 2019 | | | | | |
| Resolution Date of TSMC's Board of Directors in its meeting | February 9, 2021 | February 11, 2020 | | | | | | |
| Profit sharing bonus to employees Compensation to directors | <u>\$ 34,753,184</u> <u>\$ 509,753</u> | <u>\$ 23,165,745</u> <u>\$ 360,404</u> | <u>\$ 23,570,040</u> <u>\$ 349,272</u> | | | | | |

There is no significant difference between the aforementioned approved amounts and the amounts charged against earnings of 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The information about the appropriations of TSMC's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

Years Ended December 31

30. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

a. Non-cash transactions

| | 2020 | 2019 | | |
|---|-----------------------------|------------------------|--|--|
| Additions of financial assets at FVTOCI Conversion of convertible bonds into equity securities | \$ 268,653,527 (120,548) | \$ 257,824,493 | | |
| Changes in accrued expenses and other current liabilities | (5,895,483) | (266,253) | | |
| Payments for acquisition of financial assets at FVTOCI | <u>\$ 262,637,496</u> | <u>\$ 257,558,240</u> | | |
| Disposal of financial assets at FVTOCI | \$ 269,011,852 | \$ 229,525,134 | | |
| Changes in other financial assets | (2,079,936) | 919,352 | | |
| Proceeds from disposal of financial assets at FVTOCI | <u>\$ 266,931,916</u> | <u>\$ 230,444,486</u> | | |
| Additions of property, plant and equipment | \$ 525,720,748 | \$ 564,283,073 | | |
| Changes in other financial assets Exchange of assets | 584,782 (1,148) | 472,504 (3,287,138) | | |
| Changes in payables to contractors and equipment suppliers | (19,085,925) | (100,964,013) | | |
| Transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items | 20,265 | (82,276) | | |
| Payments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment | <u>\$ 507,238,722</u> | <u>\$ 460,422,150</u> | | |
| Additions of intangible assets | \$ 12,559,467 | \$ 9,237,698 | | |
| Changes in other financial assets Changes in account payable | 10,457 191,429 | 22,236 69,935 | | |
| Changes in accrued expenses and other current liabilities | (3,218,966) | | | |
| | | | | |
| Payments for acquisition of intangible assets | <u>\$ 9,542,387</u> | <u>\$ 9,329,869</u> | | |

b. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

| | Balance as of January 1, 2020 | Financing Cash Flow | Foreign Exchange Movement | Leases Modifications | Other Changes (Note) | Balance as of December 31, 2020 |
|---|---|---|---|--|-------------------------|--|
| Short-term loans Bonds payable Long-term bank loans Lease liabilities Guarantee deposits Total | \$ 118,522,290 56,900,000 17,316,917 | \$ (31,571,567) 204,534,945 2,000,000 (2,819,733) <u>129,573</u> <u>\$ 172,273,218</u> | \$ 1,608,303 (4,758,550) (78,493) <u>1,795</u> <u>\$ (3,226,945</u>) | \$ 7,742,231 <u>\$ 7,742,231</u> | \$ | \$ 88,559,026 256,705,084 1,967,611 22,388,674 <u>349,999</u> <u>\$ 369,970,394</u> |
| | | | | Non-cash changes | ł | |
| | Balance as of January 1, 2019 | Financing Cash Flow | Foreign Exchange Movement | Leases Modifications | Other Changes (Note) | Balance as of December 31, 2019 |
| Short-term loans Bonds payable Lease liabilities Guarantee deposits | \$ 88,754,640 91,800,000 19,903,615 10,189,045 | \$ 31,804,302 (34,900,000) (3,174,032) (639,066) | \$ (2,036,652) (73,290) <u>4,474</u> | \$ <u>-</u> 419,697 | \$ | \$ 118,522,290 56,900,000 17,316,917 <u>1,729,881</u> |
| Total | <u>\$_210,647,300</u> | <u>\$ (6,908,796</u>) | <u>\$ (2,105,468</u>) | <u>\$ 419,697</u> | <u>\$ (7,583,645</u>) | <u>\$ 194,469,088</u> |

Note: Other changes include amortization of bonds payable, amortization of long-term bank loan interest subsidy, financial cost of lease liabilities and guarantee deposits refunded to customers by offsetting related accounts receivable.

31. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company requires significant amounts of capital to build and expand its production facilities and acquire additional equipment. In consideration of the industry dynamics, the Company manages its capital in a manner to ensure that it has sufficient and necessary financial resources to fund its working capital needs, capital asset purchases, research and development activities, dividend payments, debt service requirements and other business requirements associated with its existing operations over the next 12 months.

32. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Categories of financial instruments

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|---|--|
| Financial assets FVTPL (Note 1) FVTOCI (Note 2) Hedging financial assets Amortized cost (Note 3) | \$ 2,259,412 129,918,694 47 826,293,705 | \$ 326,839 134,776,779 25,884 612,740,640 |
| | <u>\$ 958,471,858</u> | <u>\$ 747,870,142</u> |
| Financial liabilities FVTPL (Note 4) Hedging financial liabilities Amortized cost (Note 5) | \$ 94,128 1,169 748,129,332 \$ 748,224,629 | \$ 982,349 1,798 533,581,640 \$ 534,565,787 |

Note 1: Financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL.

- Note 2: Including notes and accounts receivable (net), equity and debt investments.
- Note 3: Including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost, notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables and refundable deposits.
- Note 4: Held for trading.
- Note 5: Including short-term loans, accounts payable (including related parties), payables to contractors and equipment suppliers, cash dividends payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities, bonds payable, long-term bank loans and guarantee deposits.
- b. Financial risk management objectives

The Company manages its exposure to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, equity price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk with the objective to reduce the potentially adverse effects the market uncertainties may have on its financial performance.

The plans for material treasury activities are reviewed by Audit Committees and/or Board of Directors in accordance with procedures required by relevant regulations or internal controls. During the implementation of such plans, the Company must comply with certain treasury procedures that provide guiding principles for overall financial risk management and segregation of duties.

c. Market risk

The Company is exposed to the financial market risks, primarily changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and equity investment prices. A portion of these risks is hedged.

Foreign currency risk

The majority of the Company's revenue is denominated in U.S. dollar and over one-half of its capital expenditures are denominated in currencies other than NT dollar, primarily in U.S. dollar, Japanese yen and Euro. As a result, any significant fluctuations to its disadvantage in exchanges rate of NT dollar against such currencies, in particular a weakening of U.S. dollar against NT dollar, would have an adverse impact on the revenue and operating profit as expressed in NT dollar. The Company uses foreign currency derivative contracts, such as currency forwards or currency swaps, to protect against currency exchange rate risks associated with non-NT dollar-denominated assets and liabilities and certain forecasted transactions. These hedges reduce, but do not entirely eliminate, the effect of foreign currency exchange rate movements on the assets and liabilities.

Based on a sensitivity analysis performed on the Company's total monetary assets and liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, a hypothetical adverse foreign currency exchange rate change of 10% would have decreased its net income by NT\$897,722 thousand and NT\$2,137,338 thousand, respectively, and decreased its other comprehensive income NT\$107,690 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2019, after taking into account hedges and offsetting positions.

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risks primarily related to its investment portfolio and outstanding debt. Changes in interest rates affect the interest earned on the Company's cash and cash equivalents and fixed income securities, the fair value of those securities, as well as the interest paid on its debt.

The Company's cash and cash equivalents as well as fixed income investments in both fixed- and floatingrate securities carry a degree of interest rate risk. The majority of the Company's fixed income investments are fixed-rate securities, which are classified as financial assets at FVTOCI, and may have their fair value adversely affected due to a rise in interest rates. At the same time, if interest rate fall, cash and cash equivalents as well as floating-rate securities may generate less interest income than expected. The Company has entered and may in the future enter into interest rate futures to partially hedge the interest rate risk on its fixed income investments. However, these hedges can offset only a small portion of the financial impact from movements in interest rates.

Based on a sensitivity analysis performed on the Company's fixed income investments at the end of the reporting period, interest rates increase of 100 basis points (1.00%) across all maturities would have decreased the fair value by NT\$3,143,569 thousand and NT\$3,517,424 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. The decreases were composed of NT\$3,143,569 thousand decrease and NT\$3,516,604 thousand decrease in other comprehensive income for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively, and NT\$820 thousand decrease in net income for the year ended December 31, 2020 and 2019.

The majority of the Company's short-term debt is floating-rate, hence a rise in interest rates may result in higher interest expense than predicted. The majority of the Company's long-term debt is fixed-rate and measured at amortized cost and as such, changes in interest rates would not affect the future cash flows and the carrying amount.

Other price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk arising from financial assets at FVTOCI.

Assuming a hypothetical decrease of 10% in prices of the equity investments at the end of the reporting period for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the other comprehensive income would have decreased by NT\$446,470 thousand and NT\$401,879 thousand, respectively.

d. Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risks from operating activities, primarily accounts receivable, and from investing activities, primarily deposits, fixed-income investments and other financial instruments with banks. Credit risk is managed separately for business related and financial related exposures. As of the end of the reporting period, the Company's maximum credit risk exposure is equal to the carrying amount of financial assets.

Business related credit risk

The Company's accounts receivable are from its customers worldwide. The majority of the Company's outstanding accounts receivable are not covered by collaterals or guarantees. While the Company has procedures to monitor and manage credit risk exposure on accounts receivable, there is no assurance such procedures will effectively eliminate losses resulting from its credit risk. This risk is heightened during periods when economic conditions worsen.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company's ten largest customers accounted for 79% of accounts receivable in both years. The Company considers the concentration of credit risk for the remaining accounts receivable not material.

Financial credit risk

The Company mitigates its financial credit risk by selecting counterparties with investment grade credit ratings and by limiting the exposure to any individual counterparty. The Company regularly monitors and reviews the limit applied to counterparties and adjusts the limit according to market conditions and the credit standing of the counterparties.

The objective of the Company's investment policy is to achieve a return that will allow the Company to preserve principal and support liquidity requirements. The policy generally requires securities to be

investment grade and limits the amount of credit exposure to any one issuer. The Company assesses whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk in the invested securities since initial recognition by reviewing changes in external credit ratings, financial market conditions and material information of the issuers.

The Company assesses the 12-month expected credit loss and lifetime expected credit loss based on the probability of default and loss given default provided by external credit rating agencies. The current credit risk assessment policies are as follows:

| Category | Description | Basis for Recognizing Expected Credit Loss | Expected Credit Loss Ratio |
|------------|---|---|----------------------------------|
| Performing | Credit rating is investment grade on valuation date | 12 months expected credit loss | 0-0.1% |
| Doubtful | Credit rating is non-investment grade on valuation date | Lifetime expected credit loss-not credit impaired | - |
| In default | Credit rating is CC or below on valuation date | Lifetime expected credit loss-credit impaired | - |
| Write-off | There is evidence indicating that the debtor is in severe financial difficulty and the Company has no realistic prospect of recovery | Amount is written off | - |

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the expected credit loss increases NT\$1,054 thousand and NT\$655 thousand, respectively. The changes are mainly due to investment portfolio adjustment and changes in credit rating of investment securities.

e. Liquidity risk management

The objective of liquidity risk management is to ensure the Company has sufficient liquidity to fund its business operations over the next 12 months. The Company manages its liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalents, fixed income investments at FVTPL, financial assets at FVTOCI-current, financial assets at amortized cost-current and sufficient cost-efficient funding.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments, including principal and interest.

| | Less Than 1 Year | | | ears | More Than 5 Years | | | Total | |
|---|---------------------|----|------------|-------|----------------------|----|-----------|-------|-------------|
| December 31, 2020 | | | | | | | | | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | | | | | |
| Short-term loans Accounts payable (including related | \$ 88,557,526 | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | - | \$ | 88,557,526 |
| parties) Payables to contractors and | 41,095,002 | | - | | - | | - | | 41,095,002 |
| equipment suppliers Accrued expenses and other current | 157,804,961 | | - | | - | | - | | 157,804,961 |
| liabilities | 71,995,747 | | - | | - | | - | | 71,995,747 |
| Bonds payable | 5,327,971 | | 27,631,589 | 59,98 | 36,812 | 20 | 7,152,135 | | 300,098,507 |
| Long-term bank loans | 8,000 | | 847,389 | 1,17 | 70,944 | | - | | 2,026,333 |
| - | | | | | | | | (0 | Continued) |

| | Less Than 1 Year | 1-3 Years | 3-5 Years | More Than 5 Years | Total |
|---|---|----------------------------------|--|----------------------|---|
| Lease liabilities (including those classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) Guarantee deposits (including those classified under accrued expenses | \$ 2,024,212 | \$ 3,566,719 | \$ 3,198,845 | \$ 15,067,857 | \$ 23,857,633 |
| and other current liabilities) | <u>84,400</u> <u>366,897,819</u> | <u> 113,520</u> 32,159,217 | <u> 151,746</u> <u> 64,508,347</u> | <u> </u> | <u>349,999</u> <u>685,785,708</u> |
| Derivative financial instruments | | | | | |
| Forward exchange contracts Outflows Inflows | 177,764,155 (181,457,960) (3,693,805) \$ 363,204,014 | | | <u> </u> | 177,764,155 (181,457,960) (3,693,805) \$ 682,091,903 |
| December 31, 2019 | | | | <u></u> | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | |
| Short-term loans Accounts payable (including related | \$ 118,562,641 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 118,562,641 |
| parties) Payables to contractors and | 40,205,966 | - | - | - | 40,205,966 |
| equipment suppliers Accrued expenses and other current | 140,810,703 | - | - | - | 140,810,703 |
| liabilities Bonds payable Lease liabilities (including those classified under accrued expenses | 45,760,898 32,338,853 | 7,777,715 | 18,203,601 | - | 45,760,898 58,320,169 |
| and other current liabilities) Guarantee deposits (including those classified under accrued expenses | 2,475,177 | 2,782,860 | 2,484,478 | 10,947,730 | 18,690,245 |
| and other current liabilities) | <u>1,552,977</u> <u>381,707,215</u> | <u>121,047</u> 10,681,622 | <u>55,501</u> 20,743,580 | <u> </u> | <u>1,729,881</u> 424,080,503 |
| Derivative financial instruments | | | | | |
| Forward exchange contracts Outflows Inflows | 141,450,762 (141,128,914) 321,848 | | | | 141,450,762 _(141,128,914) 321,848 |
| | <u>\$ 382,029,063</u> | <u>\$ 10,681,622</u> | <u>\$ 20,743,580</u> | <u>\$ 10,948,086</u> | <u>\$ 424,402,351</u> (Concluded) |

Information about the maturity analysis for lease liabilities more than 5 years:

| | 5-10 Years | 10-15 Years | 15-20 Years | More Than 20 Years | Total |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| December 31, 2020 | | | | | |
| Lease liabilities | <u>\$ 7,401,969</u> | <u>\$ 5,253,877</u> | <u>\$ 2,255,185</u> | <u>\$ 156,826</u> | <u>\$ 15,067,857</u> |
| December 31, 2019 | | | | | |
| Lease liabilities | <u>\$ 5,581,116</u> | \$ 3,691,272 | <u>\$ 1,600,962</u> | <u>\$ 74,380</u> | <u>\$ 10,947,730</u> |

- f. Fair value of financial instruments
 - 1) Fair value measurements recognized in the consolidated balance sheets

Fair value measurements are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The timing of transfers between levels within the fair value hierarchy is at the end of reporting period.

2) Fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| | December 31, 2020 | | | | | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------|-------------|-------------|
| - | Level | 1 | Level 2 | | Level 3 | | Total |
| Financial assets at FVTPL | | | | | | | |
| Mandatorily measured at FVTPL Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$</u> | | <u>\$ 2,259,4</u> | <u>12</u> <u>\$</u> | | <u>\$</u> | 2,259,412 |
| Financial assets at FVTOCI | | | | | | | |
| Investments in debt instruments | | | | | | | |
| Corporate bonds Agency bonds/Agency | \$ | - | \$ 56,593,62 | 23 \$ | - | \$ | 56,593,623 |
| mortgage-backed securities | | - | 43,977,11 | 13 | - | | 43,977,113 |
| Government bonds | 13,279 | ,154 | 180,34 | 49 | - | | 13,459,503 |
| Asset-backed securities | | - | 8,368,26 | 64 | - | | 8,368,264 |
| Investments in equity instruments Non-publicly traded equity | | | | | | | |
| investments | | - | | - | 4,514,940 | | 4,514,940 |
| Publicly traded stocks | 49 | ,950 | | - | - | | 49,950 |
| Notes and accounts receivable, net | | | 2,955,30 | 01 | | | 2,955,301 |
| | <u>\$ 13,329</u> | <u>,104</u> | <u>\$112,074,65</u> | <u>50</u> <u>\$</u> | 4,514,940 | <u>\$ 1</u> | 129,918,694 |
| Hedging financial assets | | | | | | | |
| Fair value hedges | | | | | | | |
| Interest rate futures contracts | <u>\$</u> | 47 | \$ | <u>-</u> \$ | | <u>\$</u> | (Continued) |

| | December 31, 2020 | | | | |
|--|-------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|--|
| | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL | | | | | |
| Held for trading Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 94,128</u> | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 94,128</u> | |
| Hedging financial liabilities | | | | | |
| Fair value hedges Interest rate futures contracts | <u>\$ 1,169</u> | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 1,169</u> (Concluded) | |

The transfer from Level 2 to Level 1 is because quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets became available for such equity investment.

| | December 31, 2019 | | | |
|--|---|-----------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| - | Level 1 | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total |
| Financial assets at FVTPL | | | | |
| Mandatorily measured at FVTPL Forward exchange contracts Convertible bonds Agency mortgage-backed | \$ | \$ 162,155 | \$ - 123,759 | \$ 162,155 123,759 |
| securities | <u> </u> | 40,925 | | 40,925 |
| | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 203,080</u> | <u>\$ 123,759</u> | <u>\$ 326,839</u> |
| Financial assets at FVTOCI | | | | |
| Investments in debt instruments Agency bonds/Agency | ¢ | ¢ 51066460 | ¢ | ¢ 51.044.440 |
| mortgage-backed securities Corporate bonds | \$ | \$ 51,966,460 51,790,045 | \$ | \$ 51,966,460 51,790,045 |
| Government bonds | 12,678,086 | 146,137 | - | 12,824,223 |
| Asset-backed securities | - | 10,815,849 | - | 10,815,849 |
| Investments in equity instruments Non-publicly traded equity investments | | 39,196 | 4,085,141 | 4,124,337 |
| Notes and accounts receivable, net | - | 3,255,865 | 4,005,141 | 3,255,865 |
| , | <u>\$ 12,678,086</u> | \$118,013,552 | \$ 4,085,141 | <u>\$134,776,779</u> |
| Hedging financial assets | | | | |
| Fair value hedges Interest rate futures contracts Cash flow hedges | \$ 22,380 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 22,380 |
| Forward exchange contracts | | 3,504 | | 3,504 |
| | <u>\$ 22,380</u> | <u>\$ 3,504</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 25,884</u> |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL | | | | |
| Held for trading Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 982,349</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 982,349</u> |
| Hedging financial liabilities | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 1,798</u> | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 1,798</u> |

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

The financial assets measured at Level 3 fair value were financial assets at FVTPL and equity investments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI. Reconciliations for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 4,208,900 | \$ 3,910,681 | |
| Additions | 175,202 | 372,315 | |
| Recognized in profit or loss | (3,821) | - | |
| Recognized in other comprehensive income | 409,014 | 129,497 | |
| Disposals and proceeds from return of capital of investments | (51,060) | (76,532) | |
| Transfers out of level 3 (Note) | - | (43,610) | |
| Effect of exchange rate changes | (223,295) | (83,451) | |
| Balance, end of year | <u>\$ 4,514,940</u> | <u>\$ 4,208,900</u> | |

Note: The transfer from Level 3 to Level 2 is because observable market data became available for such equity investment.

Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 2 fair value measurement

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- The fair values of corporate bonds, agency bonds, agency mortgage-backed securities, asset-backed securities, government bonds and non-publicly traded equity investments equity investments trading on the Emerging Stock Board are determined by quoted market prices provided by third party pricing services.
- Forward exchange contracts are measured using forward exchange rates and discount rates derived from quoted market prices.
- The fair value of accounts receivable classified as at FVTOCI is determined by the present value of future cash flows based on the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.

Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 3 fair value measurement

The fair values of non-publicly traded equity investments (excluding those trading on the Emerging Stock Board) are mainly determined by using the asset approach and market approach.

The asset approach takes into account the net asset value measured at the fair value by independent parties. On December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company uses unobservable inputs derived from discount for lack of marketability by 10%. When other inputs remain equal, the fair value will decrease by NT\$39,006 thousand and NT34,843 thousand if discounts for lack of marketability increase by 1%.

For the remaining few investments, the market approach is used to arrive at their fair values, for which the recent financing activities of investees, the market transaction prices of the similar companies and market conditions are considered.

In addition, the fair values of convertible bonds are determined by the present value of future cash flow based on a discount rate reflecting issuer's credit spread and market conditions, combined with the fair value of conversion option estimated by the option pricing model considering recent financing activities of the investee and market transaction prices of the similar companies.

3) Fair value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

Except as detailed in the following table, the Company considers that the carrying amounts of financial instruments in the consolidated financial statements that are not measured at fair value approximate their fair values.

Fair value hierarchy

The table below sets out the fair value hierarchy for the Company's financial assets and liabilities which are not required to measure at fair value:

| | December 31, 2020 | |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|
| | Carrying Amount | Level 2 Fair Value |
| Financial assets | | |
| Financial assets at amortized costs Corporate bonds | <u>\$ 10,970,199</u> | <u>\$ 11,053,550</u> |
| Financial liabilities | | |
| Financial liabilities at amortized costs Bonds payable | <u>\$256,705,084</u> | <u>\$257,551,196</u> |
| | December | r 31, 2019 |
| | Carrying Amount | Level 2 Fair Value |
| Financial assets | | |
| Financial assets at amortized costs Corporate bonds | <u>\$ 7,648,798</u> | <u>\$ 7,718,731</u> |
| Financial liabilities | | |
| Financial liabilities at amortized costs Bonds payable | <u>\$ 56,900,000</u> | <u>\$ 57,739,115</u> |
| Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 2 fair value | e measurement | |

The fair values of corporate bonds and the Company's bonds payable are determined by quoted market prices provided by third party pricing services.

33. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Intercompany balances and transactions between TSMC and its subsidiaries, which are related parties of TSMC, have been eliminated upon consolidation; therefore those items are not disclosed in this note. The following is a summary of significant transactions between the Company and other related parties:

a. Related party name and categories

| | Related Party Name | | Related Party | Categories |
|----|--|---------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
| | GUC VIS SSMC Xintec TSMC Education and Culture Fo TSMC Charity Foundation | A A Dundation | Associates Associates Associates Associates Other related parties Other related parties | |
| b. | Net revenue | | | |
| | | | Years Endeo | l December 31 |
| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | Item | Related Party Categories | | |
| | Net revenue from sale of goods | Associates | <u>\$ 8,129,764</u> | <u>\$ 6,253,895</u> |
| | Net revenue from royalties | Associates | <u>\$ 195,111</u> | <u>\$ 183,583</u> |
| c. | Purchases | | | |
| | | | Years Endeo | l December 31 |
| | | | 2020 | 2019 |
| | Related Party Categories | | | |
| | Associates | | <u>\$ 7,606,421</u> | <u>\$ 6,301,417</u> |
| d. | Receivables from related parties | | | |
| | | | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| | Item | Related Party Name/Categ | ories | |
| | Receivables from related parties | GUC Xintec | \$ 370,643 <u>187,488</u> | \$ 741,898 <u>120,172</u> |
| | | | <u>\$ 558,131</u> | <u>\$ 862,070</u> |
| | Other receivables from related parties | SSMC VIS Other associates | \$ 45,291 4,311 1,043 | \$ 46,506 3,920 <u>1,227</u> |
| | | | <u>\$ 50,645</u> | <u>\$ 51,653</u> |

e. Payables to related parties

f.

expenses

| | | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| Item | Related Party Name/Categories | | |
| Payables to related parties | Xintec SSMC VIS Other associates | \$ 1,358,624 400,819 311,406 <u>36,869</u> <u>\$ 2,107,718</u> | \$ 736,860 487,944 153,977 <u>56,119</u> \$ 1,434,900 |
| Others | | Voors Endod | December 31 |
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| Item | Related Party Categories | | |
| Manufacturing expenses | Associates | <u>\$ 5,439,978</u> | <u>\$ 2,822,989</u> |
| Research and development expenses | Associates | <u>\$ 256,496</u> | <u>\$ 163,425</u> |
| General and administrative | Other related parties | \$ 120,000 | <u>\$ 120.000</u> |

The sales prices and payment terms to related parties were not significantly different from those of sales to third parties. For other related party transactions, price and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements.

The Company leased factory and office from associates. The lease terms and prices were both determined in accordance with mutual agreements. The rental expenses were paid to associates monthly; the related expenses were both classified under manufacturing expenses.

g. Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel were as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits | \$ 2,666,696 | \$ 1,922,191 | |
| | <u>\$ 2,669,030</u> | <u>\$ 1,924,877</u> | |

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel were determined by the Compensation Committee of TSMC in accordance with the individual performance and the market trends.

34. PLEDGED ASSETS

The Company provided certificate of deposits recorded in other financial assets as collateral mainly for building lease agreements. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the aforementioned other financial assets amounted to NT\$135,375 thousand and NT\$114,467 thousand, respectively.

35. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments of the Company as of the end of the reporting period, excluding those disclosed in other notes, were as follows:

- a. Under a technical cooperation agreement with Industrial Technology Research Institute, the R.O.C. Government or its designee approved by TSMC can use up to 35% of TSMC's capacity provided TSMC's outstanding commitments to its customers are not prejudiced. The term of this agreement is for five years beginning from January 1, 1987 and is automatically renewed for successive periods of five years unless otherwise terminated by either party with one year prior notice. As of December 31, 2020, the R.O.C. Government did not invoke such right.
- b. Under a Shareholders Agreement entered into with Philips and EDB Investments Pte Ltd. on March 30, 1999, the parties formed a joint venture company, SSMC, which is an integrated circuit foundry in Singapore. TSMC's equity interest in SSMC was 32%. Nevertheless, in September 2006, Philips spun-off its semiconductor subsidiary which was renamed as NXP B.V. Further, TSMC and NXP B.V. purchased all the SSMC shares owned by EDB Investments Pte Ltd. pro rata according to the Shareholders Agreement on November 15, 2006. After the purchase, TSMC and NXP B.V. currently own approximately 39% and 61% of the SSMC shares, respectively. TSMC and NXP B.V. are required, in the aggregate, to purchase at least 70% of SSMC's capacity, but TSMC alone is not required to purchase more than 28% of the capacity. If any party defaults on the commitment and the capacity utilization of SSMC falls below a specific percentage of its capacity, the defaulting party is required to compensate SSMC for all related unavoidable costs. There was no default from the aforementioned commitment as of December 31, 2020.
- c. On September 28, 2017, TSMC was contacted by the European Commission (the "Commission"), which asked us for information and documents concerning alleged anti-competitive practices in relation to semiconductor sales. We cooperated continuously with the Commission to provide the requested information and documents. The Commission subsequently decided to close the investigation in May 2020.
- d. TSMC entered into long-term purchase agreements of materials and supplies with multiple suppliers. The relative minimum purchase quantity and price are specified in the agreements.
- e. TSMC entered into a long-term purchase agreement of equipment. The relative purchase quantity and price are specified in the agreement.
- f. TSMC entered into long-term energy purchase agreements with multiple suppliers. The relative purchase period, quantity and price are specified in the agreements.
- g. Amounts available under unused letters of credit as of December 31, 2020 and 2019 were NT\$56,194 thousand and NT\$59,976 thousand, respectively.

36. EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION OF FOREIGN-CURRENCY FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following information was summarized according to the foreign currencies other than the functional currency of the Company. The exchange rates disclosed were used to translate the foreign currencies into the functional currency. The significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

| | Foreign Currencies (In Thousands) | Exchange Rate (Note 1) | Carrying Amount (In Thousands) |
|--|---|---|---|
| December 31, 2020 | | | |
| Financial assets | | | |
| Monetary items USD USD EUR JPY | \$ 6,984,545 785,171 13,820 83,593,234 | 28.097 6.540(Note 2) 34.587 0.2729 | \$ 196,244,748 22,060,962 478,002 22,812,594 |
| Financial liabilities | | | |
| Monetary items USD EUR JPY | 6,966,889 4,150,215 105,112,663 | 28.097 34.587 0.2729 | 195,748,671 143,543,499 28,685,246 |
| December 31, 2019 | | | |
| Financial assets | | | |
| Monetary items USD USD EUR JPY | \$ 4,725,056 455,984 3,638 72,369,239 | 29.988 6.966(Note 2) 33.653 0.2751 | \$ 141,694,967 13,674,047 122,418 19,908,778 |
| Financial liabilities | | | |
| Monetary items USD EUR JPY | 6,018,287 2,551,824 101,455,514 | 29.988 33.653 0.2751 | 180,476,401 85,876,547 27,910,412 |

Note 1: Except as otherwise noted, exchange rate represents the number of NT dollar for which one foreign currency could be exchanged.

Note 2: The exchange rate represents the number of RMB for which one U.S. dollar could be exchanged.

Please refer to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the total of realized and unrealized foreign exchange gain and loss for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Since there were varieties of foreign currency transactions and functional currencies within the subsidiaries of the Company, the Company was unable to disclose foreign exchange gain (loss) towards each foreign currency with significant impact.

37. SIGNIFICANT OPERATION LOSSES

On January 19, 2019, the Company discovered a wafer contamination issue in a fab in Taiwan caused by a batch of unqualified photoresist materials. After investigation, the Company immediately stopped using the unqualified materials. An estimated loss of NT\$3,400,000 thousand related to this event was recognized in cost of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2019.

38. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

Following are the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for TSMC:

- a. Financings provided: See Table 1 attached;
- b. Endorsement/guarantee provided: See Table 2 attached;
- c. Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates): See Table 3 attached;
- d. Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: See Table 4 attached;
- e. Acquisition of individual real estate properties at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: See Table 5 attached;
- f. Disposal of individual real estate properties at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None;
- g. Total purchases from or sales to related parties of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: See Table 6 attached;
- h. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: See Table 7 attached;
- i. Information about the derivative financial instruments transaction: See Notes 7 and 10;
- j. Others: The business relationship between the parent and the subsidiaries and significant transactions between them: See Table 8 attached;
- k. Names, locations, and related information of investees over which TSMC exercises significant influence (excluding information on investment in mainland China): See Table 9 attached;
- 1. Information on investment in mainland China
 - 1) The name of the investee in mainland China, the main businesses and products, its issued capital, method of investment, information on inflow or outflow of capital, percentage of ownership, income (losses) of the investee, share of profits/losses of investee, ending balance, amount received as dividends from the investee, and the limitation on investee: See Table 10 attached.
 - 2) Significant direct or indirect transactions with the investee, its prices and terms of payment, unrealized gain or loss, and other related information which is helpful to understand the impact of investment in mainland China on financial reports: See Table 8 attached.

m. Information of major shareholder

List of all shareholders with ownership of 5 percent or greater showing the names and the number of shares and percentage of ownership held by each shareholder: See Table 11 attached.

39. OPERATING SEGMENTS INFORMATION

a. Operating segments, segment revenue and operating results

TSMC's chief operating decision makers periodically review operating results, focusing on operating income generated by foundry segment. Operating results are used for resource allocation and/or performance assessment. As a result, the Company has only one operating segment, the foundry segment. The foundry segment engages mainly in the manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing of masks.

The basis for the measurement of income from operations is the same as that for the preparation of financial statements. Please refer to the consolidated statements of comprehensive income for the related segment revenue and operating results.

- b. Geographic and major customers information were as follows:
 - 1) Geographic information

| Noncurrent Assets | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Taiwan | \$1,569,080,378 | \$1,344,352,664 |
| United States | 9,455,505 | 8,850,099 |
| China | 34,456,406 | 38,586,614 |
| Europe, the Middle East and Africa | 174,169 | 186,238 |
| Japan | 327,250 | 27,074 |
| Others | 2,996 | 3,064 |
| | \$1,613,496,704 | \$1,392,005,753 |

Noncurrent assets include property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets, intangible assets and other noncurrent assets.

2) Major customers representing at least 10% of net revenue

| | Year | s Ended | December 31 | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------------|----------|-------------------------------|----------|
| | 2020 | | 2019 | |
| | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| Customer A Customer B | \$ 336,775,511 167,390,758 | 25 12 | \$ 247,213,291 152,876,885 | 23 14 |

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

FINANCINGS PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Financing | Company's Total Financing Amount Limits (Notes 1 and 2) | 64,492,719 \$ 64,492,719 | | 382,229,039 | |
|------------------|--|--|--|---|---|
| Financing Limits | for Each C Borrowing Fi Company (Notes 1 and 2) | \$ 64,492,719 | | 382,229,039 | |
| Collateral | Value | • | | 1 | |
| Coll | Item | | _ | | - |
| | Allowance for Bad Debt | ، ج | | I | |
| _ | Reason for Financing | Operating capital | | Operating capital | |
| | Transaction Amounts | \$ | | 1 | |
| | interest Rate Nature for Financing | The need for long-term | financing | The need for short-term financing | _ |
| _ | Interest Rate | 1.50% | | 0.00% | |
| | Amount Actuary Drawn (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | \$ 20,622,240 | (RMB 4,800,000) | 87,100,700 (US\$ 3,100,000) | |
| | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3) | 38,028,092 \$ 34,752,490 \$ | RMB 6,000,000 & (RMB 5,800,000) & (RMB 4,800,000) US\$ 436,000) (US\$ 350,000) | 87,100,700 87,100,700 (US\$ 3,100,000) (US\$ 3,100,000) | |
| Maximum | Balance for the Period (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3) | \$ 38,028,092 | (RMB 6,000,000) & (RMB 5,800,000) (US\$ 436,000) (US\$ 350,000) | 87,100,700 (US\$ 3,100,000) | |
| | Related Party | Yes | | Yes | |
| | Financial Statement Related Account Party | TSMC China TSMC Nanjing Other receivables from | related parties | Other receivables from related parties | |
| | Counterparty | TSMC Nanjing | | TSMC | |
| _ | Financing Company | TSMC China | | TSMC Global TSMC | |
| | N0. | 1 | | 6 | |
| | | | | | |

Note 1: The aggregate amount available for lending to TSMC Nanjing from TSMC China shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC China.

The aggregate amount available for lending to TSMC from TSMC Global shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC Global. Note 2:

Note 3: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

| Foreign (Foreign Thousands)Amount Actually Drawn (US\$ in (Note 3)Amount Actually Drawn (US\$ in (Note 3)Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Amount (Note 3)Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Amount Amount Amount Amount Amount Amount SatementsEndorsement/ Guarantee Amount Amount Amount Amount Amount Amount Asubsidiary ii Asubsidiary ii Asubsidiary ii Asubsidiary ii Asubsidiary iiEndorsement Guarantee Amount Amount Asubsidiary ii Asubsidiary ii(Note 3) (Note 3)Thousands) Thousands)Thousands) Thousands)Equity per Amount Asubsidiary ii (Note 1 and 2)Provided by Parent Asubsidiary ii Asubsidiary ii Asubsidiary ii Asubsidiary ii Asubsidiary ii Asubsidiary ii Asubsidiary ii Asubsidiary ii2,338,044 S S S S S 3,000,000\$2,338,044 S S S S,2,338,044\$2,338,044 S S S S,2,338,044\$4,52,414,314 S S S S S S S,2,338,040Yes S <b< th=""><th>Guaranteed Party</th><th>Guarantee</th><th>larantee</th><th>dΡ</th><th>arty</th><th>Limits on Endorsement/</th><th>Maximum Ralance</th><th>Ending Ralance</th><th></th><th>Amount of</th><th>Ratio of Accumulated</th><th>Maximum</th><th></th><th></th><th>Guarantee</th></b<> | Guaranteed Party | Guarantee | larantee | dΡ | arty | Limits on Endorsement/ | Maximum Ralance | Ending Ralance | | Amount of | Ratio of Accumulated | Maximum | | | Guarantee |
|---|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------|--|---------------------------|---|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|---|
| 2,338,044 \$ 2,338,044 \$ 2,338,044 \$ \$ 10.13% \$ 462,414,314 Yes No SS 83,213) (US\$ 83,213) - 0.13% \$ 462,414,314 Yes No 84,291,000 84,291,000 - 4.56% 462,414,314 Yes No SS 3,000,000) (US\$ 360,228 - 0.02% 184,965,726 No No Y 1,320,000) (IPY 1,320,000) - 0.02% 184,965,726 No No | No. Endorsement/ Guarantee Provider Name Relationship Party (Notes 1 and 2) | Name Relationship | Nature of Relationship | | Guarantee Amount Provided to Eac Guaranteed Party (Notes 1 and 2) | Ч | for the Period (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3) | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3) | Amount Actually Drawn (US\$ in Thousands) | Endorsement/ Guarantee Collateralized by Properties | Endorsement Guarantee to Net Equity per Latest Financial Statements | Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Allowable (Note 1 and 2) | Guarantee Provided by Parent Company | Guarantee Provided by A Subsidiary | Provided to Subsidiaries in Mainland China |
| - 4.56% 462,414,314 Yes No - 0.02% 184,965,726 No No | 0 TSMC TSMC North Subsidiary \$ 462,414,314 \$ 2,338,044 \$ | Subsidiary | Subsidiary | | \$ 462,414,314 | | \$ 2,338,044 | é | \$ 2,338,044 | ، \$ | 0.13% | \$ 462,414,314 | Yes | No | No |
| - 0.02% 184,965,726 No No | TSMC Global Subsidiary 462,414,314 | Subsidiary 462,414,314 | Subsidiary 462,414,314 | 462,414,314 | <u> </u> | \sim | US\$ 83,213) 84,291,000 | (US\$ 83,213) 84,291,000 | (US\$ 83,213) 84,291,000 | ' | 4.56% | 462,414,314 | Yes | No | No |
| | TSMC Japan TSMC JDC The same parent 184,965,726 ((| The same parent 184,965,726 (company) | The same parent 184,965,726 (company) | 184,965,726 | | | JPY 1,320,000) | (JPY 1,320,000) | (JPY 1,320,000) | I | 0.02% | 184,965,726 | No | No | No |

Note 1: The total amount of the endorsement/guarantee provided by TSMC to TSMC North America and TSMC Global shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of TSMC's net worth.

Note 2: The total amount of the endorsement/guarantee provided by TSMC Japan to TSMC JDC shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of TSMC's net worth.

Note 3: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.

TABLE 3

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

| International processional procesional processional processional processional processional processi | Jold Comnany Name | | | | | | December 31, 2020 | 1, 2020 | | |
|--|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| Control function Control function <thcontrol function<="" th=""> <thcontrol function<="" t<="" th=""><th></th><th>Marketable Securities Type and Name</th><th>Relationship with the Company</th><th>Financial Statement Account</th><th>Shares/Units (In Thousands)</th><th>Carryin (Foreign C in Thou</th><th>g Value Jurrencies Isands)</th><th>Percentage of Ownership (%)</th><th>Fair (Foreign in Tho</th><th>Value Currencies usands)</th></thcontrol></thcontrol> | | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carryin (Foreign C in Thou | g Value Jurrencies Isands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign in Tho | Value Currencies usands) |
| Surfactorial function, List, Functional functiona | | publicly traded equity investments d Industrial Gases Co., Ltd. | | Financial assets at fair value through other | 21,230 | | 127,665 | 10 | ÷ | 427,665 |
| Statistical function C | | | | comprehensive income | | | | I | | |
| With Strate Link Image With Strate Link Image With Strate Link Image With Strate Link Image Mith Strate Link Image </td <td>Shin-</td> <td>Etsu Handotai Taiwan Co., Ltd.</td> <td>I</td> <td>Ш</td> <td>10,500</td> <td></td> <td>313,992 02.020</td> <td>L '</td> <td></td> <td>313,992</td> | Shin- | Etsu Handotai Taiwan Co., Ltd. | I | Ш | 10,500 | | 313,992 02.020 | L ' | | 313,992 |
| McM. Challenge mut/ builden with challenge C | Clob | al Investment Holding Co., Ltd. | | 11 | 10,442 | | 9c0,/8 | 0 | | 950,/8 |
| Tentor Netselect Image Ima Image Image | W.K. | Technology Fund IV | 1 | н | 806 | | 5,944 | 7 | | 5,944 |
| Chrono Add. Ciprid Chrono | Horiz | on Ventures Fund | | 11 | | | 170 | 12 | | 170 |
| Menuflick transfer Menuflick transfer (1) <t< td=""><td>Crims</td><td>son Asia Capital</td><td>1</td><td>н</td><td>ı</td><td></td><td>ı</td><td>1</td><td></td><td>ī</td></t<> | Crims | son Asia Capital | 1 | н | ı | | ı | 1 | | ī |
| Mather Mathat Mather Mathat Mather Mather Mather Mather Mather Mather Mather | | | | | | | | | | |
| Statution Contract and or function Contract and or functi | | publicly traded equity investments | | | | | | | | |
| Jan Waler Ventre Increase II. 13, and Mark Ventre Increase II. 14, and Mark Ventre II. | Shang | ghai Walden Venture Capital Enterprise | ı | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1 | US\$ | 22,944 | 9 | US\$ | 22,944 |
| Chan Water Venture fractionation in a Water Venture in a Wat | | | | comprehensive income | | ÷ 0,000 | | | 4000 | |
| Characteristic for the interferent LL, L, | Chink | 1 Walden Venture Investments II, L.P. | | 11 | | \$20 | 166,21 | ٩ ١ | 22 | 166,21 |
| The Corporation Image of the constraint of t | China | a Walden Venture Investments III, L.P. | | 11 | 1 | CS\$ | 4,978 | 4 | CS\$ | 4,978 |
| Tich Immontation Control | Inpria | 1 Corporation | | " | 1,778 | US\$ | 3,600 | 4 | US\$ | 3,600 |
| Moth In: 6.33 6.33 6.33 1 0 Corrents Koll Exponents Koll | Telal | Innovations | | 11 | 10,440 | | r | 25 | | ı |
| Contract bind law of America Crop Contract bind law of America Crop Close America | Mcub | e Inc. | | Ш | 6,333 | | 1 | 10 | | ī |
| Entranticulation Entranticulation< | | | | | | | | | | |
| Built of America Cop Emancial sear a firt value facorajo ober 1 1 1 3 3 4 | | orate bond | | | | | | | | |
| Competensive income $ -$ | | of America Corp | | Financial assets at fair value through other | | US\$ | 59,845 | N/A | US\$ | 59,845 |
| - - - - - - - - - - - - - - 0 - - - - 0 0 0 0 - - - 0 0 0 0 0 - - - 0 0 0 0 0 - - - 0 0 0 0 0 - - - 0 0 0 0 0 - - - 0 0 0 0 0 - - - 0 0 0 0 0 - - - 0 0 0 0 0 - - 0 0 0 0 0 0 - - 0 0 0 0 0 0 - - 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 0 0 0 0 0 - 0 0 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>comprehensive income</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | | | comprehensive income | | | | | | |
| - - - - | Citigr | oup Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 44,484 | N/A | US\$ | 44,484 |
| | Morg | an Stanley | , | 11 | | US\$ | 43,256 | N/A | US\$ | 43,256 |
| | Goldr | nan Sachs Group Inc/The | , | " | | US\$ | 40.089 | N/A | US\$ | 40.089 |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td>Wells</td> <td>Flarmo & Co</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>115\$</td> <td>36.031</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>115\$</td> <td>36.031</td> | Wells | Flarmo & Co | | | | 115\$ | 36.031 | N/A | 115\$ | 36.031 |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td>Miterr</td> <td>bicki HEI Einondial Groun Ind</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>115¢</td> <td>34.046</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>1155</td> <td>34046</td> | Miterr | bicki HEI Einondial Groun Ind | | | | 115¢ | 34.046 | N/A | 1155 | 34046 |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td>UNAT CONTRACT</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td>1100</td> <td>22,720</td> <td>V/V</td> <td>1100</td> <td>22,720</td> | UNAT CONTRACT | | | 2 | | 1100 | 22,720 | V/V | 1100 | 22,720 |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | DIAT IC | | | | 1 | 000 000 | <pre>////////////////////////////////////</pre> | | 000 | ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ |
| 1 1 <td>ADDA</td> <td>le Inc</td> <td></td> <td>11</td> <td>'</td> <td>\$<u>\$</u>0</td> <td>55,/10</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>\$<u></u></td> <td>55,/10</td> | ADDA | le Inc | | 11 | ' | \$ <u>\$</u> 0 | 55,/10 | N/A | \$ <u></u> | 55,/10 |
| g1 | Sumic | tomo Mitsui Financial Group Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 27,424 | N/A | US\$ | 27,424 |
| | Metrc | opolitan Life Global Funding I | | " | | US\$ | 21,597 | N/A | US\$ | 21,597 |
| - - - US\$ 21,090 NA US\$ - - US\$ 20,795 NA US\$ - - US\$ 20,448 NA US\$ - - US\$ 19,179 NA US\$ - - US\$ 19,174 NA US\$ - - US\$ 16,413 NA US\$ - - US\$ 16,267 NA US\$ - - US\$ 16,133 NA US\$ - - US\$ 16,267 NA US\$ - - US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ - - US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ - - US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ - - US\$ </td <td>Lloyd</td> <td>ls Banking Group PLC</td> <td></td> <td>11</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>21,490</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>21,490</td> | Lloyd | ls Banking Group PLC | | 11 | | US\$ | 21,490 | N/A | US\$ | 21,490 |
| - - - US 20.795 N/A US - - US 20.748 N/A US - - US 20.748 N/A US - - US 179 N/A US - - US 1742 N/A US - - US 16.267 N/A US - US 10.53 16.267 N/A US - US 10.53 10.593 N/A US - US 10.53 10.593 N/A US - US US 10.53 10.593 N/A US - US US 10.53 10.593 N/A US - US US US 10.593 N/A US <td>Bristo</td> <td>ol-Mvers Sauibb Co</td> <td>,</td> <td>"</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>21.090</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>21.090</td> | Bristo | ol-Mvers Sauibb Co | , | " | | US\$ | 21.090 | N/A | US\$ | 21.090 |
| - - <td>Mizul</td> <td>ho Financial Groun Inc</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>115 \$</td> <td>207.05</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>1154</td> <td>20705</td> | Mizul | ho Financial Groun Inc | | | | 115 \$ | 207.05 | N/A | 1154 | 20705 |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 17711A | | | | | ÷ c | 20,140 | | | 20,140 |
| - - US\$ 9,179 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 14,21 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 16,367 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 16,471 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 16,471 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 16,477 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 16,113 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 16,133 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 16,133 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 16,367 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 10,35 10,77 N/A - - US\$ 10,562 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 10,57 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 10,75 | 1030. | ta Motor Credit Corp | | 11 | I | \$ <u>\$</u> 0 | 20,448 | N/A | \$ <u>\$</u> 0 | 20,448 |
| - - US\$ 18,421 N/A US\$ - - - US\$ 16,13 N/A US\$ - - - US\$ 15,912 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 105 105 105 - - </td <td>NatW</td> <td>est Markets PLC</td> <td></td> <td>11</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>19,179</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>19,179</td> | NatW | est Markets PLC | | 11 | | US\$ | 19,179 | N/A | US\$ | 19,179 |
| - - - US\$ 17,42 N/A US\$ - - - US\$ 16,113 N/A US\$ - - - US\$ 16,113 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 16,113 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 105 105 105 - - US\$ 15,912 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 15,912 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 105 105 105 - - US\$ 105 105 105 - - US\$ 105 105 105 | Ather | ne Global Funding | | " | | US\$ | 18,421 | N/A | US\$ | 18,421 |
| - - <td>Credi</td> <td>t Suisse AG/New York NY</td> <td></td> <td>"</td> <td>1</td> <td>\$SU</td> <td>17.442</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>\$50</td> <td>17.442</td> | Credi | t Suisse AG/New York NY | | " | 1 | \$SU | 17.442 | N/A | \$50 | 17.442 |
| m m c c c c c c uss c c c uss c uss uss c c uss c uss c uss c c uss c uss c uss c uss c uss c uss uss c uss uss uss uss | | Doub of Concelo | | | | 110 ¢ | | N/A | 1100 | |
| ica - USS 16,113 N/A USS arica - - USS 16,113 N/A USS arica - - USS 15,913 N/A USS - - USS 15,912 N/A USS - - USS 15,762 N/A USS - - USS 15,762 N/A USS - - USS 15,762 N/A USS - -< | KOY4. | I BANK OI CANADA | | 11 | | ¢¢0 | 10,201 | N/A | ¢¢O | 10,201 |
| rica | HSBC | C Holdings PLC | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 16,113 | N/A | US\$ | 16,113 |
| n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n | Hyun | dai Capital America | | 11 | | US\$ | 15.983 | N/A | US\$ | 15,983 |
| non-state non-state non-state non-state non-state non-state - - - - - - 0.35 15,702 N/A 0.05 - - - - 0.55 15,702 N/A 0.05 - - - - 0.55 15,702 N/A 0.05 - - - - 0.55 15,702 N/A 0.05 - - - - - 0.55 15,621 N/A 0.05 - - - - - 0.5621 N/A 0.05 | Mecon | r noria Ronk I td | | | | 115 \$ | 15 017 | N/N | 115\$ | 15017 |
| America Inc - 0.3 15,701 N/A U35 - - - U35 15,762 N/A U35 - - - U35 15,704 N/A U35 - - - U35 15,704 N/A U35 - - - U35 15,704 N/A U35 - - - U35 15,621 N/A U35 | hoptat | | | | | 4977 4977 | 12,01 | V/M | | 11,011 |
| - - US 15,762 N/A US - - US 15,704 N/A US - - US 15,704 N/A US - - US 15,621 N/A US - - US 15,621 N/A US | INOTON | га Бапк Аор | | 11 | | ¢¢0 | /06,61 | N/A | ¢¢O | 106,61 |
| Therefore Therefore <t< td=""><td>Apple</td><td>e Inc</td><td></td><td>11</td><td>1</td><td>US\$</td><td>15,762</td><td>N/A</td><td>CSS C</td><td>15,762</td></t<> | Apple | e Inc | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 15,762 | N/A | CSS C | 15,762 |
| America Inc - US\$ 15,621 N/A US\$ | Santa | nder UK PLC | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 15,704 | N/A | US\$ | 15,704 |
| | BPC | apital Markets America Inc | , | н | | US\$ | 15.621 | N/A | US\$ | 15.621 |
| | | | | 1 | | 2 | | | 2 | |
| | | | _ | _ | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

| Held Company Name | Markataka Saamittas Tuna and Nama | | | | Carrent | ×7 1 | 6 | 1 | Fair Valua | |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|------|
| | Man Actable Securities Type and Mante | Kelationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | (Foreign | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign in The | Fair value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Note |
| TSMC Global | Toronto-Dominion Bank/The | | Financial assets at fair value through other | I | US\$ | 15,527 | N/A | US\$ | 15,527 | |
| | Volkswagen Group of America Finance LLC | 1 | comprenensive income | 1 | US\$ | 15.417 | N/A | US\$ | 15.417 | |
| | Comcast Corp | | ш | 1 | US\$ | 14,947 | N/A | US\$ | 14,947 | |
| | BNP Paribas SA | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 14,590 | N/A | US\$ | 14,590 | |
| | National Securities Clearing Corp | I | Ш | | US\$ | 14,129 | N/A | US\$ | 14,129 | |
| | Principal Life Global Funding II | T | 11 | ' | US\$ | 13,580 | N/A | US\$ | 13,580 | |
| | Roper Technologies Inc | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 13,249 | N/A | US\$ | 13,249 | |
| | AT&T Inc | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 13,180 | N/A | US\$ | 13,180 | |
| | Banco Santander SA | | " | | US\$ | 13,146 | N/A | US\$ | 13,146 | |
| | Banque Federative du Credit Mutuel SA | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 13,019 | N/A | US\$ | 13,019 | |
| | Nationwide Building Society | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 12,913 | N/A | US\$ | 12,913 | |
| | Chevron Corp | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 12,771 | N/A | US\$ | 12,771 | |
| | Guardian Life Global Funding | | Ш | I | US\$ | 12,187 | N/A | US\$ | 12,187 | |
| | Bank of Nova Scotia/The | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 12,144 | N/A | US\$ | 12,144 | |
| | Equifax Inc | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 12,015 | N/A | US\$ | 12,015 | |
| | BPCESA | | " | | US\$ | 11,978 | N/A | US\$ | 11,978 | |
| | UBS Group Funding Switzerland AG | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 11,758 | N/A | US\$ | 11,758 | |
| | US Bancorp | I | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 11,651 | N/A | US\$ | 11,651 | |
| | Societe Generale SA | ı | Ш | I | US\$ | 11,567 | N/A | US\$ | 11,567 | |
| | American Honda Finance Corp | | Ш | | US\$ | 11,354 | N/A | US\$ | 11,354 | |
| | American International Group Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 11,011 | N/A | US\$ | 11,011 | |
| | Amazon.com Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 10,846 | N/A | US\$ | 10,846 | |
| | TJX Cos Inc/The | | 11 | | US\$ | 10,563 | N/A | US\$ | 10,563 | |
| | Verizon Communications Inc | | 11 | I | US\$ | 10,558 | N/A | US\$ | 10,558 | |
| | Jackson National Life Global Funding | 1 | 11 | I | US\$ | 10,434 | N/A | US\$ | 10,434 | |
| | Equinor ASA | I | Ш | | US\$ | 10,372 | N/A | US\$ | 10,372 | |
| | Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce | ı | 11 | | SSU \$ | 10,297 | N/A | \$SU | 10,29/ | |
| | BAW IIS Canital IIC | | | | \$S11 | c/ 1/01 10 125 | N/A | \$SI1 | 10125 | |
| | Shire Acquisitions Investments Ireland DAC | 1 | | | US\$ | 9.893 | N/A | US\$ | 9.893 | |
| | NextEra Energy Capital Holdings Inc | | Ш | I | US\$ | 9,527 | N/A | US\$ | 9,527 | |
| | Cox Communications Inc | 1 | " | | US\$ | 9,526 | N/A | US\$ | 9,526 | |
| | Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Ltd | 1 | Ш | I | US\$ | 9,446 | N/A | US\$ | 9,446 | |
| | Credit Agricole SA/London | | Ш | | US\$ | 9,250 | N/A | US\$ | 9,250 | |
| | NIKE Inc | | 11 | I | US\$ | 9,232 | N/A | US\$ | 9,232 | |
| | Protective Life Global Funding | I | 11 | | US\$ | 9,137 | N/A | US\$ | 9,137 | |
| | New York Life Global Funding | I | Ш | | US\$ | 9,057 | N/A | SSU SSU | 9,057 | |
| | Bank of Monureal Symmetry Hondelshoulism A D | | | | 45U 32II | 9,002 8 062 | N/A N/A | \$CU \$211 | 9,002 | |
| | Truist Bank | | 2 | | \$S11 | 8 775 | N/A | \$S11 | 8 775 | |
| | Intuit Inc | 1 | | | US\$ | 8.524 | N/A | US\$ | 8.524 | |
| | Barclays PLC | | " | 1 | US\$ | 8,492 | N/A | US\$ | 8,492 | |
| | Inter-American Development Bank | I | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 8,211 | N/A | US\$ | 8,211 | |
| | Suncorp-Metway Ltd | I | И | I | US\$ | 8,134 | N/A | US\$ | 8,134 | |
| | AIG Global Funding | | Ш | | US\$ | 8,098 | N/A | US\$ | 8,098 | |
| | Fiserv Inc | I | 11 | I | US\$ | 8,079 | N/A | US\$ | 8,079 | |
| | Oracle Corp | I | Ш | | US\$ | 7,822 | N/A | US\$ | 7,822 | |
| | | | <i>z</i> ; :: | | 4SU 4911 | 7 576 | N/A | 4901 116¢ | 7 576 | |
| | EAMULI MUOLI CUIP Great-Mart I ifaco 115 Financa 2020 I D | 1 | | | \$20 \$211 | 0/01/ | N/A N/A | \$CU \$211 | 010,1 | |
| | Skandinaviska Enskilda Banken AB | | | | +SU | 7.409 | N/A | \$SU | 7.409 | |
| | AstraZeneca PLC | 1 | | 1 | \$SIL | 7.333 | N/A | \$SI1 | 7.333 | |
| | | | | | | 1 | | | | |

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| | | | | | | December 31 2020 | 31 2020 | | | |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|----------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units | Carry | Carrying Value | Percentage of | Fair | Fair Value | Note |
| 2 4 | ** | * | | (In Thousands) | (Foreign in Th | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Ownership (%) | (Foreign in Tho | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | |
| TSMC Global | Prudential Funding LLC | · | Financial assets at fair value through other | | US\$ | 7,322 | N/A | US\$ | 7,322 | |
| | Huntington Bancshares Inc/OH | | | ' | US\$ | 7,249 | N/A | US\$ | 7,249 | |
| | Tencent Holdings Ltd | | 11 | | US\$ | 7,024 | N/A | US\$ | 7,024 | |
| | Daimler Finance North America LLC | | Ш | | US\$ | 6,772 | N/A | US\$ | 6,772 | |
| | Scentre Group Lrust 1/ Scentre Group Lrust 2 | | Ш | | \$20 \$20 | 0,011 | N/A | \$2D | 0,011 | |
| | | | 11 | 1 | \$SU | 0,498 | N/A | \$20 \$21 | 0,498 | |
| | | | | | \$CU | 0,404 | N/A | \$CU | 0,404 | |
| | Cugna Corp | | 11 | | ¢60 | 0,440 | N/A | \$CU | 0,440 | |
| | Ceneral Electric Co | | 11 | | \$\$CD | 107.0 | N/A | \$CU | 107.0 | |
| | United Health Group Inc | | 11 | | \$\$CD | CC7.0 | N/A | \$CU | CC7,0 | |
| | Bank of New York Mellon Corp/ Ine | | 11 | | \$901 | 0,241 | N/A | \$CU | 0,241 | |
| | WPP Finance 2010 | | 11 | 1 | \$SU | 0,230 | N/A | \$20 \$21 | 0,230 | |
| | | | 11 | | \$ 6 0 1 | 0,231 | N/A | \$SU | 0,231 | |
| | Macquarie Group Ltd | | Ш | | \$SU \$ | 6,193 | N/A | \$SU | 6,193 | |
| | | | JI | | \$20 \$20 | c/1/9 | N/A | \$20 \$20 | c/ 1,0 | |
| | | | 11 | | \$20 \$20 | 6,1/1 | N/A | \$2D | 6,1/1 | |
| | | | | | 4901 116 \$ | 106,0 | N/A | 4CU | 107,075 | |
| | | | 11 | | ¢60 | 616,C | N/A | \$ <u>6</u> 01 | c/ 6, c | |
| | Alabama Power Co | | Ш | | \$SU \$ | 5,920 | N/A | \$SU | 5,920 | |
| | | | 11 | | ¢60 | 616,C | N/A | \$CU | 616,C | |
| | Intercontinental Exchange Inc | | 11 | | \$20 \$21 | 5,8/5 | N/A | \$2D | 5,8/5 | |
| | John Deere Capital Corp | | 11 | | \$\$CD | 5,824 | N/A | \$CU | 4707 3 | |
| | Shell International Finance BV | | 11 | | \$ <u>\$</u> 0 | 5,/94 | N/A | 220 | 5,/94 | |
| | American Express Co | | И | | SSU SSU | 5,761 | N/A | SSU SSU | 5,761 | |
| | BAT Capital Corp | | Ш | | \$SU | 4/2,2 | N/A | \$SU | 4/ 5, 5 | |
| | Intel Corp | | н | | SSU SSU | 5,547 | N/A | US\$ | 5,547 | |
| | I hermo Fisher Scientific Inc | | JI | | \$20 \$20 | 010,0 | N/A | \$20 \$20 | 010,0 | |
| | Microsoft Corp | | Ш | | \$20 \$20 | 0,489 7,400 | N/A | \$2D | 5,489 | |
| | Fox Corp | | 11 | | \$901 | 0,485 1/1 | N/A | \$2D | 0,485 7,477 | |
| | Charles Schwab Corp/ The | - | 11 | I | \$20 \$21 | C04,C | N/A | \$20 \$21 | C04,C | |
| | Georgia-Pacific LLC | - | 11 | I | 450 | 5,422 5,402 | N/A | 4SU 115¢ | 5,422 | |
| | COMPC Aviation Constel Emerce DAC | | | | \$S11 | 5 200 | N/A | \$CD | 5 300 | |
| | SIMDC AVIAUUI CAPITAI FIIIAIUC DAC | | | | 0.00 0.00 | 5 200 | N/A | 46U | 5 200 | |
| | RR&T Com | | | | \$S11 | 5 381 | N/A | 3211 | 5 381 | |
| | Sommo International Holdinos I td | | | | \$S11 | 5 344 | N/A | \$SII | 5 344 | |
| | Merck & Co Inc | | | | \$SI1 | 5.302 | N/A | \$SI1 | 5.302 | |
| | Sembra Energy | | " | | US\$ | 5.257 | N/A | US\$ | 5.257 | |
| | Federation des Caisses Desjardins du Quebec | | Ш | | US\$ | 5,246 | N/A | US\$ | 5,246 | |
| | National Bank of Canada | | 11 | | US\$ | 5,214 | N/A | US\$ | 5,214 | |
| | Tyson Foods Inc | | и | | US\$ | 5,073 | N/A | US\$ | 5,073 | |
| | Five Corners Funding Trust | | и | ı | US\$ | 4,991 | N/A | US\$ | 4,991 | |
| | Enel Finance International NV | | Ш | | US\$ | 4,988 | N/A | US\$ | 4,988 | |
| | Pacific Life Global Funding II | | Ш | | US\$ | 4,961 | N/A | US\$ | 4,961 | |
| | Danske Bank A/S | | 11 | | US\$ | 4,897 | N/A | US\$ | 4,897 | |
| | Nomura Holdings Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 4,875 | N/A | US\$ | 4,875 | |
| | Sprint Spectrum Co LLC / Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC / Sprint | | 11 | I | US\$ | 4,856 | N/A | US\$ | 4,856 | |
| | Spectrum Co III LLC Tohnson & Tohnson | | | | \$211 | 4 807 | N/A | 115\$ | 4 802 | |
| | Kenrig Dr Penner Inc | | | | \$S11 | 4 796 | A/A | \$SII | 4 796 | |
| | DNR Bank ASA | | | | | 4 776 | N/A | \$SII | 4 726 | |
| | Moodv's Corn | | | | \$511 | 4 695 | N/A | \$SI1 | 4 695 | |
| | | | | | | 0/0/T | | 2 | 0.0,1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | - | (Continued) |

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| Induction Induction <t< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th></th><th>-</th><th>December 31, 2020</th><th>31, 2020</th><th>-</th><th></th><th></th></t<> | | | | | | - | December 31, 2020 | 31, 2020 | - | | |
|--|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|
| Neutronic Neutronic <t< th=""><th>Held Company Name</th><th>Marketable Securities Type and Name</th><th>Relationship with the Company</th><th>Financial Statement Account</th><th>Shares/Units (In Thousands)</th><th>Carryin (Foreign C in Thou</th><th>g Value Jurrencies Isands)</th><th>Percentage of Ownership (%)</th><th>Fair (Foreign in Tho</th><th>Value Currencies usands)</th><th>Note</th></t<> | Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carryin (Foreign C in Thou | g Value Jurrencies Isands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign in Tho | Value Currencies usands) | Note |
| 1 | TSMC Global | Eversource Energy | · | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1 | \$SU | 4,665 | N/A | US\$ | 4,665 | |
| | | Enterov Corn | | comprehensive income | | \$SI1 | 4 665 | N/A | \$511 | 4 665 | |
| | | Florida Power & Light Co | | | , | US\$ | 4.569 | N/A | nS\$ | 4.569 | |
| | | Gilead Sciences Inc | | ш | , | US\$ | 4,496 | N/A | US\$ | 4,496 | |
| | | Barclays Bank PLC | | 11 | | US\$ | 4,481 | N/A | US\$ | 4,481 | |
| | | Altria Group Inc | , | 11 | ' | US\$ | 4,450 | N/A | US\$ | 4,450 | |
| | | NiSource Inc | ı | н | ' | US\$ | 4,440 | N/A | US\$ | 4,440 | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td></td> <td>MPLX LP</td> <td></td> <td>и</td> <td>'</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>4,412</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>4,412</td> <td></td> | | MPLX LP | | и | ' | US\$ | 4,412 | N/A | US\$ | 4,412 | |
| | | PNC Bank NA | ı | Ш | ' | US\$ | 4,335 | N/A | US\$ | 4,335 | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td></td> <td>ERAC USA Finance LLC</td> <td>·</td> <td>ш</td> <td>1</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>4,298</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>4,298</td> <td></td> | | ERAC USA Finance LLC | · | ш | 1 | US\$ | 4,298 | N/A | US\$ | 4,298 | |
| - | | Alimentation Couche-Tard Inc | | ш | | US\$ | 4,295 | N/A | US\$ | 4,295 | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td></td> <td>Exelon Corp</td> <td></td> <td>Ш</td> <td>'</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>4,291</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>4,291</td> <td></td> | | Exelon Corp | | Ш | ' | US\$ | 4,291 | N/A | US\$ | 4,291 | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Reliance Standard Life Global Funding II</td><td>,</td><td>11</td><td>I</td><td>US\$</td><td>4,232</td><td>N/A</td><td>US\$</td><td>4,232</td><td></td></t<> | | Reliance Standard Life Global Funding II | , | 11 | I | US\$ | 4,232 | N/A | US\$ | 4,232 | |
| ···································· | | National Australia Bank Ltd/New York | | 11 | | US\$ | 4,208 | N/A | US\$ | 4,208 | |
| ALC 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. 2. | | European Bank for Reconstruction & Development | | 11 | | US\$ | 4,192 | N/A | US\$ | 4,192 | |
| A. A | | Ameriprise Financial Inc | | 11 | I | US\$ | 4,147 | N/A | US\$ | 4,147 | |
| ACTION AND ACTION ACTIO | | Bayer US Finance II LLC | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 4,137 | N/A | US\$ | 4,137 | |
| A C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C | | Pricoa Global Funding I | , | 11 | I | US\$ | 4,122 | N/A | US\$ | 4,122 | |
| Take the second | | American Express Credit Corp | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 4,103 | N/A | US\$ | 4,103 | |
| La contracta da la contracta d | | BorgWarner Inc | , | 11 | ' | US\$ | 4,053 | N/A | US\$ | 4,053 | |
| Lice and the second sec | | Phillips 66 | , | 11 | I | US\$ | 4,044 | N/A | US\$ | 4,044 | |
| Alfage | | Banco Bilbao Vizcaya Argentaria SA | , | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 4,027 | N/A | US\$ | 4,027 | |
| Image: constraint of the second of | | Welltower Inc | , | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 3,986 | N/A | US\$ | 3,986 | |
| Integration | | BOC Aviation Ltd | , | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 3,976 | N/A | US\$ | 3,976 | |
| Altitisk inter PLC | | VF Corp | ı | 11 | ' | US\$ | 3,972 | N/A | US\$ | 3,972 | |
| Attives PLC | | Compass Bank | ı | 11 | | US\$ | 3,950 | N/A | US\$ | 3,950 | |
| Althue | | KeyBank NA/Cleveland OH | ı | 11 | ' | US\$ | 3,920 | N/A | \$SU | 3,920 | |
| Vise PLC 1 1 1 1 1 1 Vise PLC 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Vise PLC 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Vise PLC 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | Voutatorie Group F.L.C. L'aboratory Com of Amorica Holdings | | <i>z</i> , <i>z</i> | | \$CU \$SII | 2,910 2,888 | N/A N/A | \$CU \$211 | 2,910 3,888 | |
| view PLC ·< | | BG Enerov Canital PLC | | | | \$SI1 | 3.853 | N/A | \$SI1 | 3.853 | |
| C | | Reckitt Benckiser Treasury Services PLC | | . 2 | | \$S11 | 3,805 | N/A | \$S11 | 3 805 | |
| C | | GE Canital Funding LLC | | | , | US\$ | 3.761 | N/A | nS\$ | 3.761 | |
| 1 | | Monongahela Power Co | | | | US\$ | 3.737 | N/A | US\$ | 3.737 | |
| C | | Cooperatieve Rabobank UA | | ^{II} | | US\$ | 3,698 | N/A | US\$ | 3,698 | |
| C | | Verisk Analytics Inc | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 3,677 | N/A | US\$ | 3,677 | |
| C | | Diageo Capital PLC | , | 11 | ' | US\$ | 3,667 | N/A | US\$ | 3,667 | |
| C | | Ameren Corp | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 3,658 | N/A | US\$ | 3,658 | |
| C | | UBS AG/London | | Ш | | US\$ | 3,588 | N/A | US\$ | 3,588 | |
| C | | Dominion Energy Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 3,586 | N/A | US\$ | 3,586 | |
| C | | Pfizer Inc | ı | 11 | ' | US\$ | 3,521 | N/A | US\$ | 3,521 | |
| C | | AutoZone Inc USDC Bank Canada | | <i>z</i> , :: | • | 45U | 0C4.C | N/A N/A | \$CU | 2 4 40 | |
| C | | House Datto Catadua Hewlett Packard Entemrise Co | | | | \$S11 | 3,439 | N/A | \$S11 | 3,440 | |
| C | | Inilever Canital Corn | | . 2 | , | \$S11 | 3 394 | N/A | \$SIL | 3 394 | |
| C | | Swedbank AB | | | | \$SU | 3.388 | N/A | nS\$ | 3.388 | |
| C | | MassMutual Global Funding II | | Ш | ' | US\$ | 3,369 | N/A | US\$ | 3,369 | |
| n n n n n uss 3.310 N/A USS tents Inc - - USS 3.322 N/A USS corp - - USS 3.292 N/A USS Corp - - USS 3.202 N/A USS Corp - - USS 3.202 N/A USS Corp - - USS 3.207 N/A USS Corp - - USS 3.207 N/A USS Corp - - USS 3.201 N/A USS Corp - - USS 3.201 N/A USS Corp - - USS 3.201 N/A USS | | CNA Financial Corp | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 3,316 | N/A | US\$ | 3,316 | |
| metrix flucture - USS 3.292 N/A USS corp - - USS 3.292 N/A USS corp - - USS 3.292 N/A USS corp - - USS 3.262 N/A USS corp - - USS 3.262 N/A USS corp - - USS 3.207 N/A USS corp - - USS 3.201 N/A USS corp - - USS 3.201 N/A USS | | ONE Gas Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 3,310 | N/A | US\$ | 3,310 | |
| Cop - US\$ 3.262 N/A US\$ Cop - 0'S 3.262 N/A US\$ Cop - - US\$ 3.262 N/A US\$ Cop - - US\$ 3.207 N/A US\$ Delivery CoLLC - - US\$ 3.201 N/A US\$ | | Texas Instruments Inc | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 3,292 | N/A | US\$ | 3,292 | |
| - US\$ 3,207 N/A US\$ | | Avangrid Inc | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 3,262 | N/A | US\$ | 3,262 | |
| - US\$ 3,201 N/A US\$ | | Ralph Lauren Corp | , | 11 | | US\$ | 3,207 | N/A | US\$ | 3,207 | |
| | | Oncor Electric Delivery Co LLC | ı | Ш | ' | US\$ | 3,201 | N/A | US\$ | 3,201 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | (nonimo) |

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| | | | | | | December 31, 2020 | 31.2020 | | | |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------|
| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carry (Foreign in Th | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign in Tho | Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Note |
| TSMC Global | Royal Bank of Scotland Group PLC | | Financial assets at fair value through other | I | \$SU | 3,199 | N/A | US\$ | 3,199 | |
| | Novartis Capital Corp | ı | | ' | US\$ | 3,199 | N/A | US\$ | 3,199 | |
| | Baidu Inc | I | Ш | | US\$ | 3,184 | N/A | US\$ | 3,184 | |
| | Raytheon Technologies Corp | 1 | Ш | | US\$ | 3,130 | N/A | US\$ | 3,130 | |
| | Valero Energy Corp | I | н | | US\$ | 3,109 | N/A | US\$ | 3,109 | |
| | Stryker Corp | | Ш | 1 | \$20 \$20 | 3,081 | N/A | \$SU | 3,081 | |
| | Walt Disney Co/The | ı | 11 | | 125 | 3,058 | N/A | 22 | 3,058 | |
| | Zions Bancorp NA | T | н | | ns\$ | 3,057 | N/A | US\$ | 3,057 | |
| | HCP Inc | T | н | | US\$ | 2,978 | N/A | US\$ | 2,978 | |
| | Penske Truck Leasing Co Lp / PTL Finance Corp | T | " | 1 | US\$ | 2,967 | N/A | US\$ | 2,967 | |
| | American Electric Power Co Inc | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 2,948 | N/A | US\$ | 2,948 | |
| | X cel Energy Inc | | н | | US\$ | 2,948 | N/A | US\$ | 2,948 | |
| | Ventas Realty LP | | н | | US\$ | 2,942 | N/A | US\$ | 2,942 | |
| | Philip Morris International Inc | | н | | US\$ | 2,933 | N/A | US\$ | 2,933 | |
| | Air Products and Chemicals Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 2,909 | N/A | US\$ | 2,909 | |
| | Berkshire Hathaway Energy Co | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,877 | N/A | US\$ | 2,877 | |
| | Credit Suisse Group Funding Guernsey Ltd | ı | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 2,867 | N/A | US\$ | 2,867 | |
| | Equitable Financial Life Global Funding | | н | | US\$ | 2,849 | N/A | US\$ | 2,849 | |
| | Ross Stores Inc | ı | Ш | I | US\$ | 2,837 | N/A | US\$ | 2,837 | |
| | Nuveen Finance LLC | I | н | I | US\$ | 2,817 | N/A | US\$ | 2,817 | |
| | Ryder System Inc | T | И | 1 | US\$ | 2,800 | N/A | US\$ | 2,800 | |
| | AvalonBay Communities Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 2,798 | N/A | US\$ | 2,798 | |
| | Quest Diagnostics Inc | ı | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 2,798 | N/A | US\$ | 2,798 | |
| | Kimco Realty Corp | ı | н | I | US\$ | 2,726 | N/A | US\$ | 2,726 | |
| | CMS Energy Corp | ı | н | I | US\$ | 2,717 | N/A | US\$ | 2,717 | |
| | Roche Holdings Inc | ı | н | 1 | US\$ | 2,702 | N/A | US\$ | 2,702 | |
| | Magellan Midstream Partners LP | ı | и | 1 | US\$ | 2,700 | N/A | US\$ | 2,700 | |
| | Nutrien Ltd | | н | | US\$ | 2,687 | N/A | US\$ | 2,687 | |
| | PNC Financial Services Group Inc/The | | Ш | | US\$ | 2,683 | N/A | US\$ | 2,683 | |
| | Pinnacle West Capital Corp | | Ш | | US\$ | 2,669 | N/A | US\$ | 2,669 | |
| | Aetna Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 2,592 | N/A | US\$ | 2,592 | |
| | Empower Finance 2020 LP | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 2,562 | N/A | US\$ | 2,562 | |
| | Nestle Holdings Inc | I | 11 | | US\$ | 2,533 | N/A | US\$ | 2,533 | |
| | Reynolds American Inc | T | 11 | | US\$ | 2,530 | N/A | US\$ | 2,530 | |
| | Berkshire Hathaway Inc | T | н | | US\$ | 2,513 | N/A | US\$ | 2,513 | |
| | Chevron USA Inc | ı | 11 | | CSS CSS | 2,511 | N/A | COS COS | 2,511 | |
| | Georgia Power Co | T | 11 | | US\$ | 2,497 | N/A | SSU SSU | 2,497 | |
| | | | | 1 | 4SU | 2,491 | N/A | 4SU | 2,491 | |
| | Surface Succe Colp Sunffring Rank/Atlanta GA | 1 1 | | | \$S11 | 2,407 2,486 | A/N | \$S11 | 2,40/ 2,486 | |
| | Honevwell International Inc | | | | \$SI1 | 2.480 | N/A | 1155 | 2,480 | |
| | Enterprise Products Operating LLC | T | | ı | US\$ | 2.470 | N/A | US\$ | 2.470 | |
| | Duke Energy Corp | ı | | | US\$ | 2.428 | N/A | US\$ | 2.428 | |
| | DuPont de Nemours Inc | | u u | , | US\$ | 2,427 | N/A | US\$ | 2,427 | |
| | Suncor Energy Inc | | н | 1 | US\$ | 2,416 | N/A | US\$ | 2,416 | |
| | Union Pacific Corp | | # | | US\$ | 2,398 | N/A | US\$ | 2,398 | |
| | O'Reilly Automotive Inc | T | н | | US\$ | 2,394 | N/A | US\$ | 2,394 | |
| | Public Service Electric and Gas Co | ı | н | I | US\$ | 2,321 | N/A | US\$ | 2,321 | |
| | Health Care Service Corp A Mutual Legal Reserve Co | I | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 2,303 | N/A | US\$ | 2,303 | |
| | Magna International Inc | I | и | 1 | US\$ | 2,291 | N/A | US\$ | 2,291 | |
| | BAT International Finance PLC | · | и | | US\$ | 2,287 | N/A | US\$ | 2,287 | |
| | Caterpillar Financial Services Corp | I | 11 | I | US\$ | 2,284 | N/A | US\$ | 2,284 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | (Continued) |
| | | | | | | | | | | (Continued) |

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| Hold Company Name Marketable Securities Type and Name Relationship v FISNC Global FC Holdings Cup Relationship v TSNMC Global East Obio Gas Cu/The East Obio Gas Cu/The East Obio Gas Cu/The East Obio Gas Cu/The East Obio Citican Cu/The < | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | (Foreign (in Thiou USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS US | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) US\$ 2,263 US\$ 2,261 | Percentage of Ownership (%) N/A | Fair (Foreign 6 in Tho US\$ | Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) US\$ 2,263 | Note |
|--|-------------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|------|
| | | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | | US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ | 2,263 2,261 | N/A | US\$ | 2,263 | |
| East Othio Gas Co.The OIALCOMM Inc. Citizens Bauk NAProvidence RI Amphenol Corp Bauk of NAProvidence RI Amphenol Corp Bauk of New Zaaland ASB Bauk Lud Tusson Electric Power Co Oia New Zaaland ASB Bauk Lud Tusson Electric Power Co Oia New Zaaland ASB Bauk Lud CHOOF Finance 3012 Lud Page Corp Corp COOOF Finance 3012 Lud Page Corp Corp Remocy Utities Co NerApp Inc Remocy Utities Co NetApp Inc Evergy Kansas Cortral Inc CRH Page Corp Inc Sydrey Artyor Finance Co Py Lud CRH Page Corp Inc Remocy Utities Co NetApp Inc Remocy Utities Co NetApp Inc Reg Kansas Correll Inc CRH Page Correl Inc CRH Page Correl Inc CRH Page Correl Inc Distorer Bank Distorer Bank Distorer Bank Distorer Bank Distorer Bank Distorer Bank Distorer Co MetLiel Inc Strict Enterny Educup Inc Art Lease Corp Art Cornick & Co Inc/MD Applateline Corp Distorer Bank Distorer Bank Distorer Bank Distorer Bank Distorer Co MetLiel Inc Strict Enterny Bank Bank Korp Distorer Co MetLiel Inc Strict Enterny Bank Bank Correl Inc Markhon Petroleum Corp Public Strict Enterny Electric & Gas Co Art Conneck Co MetLiel Inc Strict Enterny Electric Co Strict Electric Co MetLiel Inc Strict Enterny Electric Co MetLiel Inc Strict Enterny Electric Co MetLiel Inc Strict Dister Bank Bank Strict Conneck Co MetLiel Inc Strict Electric Co MetLiel Inc Strict Electric Co MetLiel Inc Strict Electric Co MetLiel Inc Strict Electric Co MetLiel Inc Strict Co MetLiel Inc Strict Co MetLiel Inc Strict Co MetLiel Inc MetLiel Inc | | | | USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS | 2,261 | × 1/ 4 | | | |
| QUALCOMM Inc Citizens Bank NAPProvidence RI Amphenol Corp Bank of New Zealand Amphenol Corp Wer Orwey Inc Tusson Electric Power Co Otis Worldwide Corp WP Carrey Inc CNOOC Frances 2012 Ltd PhyPh Inbidings, Inc Statistical Corp WP Carrey Inc CNOOC Frances 2012 Ltd PhyPh Inbidings, Inc Region Withinse Corp Kennecky Unitiese Co NetApp Inc Statistical Corp Kennecky Unitiese Co NetApp Inc Statistical Corp Kenneck Primerial Corp Statistical Corp Statistical Corp Statistical Corp Marking Northern Statin Fe LLC AMCZ New Zealand Inf LtdLadion Applentinin Power Co ANZ New Zealand Inf LtdLadion Applentinin Power Co Construction System LLC Public Service Energines Corp Dates Corp Dates System LLC Public Service Energines Corp Anternational Business Machines Corp Antornational Business Machi | | | | US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ | | N/A | US\$ | 2.261 | |
| Citizens Bank NA/Providence RI Amplemed Corp Bank of New Zealand ASB Bank Ltd Tuson Electric bower Co Oits Worldwide Corp WP Carey Inc CNOOF France 2012 Ltd PayPal Bohling Financial Group Co Ltd PayPal Bohling Financial Group Co Ltd Regions Financial Corp Kennecky Utilities Co NetApp Inc Sydrey Ariport Finance Co Pty Ltd CK Hatwinica Inc Barrington Northern Santa Fe LLC ANZN New Zealand Inf Ltd/London Appliating Power Co Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC Phylic Scrote Eleneptise Group Inc Air Lease Corp Discover Bank Discover Discover Di | | | | USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS | 2,253 | N/A | US\$ | 2,253 | |
| Amphenol Corp Bank of New Zealand ASB Bank Lud Tueson Electric Power Co Ois Worldwide Corp WP Carety Inc CNOOC France 2012 Ltd PyPH Holdings Inc CK Hutching Inc Shirhhan Francrial Group Co Ltd CK Hataviscon International 16 Ltd Regions Franscial Group Co Ltd Regions Franscial Group Co Ltd CK Hataviscon International 16 Ltd Regions Franscial Corp Kenucky Utilities Co NetApp Inc CKH America Inc Evergy Kassas Central Inc Sylaps Airport Corp ANZ New Zealand Incl Ltd/London Applateding Power Co Gulfsream Natural Gas System LLC ANZ New Zealand Incl Ltd/London Applateding Power Co Gulfsream Natural Gas System LLC ANZ New Zealand Incl Ltd/London Applateding Power Corp Discover Bank Discover Bank Disco | | | | US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ | 2,212 | N/A | US\$ | 2,212 | |
| As Bank of New Zadand As Bank of New F.Co Ous Wordwide Corp WP Carey in ac 2012 Ltd PayPal Holding. Inc CNOOC Finances 2012 Ltd FayPal Holding. Inc Shinhan Financial Group Co. Ltd Regions Financial Group Co. Ltd Regions Financial Group Co. Ltd Regions Financial Group Co. Ltd CK Hutchison International 10 Ltd Regions Financial Group Co. NetApp Inc Syldney Mirport Finance Co Py Ltd CR H. America Inc Burlingoon Northern Sana Fe LLC ANZ New Zacand Inf. Ltd/London Applaushin Power Co Odistrema Natural Gas System LLC ANZ New Zeand Inf. Ltd/London Applaushin Power Co Odistrema Natural Gas System LLC Burlingoon Northern Sana Fe LLC ANZ New Competies LP McComitek & Co Inc/MD Distorettis LP McComitek & Co Inc/MD Distorettis LP McComitek & Co Inc/MD Distorettis LD Distorettis LD McComitek & Co Inc/MD Distorettis Ld Distorettis Ld Distorettis Ld Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Burlingtis Ld Distoret Energy Finance Inc Suroty Holdingtes Ld Distoret Energy Finance Inc Suroty Holdingtes Ld Distorete Energy Finance Inc Suroty Holdingtes Ld Distorete Energing Ld Distoret Energy Finance Inc Suroty Holdingtes Ld Distoret Energing Ld Distoret E | | | | US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ | 2,201 | N/A | US\$ | 2,201 | |
| ASB Bank Lud Tucson Electric Power Co Otis Worldwide Cop WP Carey Inc CNOOC Friance 2012 Ltd PayPH Holdings Inc CK Hutchison International 16 Ltd Regions Francial Group Co Ltd CK Hutchison International 16 Ltd Regions Francial Group Co Ltd CK Harbier Cop Kentucky Utilities Co NetApp Inc Syllevy Ainper Tranace Co Pty Ltd CRH America Inc Syllevy Ainper Tranace Co Pty Ltd CRH America Inc Burling Kanassa Central Inc Care Cop Discover Bank Bission Properties I.P McComick & Co Inc/MID Infor Inc Discover Bank Bission Properties I.P McComick & Co Inc/MID Marahon Petroleon Co Bission Properties I.P McComplex Inc Maraka & McLamant Co ILLC Bission Properties I.D Midel Inc Discover Bank Discover Ba | | | | US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ | 2,196 | N/A | US\$ | 2,196 | |
| Trusson Electric Power Co Oiis Worldwide Corp WP Garey Inc CYOOCC Finance 2012 Ltd PayPal Holding Inc CK Muchison International 16 Ltd Shinhan Financial Corp Kenuds V Unites Co NetApp Inc Sweby Jiron Finance Co Pty Ltd Regions Financial Corp Kenuds Ariport Finance Co Pty Ltd Regions Financial Corp NetApp Inc Sweby Manesia Contral Inc Burlington Northens Sama Fe LLC ANZN New Zealand Int Ltd:London Appalachian Power Co Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Appalachian Power Co Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Arz Lasse Corp Discover Bank Beston Properties IP McComick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Art Lasse Corp Discover Bank Beston Properties Corp Discover Bank Beston Properties Corp Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp McComick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Arz Lasse Corp Discover Bank Beston Properties Corp International Business Machines Corp Machine Inc International Business Machines Corp Machine Inc International Business Machines Corp International Business Machines Corp Machine Inc International Business Machines Corp International Business Machines Corp Machine Inc International Business Machines Corp Machine Inc International Business Machines Corp International Business Machines Corp International Business Machines Corp Machine Inc International Business Machines Corp International Business Corp International Business Corp International Business Corp International Business Machines Corp Internati | | | | USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS | 2,184 | N/A | US\$ | 2,184 | |
| Otis Worldwide Corp WP Carey Ince 2012 Lid PayPal Holdings Inc CNOCC Finance 30012 Lid Rybrah Financial Group Co Lid Shihan Financial Group Co Lid Kenuesy Utilities Co NekApp Inc Sydney Airport Finance Co Pty Lid Kennesy Utilities Co NexApp Inc Sydney Airport Finance Co Pty Lid CRH America Inc Burlington Northern Smart Fe LLC ANZX New Zealand Int'LucLundon Appatistim Smart Gas System LLC ANZX New Zealand Int'LucLundon Appatistim Nover Co Galistream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc ArtZ New Zealand Int'LucLC Coppatistim Natural Gas System LLC ANZX New Zealand Int'LucLC ANZX New Veralistic Burlington Northern State Art Lates Co Galistream Natural Gas System LLC Coppatistim Natural Gas System LLC Coppatistim State Disconter Bank Disconter Burlington Columnes (Corp Eaclor Generational I) Lide Marsh & McLeman Cos ILC Buotofiel Finance Inc Sunory Holdings LLC Provide Generational I) Lide Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc Buotofiel Finance Inc Sunory Holdings LLC Provide Generational I) Lide Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc Buotofiel Finance Inc Sunory Holdings LLC Provide Hereig Florida LLC Tryota Industries Corp Distribution Co LLC Buotofiel Finance Inc Sunory Holdings LLC Provide Generational I) Lide Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc Buotofiel Finance Inc Sunory Holdings LLC Provide Hereige Inc Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc Buotofiel Finance Inc Sunory Holdings LLC Provide Hereige Inc Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc | | | | USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS | 2,177 | N/A | US\$ | 2,177 | |
| WP Carey Jue CNOOC Finance 2012 Ltd Pay Fal Holdings Inc Shinhan Financial Group Co. Ltd CK Hutshison International 16 Ltd Regions Financial Corp Kennaky Utilites Co NetApp Inc Sydney Ariport Finance Co Pty Ltd CRH American Group Inc Sydney Ariport Finance Co Pty Ltd CRH American Group Inc Burlington Northern Smat Fe LLC APRN ver Zealand Inn 1 Ltd/London Applachtian Power Co Guldstream Natural Gas System LLC APRN ver Zealand Inn 1 Ltd/London Applachtian Power Co Guldstream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Art Lass Corp Discover Bank Buston Properties LP McComick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc Discover Bank Buston Properties LP McComick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc Discover Bank Buston Properties LP McComick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc Discover Bank Discover Bank Discover Bank Discover Comp Discover Bank Discover Discover Discover Bank Discover Discover Di | | | | USS USS USS USS USS USS | 2,159 | N/A | US\$ | 2,159 | |
| CXOOC finance 2012 Ltd PayPal Holding Inc Shinhan Financial Corp (CK Hutchison International 16 Ltd Regions Financial Corp Kenucky Utilities Co NetApp Inc Sydrey Airport Finance Co Pty Ltd CRH America Inc Evergy Kaansa Central Inc Burlington Northern Santa Fe LLC ANZ New Zastand Inf Ltd/London Appletisation Power Co Anz New Zastand Inf Ltd/London Appletisation Power Co Culfistream Natural Gas System LLC ANZ New Zastand Inf Ltd/London Appletisation Power Bank Discover Discover D | | | | US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ | 2,103 | N/A | US\$ | 2,103 | |
| PityPal Holdings Inc Sinihan Financial Group Co Ltd CK Hutchison International 16 Ltd Remucky Utilities Co NetApp Inc Sydney America Luc Sydney America Inc Evergy Kansas Central Inc Burlingon Northen main Fe LLC ANZ New Zealand Inri Ltd/London AnYZ New Zealand Inri Ltd/London AnYZ New Zealand Inri Ltd/London AnYZ New Zealand Inri Ltd/London Anyz Iteraer Sorte ANZ New Zealand Inri Ltd/London Anisterse Service Enterprise Group Inc Air Lease Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McCornick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc Infor Inc Infor Inc Infor Inc Emerson Electric Co Emerson Electric Co Enerson Electric Co Enerson Electric Co Enerson Electric & Gas Co Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Burling Ltd Panasonis Corp Marathon Petroleum Conp Marathon Petroleum Conp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AIA Gonp Ltd Marathon Petroleum Conp Public Service Electric & Gas Co | | | | US\$ US\$ US\$ US\$ | 2,072 | N/A | US\$ | 2,072 | |
| Shinhan Financial Group Co Ltd CK Hutchison International 16 Ltd Regions Financial Com Kenucky Utilities Co NetApp Inc Sydney Airport Finance Co Py Ltd CRH Amarca Inc Burfingon Norther Santa Fe LLC ANZ Nor Zealand Inf Ltd/London Appalachian Power Co Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Arr Lasse Corp Dublic Service Enterprise Group Inc Arr Lass Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McCommerk & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InSev Modhues Corp Anheuser Busch InSev Modhues Corp Anheuser Busch InSev Modhues Corp Anheuser Busch InSev Modhues Corp Anheuser Corp Buston Properties LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brooked Franane Co Matchison International 9 Ltd Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Gorpu Lud | | | | US\$ US\$ US\$ | 2,068 | N/A | US\$ | 2,068 | |
| CK Hutchison International 16 Ltd Regions Financial Corp Kennecky Utilities Co NetApp Inc Sydney Airport Finance Co Pty Ltd CRH Americal Inc Burlington Northern Santa Fe LLC ANZ New Zealand Inr Ltd/London Appalachian Power Co Gulfsream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Ari Lease Corp Ari Lease Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McComick & Co Inc/MD Jifor Inc International Business Machines Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McComick & Co Inc/MD Jifor Inc International Business Machines Corp Antheuse-Basch InBev Worldwide Inc Enterson Electric Co McLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industris Corp Enterson Electric Co Mathies Incometer Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Satory Holdings Ltd Parasonic Corp Marathon Pretroleum Cop Marathon Petroleum Cop Marathon Petroleum Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Cop Marathon Petroleum Cop Marathon Petroleum Cop Marathon Petroleum Cop Marathon Petroleum Cop Marathon Petroleum Cop Marathon Petroleum Cop | | | | US\$ US\$ | 2,024 | N/A | US\$ | 2,024 | |
| Regions Financial Cop Kennucky Utilities Co NetAppin C Sydney Airport Finance Co Pty Ltd CRH America Inc Sydney Ainsas Central Inc Evergy Kanasa Central Inc Burlington Northern Santa Fe LLC ANZ New Zealand Inr LudLondon Appalachian Power Co Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Ari Lease Cop Discover Bank Discover Bank | | | | US\$ | 2,016 | N/A | US\$ | 2,016 | |
| Kenucky Utilities Co NetApp Inc Sveley Airport Finance Co Pty Ltd CRH Amarica Inc Evergy Kansas Central Inc Burlington Northem Santa Fe LLC ANZ New Scaland Inf Ltd/London Applatehtian Power Co dialfstream Natural Gas System LLC ANZ New Scaland Inf Ltd/London Applies Service Enterprise Group Inc Air Lease Corp Discover Bank Discover Bank | 1 1 | | | ÷ č × > | 2,007 | N/A | US\$ | 2,007 | |
| NetApp Inc Sydney Airport Finance Co Pty Ltd CRH America Inc Evergy Kanass Central Inc Evergy Kanass Central Inc Burlington Northem Santa Fe LLC ANZ New Zealand Inrl Ltd/London Appalachian Power Co Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Air Lasse Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McComick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McComick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc Infor Inc Infor Inc MetComick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc Discover Bank Boston Properties LP MetComick & Concy MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Anteuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Baseonic Corp Esseelon Generation Co LLC Essee Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Essee Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Essee Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Baseonic Corp Esseelon Generation Co LLC Essee Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Baseonic Corp Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AIA Group Linc | | | | US\$ | 1,994 | N/A | US\$ | 1,994 | |
| Sydney Airport Finance Co Pty Ltd CRH America Inc Evergy Kansas Central Inc Burlington Nothern Sanat Fe LLC ANZ New Zealand Inr'l Ltd/London Appalachian Power Co Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Ari Lease Cop Discover Bank Boston Properties LP MecConnick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InBee Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Discover Bank Discover Bank Discover Bank Boston Properties LP MetLife Inc International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InBee Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industres Corp MetLife Inc Marsh & McLennan Co LLC Bustory Holdings Ltd Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc | | | | US\$ | 1,982 | N/A | US\$ | 1,982 | |
| CRH America Inc Evergy Kansas Central Inc Burlingon Northern Santa Fe LLC ANZ New Zealand Inr! Ltd/London Appalachian Power Co Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Air Lease Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McConmick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc Infor Infor Infor Inc Infor Infor Infor Infor Infor Infor | ı | | | US\$ | 1,968 | N/A | US\$ | 1,968 | |
| Evergy Kansas Central Inc Burfington Northern Santa Fe LLC ANZ New Zealand Inr! Ltd/London Apptaleahan Power Co Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Air Lease Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McConnick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc Infor Inc Infor Inc Infor Inc Dates Fusch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Date Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Electric Co MetLife Inc Date Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Electric Co MetLife Inc Date Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Electric Co MetLife Inc Date Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Mater Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Suntory Holdings Ld Parasonic Corp Maratheon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Lid | | | | US\$ | 1,965 | N/A | US\$ | 1,965 | |
| Burlington Northern Santa Fe LLC ANZ New Zealand Inrl Ltd/London Appalachian Power Co Gulfisteam Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Air Lease Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McComick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industrics Corp Exelon Generation Co LLC Essex Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Essex Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital S Ltd Matsh & McLeman Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Lid | | n n | | US\$ | 1,937 | N/A | US\$ | 1,937 | |
| ANZ New Zealand Int'I Ltd/London Appalateinan Power Co Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC Publis Service Enterprise Group Inc Air Lease Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McComick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Ancomick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co Met Life Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industrics Corp Eases Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Busoffel Finance Inc Survot Holdings Ltd Panasonic Corp Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Lid | ı | Н | | US\$ | 1,935 | N/A | US\$ | 1,935 | |
| Appalatehian Power Co Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Air Lease Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McCornick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industrics Corp Ease Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Sutrory Holdings Ltd Marathon Petroleum Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Sutrory Holdings Ltd Marathon Petroleum Co LLC Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Lid | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,927 | N/A | US\$ | 1,927 | |
| Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Air Lease Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McConnick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Anteurser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Ease Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Suntory Holdings Ld Paston Generational 19 Ltd Marathon Petroleum Corp Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group La | - | _ | ' | US\$ | 1,924 | N/A | US\$ | 1,924 | |
| Public Service Enterprise Group Inc Air Lease Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McCornick & Co. Inc/MD Infor Inc Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co Matti Line Inc Emerson Electric Co Met Einergy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Exelon Generation Co. LLC Essex Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co. LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Suntory Holdings Ltd Panasonic Corp CK Hutchison International 19 Ltd Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ld | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,913 | N/A | US\$ | 1,913 | |
| Air Lease Corp Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McComnick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Exelon Generation Co LLC Essex Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Surroy Holdings Lud Panasonic Corp CK Hutchison International 19 Ltd Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Lud | - | 11 | | US\$ | 1,908 | N/A | US\$ | 1,908 | |
| Discover Bank Boston Properties LP McComick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industrics Corp Exelon Generation Co LLC Toyota Industrics Corp Exeton Generation Co LLC Bisockfeld Finance Inc Bisockfeld Finance Inc Bisockfe | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,882 | N/A | US\$ | 1,882 | |
| Boston Properties LP McConnick & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industrics Corp Exelon Generation Co LLC Toyota Industrics Corp Exelon Generation Co LLC Bistockfield Finance Inc Bistockfield Finace | - | 11 | ' | US\$ | 1,873 | N/A | US\$ | 1,873 | |
| Mecconneck & Co Inc/MD Infor Inc International Business Machiness Corp Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLide Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industrics Corp Exelon Generation Co LLC Toyota Industrics Corp Essex Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Suntory Holdings Ltd Panasonic Corp Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ld | ı | И | ' | US\$ | 1,840 | N/A | US\$ | 1,840 | |
| mor mor mor mor mor International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Exelon Generation Co LLC Toyota Industries Corp Essex Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Suntory Holdings Ltd Matwak & McLeman Cos LLC Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ld | | II. | | US\$ | 1,837 | N/A | \$2D | 1,83/ | |
| International Business Machines Corp Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc Emerson Electric Co MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Essen Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brokfield Finame Inc Suntory Holdings Ltd Parasonic Corp CK Hutchison International 19 Ltd Marsh & McLeman Cos Inc Marsho Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ld | | II. | ' | \$SU \$ | 1,810 | N/A | \$SU | 1,810 | |
| Ametuser-busch muse wortowate inc Emerson Electric Co MetLitfe Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Exelon Generation Co LLC Essex Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Marsho & McLeman Cos Inc Marsho McLeman Cos Inc Marsho Petroleum Cop Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ld | | II | | 4SU | 1,760 | N/A | 125 | 1,750 | |
| Emerson Latertre Co MetLife Inc Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industries Corp Exelon Generation Co LLC Essex Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Marshow McLeman Cos Inc Marshow McLeman Cos Inc Marshow Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Lud | | II. | | \$SU | 96/,1 | N/A | \$20 \$20 | 967,1 | |
| wetture me Duke Energy Florida LLC Toyota Industrics Corp Exelon Generation Co LLC Essex Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Sunoty Holdings Ltd Panasonic Corp CK Hutchison International 19 Ltd Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ld | | <i>11</i> | | 450 | 1,40 | N/A | 420 | 102/1 | |
| Tayou Landon Annual Structures Corp Tayou Industics Corp Exeton Generation Co.LLC Essex Portfolio LP Madwest Connector Capital Co.LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Brookfield Finance Inc Sunoty Holdings Ltd Panasonic Corp CK Hutchison International 19 Ltd Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ld | | 2 | | \$S11 | 1 677 | N/A | \$S11 | 1,001 | |
| Exelon Generation Co LLC Essex Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Suntory Holdings Ltd Parasonic Corp Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marshon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ld | | | | \$S11 | 1.672 | N/A | 11SS | 1.672 | |
| Essex Portfolio LP Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Suntory Holdings Ltd Panasonic Corp Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ld | | II II | ' | US\$ | 1.652 | N/A | US\$ | 1.652 | |
| Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC Brookfield Finance Inc Suntory Holdings Ltd Panasonic Corp CK Hutchison International 19 Ltd Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marsh & McLennan Cosp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ltd | | II. | | US\$ | 1,650 | N/A | US\$ | 1,650 | |
| Brookfield Finance Inc Suntory Holdings Ltd Panasonic Corp CK Hutchison International 19 Ltd Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marshon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ltd | ı | 11 | | US\$ | 1,641 | N/A | US\$ | 1,641 | |
| Suntory Holdings Ltd Panasonic Corp CK Hutchison International 19 Ltd Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ld | | Ш | ' | US\$ | 1,641 | N/A | US\$ | 1,641 | |
| Panasonic Corp CK Hutchison International 19 Ltd Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AlA Group Ld | | Ш | ' | US\$ | 1,637 | N/A | US\$ | 1,637 | |
| CK Hutchison International 19 Lid Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AIA Group Lid | , | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 1,619 | N/A | US\$ | 1,619 | |
| Marsh & Metzellinar Os Inc Marathon Petroleum Corp Public Service Electric & Gas Co AIA Group Lid | | 11 | | 420 | 1,603 | N/A | 420 | 1,603 | |
| matanon retroiteum Cop Public Service Electric & Gas Co AIA Group Lad | | 1 | • | 420 | 260,1 | N/A | 460 | 26C,1 | |
| r whit service Electric & Gas Co AIA Group Ltd | | <i>1</i> , " | | 450 | 0/0,1 | N/A N/A | 420 | 0/ C, I | |
| AIA GIOUP LIU | I | 1 | | \$ \$ \$ 1 | 700,1 | N/A | \$201 | 200,1 | |
| NTT Finance Com | | 1 | | \$S11 | 1 540 | N/A | \$CD | 1 540 | |
| AND AMPO BANK NV | | | | \$S11 | 1,527 | N/A | \$S11 | 1 527 | |
| Alliant Energy Finance LLC | | | | \$SU | 1.526 | N/A | nS\$ | 1.526 | |
| KEB Hana Bank | | II II | | US\$ | 1.504 | N/A | US\$ | 1.504 | |
| Virginia Electric & Power Co | | Ш | | US\$ | 1,501 | N/A | US\$ | 1,501 | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

- 82 -

| Induction Constrained Data control (constrained) Description (constrained) Descrin (constrained) | | | | | | | December 31, 2020 | 31, 2020 | | | |
|---|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Burg status LL Constrained methods Col CPI C | Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carryin (Foreign C in Thou | g Value urrencies sands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign (in Tho | Value Currencies usands) | Note |
| | TSMC Global | Entergy Louisiana LLC | | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1 | US\$ | 1,472 | N/A | US\$ | 1,472 | |
| | | Daiwa Securities Group Inc | | | I | US\$ | 1,430 | N/A | US\$ | 1,430 | |
| 1 | | Citizens Financial Group Inc | ı | Ш | , | US\$ | 1,418 | N/A | US\$ | 1,418 | |
| 1 | | Andrew W Mellon Foundation/The | - | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 1,418 | N/A | US\$ | 1,418 | |
| 1 | | Wells Fargo Bank NA | | И | | SSU \$ | 1,416 | N/A | \$SU | 1,416 | |
| | | CNOOC Curits Funding No 1 Pty Ltd | | 11 | | \$SU | 1,410 | N/A | 125 200 | 1,410 | |
| | | Stemens Financieringsmaatschappij NV | - | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 1,410 | N/A | 4SU | 1,410 | |
| | | | | | • | 4901 | 1,402 | N/A | \$2D | 1,402 | |
| | | Entergy Arkansas LLC Ontorio Tocoboxy Codillos Estarious Decontion Transf | - | | | US\$ | 1,349 | N/A N/A | 1156 | 1,349 | |
| | | Ontario Leachers Cauntae Faitview Fropences 11080 Eadard Dealty Investment Trust | 1 | 2 | | 400 401 | 700,1 1 306 | V/N | \$CD | 1 306 | |
| | | Found Nearly Investment 11ust | | | | 460 1198 | 000,1 | A/M | 460 9211 | 1 7 2 0 | |
| 1 | | Concia Dynamics Corp Santander HK Groun Holdings PI C | | 2 2 | | \$S11 | 1 237 | A/M | \$SII | 1 237 | |
| 1000 1001 <td< td=""><td></td><td>Jaunanuer UN Oroup Houmings FLC</td><td></td><td>2</td><td></td><td>\$S11</td><td>7001</td><td>V/N</td><td>\$S11</td><td>107,1</td><td></td></td<> | | Jaunanuer UN Oroup Houmings FLC | | 2 | | \$S11 | 7001 | V/N | \$S11 | 107,1 | |
| | | PSEG Power LLC | | | | \$SII | 1.208 | N/A | \$SII | 1.208 | |
| | | Schlumberger Finance Canada Ltd | | | | US\$ | 1.189 | N/A | US\$ | 1.189 | |
| | | eBay Inc | , | и | | US\$ | 1.154 | N/A | US\$ | 1.154 | |
| | | Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co/The | | И | , | US\$ | 1,149 | N/A | US\$ | 1,149 | |
| | | APT Pipelines Ltd | | Ш | | US\$ | 1,148 | N/A | US\$ | 1,148 | |
| | | Alexandria Real Estate Equities Inc | | И | 1 | US\$ | 1,112 | N/A | US\$ | 1,112 | |
| | | Southern California Edison Co | | " | | US\$ | 1,105 | N/A | US\$ | 1,105 | |
| | | Cooperatieve Rabobank UA/NY | ı | 11 | | US\$ | 1,102 | N/A | US\$ | 1,102 | |
| | | Baltimore Gas & Electric Co | T | И | , | US\$ | 1,066 | N/A | US\$ | 1,066 | |
| · | | Entergy Mississippi LLC | ı | И | ' | US\$ | 1,063 | N/A | US\$ | 1,063 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>BBVA USA</td> <td>ı</td> <td>И</td> <td>I</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,062</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,062</td> <td></td> | | BBVA USA | ı | И | I | US\$ | 1,062 | N/A | US\$ | 1,062 | |
| - - - - | | DH Europe Finance II Sarl | - | Ш | | US\$ | 1,056 | N/A | US\$ | 1,056 | |
| - - - - - 058 1,046 NA 058 1,046 - - - 058 1,034 NA 058 1,046 - - 058 1,034 NA 058 1,046 - - 058 1,034 NA 058 1,034 - - 058 1,034 NA 058 1,034 - - 058 1,036 NA 058 1,034 - - 058 1,036 NA 058 1,034 - - 058 1,036 NA 058 1,036 - - 058 1,036 NA 058 1,036 - 058 867 NA 058 867 - 058 867 NA 058 | | Loews Corp | | 11 | , | US\$ | 1,047 | N/A | US\$ | 1,047 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>USAA Capital Corp</td> <td></td> <td>И</td> <td></td> <td>SSU SSU</td> <td>1,046</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>\$SU</td> <td>1,046</td> <td></td> | | USAA Capital Corp | | И | | SSU SSU | 1,046 | N/A | \$SU | 1,046 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Kinder Morgan Inc/DE | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 1,046 | N/A | 4SU | 1,046 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Kaiser Foundation Hospitals | - | 11 | ' | 420 1166 | 1,034 | N/A | \$20 1100 | 1,039 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | I exas Eastern I ransmission LP | - | 11 | ' | 420 1160 | 1,034 | N/A | \$20 \$21 | 1,034 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>Simon Property Group LP Mondaloz International Haldings Mathemburk DV</td> <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,030</td> <td>N/A N/A</td> <td>1150</td> <td>1,030</td> <td></td> | | Simon Property Group LP Mondaloz International Haldings Mathemburk DV | - | | | US\$ | 1,030 | N/A N/A | 1150 | 1,030 | |
| b.1d 1 | | monuclez international notatings iveneriands DV Tovora Motor Finance Matharlands RV | | | | \$CD | 1,024 | N/A | \$CU \$211 | 1,0.24 | |
| blud - - - - - - - 0 | | MIFG Union Bank NA | | | | \$SIL | 1 006 | N/A | \$SII | 1 006 | |
| 0.1dd 1 | | BHP Billiton Finance USA Ltd | 1 | | ' | US\$ | 964 | N/A | US\$ | 964 | |
| 0.1d - - - - - - - 0.55 933 934 933 933 934 933 934 933 934 933 934 933 934 933 934 933 934 934 934 934 934 934 934 934 934 934 934 934 934 934 | | Southern California Gas Co | | Ц | | US\$ | 959 | N/A | US\$ | 959 | |
| 0.1d4 - - USS 933 N/A USS 933 0.1d4 - - USS 937 N/A USS 933 1 - - USS 879 N/A USS 937 1 - USS 879 N/A USS 879 1 - USS 879 N/A USS 879 1 - USS 871 N/A USS 871 1 - USS 873 N/A USS 871 1 - USS 873 N/A USS 873 1 - USS 873 N/A USS 874 1 - USS 774 N/A USS 774 1 - US 774 N/A USS 774 1 - < | | QNB Finance Ltd | - | " | | US\$ | 954 | N/A | US\$ | 954 | |
| Dolld - - USS 927 N/A USS 927 - - - USS 879 N/A USS 879 - - - USS 877 N/A USS 879 - - USS 871 N/A USS 871 - - USS 871 N/A USS 871 - - USS 871 N/A USS 871 - - USS 875 N/A USS 871 - - USS 875 N/A USS 871 - - USS 875 N/A USS 875 - - USS 875 N/A USS 875 - - USS 875 N/A USS 875 - - USS 779 N/A USS 774 - - USS 774 N/A USS 774 - - US 773 N/A USS 773 - - US 774 N/A USS 774 - - US | | Prudential Financial Inc | ı | 11 | | US\$ | 933 | N/A | US\$ | 933 | |
| - - US\$ 879 N/A US\$ 879 - - US\$ 877 N/A US\$ 871 - - US\$ 871 N/A US\$ 871 - - US\$ 875 N/A US\$ 871 - - US\$ 875 N/A US\$ 871 - - US\$ 875 N/A US\$ 875 - US\$ 875 N/A US\$ 875 - US\$ 875 N/A US\$ 875 - US\$ 779 N/A US\$ 779 - US\$ 774 US\$ 774 US\$ - US\$ 774 US\$ 774 - US\$ 773 N/A US\$ - US\$ 774 US\$ 774 - US\$ 774 US\$ 774 - | | Mitsubishi UFJ Lease & Finance Co Ltd | I | И | | US\$ | 927 | N/A | US\$ | 927 | |
| - - - USS 867 N/A USS 867 - - - USS 851 N/A USS 851 - - USS 815 N/A USS 851 - - USS 815 N/A USS 815 - - USS 815 N/A USS 815 - - USS 815 N/A USS 815 - USS 779 N/A USS 779 - USS 774 USS 774 USS 772 - USS 772 N/A USS 772 - USS 778 N/A USS 772 - USS 778 N/A USS 772 - US 773 N/A USS 772 - US 773 N/A USS 772 - | | Westpac Banking Corp | | Ш | | US\$ | 879 | N/A | US\$ | 879 | |
| - - - - - - 0.55 551 N/A 0.55 551 - - - - 0.55 851 N/A 0.55 851 - - - 0.55 851 N/A 0.55 851 - - 0.55 845 N/A 0.55 845 - - 0.55 815 N/A 0.55 779 - - 0.55 774 0.55 774 0.55 - - 0.55 772 N/A 0.55 772 - - 0.55 773 N/A 0.55 773 - - 0.55 773 N/A 0.55 773 - - 0.55 773 N/A 0.55 773 - - 0.55 758 774 | | Woolworths Group Ltd | I | И | I | US\$ | 867 | N/A | US\$ | 867 | |
| - - - - - - 0.55 531 N/A 0.55 531 - - - - 0.55 535 N/A 0.55 535 - - - 0.55 8.45 N/A 0.55 8.35 - - 0.55 8.15 N/A 0.55 8.35 - - 0.55 8.15 N/A 0.55 8.15 - - 0.55 8.15 N/A 0.55 8.15 - - 0.55 779 N/A 0.55 779 - - 0.55 774 N/A 0.55 774 - - 0.55 772 N/A 0.55 772 - - 0.55 773 N/A 0.55 773 - - 0.55 778 778 758 778 - - 0.55 778 778 0.55 - - 0.55 778 758 778 - 0.55 778 758 778 758 - 0.55 758 778 758 - 0.55 </td <td></td> <td>Niagara Mohawk Power Corp</td> <td></td> <td>II .</td> <td>1</td> <td>\$SU</td> <td>108</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>\$SU</td> <td>168</td> <td></td> | | Niagara Mohawk Power Corp | | II . | 1 | \$SU | 108 | N/A | \$SU | 168 | |
| | | CenterPoint Energy inc | | 11 | | \$20 \$ | 100 | N/A | 49D | 100 | |
| - - - - 0.53 81.5 0.74 0.53 81.5 - - - 0.53 81.5 0.74 0.55 81.5 - - - 0.53 81.5 0.74 0.55 81.5 - - 0.55 779 0.74 0.55 779 - - 0.55 774 0.55 774 - - 0.55 772 0.55 773 - - 0.55 772 0.55 773 - - 0.55 778 758 758 - - 0.55 758 0.55 758 - - 0.55 758 0.55 | | V ISA INC Stromon Constel 2012 1 td | | | 1 | 420 | C48 | N/A N/A | 1156 | C48 259 | |
| - - - - 0.3 0.01 0.01 0.05 0.01 - - - - - 0.05 779 0.05 779 - - - - 0.05 779 0.05 774 - - - 0.05 774 0.05 774 - - 0.05 772 0.15 774 - - 0.05 772 0.15 774 - - 0.05 772 0.15 774 - - 0.05 778 774 0.05 - - 0.05 778 778 778 - - 0.05 758 0.15 758 - - 0.05 758 0.15 758 | | Survey Cround DI C | | 2 2 | | 400 1100 | 000 815 | A/M | 3211 | 815 | |
| | | Induces Upup FLC Sky I fd | | | | \$S11 | 0170 | N/A | \$S11 | 010 | |
| - US\$ 772 N/A US\$ 772 - US\$ 778 N/A US\$ 772 - US\$ 758 N/A US\$ 778 - US\$ 758 N/A US\$ 758 - US\$ 758 N/A US\$ 758 | | SAY LUU Yvlem Inc/NY | | 2 2 | | \$S11 | TTA | N/A | \$SII | 411 | |
| - <u>"</u> - <u>US\$ 758 N/A US\$ 758</u> - <u>105</u> 758 - <u>105</u> 758 - <u>758</u> | | DR Horton Inc | | | | US\$ | 772 | N/A | nS\$ | 772 | |
| - " - US\$ 758 N/A US\$ 758 | | Nationwide Financial Services Inc | | | | US\$ | 758 | N/A | US\$ | 758 | |
| | | Canadian Natural Resources Ltd | | И | 1 | US\$ | 758 | N/A | US\$ | 758 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

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| | | | | | | December 31, 2020 | 1.2020 | | | |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|-------------|
| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | (Value urrencies sands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | 'alue urrencies sands) | Note |
| TSMC Global | Warner Media LLC | | Financial assets at fair value through other | I | \$SU | 752 | N/A | \$SU | 752 | |
| | BNZ International Funding Ltd/London | | | | US\$ | 743 | N/A | US\$ | 743 | |
| | Sinopec Group Overseas Development 2017 Ltd | 1 | н | | US\$ | 717 | N/A | US\$ | 717 | |
| | Abbott Laboratories | | Н | | US\$ | 705 | N/A | US\$ | 705 | |
| | Digital Realty Trust LP | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 679 | N/A | US\$ | 679 | |
| | Cummins Inc | , | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 664 | N/A | US\$ | 664 | |
| | Carlisle Cos Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 658 | N/A | US\$ | 658 | |
| | Glencore Funding LLC | | 11 | | | 649 | N/A | \$SU | 645 | |
| | Western Union Co/The | | Ш | 1 | 120 120 | 4 7 | N/A | \$SU \$21 | 644 1 | |
| | Kepublic Services Inc | | 11 | 1 | 420 420 | 440 7 | N/A | \$2D | 044 1 | |
| | American Water Capital Corp | | <i>H</i> | 1 | 420 | 03/ | N/A | \$20 \$21 | 03/ | |
| | Unebeacon US Holdings Inc Sinono Groun Oroscote Davidorment 2012144 | | | ' | 400 1100 | 000 672 | N/A | \$CU | 033 672 | |
| | Shippec Group Overseas Development 2012 Ltd | | | ' | 490 116¢ | c70 | N/A | \$CU | C70 | |
| | | | | | \$9011 | 770 | N/A | \$CU | 770 | |
| | Duke Fnerov Progress I.I.C | | | | \$SIL | 200 | N/A | \$SI1 | 200 | |
| | ViacomCBS Inc | | | 1 | SSU | 260 | N/A | \$SI1 | 260 | |
| | Evergy Inc | | II II | | US\$ | 579 | N/A | US\$ | 579 | |
| | Fifth Third Bank/Cincinnati OH | | Ш | | US\$ | 566 | N/A | US\$ | 566 | |
| | United Parcel Service Inc | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 565 | N/A | US\$ | 565 | |
| | Aflac Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 552 | N/A | US\$ | 552 | |
| | PACCAR Financial Corp | | 11 | | US\$ | 552 | N/A | US\$ | 552 | |
| | ABCInc | ı | н | ' | US\$ | 525 | N/A | US\$ | 525 | |
| | TIX Co | ı | II. | | US\$ | 524 | N/A | US\$ | 524 | |
| | Baker Hugnes a GE COLLU / Baker Hugnes Co-Ubligor Inc Doolt: Taronno Com | | | I | 4SU | 775 | N/A | \$20 \$116¢ | 770 | |
| | Nearty Income Corp Hanwha Enerov USA Holdings Com | | | | \$SIL | 514 | N/A | \$SIL | 514 | |
| | Danone SA | | | | US\$ | 506 | N/A | US\$ | 506 | |
| | United Overseas Bank Ltd | | Ц | I | US\$ | 459 | N/A | US\$ | 459 | |
| | Target Corp | ı | н | | US\$ | 455 | N/A | US\$ | 455 | |
| | Starbucks Corp | · | Ш | I | US\$ | 430 | N/A | US\$ | 430 | |
| | GlaxoSmithKline Capital PLC | | Ш | | US\$ | 426 | N/A | US\$ | 426 | |
| | Comerica Bank | | 11 | I | US\$ | 425 | N/A | US\$ | 425 | |
| | Banco del Estado de Chile | | <i>H</i> | I | \$SU | 423 | N/A | \$SU | 4.25 | |
| | CD3 Colp Fidelity National Information Services Inc | | | | \$SI1 | 413 | N/A | \$SI1 | 413 | |
| | Komatsu Finance America Inc | | | | US\$ | 413 | N/A | US\$ | 413 | |
| | Truist Financial Corp | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 410 | N/A | US\$ | 410 | |
| | Newmont Goldcorp Corp | | Ш | | US\$ | 404 | N/A | US\$ | 404 | |
| | AXA Equitable Holdings Inc | , | Ш | I | US\$ | 403 | N/A | US\$ | 403 | |
| | PepsiCo Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 400 | N/A | US\$ | 400 | |
| | StanCorp Financial Group Inc | 1 | <i>L</i> , <i>n</i> | 1 | US\$ | 388 | N/A N/A | US\$ | 388 370 | |
| | Canadian Faculte Natiway CO Fushrid <i>g</i> e Inc | | | | \$S11 | 378 | N/A | \$S11 | 378 | |
| | Principal Financial Group Inc | | | | US\$ | 372 | N/A | US\$ | 372 | |
| | Pernod Ricard SA | | Н | I | US\$ | 364 | N/A | US\$ | 364 | |
| | First Republic Bank/CA | ı | н | I | US\$ | 360 | N/A | US\$ | 360 | |
| | Archer-Daniels-Midland Co | | Ш | | US\$ | 353 | N/A | US\$ | 353 | |
| | WEC Energy Group Inc | | <i>H</i> | | US\$ | 351 | N/A | US\$ | 351 | |
| | Ventas Kealty LF / Ventas Capital Corp | | <i>#</i> | • | 4SU | 249 247 | N/A N/A | \$SU | 349 247 | |
| | Allstate Corn/The | | | | \$S11 | 337 | N/A | \$SII | 337 | |
| | | | | | ò | 1 | | 20 | 1 | |
| | | | - | _ | | | | | | (Continued) |

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| Induction Manual Science (year) Manual | | | | | | | December 31, 2020 | 31,2020 | | | |
|--|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|---------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------|
| production product | Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | | Carryi (Foreign in Tho | ig Value Currencies usands) | | Fair (Foreign in Tho | Value Currencies usands) | Note |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | TSMC Global | BP Capital Markets PLC | | Financial assets at fair value through other | I | US\$ | 329 | | US\$ | 329 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>CommonSpirit Health</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>322</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>322</td> <td></td> | | CommonSpirit Health | 1 | | | US\$ | 322 | N/A | US\$ | 322 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Total Capital International SA | | Н | | US\$ | 320 | N/A | US\$ | 320 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Southern Co/The | I | н | | US\$ | 318 | N/A | US\$ | 318 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Anthem Inc | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 314 | N/A | US\$ | 314 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Chubb INA Holdings Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 313 | N/A | US\$ | 313 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | America Movil SAB de CV | I | Ш | | US\$ | 311 | N/A | US\$ | 311 | |
| | | Alibaba Group Holding Ltd | 1 | Ш | | US\$ | 306 | N/A | US\$ | 306 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Aon Corp | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 300 | N/A | US\$ | 300 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Johnson Controls International plc | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 298 | N/A | US\$ | 298 | |
| · | | Mondelez International Inc | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 284 | N/A | US\$ | 284 | |
| Offention Image: second s | | Southern Natural Gas Co LLC / Southern Natural Issuing Corp | 1 | Ш | | US\$ | 277 | N/A | US\$ | 277 | |
| nt/ne . <td></td> <td>Coca-Cola Co/The</td> <td>ı</td> <td>Ш</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>275</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>275</td> <td></td> | | Coca-Cola Co/The | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 275 | N/A | US\$ | 275 | |
| Ind Co Ind Co< | | Huntington National Bank/The | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 257 | N/A | US\$ | 257 | |
| MA · | | EI du Pont de Nemours and Co | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 255 | N/A | US\$ | 255 | |
| i | | Capital One Bank USA NA | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 254 | N/A | US\$ | 254 | |
| Correnting Prantochip LP C <thc< th=""> C C <thc< th=""></thc<></thc<> | | Waste Management Inc | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 251 | N/A | US\$ | 251 | |
| C)Perting Paramethy LP C <thc< th=""> C C C</thc<> | | Aon PLC | I | Ш | | US\$ | 246 | N/A | US\$ | 246 | |
| i | | Nasdag Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 220 | N/A | US\$ | 220 | |
| Containe phenetohin Li C <thc< th=""> C C C</thc<> | | Deere & Co | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 217 | N/A | US\$ | 217 | |
| Constrained Interesting LF C </td <td></td> <td>Saudi Arabian Oil Co</td> <td>1</td> <td>Ш</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>202</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>202</td> <td></td> | | Saudi Arabian Oil Co | 1 | Ш | | US\$ | 202 | N/A | US\$ | 202 | |
| Contraining Purnersing LP C USS USS <thuss< th=""> USS <thuss< th=""> USS <thuss< th=""></thuss<></thuss<></thuss<> | | Nucor Corp | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 189 | N/A | US\$ | 189 | |
| COpenation Partnership LP Comparison Partnership LP Constrained Partnership LP Cost Description | | Dow Chemical Co/The | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 135 | N/A | US\$ | 135 | |
| V_{vec} < | | Columbia Property Trust Operating Partnership LP | I | н | | US\$ | 105 | N/A | US\$ | 105 | |
| th: th th< | | Wells Fargo & Company | I | Financial assets at amortized cost | | US\$ | 180,487 | N/A | US\$ | 182,212 | |
| Discription C V/V V | | Citigroup Global Market Inc. | | 11 | | US\$ | 99,965 | N/A | US\$ | 100,488 | |
| r r | | JPMorgan Chase & Co. | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 95,058 | N/A | US\$ | 95,567 | |
| . Financial assets at fair value through other . USS 472.618 N/A USS 472.618 USS 5.023 N/A USS 5.023 . . . USS 5.023 N/A USS 5.023 . . . USS 5.023 N/A USS 5.023 USS 5.023 N/A USS 5.023 USS 5.023 N/A USS 5.023 . . . USS 5.023 N/A USS 5.023 . . . USS 5.18,729 N/A USS 2.92578 USS 134,686 0.03 2.18,11 USS 2.13,51 0.03 2.13,51 0.83 1.2,618 . | | Goldman Sachs Group Inc/The | I | н | | US\$ | 14,930 | N/A | US\$ | 15,140 | |
| - Financial assets at fair value through other - USS 472.618 N/A USS 472.618 - - - - USS 5.023 N/A USS 5.023 - - USS 5.023 N/A USS 5.023 1.396 - - USS 5.12.36 N/A USS 5.13.26 - - USS 1.34.58 N/A USS 1.34.58 - - USS 1.34.58 N/A USS 1.34.58 - - USS 1.34.58 N/A USS 1.34.58 - - USS 1.34.58 N/A USS 1.34.51 - - USS 1.34.58 N/A USS 1.34.51 | | Government bond | | | | | | | | | |
| - comprehensive income - - USS 5,023 NA USS 5,023 - π π - - USS 5,023 NA USS 5,023 - π π - USS 5,13,96 NA USS 5,13,96 - - Hanxial assets at fair value through other - USS 5,13,728 NA USS 5,13,96 - - USS 1,34,588 NA USS 134,588 1,345 - - USS 1,34,588 NA USS 134,588 - - USS 1,34,588 NA USS 134,588 - - USS 1,34,588 NA USS 124,111 - - USS 1,34,588 NA USS 124,111 - - USS 1,34,588 NA USS 124,113 - - USS 1,34,388 <td></td> <td>United States Treasury Note/Bond</td> <td></td> <td>Financial assets at fair value through other</td> <td>ı</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>472,618</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>472,618</td> <td></td> | | United States Treasury Note/Bond | | Financial assets at fair value through other | ı | US\$ | 472,618 | N/A | US\$ | 472,618 | |
| r r | | | | comprehensive income | | | | | | | |
| n n | | Abu Dhabi Government International Bond | 1 | Н | | US\$ | 5,023 | N/A | US\$ | 5,023 | |
| Financial assets at fair value through other-USS $518,729$ N/AUSS $518,729$ USS $297,578$ N/AUSS $297,578$ N/AUSS $297,578$ USS $134,588$ N/AUSS $297,578$ N/AUSS $134,588$ USS $134,588$ N/AUSS $134,588$ $103,568$ $103,568$ USS $134,588$ N/AUSS $105,568$ $103,568$ $103,568$ USS $136,568$ N/AUSS $103,568$ $103,568$ $103,568$ USS $103,568$ N/AUSS $103,568$ $103,568$ USS $103,568$ N/AUSS $103,568$ $103,568$ USS $103,568$ N/AUSS $103,568$ $104,568$ USS $103,568$ N/AUSS $103,568$ $104,568$ USS $103,568$ N/AUSS $104,568$ <td< td=""><td></td><td>Qatar Government International Bond</td><td></td><td>JI</td><td></td><td>CIS\$</td><td>1,396</td><td>N/A</td><td>\$SD</td><td>1,396</td><td></td></td<> | | Qatar Government International Bond | | JI | | CIS\$ | 1,396 | N/A | \$SD | 1,396 | |
| - Financial assets at fair value through other - US\$ 518,729 N/A US\$ 518,729 - - - - US\$ 518,729 N/A US\$ 518,729 - - - - US\$ 297,578 N/A US\$ 518,729 - - - - US\$ 128,111 N/A US\$ 297,578 - - - US\$ 138,111 N/A US\$ 134,588 - - - US\$ 128,111 N/A US\$ 128,111 - - US\$ 138,111 N/A US\$ 134,588 - - US\$ 128,111 N/A US\$ 128,111 - - US\$ 138,111 N/A US\$ 134,588 - - US\$ 138,111 N/A US\$ 105,018 - - US\$ 105,018 N/A US\$ 105,018 - - US\$ 105,018 N/A US\$ <td></td> <td>Agency honds/Agency mortgage-backed securities</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | Agency honds/Agency mortgage-backed securities | | | | | | | | | |
| comprehensive income $-$ US\$ $27,578$ N/A US\$ $27,578$ $ -$ | | Fannie Mae Pool | | Financial assets at fair value through other | | US\$ | 518,729 | N/A | US\$ | 518,729 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | comprehensive income | | ÷ | | | 0000 | | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Ginnie Mae II Pool | 1 | <i>H</i> | | 4SU | 8/ 5, 167 | N/A | \$20 | 8/ 5/ 67 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Fanne Mae KEMICS Emddia Mae DEMICS | 1 | | | 4901 1198 | 111 901 | N/A | 46U | 000,401 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Fieuure Mac NEIVICS | 1 | | | 400 1100 | 111,021 | N/A | 46U | 111,021 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Frunie Mas or Freddie Mac | 1 | 2 | | \$201 112 \$ | 110,508 | N/A | \$CD | 110508 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Taunie Mae | | | | \$S11 | 00 <i>C</i> '011 | N/A | \$SII | 90,011 | |
| - - - - | | Freddie Mac Gold Pool | | | | \$SIL | 80.113 | N/A | \$SI1 | 80.113 | |
| - - - - | | Government National Mortegoe Association | | | | \$SIL | 35,743 | N/A | \$SI1 | 35,743 | |
| - - - US\$ 3,760 N/A US\$ 3,760 - - - US\$ 3,055 N/A US\$ 3,605 - - US\$ 3,605 N/A US\$ 3,605 - - US\$ 1,947 N/A US\$ 3,605 - - US\$ 1,947 N/A US\$ 1,947 - - US\$ 1,159 N/A US\$ 1,942 - - US\$ 1,029 N/A US\$ 1,029 | | Fannie Mae-Aces | | <i>II</i> | | 11SS | 19.416 | N/A | SSU | 19.416 | |
| | | Freddie Mac Strips | | 1 | | US\$ | 3.760 | N/A | US\$ | 3.760 | |
| | | State Board of Administration Finance Corp | I | | | US\$ | 3.605 | N/A | US\$ | 3.605 | |
| ity | | University of California | | Ш | | US\$ | 1.947 | N/A | US\$ | 1,947 | |
| iy US\$ 1,159 N/A US\$ 1,159 N/A US\$ 1,159 N/A US\$ 1,159 N/A US\$ 1,029 N/A US\$ 1,029 | | Korea Hydro & Nuclear Power Co Ltd | | Ш | | US\$ | 1,942 | N/A | US\$ | 1,942 | |
| iy - US\$ 1,029 N/A US\$ 1,029 | | Federal National Mortgage Association | | Ш | | US\$ | 1,159 | N/A | US\$ | 1,159 | |
| | | Denver City & County Housing Authority | I | н | | US\$ | 1,029 | N/A | US\$ | 1,029 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | _ | - - - |

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| | | | | | | December 31, 2020 | 31,2020 | | | |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------|--|------|
| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carryi (Foreign in Tho | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign in Th | Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Note |
| TSMC Global | Ginnie Mae I Pool | | Financial assets at fair value through other | ı | \$SU | 976 | N/A | US\$ | 976 | |
| | Oregon Health & Science University | ı | comprehensive income | , | US\$ | 826 | N/A | US\$ | 826 | |
| | FRESB 2019-SB61 Mortgage Trust | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 623 | N/A | US\$ | 623 | |
| | Freddie Mac Multifamily Structured Pass Through Certificates | ı | Ш | I | US\$ | 596 | N/A | US\$ | 596 | |
| | State of Hawaii | | 11 | | US\$ | 556 | N/A | US\$ | 556 | |
| | FHLMC-GNMA | T | И | I | US\$ | 535 | N/A | US\$ | 535 | |
| | State of Wisconsin | , | 11 | | US\$ | 526 | N/A | 1SSU | 526 | |
| | Brazos Higher Education Authority Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 480 | N/A | CSS O | 480 | |
| | FRESB 2019-SB60 Mortgage Trust | | II . | | US\$ | 412 | N/A | US\$ | 412 | |
| | Freddie Mac Non Gold Pool | | Н | I | US\$ | 300 | N/A | US\$ | 300 | |
| | Sales Tax Securitization Corp | | Н | I | US\$ | 252 | N/A | US\$ | 252 | |
| | Fannie Mae Benchmark REMIC | • | И | I | US\$ | 16 | N/A | COS\$ | 16 | |
| | Asset-backed securities | | | | | | | | | |
| | JPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2014-C24 | T | Financial assets at fair value through other | I | US\$ | 8,013 | N/A | US\$ | 8,013 | |
| | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2016-BNK1 | | | 1 | US\$ | 7.881 | N/A | US\$ | 7.881 | |
| | BANK 2020-BNK26 | | 1 | | US\$ | 7.325 | N/A | US\$ | 7.325 | |
| | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2014-GC21 | | Ш | | US\$ | 6,888 | N/A | US\$ | 6,888 | |
| | CGDBB Commercial Mortgage Trust 2017-BIOC | | Ш | I | US\$ | 6,854 | N/A | US\$ | 6,854 | |
| | Hyundai Auto Receivables Trust 2017-A | | 11 | | US\$ | 6,742 | N/A | US\$ | 6,742 | |
| | Benchmark 2019-B11 Mortgage Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 6,533 | N/A | US\$ | 6,533 | |
| | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2016-C35 | | 11 | | US\$ | 6.388 | N/A | US\$ | 6.388 | |
| | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2016-C29 | | 11 | | US\$ | 6.074 | N/A | US\$ | 6.074 | |
| | UBS-Barclays Commercial Mortgage Trust 2012-C2 | | 11 | | US\$ | 5.743 | N/A | US\$ | 5.743 | |
| | WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-C13 | | " | | US\$ | 5.663 | N/A | US\$ | 5.663 | |
| | BBCMS 2018-TALL Mortgage Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 5,403 | N/A | US\$ | 5,403 | |
| | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2016-C30 | | 11 | I | US\$ | 5,372 | N/A | US\$ | 5,372 | |
| | COMM 2015-CCRE24 Mortgage Trust | | 11 | I | US\$ | 5,333 | N/A | US\$ | 5,333 | |
| | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2013-C10 | | Ш | | US\$ | 5,071 | N/A | US\$ | 5,071 | |
| | MRCD 2019-MARK Mortgage Trust | ı | И | | US\$ | 4,917 | N/A | US\$ | 4,917 | |
| | BANK 2019-BNK22 | | Ш | I | US\$ | 4,583 | N/A | US\$ | 4,583 | |
| | Mercedes-Benz Auto Lease Trust 2019-B | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 4,333 | N/A | US\$ | 4,333 | |
| | BANK 2017-BNK5 | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 4,272 | N/A | US\$ | 4,272 | |
| | JPMCC Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2017-JP7 | | Ш | I | US\$ | 4,261 | N/A | US\$ | 4,261 | |
| | BANK 2017-BNK6 | - | H . | | US\$ | 4,254 | N/A | US\$ | 4,254 | |
| | UBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2018-C10 | | 11 | I | US\$ | 4,248 | N/A | US\$ | 4,248 | |
| | BANK 2019-BNK17 | 1 | II . | | US\$ | 4,234 | N/A | US\$ | 4,234 | |
| | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2013-C7 | | 11 | | US\$ | 4,024 | N/A | CSS O | 4,024 | |
| | JP Morgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust | , | Н | | US\$ | 4,020 | N/A | US\$ | 4,020 | |
| | 2012-LC9 Enternrise Fleet Financing 2020.111 C | | | | \$211 | 3 870 | N/A | 3211 | 3 870 | |
| | IPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2015-C28 | | | | \$SU | 3,620 | N/A | \$S11 | 3,620 | |
| | Renchmark 2018_R2 Mortgage Toures Thus 2019 020 | | | | \$211 | 3,487 | N/A | \$S11 | 3,487 | |
| | IIRC-Rembus Commercial Montrease Trust 2013 C6 | | | | \$311 | 3 371 | N/N | 3011 | 3 371 | |
| | CD3-Datciays Commercial Montgage 11ust 2013-CO | 1 | 2 | | 4000 1100 | 2 100 | V/N | 1160 | 2 100 | |
| | | | | | 4000 1100 | 2,100 2,120 | A/M | 0001 | 2,100 2,120 | |
| | Ford Credit Auto Lease 1rust 2019-B | | 11 | 1 | 4901 | 3,139 2,022 | N/A | 490 L | 5,139 | |
| | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage 1rust 201 /-C40 | | 11 | | \$SD | 3,003 | N/A | \$SU | 3,063 | |
| | Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust 2017-H1 | 1 | II | 1 | US\$ | 3,051 | N/A | US\$ | 3,051 | |
| | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2016-P5 | 1 | И | | US\$ | 3,017 | N/A | US\$ | 3,017 | |
| | Hyundai Auto Receivables Trust 2018-A | | Ш | | \$SD | 2,942 | N/A | \$SU \$ | 2,942 | |
| | INISSAN Auto Lease Trust 2019-B | | II | 1 | \$ <u>\$</u> 0 | 2,899 | N/A | \$ <u>\$</u> 0 | 2,899 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

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|--|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Construction Construction< | Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carryin (Foreign (in Thou | g Value urrencies sands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign (in Tho | Value Jurrencies Isands) | Note |
| 1 1 <th>TSMC Global</th> <th>GS Mortgage Securities Corp Trust 2018-RIVR</th> <th></th> <th>Financial assets at fair value through other</th> <th>1</th> <th>US\$</th> <th>2,873</th> <th>N/A</th> <th>US\$</th> <th>2,873</th> <th></th> | TSMC Global | GS Mortgage Securities Corp Trust 2018-RIVR | | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1 | US\$ | 2,873 | N/A | US\$ | 2,873 | |
| | | Ford Credit Auto Lease Trust 2020-B | ı | | | US\$ | 2,869 | N/A | US\$ | 2,869 | |
| | | UBS-Barclays Commercial Mortgage Trust 2012-C3 | | Ш | | US\$ | 2,865 | N/A | US\$ | 2,865 | |
| | | BANK 2019-BNK24 | I | Ш | | US\$ | 2,829 | N/A | US\$ | 2,829 | |
| | | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2016-C3 | T | И | | US\$ | 2,781 | N/A | US\$ | 2,781 | |
| - - - - 015 2.70 NA 0153 2.201 - - 015 2.701 NA 0153 2.201 - - 0153 2.701 NA 0153 2.201 - 0153 1.701 NA 0153 2.201 - 0153 1.70 | | Enterprise Fleet Financing 2019-2 LLC | I | ll II | | US\$ | 2,770 | N/A | US\$ | 2,770 | |
| - - 105 2.717 NA 1058 2.249 - - 1055 2.645 NA 1058 2.249 - - 1055 2.747 NA 1058 2.249 - - 1055 2.746 NA 1058 2.249 - - 1055 2.746 NA 1058 2.249 - - 1055 2.746 NA 1058 2.246 - - 1055 2.166 NA 1058 2.246 - - - 1055 2.166 NA 1058 - - 1055 1056 NA 1058 2.166 - - 1058 1066 NA 1058 1066 - < | | BX Commercial Mortgage Trust 2018-IND | I | И | 1 | US\$ | 2,760 | N/A | US\$ | 2,760 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2013-GCJ12</td> <td>I</td> <td>Ш</td> <td>ı</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>2,717</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>2,717</td> <td></td> | | GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2013-GCJ12 | I | Ш | ı | US\$ | 2,717 | N/A | US\$ | 2,717 | |
| Image: constraint of | | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2020-C55 | I | Ш | | US\$ | 2,638 | N/A | US\$ | 2,638 | |
| 1 | | Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust 2020-REV1 | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 2,635 | N/A | US\$ | 2,635 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>GM Financial Consumer Automobile Receivables Trust 2017-2</td> <td></td> <td>11</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>2,524</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>2,524</td> <td></td> | | GM Financial Consumer Automobile Receivables Trust 2017-2 | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,524 | N/A | US\$ | 2,524 | |
| | | American Express Credit Account Master Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,519 | N/A | US\$ | 2,519 | |
| | | BBCMS Mortgage Trust 2020-C8 | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,478 | N/A | US\$ | 2,478 | |
| - - <td></td> <td>Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2012-C6</td> <td>I</td> <td>Ш</td> <td>'</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>2,470</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>2,470</td> <td></td> | | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2012-C6 | I | Ш | ' | US\$ | 2,470 | N/A | US\$ | 2,470 | |
| - | | Citibank Credit Card Issuance Trust | I | 11 | | US\$ | 2,304 | N/A | US\$ | 2,304 | |
| - - <td></td> <td>UBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2018-C11</td> <td></td> <td>11</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>2,243</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>2,243</td> <td></td> | | UBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2018-C11 | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,243 | N/A | US\$ | 2,243 | |
| | | Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust 2018-H3 | | Ш | | US\$ | 2,240 | N/A | US\$ | 2,240 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>COMM 2013-CCRE12 Mortgage Trust</td> <td></td> <td>11</td> <td>I</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>2,165</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>2,165</td> <td></td> | | COMM 2013-CCRE12 Mortgage Trust | | 11 | I | US\$ | 2,165 | N/A | US\$ | 2,165 | |
| 1 | | BENCHMARK 2018-B4 | I | 11 | | US\$ | 2,163 | N/A | US\$ | 2,163 | |
| 1 | | JPMDB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2017-C7 | I | 11 | | US\$ | 2,126 | N/A | US\$ | 2,126 | |
| 1 | | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2017-P8 | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,103 | N/A | US\$ | 2,103 | |
| 1 - - US 2,068 NA USS 2,008 | | Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust 2019-A | I | Ш | | US\$ | 2,096 | N/A | US\$ | 2,096 | |
| | | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2016-C31 | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,068 | N/A | US\$ | 2,068 | |
| | | JPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2014-C19 | I | 11 | | US\$ | 2,015 | N/A | US\$ | 2,015 | |
| | | Hyundai Auto Receivables Trust 2016-B | I | Ш | ' | US\$ | 1,913 | N/A | US\$ | 1,913 | |
| 2 058 1716 NA 058 176 2 058 158 NA 058 156 2 058 158 NA 058 156 2 058 158 NA 058 156 2 058 156 NA 058 140 2 058 156 NA 058 140 2 058 1546 NA 058 136 2 058 1341 NA 058 136 2 058 1341 NA 058 138 2 058 138 NA 058 138 2 058 138 NA 058 138 2 058 138 NA 058 13 | | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2013-C8 | I | Ш | | US\$ | 1,866 | N/A | US\$ | 1,866 | |
| - - - - 058 1.5% NA 058 1.5% - - 058 1.5% NA 058 1.5% - 058 1.4% NA 058 1.4% - 058 1.4% NA 058 1.4% - 058 1.4% NA 058 1.4% - 058 1.2% NA 058 1.4% - 058 1.2% 1.4% 058 1.1% - 058 1.1% NA 058 1.1% - 058 1.1% NA 058 1.1% - 058 1.1% NA 058 1.1% | | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2012-LC5 | I | Ш | | US\$ | 1,716 | N/A | US\$ | 1,716 | |
| - - US\$ 1.578 N/A US\$ 1.578 - - US\$ 1.568 N/A US\$ 1.568 - - US\$ 1.588 1.497 N/A US\$ 1.568 - - US\$ 1.241 N/A US\$ 1.476 - - US\$ 1.241 N/A US\$ 1.476 - - US\$ 1.243 N/A US\$ 1.243 - - US\$ 1.243 N/A US\$ 1.243 - - US\$ 1.243 N/A US\$ 1.178 - - US\$ 1.243 N/A US\$ 1.178 - - US\$ 1.178 N/A US\$ 1.178 - - US\$ 1.188 | | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-C28 | I | и | | US\$ | 1,586 | N/A | US\$ | 1,586 | |
| - - USS 1568 NA USS 1563 - - USS 1563 NA USS 1563 - - USS 1563 NA USS 1563 - - USS 1377 NA USS 1563 - - USS 1377 NA USS 1563 - - USS 1377 NA USS 1376 - - USS 1341 NA USS 1347 - - USS 1341 NA USS 1347 - - USS 1341 NA USS 1347 - USS 1243 NA USS 1348 - USS 1243 NA USS 1178 - USS 1188 NA USS 1168 - USS 1168 </td <td></td> <td>WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-C17</td> <td></td> <td>Ш</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,578</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,578</td> <td></td> | | WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-C17 | | Ш | | US\$ | 1,578 | N/A | US\$ | 1,578 | |
| - - - USS 1.563 N/A USS 1.563 - - USS 1.497 N/A USS 1.497 - USS 1.241 N/A USS 1.243 - USS 1.243 N/A USS 1.168 - USS 1.178 N/A USS 1.168 <td></td> <td>COMM 2014-CCRE17 Mortgage Trust</td> <td>I</td> <td>II</td> <td>'</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,568</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,568</td> <td></td> | | COMM 2014-CCRE17 Mortgage Trust | I | II | ' | US\$ | 1,568 | N/A | US\$ | 1,568 | |
| - - US\$ 1535 NA US\$ 1535 - - US\$ 1497 NA US\$ 1497 - - US\$ 1411 NA US\$ 1497 - - US\$ 1411 NA US\$ 1411 - - US\$ 1341 NA US\$ 1341 - - US\$ 1241 NA US\$ 1243 - - US\$ 1241 NA US\$ 1243 - - US\$ 1281 NA US\$ 1243 - - US\$ 1281 NA US\$ 1178 - - US\$ US\$ 1168 </td <td></td> <td>JPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2013-C12</td> <td>·</td> <td>Ш</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,563</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,563</td> <td></td> | | JPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2013-C12 | · | Ш | | US\$ | 1,563 | N/A | US\$ | 1,563 | |
| - | | COMM 2020-CBM Mortgage Trust | | Ш | | US\$ | 1,535 | N/A | US\$ | 1,535 | |
| - | | ARI Fleet Lease Trust 2019-A | | II. | | US\$ | 1,497 | N/A | US\$ | 1,497 | |
| - - <td></td> <td>GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2014-GC22</td> <td></td> <td>11</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,476</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,476</td> <td></td> | | GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2014-GC22 | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,476 | N/A | US\$ | 1,476 | |
| - - - - | | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2016-C36 | I | Ш | | US\$ | 1,411 | N/A | US\$ | 1,411 | |
| 2 055 1,341 NA 055 1,341 2 055 1,341 NA 055 1,243 2 055 1,243 NA 055 1,243 2 055 1,178 NA 055 1,178 2 055 1,178 NA 055 1,178 2 055 1,168 NA 055 1,178 2 055 1,168 NA 055 1,178 2 055 1,178 NA 055 1,178 2 055 1,168 NA 055 1,178 2 055 1,178 NA 055 1,178 2 055 1,178 NA 055 1,178 2 055 1,178 NA 055 1,176 2 055 1,178 NA 055 1,072 2 055 1,072 NA 055 1,077 2 055 | | Honda Auto Receivables 2017-3 Owner Trust | I | 11 | ' | US\$ | 1,385 | N/A | US\$ | 1,385 | |
| - - - - - 0.53 1.273 0.04 0.55 1.273 - - - 0.55 1.218 N/A 0.55 1.243 - - 0.55 1.218 N/A 0.55 1.243 - - 0.55 1.218 N/A 0.55 1.243 - - 0.55 1.178 N/A 0.55 1.243 - - 0.55 1.178 N/A 0.55 1.178 - - 0.55 1.168 N/A 0.55 1.168 - - 0.55 1.168 N/A 0.55 1.168 - - 0.55 1.178 N/A 0.55 1.168 - - 0.55 1.072 N/A 0.55 1.077 - - - 0.55 1 | | 10yota Auto Receivables 2018-D Owner 1 rust | T | <i>1</i> , | | 45U 3011 | 1,241 | N/A | 4CU 3211 | 1,241 | |
| 2 0.5 1.231 N/A 0.55 1.245 2 0.5 1.218 N/A 0.55 1.245 2 0.5 1.218 N/A 0.55 1.218 2 0.5 1.178 N/A 0.55 1.218 2 0.5 1.178 N/A 0.55 1.178 2 0.5 1.178 N/A 0.55 1.168 7 0.5 1.178 N/A 0.55 1.168 7 0.5 1.168 N/A 0.55 1.168 8 1.68 1.68 N/A 0.55 1.168 9 0.55 1.168 N/A 0.55 1.072 8 1.68 1.072 N/A 0.55 1.072 8 1.035 1.072 N/A 0.55 1.072 8 1.035 1.013 N/A 0.55 1.072 9 1.03 1.03 N/A 0.55 1.073 <td></td> <td>Mission Arte I acco Turnet 2010 A</td> <td>T</td> <td>=</td> <td></td> <td>46U 3911</td> <td>1 242</td> <td>A/M</td> <td>400 1100</td> <td>1 2 4 2</td> <td></td> | | Mission Arte I acco Turnet 2010 A | T | = | | 46U 3911 | 1 242 | A/M | 400 1100 | 1 2 4 2 | |
| 2 0.5 1.21 N.A. 0.55 1.21 - - 0.55 1.18 N.A. 0.55 1.218 - - 0.55 1.178 N.A. 0.55 1.178 - - 0.55 1.178 N.A. 0.55 1.178 - - 0.55 1.168 N.A. 0.55 1.168 - - 0.55 1.168 N.A. 0.55 1.165 - - 0.55 1.168 N.A. 0.55 1.165 - - 0.55 1.166 N.A. 0.55 1.165 - - 0.55 1.165 N.A. 0.55 1.165 - - 0.55 1.166 N.A. 0.55 1.165 - - 0.55 1.166 N.A. 0.55 1.072 - - 0.55 1.037 N.A. 0.55 1.072 - - 0.55 1.047 N.A. 0.55 1.047 - - 0.55 1.013 N.A. 0.55 1.047 - - 0.55 1.013 N.A. 0.55 1.047 | | Missair Auto Lease 11ust 2017-A | 1 1 | | | \$S11 | 1 231 | N/A | \$S11 | 1 231 | |
| - - <td></td> <td>Cutator Isouanty 11ust GM Financial Automobile Leasing Trust 2019.4</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$S11</td> <td>1 218</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>\$S11</td> <td>1 2 18</td> <td></td> | | Cutator Isouanty 11ust GM Financial Automobile Leasing Trust 2019.4 | | | | \$S11 | 1 218 | N/A | \$S11 | 1 2 18 | |
| - - <td></td> <td>Morean Stanley Canital I Trust 2019-H6</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$S11</td> <td>1 188</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>\$S11</td> <td>1 188</td> <td></td> | | Morean Stanley Canital I Trust 2019-H6 | | | | \$S11 | 1 188 | N/A | \$S11 | 1 188 | |
| - - US\$ 1,168 N/A US\$ 1,168 - - - US\$ 1,165 N/A US\$ 1,165 - - - US\$ 1,165 N/A US\$ 1,165 - - - US\$ 1,165 N/A US\$ 1,165 - - US\$ 1,165 N/A US\$ 1,138 - - US\$ 1,138 N/A US\$ 1,138 - - US\$ 1,072 N/A US\$ 1,072 - - US\$ 1,047 N/A US\$ 1,047 - - US\$ 1,047 N/A US\$ 1,047 - - US\$ 1,012 N/A US\$ 1,047 - - US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 - - - US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 - - US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 - - US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 | | Benchmark 2019-B14 Mortgage Trust | ı | | | US\$ | 1,178 | N/A | US\$ | 1,178 | |
| 2 1.165 N/A USS 1.165 N/A USS 1.165 - - - USS 1.167 N/A USS 1.165 - - - USS 1.138 N/A USS 1.165 - - USS 1.072 N/A USS 1.072 - - USS 1.072 N/A USS 1.072 - - USS 1.072 N/A USS 1.047 - - USS 1.025 N/A USS 1.047 - - USS 1.013 N/A USS 1.013 - - - USS 1.013 N/A USS 1.013 - - - USS 1.013 N/A USS 1.013 - - - USS 1.013 N/A USS 1.013 | | GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2014-GC24 | ı | " | | US\$ | 1.168 | N/A | US\$ | 1.168 | |
| - n - US\$ 1,138 N/A US\$ 1,138 - - US\$ 1,072 N/A US\$ 1,072 - - US\$ 1,072 N/A US\$ 1,072 - - US\$ 1,072 N/A US\$ 1,072 - - US\$ 1,047 N/A US\$ 1,047 - - US\$ 1,025 N/A US\$ 1,047 - - US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 | | Hvundai Auto Receivables Trust 2019-B | Ţ | 11 | | US\$ | 1.165 | N/A | US\$ | 1.165 | |
| 2 US\$ 1,072 N/A US\$ 1,072 US\$ 1,047 N/A US\$ 1,047 US\$ 1,047 N/A US\$ 1,047 US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,025 US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 US\$ 1,013 US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 | | GM Financial Consumer Automobile Receivables Trust 2018-1 | ı | II. | | US\$ | 1.138 | N/A | US\$ | 1,138 | |
| - US\$ 1,047 N/A US\$ 1,047 N/A US\$ 1,047 - US\$ 1,025 N/A US\$ 1,025 - US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 - US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 | | GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2019-GSA1 | ı | II. | | US\$ | 1.072 | N/A | US\$ | 1.072 | |
| - US\$ 1,025 N/A US\$ 1,025 - US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 - US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 - US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 - US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 | | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2013-C12 | ı | II. | | US\$ | 1.047 | N/A | US\$ | 1.047 | |
| <u>US\$ 1,013</u> N/A US\$ 1,013 - <u>US\$ 1,013</u> N/A US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 | | Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust 2017-REV1 | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,025 | N/A | US\$ | 1,025 | |
| US\$ 1,013 N/A US\$ 1,013 | | COMM 2013-LC6 Mortgage Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,013 | N/A | US\$ | 1,013 | |
| | | Ford Credit Auto Lease Trust 2019-A | I | и | | US\$ | 1,013 | N/A | US\$ | 1,013 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

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|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|
| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units | Carrying Value | g Value Perce | Percentage of | Fair | Fair Value | Note |
| | | ^X | | (In Thousands) | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | urrencies sands) | Ownership (%) | (Foreign in Tho | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | |
| TSMC Global | WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2011-C4 | | Financial assets at fair value through other | | \$SU | 1,006 | N/A | US\$ | 1,006 | |
| | Benchmark 2019-B9 Mortsage Trust | | | | US\$ | 980 | N/A | US\$ | 980 | |
| | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-GC11 | | 11 | | US\$ | 779 | N/A | US\$ | 777 | |
| | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-GC27 | | и | 1 | US\$ | 970 | N/A | US\$ | 970 | |
| | Hyundai Auto Lease Securitization Trust 2019-A | ı | и | | US\$ | 964 | N/A | US\$ | 964 | |
| | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2013-C13 | | 11 | | US\$ | 952 | N/A | US\$ | 952 | |
| | COMM 2012-CCRE5 Mortgage Trust | ı | н | · | US\$ | 934 | N/A | US\$ | 934 | |
| | Toyota Auto Receivables 2020-A Owner Trust | ı | и | | US\$ | 928 | N/A | US\$ | 928 | |
| | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-LC20 | | н | | US\$ | 919 | N/A | US\$ | 919 | |
| | BBCMS MORTGAGE TRUST 2017-CI | | и | | US\$ | 895 | N/A | US\$ | 895 | |
| | Benchmark 2019-B15 Mortgage Trust | | и | | US\$ | 841 | N/A | CO SSO | 841 | |
| | 280 Park Avenue 2017-280P Mortgage Trust | | ". | I | \$SU | 830 | N/A | \$SU | 830 | |
| | GM Financial Automobile Leasing Trust 2019-2 | | ll . | | \$SU | 826 | N/A | \$SU | 820 | |
| | BANK 2017-BNK/ | I | 11 | | SSU \$20 | 818 | N/A | 125 120 | 818 | |
| | Cantor Commercial Real Estate Lending 2019-CF1 | | | | 4SU 1194 | 16/ | N/A N/A | 4SU 3211 | 161 | |
| | Citizensis Commercial Mestance Trust 2014 CC22 | 1 | | | 400 1100 | 061 | V/N | 1100 | 061 | |
| | Citigroup Commercial Morteage Trust 2015-0025 | | 2 2 | | \$S11 | 773 | N/A | \$S11 | 773 | |
| | Tovota Auto Receivables 2017-A Owner Trust | | | | \$SIL | 764 | N/A | \$SI1 | 764 | |
| | BANK 2019-BNK23 | | | | US\$ | 741 | N/A | US\$ | 741 | |
| | Morgan Stanlev Capital I Trust 2019-H7 | | " | , | US\$ | 733 | N/A | US\$ | 733 | |
| | COMM 2013-CCRE8 Mortgage Trust | | n n | | US\$ | 716 | N/A | US\$ | 716 | |
| | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-NXS3 | | Ш | I | US\$ | 696 | N/A | US\$ | 696 | |
| | GM Financial Automobile Leasing Trust 2019-1 | | 11 | ı | US\$ | 672 | N/A | US\$ | 672 | |
| | GM Financial Automobile Leasing Trust 2019-3 | , | 11 | | US\$ | 655 | N/A | US\$ | 655 | |
| | COMM 2015-CCRE22 Mortgage Trust | , | 11 | | US\$ | 627 | N/A | US\$ | 627 | |
| | Mercedes-Benz Auto Lease Trust 2019-A | ı | и | , | US\$ | 617 | N/A | US\$ | 617 | |
| | GS Mortgage Securities Corp Trust 2020-UPTN | | 11 | | SSU | 602 | N/A | US\$ | 602 | |
| | CD 2016-CD2 Mortgage Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 503 | N/A | US\$ | 503 | |
| | JPMDB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2019-COR6 | | 11 | | SOU (SS) | 500 | N/A | US\$ | 500 | |
| | JP Morgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 492 | N/A | US\$ | 492 | |
| | 2015-JPI Citiaroun Commercial Mortgage Trust 2014-GC10 | , | | | 119.0 | 444 | N/A | 2011 | 444 | |
| | Chesanaake Funding II I C | | | | \$511 | 403 | N/A | 115\$ | 403 | |
| | DBUBS 2011-LC2 Mortgage Trust | | | | US\$ | 392 | N/A | US\$ | 392 | |
| | WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2014-C25 | | ll I | 1 | US\$ | 385 | N/A | US\$ | 385 | |
| | GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2014-GC26 | | 11 | , | US\$ | 383 | N/A | US\$ | 383 | |
| | UBS-Barclays Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-C5 | | Ш | | SOU | 370 | N/A | US\$ | 370 | |
| | Mercedes-Benz Auto Lease Trust 2018-B | | н | | US\$ | 368 | N/A | US\$ | 368 | |
| | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2012-C5 | | <i>1</i> , | I | 115 \$ | 19/ 166 | N/A N/A | 4SU 115¢ | 19/ 166 | |
| | COMM 2015-DC1 Mortgage Trust | 1 1 | z z | | 400 1100 | 165 | N/A | 1100 | 165 | |
| | COMPAZIONO DA MARIENES TILAN | | | | \$S11 | 156 | N/A | \$S11 | 156 | |
| | Tovota Auto Receivables 2018-R Owner Trust | | | | \$S11 | 132 | N/A | \$SII | 132 | |
| | BBCMS Mortgage Trust 2020-C7 | | | | US\$ | 110 | N/A | US\$ | 110 | |
| | CFCRE Commercial Mortgage Trust 2011-C1 | | n, | , | US\$ | 73 | N/A | US\$ | 73 | |
| | COMM 2014-CCRE15 Mortgage Trust | | ll I | 1 | US\$ | 46 | N/A | US\$ | 46 | |
| | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-NXS1 | ı | и | I | US\$ | 36 | N/A | US\$ | 36 | |
| | الأحمد معداد المعاطما مصنافينا فيتحمدهم معدده | | | | | | | | | |
| | <u>ivon-puoncy traced equity investments</u> Primavera Capital Fund II L.P. | | Financial assets at fair value through other | | US\$ | 81,161 | 4 | US\$ | 81,161 | |
| | | | comprehensive income | | | | | | | |
| | - | | - | | | | | | - | (Continued) |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

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| | | | | | | December 31, 2020 | 1,2020 | | | |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Value Irrencies ands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | alue urrencies sands) | Note |
| VTAF II | <u>Non-publicly traded equity investments</u> Aether Systems, Inc. | | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1,085 | US\$ | 386 | 20 | \$SU | 386 | |
| | 5V Technologies, Inc. | , | comprehensive income | 4 | | | | | | |
| | Publicly traded stocks Sentelic Corporation | · | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | 1,019 | \$SU | 1,778 | ŝ | US\$ | 1,778 | |
| VTAF III | <u>Non-publicly traded equity investments</u> LiquidLeds Lighting Corp. | | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1,952 | US\$ | 800 | 14 | US\$ | 800 | |
| | Neoconix, Inc. | | comprehensive income | 4,147 | US\$ | 174 | , | US\$ | 174 | |
| Growth Fund | <u>Non-publicly traded equity investments</u> Innovium, Inc. | | Financial assets at fair value through other | 230 | US\$ | 1,863 | , | US\$ | 1,863 | |
| | Innovium, Inc. | | | 221 | US\$ | 1,793 | ı | US\$ | 1,793 | |
| | CNEX Labs, Inc. | I | Ш | 237 | US\$ | 479 | | US\$ | 479 | |
| | Astera Labs, Inc. | | Ш | 127 | US\$ | 250 | | US\$ | 250 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | (Concluded) |

TABLE 4

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| | Markatahla Sacuritias | Rinancial Statement | | Nature of | Beginning Balance | ; Balance | Y | Acquisition | | | | Disposa | sal | • | | | Ending Balance (Note) | nce (Not | (e) |
|--------------|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|-------------|----------|--------------------------------|-------|----------|----------------|----------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|---------|
| Company Name | | Account | Counterparty | Relationship | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Amount | t Shares/Units (In Thousands) | | Amount (| Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Ame | Amount 0 | Carrying Value | | Gain/Loss on Disposal | n Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Units sands) | Amount | unt |
| TSMC Global | <u>Corporate bond</u> Bank of America Corp | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1 | ı | | US\$ 46,084 |)84 | - US\$ | 35,954 | , | \$SU | 25,078 | US\$ 23 | 23,852 L | US\$ 1,226 | 26 | ı | US\$ 5 | 58,724 |
| | Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group | comprehensive income n | ı | ı | ı | US\$ 21,332 | 332 | - US\$ | 16,408 | I | US\$ | 3,583 | US\$ | 3,565 L | US\$ 1 | 18 | ' | US\$ 3 | 34,946 |
| | Inc AbbVie Inc | 11 | ı | ı | | US\$ 31,425 | 125 | - US\$ | 30,755 | 1 | US\$ | 30,437 | US\$ 3(| - | US\$ 214 | 14 | ' | | 33,716 |
| - | Goldman Sachs Group Inc/The | Ш | | | 1 | | 789 | - US\$ | 18,529 | ' | US\$ | 15,109 | | | US\$ 347 | 17 | 1 | | 29,809 |
| | JPMorgan Chase & Co | Ц | ı | ı | , | | 325 | - US\$ | 11,988 | ' | US\$ | 4,033 | | | | 33 | ī | | 29,759 |
| | Wells Fargo & Co | " | ı | I | I | - | 364 | - US\$ | 17,277 | I | US\$ | 4,109 | | | | 153 | I | | 26,074 |
| - | Metropolitan Life Global Funding | 11 | ı | ı | I | US\$ 8,2 | 8,222 | - US\$ | 22,410 | 1 | US\$ | 9,691 | US\$ | 9,427 L | US\$ 264 | 54 | 1 | US\$ 2 | 21,597 |
| | I Bristol-Myers Squibb Co | 11 | ı | ı | 1 | US\$ 21,666 | 100 | - US\$ | 26,225 | | US\$ | 27,630 | US\$ 27 | 27,393 L | US\$ 237 | 37 | ' | US\$ | 21,090 |
| - | Mizuho Financial Group Inc | Ш | ı | I | 1 | US\$ 10,307 | 307 | - US\$ | 14,034 | 1 | US\$ | 3,862 | | - | | 88 | 1 | | 20,795 |
| - | Toyota Motor Credit Corp | Ш | | ı | I | | 1 | - US\$ | 18,775 | ' | US\$ | 1 | | - | US\$ | 1 | I | | 19,401 |
| - | HSBC Holdings PLC | 11 | · | ı | ' | US\$ 20,102 | 102 | - US\$ | 9,739 | ' | US\$ | 14,126 | US\$ 13 | 13,853 L | US\$ 273 | 73 | 1 | US\$ 1 | 16,113 |
| - | Hyundai Capital America | 11 | | ı | | | 3,187 | - US\$ | 12,872 | ' | US\$ | 406 | | _ | | 6 | 1 | | 15,983 |
| - | Santander UK PLC | 11 | | ı | | | 8,272 | - US\$ | 11,560 | ' | US\$ | 4,480 | | | 1 | 58 | 1 | | 15,704 |
| - | Volkswagen Group of America | 11 | | | | US\$ 3,8 | 3,896 | - US\$ | 13,134 | ' | US\$ | 1,777 | US\$ | 1,754 U | US\$ 2 | 23 | | US\$] | 15,417 |
| - | Finance LLC National Securities Clearing Corp | 11 | 1 | 1 | I | US\$ | | - US\$ | 15.211 | 1 | US\$ | 1.473 | US\$ | 1.449 L | US\$ 2 | 24 | | US\$ 1 | 14.129 |
| - | Llovds Banking Group PLC | | , | ı | 1 | | 2.359 | | 10.734 | , | \$511 | | | - | | | 1 | | 3.428 |
| | AT&T Inc | " | | | , | 0 | 40 | - US\$ | 15,881 | 1 | US\$ | 30,123 | | 28,835 L | US\$ 1.288 | 88 | I | | 13,180 |
| - | Chevron Corp | Ш | ı | ı | | | 1 | - US\$ | 13,770 | | US\$ | 1,574 | | | | 44 | 1 | | 12,771 |
| - | Royal Bank of Canada | Ш | | | 1 | | 1,004 | - US\$ | 15,844 | ' | US\$ | 5,082 | | - | | 66 | 1 | | 12,271 |
| | Guardian Life Global Funding | 11 | ı | ı | | | 1,502 | - US\$ | 10,601 | | US\$ | ' | US\$ | - | US\$ | | 1 | | 12,187 |
| | US Bancorp | 11 | | ı | | | 2,028 | - US\$ | 11,094 | ' | US\$ | 2,000 | | 1,953 L | | 47 | ī | | 11,651 |
| | American Honda Finance Corp | " | | ı | , | | 1 | - US\$ | 11,210 | ' | US\$ | 1 | US\$ | - | | 1 | I | | 11,354 |
| | Amazon.com Inc | " | ı | ı | | | 1,018 | - US\$ | 10,687 | | US\$ | 1,054 | | - | | 78 | 1 | | 10,846 |
| | TJX Cos Inc/The | Ш | | ı | | | 1 | - US\$ | 12,500 | ' | US\$ | 3,429 | | | | 6/ | ŀ | | 10,563 |
| | Verizon Communications Inc | Ш | | ı | | | 14,058 | - US\$ | 9,489 | ' | US\$ | 13,490 | | - | | 31 | , | | 10,558 |
| | Equinor ASA | 11 | ı | I | | US\$ | 1 | - US\$ | 11,811 | | US\$ | 3,052 | | | | 53 | 1 | US\$ | 9,635 |
| | Exxon Mobil Corp | 11 | ı | ı | I | | 1 | - US\$ | 17,331 | ' | US\$ | 10,272 | | | | 17 | i. | US\$ | 7,576 |
| | CVS Health Corp | 11 | | ı | | 2 | 242 | - US\$ | 4,205 | ' | US\$ | 21,034 | | | | 29 | 1 | US\$ | 5,981 |
| - | Fox Corp | 11 | | | | | 7,331 | - US\$ | 10,171 | | US\$ | 12,216 | | | | 27 | | US\$ | 5,483 |
| | ERAC USA Finance LLC | Ш | | ı | | - | 904 | - US\$ | 3,659 | | US\$ | 11,312 | | - | | 53 | 1 | US\$ | 4,298 |
| - | JPMorgan Chase & Co | Ш | | | | | 7,849 | - US\$ | 7,837 | ' | US\$ | 11,950 | | - | | 31 | ŀ | US\$ | 3,981 |
| - | Hewlett Packard Enterprise Co | " | | ı | | - | 561 | - US\$ | 3,863 | ' | US\$ | 11,564 | | - | | 22 | 1 | US\$ | 3,439 |
| | Walt Disney Co/The | " | ı | I | I | | 3,246 | - US\$ | 23,391 | ' | US\$ | 25,026 | | - | |)3 | I | US\$ | 3,058 |
| | General Dynamics Corp | Ш | | ı | ' | | 6,297 | - US\$ | 9,418 | ' | US\$ | 15,546 | | 14,412 L | US\$ 1,134 | 24 | ı | | 1,238 |
| | Wells Fargo & Co | Financial assets at amortized | | ı | | US\$ 160,098 | 96 | - US\$ | 20,630 | ' | US\$ | | US\$ | - | US\$ | | I | US\$ 18 | 180,487 |
| | Citigroup Global Market Inc. | cost " | | | | | | - US\$ | 100,000 | | US\$ | 1 | US\$ | ر | US\$ | | 1 | S \$SN | 99,965 |
| | JPMorgan Chase & Co. | " | | | | US\$ 84.967 | 167 | - US\$ | 10.111 | | US\$ | 1 | US\$ | - | JS\$ | | 1 | | 95.058 |
| - | Goldman Sachs Group Inc/The | 1 | , | 1 | ' | | | - US\$ | 14.930 | ' | US\$ | ' | US\$ | - | US\$ | 1 | 1 | | 14.930 |
| | Jacob man mumo | : | | | | | | | 2226. 4 | | } | | 1 | | ż | | | | 2 |

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(Continued)

| | | | | 4 | Beginnin; | Beginning Balance | | Acquisition | 0 U | | | Disposal | | | | Ending Balance (Note) | alance (N | ote) |
|--------------|---|---|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------|------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------|------------------|
| Company Name | Type and Name | FILIALICIAL STATEMENT Account | Counterparty | Relationship | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Amount | | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | mount | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Amount | | Carrying Value | Gain/Loss on Disposal | | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | | Amount |
| TSMC Global | Government bond United States Treasury Note/Bond Financial assets at fair value through other | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1 | ' | 1 1 1 | US\$ 419,942 | | | US\$ 683,985 | | US\$ 836 | 836,067 US\$ | \$ 817,467 | US\$ 1 | 18,600 | | US\$ | 287,012 |
| | United States Treasury Note/Bond | comprehensive income | | | ı | US\$ | 1 | - 0 | US\$ 243,371 | | US\$ 60 | 60,688 US\$ | \$ 60,688 | US\$ | 1 | | US\$ | 182,533 |
| | Agency bonds/Agency mortgage-backed securities Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac | Financial assets at fair value | | , | | US\$ | | <u>ñ</u> | US\$ 671,704 | | US\$ 630 | 630,072 US\$ | \$ 628,929 | \$SU | 1,143 | | US\$ | 42,872 |
| | | through other comprehensive income | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ginnie Mae | " | 1 | , | 1 | \$SU | 1 | - | (1) | I | | | 329,5 | US\$ | 362 | | US\$ | 41,775 |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool Ginnie Mae II Pool | | | | | US\$ | | | US\$ 31,529 | | US\$ | | \$ \$ 81 | US\$ | (4) | | US\$ | 31,812 31787 |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool | | | | | ns\$ | | | | | us\$ | - US\$ | , , , , , ee | US\$ | | | US\$ | 31,756 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | 11 | | ' | 1 | US\$ | 1 | - - | | 1 | | | | US\$ | ' ' | | US\$ | 31,174 |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool Ginnie Mae II Pool | " | | | | US\$ | | | US\$ 30,824 US\$ 28,376 | | US\$ 2 | 2,420 US\$ - US\$ | \$ 2,406 | US\$ | 14 | | US\$ | 28,723 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | | | | | US\$ | | | | | US\$ | 243 US\$ | \$ 253 | US\$ | (10) | | US\$ | 28,188 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | н | | ' | 1 | | ' | - | | 1 | | | | US\$ | (9) | ' | US\$ | 24,963 |
| | FNMA TBA 30 Yr 4 Eroddio Moo Bool | | | ' | ' | US\$ 17,3 | 17,372 | | US\$ 413,102 | ' | US\$ 409 | 409,695 US\$ | \$ 409,435 ¢ 6 %06 | US\$ | 260 70 | 1 | US\$ | 21,036 |
| | FNMA TBA 30 Yr 3.5 | " | | | | | 9,259 | | 47 | | ìn | | ŝ | US\$ | 219 219 | | ten | 19,673 |
| | GNMA II TBA 30 Yr 3.5 | 11 | , | ' | 1 | _ | 10,517 | - n | | 1 | | | | US\$ | 280 | | US\$ | 18,900 |
| | Ginnie Mae | | | ' | 1 | US\$ | 1 | 0 I - | US\$ 150,623 | 1 | US\$ 132 | 132,937 US\$ | \$ 132,781 \$ 1,004 | US\$ | 156 | | US\$ | 17,896 |
| | Familie Mae Fool Ginnie Mae II Pool | | | | | tsu US\$ | | <u>ק</u> ר ייי | | | | - | | US\$ | - | | ten SSU | 17,474 |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool | " | | ' | 1 | US\$ | | 0 - | | ' | US\$ | - | | US\$ | (11) | ' | US\$ | 15,890 |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool | " | 1 | ' | 1 | US\$ 15 (| - 10 | - | | 1 | US\$ 517 | | | US\$ | (42) | | US\$ | 14,294 |
| | Freddie Mac | | | | | | 696 | ם כ ייי | US\$ 15.872 | | ň. | 2.926 US\$ | \$ 3.119 | ¢en | (193) | | een SSU | 14,249 13.631 |
| | Freddie Mac Gold Pool | " | 1 | ' | 1 | | | - n | | 1 | | | | US\$ | (139) | | US\$ | 9,723 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | н | ı | ' | 1 | | | - | ' | I | | | | US\$ | (31) | ı | US\$ | 8,515 |
| | FNMA TBA 30 Yr 4.5 Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac | " | | | | US\$ 20,165 11S\$ 987 | ,165 987 | | US\$ 369,946 US\$ 207.006 | | US\$ 382 | 382,027 US\$ 202-126 US\$ | \$ 381,698 \$ 201841 | US\$ | 329 285 | | SSU SSU | 8,394 6 155 |
| | GNMA II TBA 30 Yr 4.5 | | | , | | | 7,496 | 0 c | | | | _ | | US\$ | 63 | | US\$ | 5,381 |
| | Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac | " | ı | 1 | 1 | | 1 | - D | | 1 | | - | | US\$ | (20) | | US\$ | 4,377 |
| | Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac | 11 | | ' | 1 | US\$ | | - - | US\$ 28,040 | 1 | US\$ 24 | 24,518 US\$ | \$ 24,461 | US\$ | 57 | ' | US\$ | 3,592 |
| | FAILITE MAG OF FREQUE INTAC GNMA II TBA 30 Yr 4 | | | | | ten SSD | | <u>ם</u> נ | US\$ 36,042 | | - | | | ten NS\$ | 1,914 112 | | ten NS\$ | cc2,c 1,067 |
| | Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac | " | | ' | 1 | US\$ | , | 0 - | US\$ 25,440 | 1 | | - | \$ 24,658 | US\$ | 60 | ' | US\$ | 782 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | 11 | | ' | 1 | | 16,230 | - - | - \$SD | 1 | | | | US\$ | 265 | | US\$ | T |
| | Fannie Mae Pool Eroddio Mag Cold Dool | " | 1 | ' | 1 | US\$ 11.5 | 11,962 | ב ב י | - \$SU | I | US\$ 12 | 12,0/9 US\$ | \$ 11,900 ¢ 10,125 | 115¢ | 6/1 | | 4SU | |
| | Freddie Mac Pool | | | | | | | <u>ס</u> ר יי | US\$ 30.881 | | | | | US\$ | (221) | | SSU US\$ | |
| | Freddie Mac Pool | " | , | , | 1 | US\$ | , | - n - | | I | | _ | | US\$ | 121 | | US\$ | 1 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | 11 | , | , | 1 | | 163 | 0 - | - \$SU | I | | | | US\$ | 518 | | US\$ | 1 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | 11 | | ' | 1 | US\$ 13,261 | 261 | - - | | 1 | | | | US\$ | 119 | | US\$ | I |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool Emuis Mas Baol | " | ' | ' | 1 | US\$ | - 02, | | US\$ 29,498 | I | US\$ 29 | 29,527 US\$ 40.797 115¢ | \$ 29,476 \$ 40,200 | US\$ | 51 | | SSU \$ | 1 |
| | Famile Mae Pool Fannie Mae Pool | | | | | - +0,420 | oc+ | ם כ ייי | US\$ 42.143 | | | - | | \$SI1 | 000 43 | | \$SU | |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | " | , | , | 1 | US\$ 22,677 | 777 | - 0 | | | | - | | US\$ | 832 | ' | US\$ | 1 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | " | | ' | 1 | SU \$ | 1 | - - | | 1 | | | | \$SU | (2) | | US\$ | I |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool | 11 | | ' | 1 | US\$ | 1 | - - | US\$ 19,016 | ' | US\$ 18 | 18,664 US\$ | \$ 19,009 | US\$ | (345) | | US\$ | I |
| | | | | | | | _ | _ | | | | _ | | | | | 0 | (Continued) |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

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| | | | | | Beginnin | ginning Balance | Acqui | Acquisition | | | | Disposal | al | | | | Ending Balance (Note) | ance (No | ote) |
|--------------|--|---|--------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------------|---------|--------------------------------|---------|-----------|----------------|-----------|--------------------------|-------|--------------------------------|----------|--------|
| Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Financial Statement Account | Counterparty | Nature of Relationship | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Amount | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Amount | | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Amount | | Carrying Value | | Gain/Loss on Disposal | | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Am | Amount |
| TSMC Global | Fannie Mae Pool | Financial assets at fair value through other | I | ı | 1 | | ı | US\$ 2 | 27,694 | ı | US\$ 2 | 27,598 1 | US\$ 27, | 27,659 U | US\$ (| (61) | | \$SU | I |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | | | , | | | 1 | US\$ 2 | 26,299 | 1 | US\$ 2 | 27,107 1 | US\$ 26. | 26,265 U | US\$ 8 | 842 | 1 | US\$ | 1 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | ш | , | ı | 1 | US\$ 43,455 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | _ | | _ | | 456 | | US\$ | ' |
| _ | Fannie Mae Pool | Ш | | | | US\$ 6,072 | | US\$ | 4,451 | 1 | US\$ 1 | 10,551 1 | US\$ 10, | 10,512 U | US\$ | 39 | , | US\$ | 1 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | Ш | , | | | US\$ 16,122 | ' | US\$ | 1 | | US\$ 1 | 16,194 1 | US\$ 16, | 16,095 U | JS\$ | 66 | | US\$ | 1 |
| _ | Fannie Mae Pool | Ш | | | | - \$SU | ' | US\$ 2 | 28,876 | ' | US\$ 2 | 28,743 1 | US\$ 28, | 28,875 U | US\$ (1 | 132) | 1 | US\$ | 1 |
| _ | Fannie Mae Pool | н | ' | ı | | - \$SU | , | | 25,431 | ' | US\$ 2 | 26,008 1 | US\$ 25, | - | US\$ 6 | 615 | ' | US\$ | ' |
| _ | Freddie Mac Pool | н | | ı | | - \$SU | , | | 30,971 | 1 | | _ | | 30,964 U | | 172 | , | US\$ | ' |
| _ | Fannie Mae Pool | Ш | | | | US\$ 11,248 | | US\$ | 1 | | US\$ 1 | 11,350 1 | US\$ 11, | 11,003 U | US\$ 3 | 347 | | US\$ | 1 |
| _ | Fannie Mae Pool | Ш | | | | US\$ 19,901 | | US\$ | 1 | | US\$ 2 | 20,081 1 | US\$ 19, | 19,418 U | US\$ 6 | 663 | | US\$ | 1 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | Ш | | | | - \$SU | | US\$ 4 | 40,590 | 1 | US\$ 4 | 41,110 1 | US\$ 40, | 40,555 U | US\$ 5. | 555 | | US\$ | ' |
| | Freddie Mac Pool | 11 | | | | - \$SU | | US\$ 1 | 13,065 | I | US\$ 1 | 13,073 1 | US\$ 13, | 13,044 U | US\$ | 29 | | US\$ | 1 |
| _ | Freddie Mac Pool | Ш | | | | - \$SU | ' | US\$ 1 | 12,107 | ' | US\$ 1 | 12,146 1 | US\$ 12, | 12,080 U | US\$ | 66 | 1 | US\$ | 1 |
| _ | Freddie Mac Pool | Ш | | | | US\$ 12,628 | | US\$ | 1 | | US\$ 1 | 12,111 1 | US\$ 11, | 11,994 U | US\$ 1 | 117 | | US\$ | 1 |
| _ | FNMA TBA 30 Yr 5 | Ш | | | | US\$ 3,603 | | US\$ 6 | 62,210 | 1 | US\$ 6 | 65,896 1 | US\$ 65, | 65,813 U | US\$ | 83 | | US\$ | ' |
| _ | Ginnie Mae | и | | ı | | - \$SU | | US\$ 1 | 17,223 | I | US\$ 1 | 17,315 1 | US\$ 17, | 17,223 U | US\$ | 92 | | US\$ | 1 |
| | FNMA TBA 30 Yr 3 | и | , | ı | , | US\$ 2,028 | , | US\$ 72 | 721,017 | I | US\$ 72 | 723,739 1 | US\$ 722, | 722,965 U | US\$ 7 | 774 | | US\$ | ' |
| | FNMA TBA 15 Yr 3 | и | | ı | , | US\$ 3,073 | , | US\$ | 9,656 | I | US\$ 1 | 12,739 1 | US\$ 12, | 12,724 U | US\$ | 15 | | US\$ | ' |
| | Freddie Mac Pool | Ш | | | | - \$SU | | US\$ 1 | 19,031 | | US\$ 1 | 19,456 1 | US\$ 19, | 19,002 U | US\$ 4 | 454 | | US\$ | 1 |
| | Freddie Mac Gold Pool | н | | ı | 1 | US\$ 12,480 | 1 | US\$ | , | 1 | | _ | | 12,132 U | | 419 | , | US\$ | 1 |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool | н | 1 | 1 | I | US\$ 513 | | | 13,356 | I | | - | | - | | 4 | | US\$ | 1 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | Ш | | | | - \$SU | ' | | 35,024 | | | - | | - | | 445 | | US\$ | 1 |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool | Ш | | 1 | I | - \$SU | ' | | 12,270 | 1 | | - | | - | | 83 | ' | US\$ | ' |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | Ш | | | ı | - \$SU | ' | | 12,751 | I | | - | | - | | 51 | | US\$ | ' |
| _ | Fannie Mae Pool | н | ı | I | I | - \$SU | 1 | | 31,593 | I | | 31,900 1 | US\$ 31, | 31,554 U | US\$ 3. | 346 | | US\$ | 1 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | н | | ı | | - \$SU | , | US\$ 1 | 16,331 | 1 | US\$ 1 | 16,375 1 | US\$ 16, | 16,327 U | US\$ | 48 | | US\$ | ' |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | н | | ı | | - \$SU | , | US\$ 4 | 49,131 | I | US\$ 4 | 48,934 1 | US\$ 49, | 49,083 U | US\$ (1- | 149) | | US\$ | ' |
| _ | Fannie Mae Pool | Ш | | | | US\$ 6,284 | | US\$ | 7,821 | | US\$ 1 | 14,163 1 | US\$ 14, | 14,070 U | US\$ | 93 | | US\$ | 1 |
| _ | Fannie Mae Pool | Ш | | | | - \$SU | | US\$ 3 | 30,870 | 1 | US\$ 3 | 30,603 1 | US\$ 30, | 30,863 U | US\$ (2 | 260) | | US\$ | ' |
| _ | GNMA II Pool MA6090 | Ш | | | | US\$ 16,840 | | US\$ | 1 | I | US\$ 1 | 17,140 1 | US\$ 16, | 16,943 U | US\$ 1 | 197 | ' | US\$ | ' |
| | GNMA II Pool MA6155 | и | , | ı | , | US\$ 23,932 | , | US\$ | ' | I | US\$ 2 | 23,946 1 | US\$ 24, | 24,029 U | US\$ (| (83) | | US\$ | ' |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool | н | | ı | | US\$ 5,285 | , | US\$ 1 | 16,418 | I | | 21,492 1 | US\$ 21, | 21,683 U | Ŭ | (191) | | US\$ | ' |
| _ | Fannie Mae Pool | н | , | 1 | | - \$SU | , | US\$ 1 | 19,011 | 1 | US\$ 1 | 19,004 1 | US\$ 19, | 19,004 U | US\$ | , | | US\$ | ' |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | _ | | | |

(Concluded)

Note: The ending balance includes the amortization of premium/discount on bonds investments and other related adjustment.

TABLE 5

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES AT COSTS OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| | Other Terms | None | (Louising) |
|--|---|---|------------|
| | Purpose of Acquisition | Manufacturing purpose | |
| | Price Reference | Price comparison and price negotiation | |
| party | Amount | V/V | |
| elated Counter- | Transfer Date | N/A | |
| Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | Relationships | N/A | |
| Prior | Owner | NA | |
| | Nature of Relationships | | |
| | Counter-party | 80 counterparties (Note 1), including : ABB Ltd. Accudevice Co., Ltd. Air Liquide Far Eastern Ltd. Allis Electric Co., Ltd. Am-Power Machine International Enterprise Co., Ltd. Atlas Technology Corp. Co., Ltd. Atlas Copco Taiwan Ltd. Ltd. Chenfull International Co., Ltd. Chenfull International Co., Ltd. Cheng Deh Fire Protection Industrial Corp. China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. Chun Yuan Steel Industry Co., Ltd. Con, Ltd. Con, Ltd. Con, Ltd. Confederate Technology Co., Ltd. Da-Cin Construction Co., Ltd. Da-Cin Co., Ltd. Da-Cin Co., | |
| | Payment Term | Based on the terms in the purchase order | |
| Transaction | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | \$ 47,500,000 (Note 1) | |
| | Transaction Date | February 11, 2020 (Note 1) | |
| | Types of Property | Fab construction & of fab facilities | |
| | Company Name | TSMC | |

| | f Other n Terms |
|--|---|
| | Purpose of Acquisition |
| | Price Reference |
| r-party | Amount |
| elated Counter | Transfer Date |
| Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | Relationships |
| Prior 1 | Owner |
| | Nature of Relationships |
| | Counter-party |
| | Payment Term |
| Transaction | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) |
| | Transaction Date 0 |
| | Types of Property |
| | Company Name |

| | Transaction | | | | Prior T | ransaction of F | Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | party | | | |
|--------------------------|---|--|--|------------------------------|---------|-----------------|--|--------|---|---------------------------|----------------|
| Transaction Date | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | Counter-party F | Nature of Relationships (| Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount | Price Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| May 12, 2020 (Note 1) | \$ 66,600,000 (Note 1) | Based on the terms in the purchase order | Tung Kang Steel Structure Corp. Uangyih-Tech Industrial Co., Ltd. Unletetra International Corp. United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. Wholeters System Hitech Limited Yang Lung-Shih Architect & Associates Yang Lung-Shih Architect & Associates Yangech Engineering Co., Ltd. Yangeb Engineering Co., Ltd. Yangeb Engineering Co., Ltd. Associates Associates Associates Associates Associates Associates Associates Co., Ltd. Allis Electric Co., Ltd. Allis Electric Co., Ltd. Allis Electric Co., Ltd. Anils Electric Co., Ltd. Artlas Copco Taiwan Ltd. Atlas Copco Taiwan Taiw | | N/A | N/A | V/V | A/A | Price comparison and price negotiation | Manufacturing | None |

| Transaction Date (Foreign Payment Term Currencies in Thousands) Cic | Counter-party Relationshine | | | _ | | | | |
|--|---|-------|---------------|---------------|--------|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Cic | | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount | Price Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| | Cica-Huntek Chemical Technology Taiwan Co., Ltd. Confederate Technology Co., Ltd. Da-Cin Construction Co., Ltd. Daesiccant Technology Corporation Evergreen Steel Corporation Evergreen Steel Corporation Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Hueng Luei Process Industry Co., Ltd. Hueng Luei Process Industry Co., Ltd. Jimr-Clean-Air Solution Associates JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. Kinetics Technology Corporation Lead-Fu Industrials Corporation Lead-Fu International Corporation Marketech International Corporation Marketech International Corporation Marketech International Corporation Marketech International Corporation Marketech International Corporation Marketech International Corporation Marketech International Corporation Marketech International Corporation Obgano Technology Corporation Obgano Technology Corporation | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | (Continued) |

| Relationships Owner Relationships Iransfer Date | | | | | _ | | ransaction of N | Prior I ransaction of Related Counter-party | Darty | | | |
|---|-----------------------------|---|--|---|---|---------|------------------------|---|----------|---|---------------------------|----------------|
| Fab construction & s of fab facilities | Transaction Date | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | Counter-party | |)wner H | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount | Price Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| TSMC Fab August 11, 2020 \$57,700,000 Based on the terms in the construction with the purchase order including: Zhao-Cheng Corp. 2 N/A N/A N/A N/A installation of fab fab facilities for the purchase order ABB Ltd. Allis Electric Co., Ltd. Allis El | August 11, 2020 (Note 2) | \$ <i>57</i> ,700,000 (Note 2) | Based on the terms in the purchase order | Pan Asia (Engineers & Constructors) Corporation San Fu Chemical Co., Ltd. San Min Construction Development Schneider Electric Taiwan Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric & Engineering Corporation Solomon Technology Corporation Swift Engineering Co., Ltd. Taiwan Gleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. Trusval Technology Co., Ltd. Unelectra International Corp. Unelectra International Corp. Versum Materials Taiwan Corporation Unelectra International Corp. Unelectra International Corp. Versum Materials Taiwan Unelectra International Corp. Versum Materials Taiwan Unelectra International Corp. Meltal Technology Co., Ltd. Mangtech Engineering Co., Ltd. Ying Pao Technology Inc. Zhao-Cheng Corp. Including: Accudevice Co., Ltd. Accudevice Co., Ltd. Accudevice Co., Ltd. Accudevice Co., Ltd. | | V.V. | N'A | N/A | NA NA | Price comparison and price negotiation | Manufacturing | None |

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| | | | Transaction | | | | Prior 7 | Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | elated Counter- | party | | | |
|-----------------|------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--|----------------------------|---------|---|-----------------|--------|--------------------|----------------------------|----------------|
| Company Name | Types of Pronerty | Transaction Date | Amount (Foreign | Payment Term | Counter-party | Nature of Relationshins | Owner | Relationshins | Transfer Date | Amount | Price Reference | Purpose of Accurisition | Other Terms |
| Maille | Tuperty | | Currencies in Thousands) | | | | | | | | | momemhoe | em pa |
| TSMC | Fab | | | | Am-Power Machine International Enternetice | | | | | | | | |
| | construction & | | | | Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | installation of fab | | | | Atlas Copco Taiwan Ltd. Atlas Technoloov Corn | | | | | | | | |
| | facilities | | | | Capital Machinery Limited | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Chen Yuan International Co., 1 td | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Chenfull International Co., | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Ltd. Chang Dah Eina Droteotion | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Cheng Den Fife Frotection Industrial Corp. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Chien Kuo Construction Co., | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Unina steel structure Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Chun Yuan Steel Industry | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Chung-Lin General | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Contractors, Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Cica-Huntek Cnemical Technology Taiwan Co | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Confederate Technology Co., | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Da-Cin Construction Co., | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Ltu. Desiccant Technology | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Corporation | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Evergreen Steel Corporation | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Exyte 1 atwan Co., Ltd. Fortune Flectric Co. 1 td | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Fu Tsu Construction Co., | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Hantech Engineering Co., | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Ltu. Hsieh Kun Co Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Hueng Luei Process Industry | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Ingersoll-Rand Southeast Acia (Pte) I td Taiwan | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Branch (Singapore) | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | J.C. Yang Architect and | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Associates | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | JJmr-Clean-Air Solution | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | Tech.Services Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | (Continued) |

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| | r S | | (pan |
|---|---|---|-------------|
| | Other Terms | | (Continued) |
| | Purpose of Acquisition | | |
| | Price Reference | | - |
| party | Amount | | - |
| elated Counter- | Transfer Date | | |
| Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | Relationships | | |
| Prior T | Owner | | |
| | Nature of Relationships | | |
| | Counter-party | Jusun Instruments Co., Ltd. Kedge Construction Co., Ltd. Kinetics Technology Corporation L&K Engineering Co., Ltd. Lead-Fu Industrials Corporation Lead-Fu Industrials Corporation Ltd. Mandartech International Corp. Marketech International Corp. Marketech International Corp. Marketech International Corp. Marketech International Corp. Marketech International Corp. Marketech International Corp. Marketech International Corp. Marketech International Corp. Marketech International Corp. Sam Fu Corporation Sam Fu Comporation Schneider Electric Taiwan Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric & Engineering Corporation Schneider Electric Taiwan Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric & Engineering Corporation Schneider Electric Corp. Taiwan Gleno Entreprise Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric Corp. Taiwan Puritic Corp. Taiwan Puritic Corp. Taiwan Puritic Corp. Taiwan Puritic Corp. Ltd. Tung Kang Steel Structure Corp. Undugyih-Tech Industrial Co., Ltd. Tung Kang Steel Structure Corp. Unduel Corp. Undueletra International Corp. Undueletra International Corp. Undueletra International Corp. Undueletra International Corp. | - |
| | Payment Term | | - |
| Transaction | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | | |
| | Transaction Date | | |
| | Types of Property | Fab construction & of fab facilities | |
| | Company Name | ISMC | - |

| | Other Terms | N | | None | (Continued) |
|--|---|---|--|--|-------------|
| | Purpose of Acquisition | Manuťacturing | burbose | Manufacturing purpose | |
| | Price Reference | Price | comparison and price negotiation | Price comparison and price negotiation | _ |
| party | Amount | NA NA | 4 | NA | |
| telated Counter- | Transfer Date | Ϋ́́Ν | 4 | V/A | |
| Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | Relationships | A/A | 4 4 4 | N/A | |
| Prior 7 | Owner | ₹/Z | 4 | N/A | |
| | Nature of Relationships | , | | 1 | |
| | Counter-party | Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. Weltall Technology Corporation Wholetech System Hitech Limited Yangtech Engineering Co., Ltd. Yankey Engineering Co., Ltd. Ying Pao Technology Inc. Zhao-Cheng Corp. | | 99 counterparties (Note2), including : ABB Ltd. Accudevice Co., Ltd. Alir Liquide Far Eastern Ltd. Allis Electric Co., Ltd. Am-Power Machine International Enterprise Co., Ltd. Am-Power Machine International Enterprise Co., Ltd. Arizona State Land Department Atlas Copco Taiwan Ltd. Atlas Technology Corp. Capital Machinery Limited Central Taiwan Science Park Bureau, Ministry of Science and Technology Chen Yuan International Co., Ltd. Chen Yuan International Co., Ltd. Chenfull International Co., Ltd. Chenfull International Co., Ltd. Chenfull International Co., Ltd. Chenfull International Co., Ltd. Chenfull International Co., Ltd. China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. China Steel Industry Co., Ltd. Chung-Lin General Contractors, Ltd. | |
| | Payment Term | Based on the terms in | the purchase order | Based on the terms in the purchase order | |
| Transaction | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | 860.000 \$ | | (Note 2) | |
| | Transaction Date | August 20, 2020 | | November 10, 2020 (Note2) | |
| | Types of Property | Fab construction & installation of fab facilities Buildings | and facilities | Real estate | |
| | Company Name | TSMC | | | |

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| | Purpose of Other Acquisition Terms |
|--|---|
| | Price Purj Reference Acqu |
| r-party | e Amount |
| Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | Transfer Date |
| Transaction of | Relationships |
| Prior | Owi |
| | Nature of Relationships |
| | Counter-party |
| | Payment Term |
| 11 allsaction | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) |
| | Transaction Date |
| | Types of Property |
| | Company Name |

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| Other Terms | | None |
|--|---|--|
| Purpose of Acquisition | | Manufacturing purpose |
| Price Reference | | Price comparison and price negotiation |
| party Amount | | N/A |
| Prior Transaction of Kelated Counter-party her Relationships Transfer Date Am | | N/A |
| I ransaction of k Relationships | | N/A |
| Owner | | N/A |
| Nature of Relationships | | , |
| Counter-party | Schneider Electric Taiwan Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric & Engineering Corporation Siemens Limited Solomon Technology Corporation Southern Taiwan Science Park Bureau, Ministry of Science and Technology Swift Engineering Co., Ltd. Taiwan Gleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. Taiwan Obayashi Corporation Taiwan Naterial Co., Ltd. Taiwan Obayashi Corporation Corporation Taiwan Puritic Corp. Taiwan Obayashi Corporation Corporation Corporation Under Steel Structure Corp. Ltd. Unelectra International Corp. Ltd. Unelectra International Corp. United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. Unelectra International Corp. United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. Weltall Technology Corporation Wholetech System Hitech Lind. Yangtech Engineering Co., Ltd. Yangtech Engineering Co., Ltd. Yankey Engineering Co., Yangteo Technology Inc. Zabo-Cheng Corn. | Li Jin Engineering Co., Ltd. |
| Payment Term | | Based on the terms in the purchase order |
| I ransaction Amount (Foreign Currencies in | | \$1,680,000 |
| Transaction Date | | July 17, 2020 |
| Types of Property | Real estate | Fab construction & installation of fab facilities |
| Company Name | TSMC | VisEra |

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Note 1: The disclosures are expected information based on the capital appropriation approved by the Board of Directors. The actual information shall be subject to the final purchase order of TSMC.

Note 2: The disclosures are expected information based on the capital appropriation approved by the Board of Directors (Right-of-use assets are included). The actual information shall be subject to the final purchase order of TSMC.

(Concluded)

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TABLE 6

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES OF AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| | | | | Trans | Transaction Details | etails | Abnorn | Abnormal Transaction | Notes/Accounts Payable or Receivable | able or | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|---|---------------|----------------------|--|---------------|------|
| Company Name | Related Party | Nature of Relationships | Purchases/ Sales | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | % to Total | Payment Terms | Unit Price | Payment Terms | Payment Terms (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | % to Total | Note |
| | TSMC North America | Subsidiary | Sales | \$ 824,139,751 | 61 | Net 30 days from invoice date | T | (Note) | \$101,467,381 | 74 | |
| | GUC | Associate | Sales | 5,607,239 | ı | Net 30 days from the end of the | | | 313,064 | ı | |
| | TSMC China | Subsidiary | Purchases | 19,971,901 | 19 | Net 30 days from the end of the | ı | | (1, 643, 070) | 4 | |
| | TSMC Nanjing | Subsidiary | Purchases | 16,933,672 | 16 | Net 30 days from the end of the | ı | ı | (1,889,906) | 4 | |
| | WaferTech | Indirect subsidiary | Purchases | 8,015,129 | 7 | Net 30 days from the end of the | ı | I | (697,756) | 7 | |
| | SSMC | Associate | Purchases | 4,110,449 | 4 | Net 30 days from the end of the | ı | | (400,765) | 1 | |
| | SIV | Associate | Purchases | 3,494,631 | б | month of when invoice is issued Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | | I | (311,406) | 1 | |
| FSMC North America | GUC | Associate of TSMC | Sales | 1,572,476 (US\$ 53,406) | ı | Net 30 days from invoice date | ı | I | 57,354 (US\$ 2,041) | I | |
| VisEra Tech | Xintec | Associate of TSMC | Sales | 898,091 | 13 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | | I | 187,488 | 20 | |

Note : The tenor is determined by the payment terms granted to its clients by TSMC North America.

TABLE 7

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| | | | | | Overdue | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|--------|--------------|---|----------------------------|
| Related Party | Nature of Relationships | Ending Balance (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Turnover Days (Note 1) | Amount | Action Taken | Amounts Received in Subsequent Period | Allowance for Bad Debts |
| TSMC North America TSMC Nanjing GUC | Subsidiary Subsidiary Associate | \$ 102,858,283 203,209 313,064 | 41 Note 2 25 | • • • | 1 1 1 | | |
| TSMC Nanjing | The same parent company | 20,710,244 | Note 2 | ı | | , | |
| TSMC | Parent company | (RMB 4,020,404) 1,643,070 (RMB 382,438) | 28 | I | · | ı | ı |
| TSMC | Parent company | 1,889,906 (RMB 439,891) | 34 | T | | I | ı |
| Xintec | Associate of TSMC | 187,488 | 31 | I | Ţ | 1 | 1 |
| TSMC | The ultimate parent of the Company | 444,021 (US\$ 15,803) | Note 2 | I | | 1 | |
| TSMC | The ultimate parent of the Company | 697,756 (US\$ 24,834) | 41 | I | | 1 | 1 |
| TSMC Development | Parent company | 103,033 (US\$ 3,667) | Note 2 | I | | I | 1 |

Note 1: The calculation of turnover days excludes other receivables from related parties.

Note 2: The ending balance is primarily consisted of other receivables, which is not applicable for the calculation of turnover days.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

INTERCOMPANY RELATIONSHIPS AND SIGNIFICANT INTERCOMPANY TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | | | | Intercon | Intercompany Transactions | | |
|--------------|------------------|--------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---------------------------|-------------------|--|
| No. | Company Name | Counterparty | Nature of Relationship (Note 1) | Financial Statements Item | Amount | Terms (Note 2) | Percentage of Consolidated Net Revenue or Total Assets |
| 0 TSMC | | TSMC North America | - | Net revenue from cale of acords | \$ 874 139 751 | | %009 |
| | | | т | | | | 0/ 10 |
| | | | | Receivables from related parties | 101,467,381 | 1 | 4% |
| | | | | Other receivables from related parties | 1,390,902 | , | I |
| | | TSMC Japan | 1 | Marketing expenses - commission | 247,235 | | 1 |
| | | TSMC JDC | 1 | Research and development expenses | 106,086 | | 1 |
| | | TSMC Europe | 1 | Marketing expenses - commission | 735,295 | | 1 |
| | | TSMC China | 1 | Purchases | 19,971,901 | | 1% |
| | | | | Marketing expenses - commission | 209,573 | | I |
| | | | | Proceeds from acquistion of property, plant and equipment | 126,162 | ı | I |
| | | | | Payables to related parties | 1,643,070 | , | ı |
| | | TSMC Nanjing | 1 | Net revenue from royalties | 214,210 | | 1 |
| | | | | Purchases | 16,933,672 | ı | 1% |
| | | | | Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | 527,134 | ı | I |
| | | | | Other receivables from related parties | 203,209 | ı | I |
| | | | | Payables to related parties | 1,889,906 | , | ı |
| | | TSMC Canada | 1 | Research and development expenses | 341,816 | | I |
| | | TSMC Technology | 1 | Research and development expenses | 2,931,005 | | T |
| | | | | Payables to related parties | 444,021 | | I |
| | | WaferTech | 1 | Purchases | 8,015,129 | | 1% |
| | | | | Payables to related parties | 697,756 | ı | I |
| 1 TSMC China | China | TSMC Nanjing | 3 | Other receivables from related parties | 20,710,244 | ı | 1% |
| 2 TSMC D | TSMC Development | WaferTech | 3 | Other payables from related parties | 103,033 | ı | 1 |
| | | - | _ | | - | | |

Note 1: No. 1 represents the transactions from parent company to subsidiary.

No. 3 represents the transactions between subsidiaries.

Note 2: The sales prices and payment terms of intercompany sales are not significantly different from those to third parties. For other intercompany transactions, prices and terms are determined in accordance with mutual agreements.

TABLE 9

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND RELATED INFORMATION OF INVESTEES OVER WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE (EXCLUDING INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| vestee Company vestee Company ad ters h America on a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a b p ment a b a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a a | | | Uriginal investment Amount | ent Amount | Balance 2 | Balance as of December 31, 2020 | 31, 2020 | Not Incomo | Share of | |
|---|--|--|---|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| TSMC Global TSMC Partners VIS VIS VIS SSMC SSMC TSMC North America Xintec GUC TSMC Arizona TSMC Arizona TSMC Lapan VTAF II TSMC Lapan VTAF II TSMC Lapan TSMC Lapan TSMC Canada TSMC Canada TSMC Canada TSMC Canada TSMC Canada | Location Main Businesses and Products | s and Products | December 31, D 2020 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | December 31, 2019 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Shares (In Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Ther Income (Losses) of the Investee (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Profits/Losses of Investee (Note 1) (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Note |
| VIS VIS SSMC SSMC TSMC North America SSMC TSMC North America GUC TSMC Arizona TSMC Europe TSMC Europe TSMC Europe TSMC Europe TSMC Europe TSMC Europe TSMC Korea TSMC Korea TSMC Korea TSMC Canada TSMC Canada TSMC Canada TSMC Canada | | ivolved in the design, related business in the y and other investment | \$ 355,162,309 \$ 31,456,130 | \$ 355,162,309 31,456,130 | 11 988,268 | 100 | \$ 382,229,039 52,649,936 | \$ 7,668,014 2,273,717 | \$ 7,668,014 2,273,717 | Subsidiary Subsidiary |
| VisEra Tech SSMC SSMC TSMC North America SSMC TSMC Anicona GUC TSMC Arizona TSMC Europe TSMC Larope TSMC Larope TSMC Larope TSMC Larope TSMC Larope TSMC Lorology TSMC Canada TSMC Canada TSMC Canada TSMC Canada | M | ackaging, testing and of integrated circuits or devices and the | 10,180,677 | 10,180,677 | 464,223 | 28 | 9,029,890 | 6,305,519 | 1,780,829 | Associate |
| SSMC TSMC North America Xintec GUC TSMC Arizona TSMC Europe TSMC Europe TSMC Larope TSMC Larope TSMC Larope TSMC Lapan VTAF II TSMC Lapan TSMC Development TSMC Canada TSMC Canada Growth Fund | E | ign service of masks g electronic spare parts eloping, designing, packaging and testing | 5,005,171 | 5,005,171 | 253,120 | 87 | 6,363,099 | 2,090,545 | 1,817,520 | Subsidiary |
| TSMC North America Xintec GUC TSMC Arizona TSMC Arizona TSMC Arizona TSMC Europe TSMC Europe TSMC Europe TSMC Levelopment TSMC Corea TSMC Corea TSMC Canada TSMC Canada Growth Fund | X | g of integrated circuits | 5,120,028 | 5,120,028 | 314 | 39 | 5,900,245 | 2,106,093 | 816,954 | Associate |
| Xintec GUC TSMC Arizona TSMC Europe TSMC Europe TSMC Larope TSMC Larope TSMC Larope TSMC Larope TSMC Lovelopment TSMC Corea TSMC Corea TSMC Canada TSMC Canada Growth Fund | Jose, California, U.S.A Selling and marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor davises | or devices integrated circuits and | 333,718 | 333,718 | 11,000 | 100 | 4,568,059 | 294,316 | 294,316 | Subsidiary |
| GUC TSMC Arizona TSMC Arizona TSMC Europe VTAFIII TSMC Lapan VTAFII TSMC Lapan VTAFII TSMC Lapan TSMC Korea TSMC Careada TSMC Canada TSMC Canada Growth Fund | и | kaging and wafer level | 1,988,317 | 1,988,317 | 111,282 | 41 | 2,554,123 | 1,727,445 | 709,125 | Associate |
| TSMC Arizona TSMC Europe TSMC Europe TSMC Larope VTAF II VTAF II VTAF II TSMC Lapan TSMC Korea TSMC Development TSMC Corea TSMC Canada TSMC Canada Growth Fund | ß | manufacturing, testing | 386,568 | 386,568 | 46,688 | 35 | 1,328,620 | 850,007 | 296,142 | Associate |
| TSMC Europe TSMC JDC VTAFIII TSMC Japan VTAFII TSMC Korea TSMC Korea TSMC Development TSMC Canada TSMC Canada Growth Fund | and marketing of integrated circuits enix, Arizona, U.S.A. Manufacturing, selling and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | rated circuits ind testing of integrated | 855,599 | ı | 30 | 100 | 842,745 | (196) | (196) | Subsidiary |
| VTAFII VTAFII TSMC Japan VTAFII TSMC Japan TSMC Development TSMC Development TSMC Canada TSMC Canada Growth Fund | O D | oporting activities | 15,749 | 15,749 | ' = | 100 | 537,737 | 60,142 | 60,142 | Subsidiary |
| TSMC Lapan VTAF II TSMC Korea TSMC Development TSMC Technology TSMC Canada Growth Fund | | technology companies | 1,318,846 | 1,318,846 | 11 | 001 88 | 214,881 | (14,453) | (14,163) | Subsidiary |
| TSMC Development TSMC Technology TSMC Canada Growth Fund | cohami, Japan Customer service and supporting activities man falands Investing in new start-up technology companies ul, Rorea Customer service and supporting activities and the Rorea activities | pporting activities technology companies pporting activities | 83,760 260,300 13,656 | 83,760 260,300 13,656 | 6 - 80 | 100 98 100 | 144,784 82,441 42,395 | 3,361 (2,066) 1,598 | 3,361 (2,024) 1,598 | Subsidiary Subsidiary Subsidiary |
| TSMC Technology TSMC Canada Growth Fund | Investing in companies i manufacturing related semiconductor industry | nvolved in the business in the | 16,491,220 (US\$ 586,939) (U | 16,491,220 (US\$ 586,939) | I | 100 | 29,493,929 (US\$1,049,718) | 1,626,764 (US\$ 55,150) | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
| TSMC Canada Growth Fund | Er | | 401,282 //18% 14.282 | 401,282 (118% 14.282) | I | 100 | 769,414 (TIS\$ 27.384) | 147,271 (TIS\$ 5 024) | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
| Growth Fund | Engineering support activities | | 64,623 2,300) | | 2,300 | 100 | | | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
| | Investing in new start-up | technology companies | 70,348 | 70,348 | I | 100 | 123,940 | (1,280) (115¢ (13)) | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
| Mutual-Pak New Taipei, Taiwan | v Taipei, Taiwan Manufacturing of electronic parts, wholesaling and retailing of electronic materials, and researching, developing and testing of RFID | | 44.768 1,593) | ~ | 4,693 | 28 | 28,183 1,003) | (36, (1, | Note 2 | Associate |
| TSMC Development WaferTech Washington, U.S.A | Manufacturing, selling a circuits and other semi | nd testing of integrated conductor devices | 1 | ı | 293,637 | 100 | 4,610,909 (US\$ 164,107) | 1,394,261 (US\$ 47,293) | Note 2 | Subsidiary |

Note 1: The share of profits/losses of investee includes the effect of unrealized gross profit on intercompany transactions. Note 2: The share of profits/losses of the investee company is not reflected herein as such amount is already included in the share of profits/losses of the investor company.

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Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Subsidiaries

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thursday of New Taiwan Dollars These Smeeting Otherwin

| Otherwise) | |
|-------------------|--|
| Specified O | |
| rs, Unless | |
| an Dollaı | |
| Vew Taiw | |
| sands of N | |
| ts in Thou | |
| (Amoun) | |

| , 2020 (US\$ in n Thousands) ds) | Method of Investment from Investment January 1, 2020 (US\$ in Thousands) | |
|--|---|---|
| 5,000) | Note 1 \$ 18,939,667 \$ (US\$ 596,000) | 0 |
| ,412 0,000) | Note 1 30,521,412 (US\$ 1,000,000) | |

| Upper Limit on Investment | \$1,110,373,199 (Note 3) |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA (US\$ in Thousands) | \$ 119,412,667 (US\$ 3,596,000) |
| Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2020 (US\$ in Thousands) | \$ 49,461,079 (US\$ 1,596,000) |

Note 1: TSMC directly invested US\$596,000 thousand in TSMC China and US\$1,000,000 thousands in TSMC Nanjing.

Note 2: Amount was recognized based on the audited financial statements.

Note 3: The upper limit on investment in mainland China is determined by sixty percent (60%) of the Company's consolidated net worth.

TABLE 11

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

INFORMATION ON MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS DECEMBER 31, 2020

| | Shares | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|
| Shareholders (Note) | Total Shares Owned | Ownership Percentage |
| ADR-Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company, Ltd. | 5,321,819,398 | 20.52% |
| National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | 1,653,709,980 | 6.38% |

Note: Major shareholders shows the list of all shareholders with ownership of 5 percent or greater.

Parent Company Only Financial Statements for the Years Ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 and Independent Auditors' Report

Deloitte

勤業眾信聯合會計師事務所 11073 台北市信義區松仁路100號20樓

Deloitte & Touche 20F, Taipei Nan Shan Plaza No. 100, Songren Rd., Xinyi Dist., Taipei 11073, Taiwan

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

The Board of Directors and Shareholders Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying parent company only financial statements of Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited (the "Company"), which comprise the parent company only balance sheets as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and the parent company only statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the years then ended, and the notes to the parent company only financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying parent company only financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the accompanying parent company only financial position of the Company as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, and its parent company only financial performance and its parent company only cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audits in accordance with the Regulations Governing Auditing and Attestation of Financial Statements by Certified Public Accountants and auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with The Norm of Professional Ethics for Certified Public Accountant of the Republic of China, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the parent company only financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matters for the Company's parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 are stated as follows:

Property, plant and equipment (PP&E) - commencement of depreciation related to PP&E classified as equipment under installation and construction in progress (EUI/CIP)

Refer to Notes 4, 5 and 12 to the parent company only financial statements.

The Company's evaluation of when to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP involves determining when the assets are available for their intended use. The criteria the Company uses to determine whether EUI/CIP are available for their intended use involves subjective judgments and assumptions about the conditions necessary for the assets

to be capable of operating in the intended manner. Changes in these assumptions could have a significant impact on when depreciation is recognized.

Given the subjectivity in determining the date to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP, performing audit procedures to evaluate the reasonableness of the Company's judgments and assumptions required a high degree of auditor judgment. Consequently, the validity of commencement of depreciation related to PP&E classified as EUI/CIP is identified as a key audit matter.

Our audit procedures related to the evaluation of when to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP included the following, among others:

- 1. We read the Company's policy and understand the criteria used to determine when to commence depreciation.
- 2. We tested the effectiveness of the controls over the evaluation of when to commence depreciation of EUI/CIP.
- 3. We sampled EUI/CIP at year end and performed the following for each selection:
 - Evaluated whether the selection did not meet the criteria specified by the Company for commencement of depreciation.
 - b. Observed the assets and evaluated their status at year end.
- We sampled and evaluated whether the selection of EUI/CIP met the criteria specified by the Company for commencement of depreciation during the year.
- We sampled and evaluated whether the selection of EUI/CIP met the criteria specified by the Company for commencement of depreciation subsequent to year end.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the parent company only financial statements in accordance with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of parent company only financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance (including members of the Audit Committee) are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the parent company only financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these parent company only financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the Republic of China, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- 1. Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the parent company only financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- 2. Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- 3. Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- 4. Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the parent company only financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- 5. Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the parent company only financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the parent company only financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 6. Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Company to express an opinion on the parent company only financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the parent company only financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2020 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

The engagement partners on the audit resulting in this independent auditors' report are Mei Yen Chiang and Yu Feng Huang.

Deloitte & Touche Taipei, Taiwan Republic of China

February 9, 2021

Notice to Readers

The accompanying financial statements are intended only to present the financial position, financial performance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in the Republic of China and not those of any other jurisdictions. The standards, procedures and practices to audit such financial statements are those generally applied in the Republic of China.

For the convenience of readers, the independent auditors' report and the accompanying financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the Republic of China. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language independent auditors' report and financial statements shall prevail.



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PARENT COMPANY ONLY BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | December 31, | 2020 | December 31, 2019 | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| ASSETS | Amount | % | Amount | % | |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents (Note 6) | \$ 303,165,717 | 11 | \$ 141,450,698 | 6 | |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7) | 2,125,825 | - | 27,481 | - | |
| Hedging financial assets (Note 8) | - | - | 3,504 | - | |
| Notes and accounts receivable, net (Note 9) | 34,611,115 | 1 | 49,124,933 | 2 | |
| Receivables from related parties (Note 30) | 101,781,174 | 4 | 82,194,501 | 4 | |
| Other receivables from related parties (Note 30) Inventories (Notes 5 and 10) | 1,714,334 130,298,036 | - 5 | 968,123 76,263,851 | - 4 | |
| Other financial assets | 1,425,594 | - | 358,245 | 4 | |
| Other number assets | 5,827,453 | | 4,726,789 | | |
| | | | | | |
| Total current assets | 580,949,248 | 21 | 355,118,125 | 16 | |
| NONCURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | 834,830 | - | 877,110 | - | |
| Investments accounted for using equity method (Note 11) | 564,597,508 | 21 | 558,503,889 | 24 | |
| Property, plant and equipment (Notes 5 and 12) Right-of-use assets (Notes 5 and 13) | 1,511,784,556 25,184,827 | 55 1 | 1,310,900,634 15,030,020 | 57 1 | |
| Intangible assets (Notes 5 and 14) | 21,733,597 | 1 | 16,271,444 | 1 | |
| Deferred income tax assets (Notes 5 and 24) | 24,678,225 | 1 | 16,728,622 | 1 | |
| Refundable deposits | 1,249,552 | - | 2,046,228 | - | |
| Other noncurrent assets | 2,492,770 | | | | |
| Total noncurrent assets | 2,152,555,865 | 79 | 1,920,357,947 | 84 | |
| TOTAL | <u>\$ 2,733,505,113</u> | _100 | <u>\$ 2,275,476,072</u> | 100 | |
| | <u></u> | | <u>₩ ₩ş₩123,1133,01₩</u> | | |
| LIABILITIES AND EQUITY | | | | | |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Short-term loans (Notes 15 and 27) | \$ 175,659,726 | 7 | \$ 148,510,290 | 7 | |
| Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (Note 7) | 93,153 | - | 982,302 | - | |
| Hedging financial liabilities (Note 8) | - | - | 1,798 | - | |
| Accounts payable Payables to related parties (Note 30) | 36,238,637 7,017,623 | 1 | 36,029,135 5,716,635 | 2 | |
| Salary and bonus payable | 17,478,038 | 1 | 14,215,161 | - 1 | |
| Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors (Note 26) | 35,262,937 | 1 | 23,526,149 | 1 | |
| Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers | 156,342,457 | 6 | 139,754,491 | 6 | |
| Cash dividends payable (Note 19) | 129,651,902 | 5 | 129,651,902 | 6 | |
| Income tax payable (Notes 5 and 24) | 53,297,025 | 2 | 32,241,052 | 1 | |
| Long-term liabilities - current portion (Notes 16 and 27) | 2,600,000 | - | 31,800,000 | 1 | |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities (Notes 5, 13, 18, 20, 27 and 30) | 66,888,237 | 2 | 43,111,632 | 2 | |
| Total current liabilities | 680,529,735 | 25 | 605,540,547 | 27 | |
| NONCURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Bonds payable (Notes 16 and 27) | 170,450,745 | 6 | 25,100,000 | 1 | |
| Deferred income tax liabilities (Notes 5 and 24) | 1,716,367 | - | 333,606 | - | |
| Lease liabilities (Notes 5, 13 and 27) | 18,480,111 | 1 | 13,300,263 | 1 | |
| Net defined benefit liability (Note 17) | 11,914,074 | 1 | 9,182,496 | - | |
| Guarantee deposits (Notes 18 and 27) | 259,073 | - | 170,446 | - | |
| Others | 497,752 | | 438,590 | | |
| Total noncurrent liabilities | 203,318,122 | 8 | 48,525,401 | 2 | |
| Total liabilities | 883,847,857 | 33 | 654,065,948 | 29 | |
| EQUITY ATTRIBUTABLE TO SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PARENT | | | | | |
| Capital stock (Note 19) | 259,303,805 | 9 | 259,303,805 | 11 | |
| Capital surplus (Note 19) | 56,347,243 | 2 | 56,339,709 | 2 | |
| Retained earnings (Note 19) | _ | | _ | | |
| Appropriated as legal capital reserve | 311,146,899 | 11 | 311,146,899 | 14 | |
| Appropriated as special capital reserve | 42,259,146 | 2 | 10,675,106 | - | |
| Unappropriated earnings | 1,235,280,036 | 45 | 1,011,512,974 | 45 | |
| Others (Note 19) | <u>1,588,686,081</u> (54,679,873) | <u>58</u> (2) | <u>1,333,334,979</u> (27,568,369) | <u>59</u> (1) | |
| | | | | | |
| Total equity | 1,849,657,256 | 67 | 1,621,410,124 | 71 | |
| TOTAL | <u>\$ 2,733,505,113</u> | 100 | <u>\$ 2,275,476,072</u> | 100 | |
| | | | | | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

| | 2020 | 2020 | | |
|---|--|-------------|--|-----------------------|
| | Amount | % | Amount | % |
| NET REVENUE (Notes 5, 20 and 30) | \$1,314,793,013 | 100 | \$1,059,646,793 | 100 |
| COST OF REVENUE (Notes 5, 10, 26, 30 and 33) | 632,772,608 | 48 | 579,507,047 | 55 |
| GROSS PROFIT BEFORE REALIZED (UNREALIZED) GROSS PROFIT ON SALES TO SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES | 682,020,405 | 52 | 480,139,746 | 45 |
| REALIZED (UNREALIZED) GROSS PROFIT ON SALES TO SUBSIDIARIES AND ASSOCIATES | (16,382) | | 3,395 | |
| GROSS PROFIT | 682,004,023 | 52 | 480,143,141 | 45 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES (Notes 5, 26, and 30) Research and development General and administrative Marketing | 108,613,789 26,312,285 4,359,436 | 8 2 1 | 90,482,815 20,353,327 3,231,777 | 8 2 |
| Total operating expenses | 139,285,510 | 11 | 114,067,919 | 10 |
| OTHER OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES, NET (Notes 12, 13 and 26) | 746,994 | | (151,230) | |
| INCOME FROM OPERATIONS | 543,465,507 | 41 | 365,923,992 | 35 |
| NON-OPERATING INCOME AND EXPENSES Share of profits of subsidiaries and associates (Note 11) Interest income (Note 21) | 34,902,194 951,877 | 3 | 22,906,788 2,002,877 | 2 |
| Other income Foreign exchange gain (loss), net (Note 32) Finance costs (Note 22) Other gains and losses, net (Note 23) | 209,885 (1,759,386) (1,766,297) 6,615,162 | - | $177,374 \\ 1,994,370 \\ (3,191,609) \\ (1,068,573)$ | - |
| Total non-operating income and expenses | 39,153,435 | 3 | 22,821,227 | 2 |
| INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAX | 582,618,942 | 44 | 388,745,219 | 37 |
| INCOME TAX EXPENSE (Notes 5 and 24) | 64,733,555 | 5 | 43,481,551 | 4 |
| NET INCOME | 517,885,387 | 39 | <u>345,263,668</u> (Cor | <u>33</u> ntinued) |

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Except Earnings Per Share)

| | | | • • • • • | |
|---|------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|-------------|
| | 2020 | % | 2019 | 0/ |
| | Amount | %0 | Amount | % |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) (Notes 5, 11, 17, 19 and 24) Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: | | | | |
| Remeasurement of defined benefit obligation Unrealized gain/(loss) on investments in equity instruments at fair value through other | \$ (3,516,749) | - | \$ 253,895 | - |
| comprehensive income | (41,995) | - | 121,740 | - |
| Gain (loss) on hedging instruments Share of other comprehensive gain of subsidiaries | 24,085 | - | (109,592) | - |
| and associates | 453,603 | - | 194,524 | - |
| Income tax benefit (expense) related to items that will not be reclassified subsequently | 422,663 (2,658,393) | | (20,992) 439,575 | |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: Exchange differences arising on translation of | (=,===;===) | | | |
| foreign operations Share of other comprehensive gain of subsidiaries | (29,853,603) | (2) | (14,698,117) | (2) |
| and associates | | (2) | <u>2,435,334</u> (12,262,783) | (2) |
| Other comprehensive loss for the year, net of income tax | (30,321,909) | (2) | (11,823,208) | <u>(2</u>) |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR | <u>\$ 487,563,478</u> | 37 | <u>\$ 333,440,460</u> | 31 |
| EARNINGS PER SHARE (NT\$, Note 25) Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share | <u>\$ 19.97</u> <u>\$ 19.97</u> | | <u>\$ 13.32</u> <u>\$ 13.32</u> | |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements. (Concluded)

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | l | Total Equity | 3) \$ 1,676,817,665 | - (388,955,707) (388,955,707) | 345,263,668 | (11,823,208) | 333,440,460 | - | 82,276 | 21,067 | 370 | 3,993 | 1,621,410,124 | (259,303,805) (259,303,805) | 517,885,387 | (30,321,909) | () 487,563,478 | | (20,265) | 482 | 7,242 | <u>5</u> 1,849,657,256 |
|--------|---|----------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------------|--|---|--|--|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|--|--------------------|--|---|--|--|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | Total | \$ (15,449,913) | | | (12,040,267) | (12,040,267 | (162,118) | 82,276 | 1,653 | | | (27,568,369) | | | (27,200,116) | (27,200,116) | 108,687 | (20,265) | 190 | | \$ (54,679,873) |
| | Unearned Stock-Based | Employee Compensation | \$ (1,843) | | | | | | | 1,653 | | | (190) | | | | | | | 190 | | \$ |
| Others | Gain (Loss) on | Hedging Instruments | \$ 23,601 | | | (109,697) | (109,697) | | 82,276 | , | | | (3,820) | | | 24,085 | 24,085 | , | (20,265) | | | S |
| | Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Assets at Fair Value Through Other | Comprehensive Income | \$ (3,429,324) | | | 2,898,483 | 2,898,483 | (162,118) | | I | | 1 | (692,959) | | | 2,906,026 | 2,906,026 | 108,687 | 1 | | | \$ 2,321,754 |
| | Foreign Currency | Translation Reserve | \$ (12,042,347) | | | (14,829,053) | (14,829,053) | | | I | | | (26,871,400) | | | (30,130,227) | (30,130,227) | | I | ı | | \$ (57,001,627) |
| | | Total | \$ 1,376,647,841 | - (388,955,707) (388,955,707) | 345,263,668 | 217,059 | 345,480,727 | 162,118 | | I | · | | 1,333,334,979 | - (259,303,805) (259,303,805) | 517,885,387 | (3,121,793) | 514,763,594 | (108,687) | ı | ı | | \$ 1,588,686,081 |
| | Retained Earnings | Unappropriated Earnings | \$ 1,073,706,503 | (35,113,088) 16,232,421 (388,955,707) (407,836,374) | 345,263,668 | 217,059 | 345,480,727 | 162,118 | | , | | | 1,011,512,974 | (31,584,040) (259,303,805) (290,887,845) | 517,885,387 | (3,121,793) | 514,763,594 | (108,687) | | | | \$ 1,235,280,036 |
| | Retained | Special Capital Reserve | \$ 26,907,527 | (16,232,421) (16,232,421) | | | | | | · | , | | 10,675,106 | 31,584,040 31,584,040 | | | | , | · | | | \$ 42,259,146 |
| | | Legal Capital Reserve | \$ 276,033,811 | 35,113,088 - - 35,113,088 | | | ľ | | | · | , | | 311,146,899 | | | | | , | · | | | \$ 311,146,899 |
| | | Capital Surplus | \$ 56,315,932 | | | | | | | 19,414 | 370 | 3.993 | 56,339,709 | | | | | , | · | 292 | 7,242 | \$ 56,347,243 |
| | Canital Stock - Common Stock | Amount | \$ 259,303,805 | | | | | | | 1 | | | 259,303,805 | | | | | | | | | \$ 259,303,805 |
| | Canital Stock - | Shares (In Thousands) | 25,930,380 | | | | | | | , | | | 25,930,380 | | | | | | | | | 25,930,380 |
| | | | BALANCE, JANUARY 1, 2019 | Appropriations of earnings Legal capital reserve Special capital reserve Cabi dividends to shareholders Total | Net income in 2019 | Other comprehensive income (loss) in 2019, net of income tax | Total comprehensive income (loss) in 2019 | Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | Basis adjustment for gain on hedging instruments | Adjustments to share of changes in equities of associates | From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries | Donation from shareholders | BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2019 | Appropriations of eurnings Special capital reserve Gabi dividends to shareholders Total | Net income in 2020 | Other comprehensive income (loss) in 2020, net of income tax | Total comprehensive income (loss) in 2020 | Disposal of investments in equity instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income | Basis adjustment for loss on hedging instruments | Adjustments to share of changes in equities of associates | Donation from shareholders | BALANCE, DECEMBER 31, 2020 |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements.

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Income before income tax | \$ 582,618,942 | \$ 388,745,219 |
| Adjustments for: | ¢ 002,010,9 .2 | ¢ 000,7 10,217 |
| Depreciation expense | 313,379,686 | 267,464,543 |
| Amortization expense | 7,047,694 | 5,338,886 |
| Finance costs | 1,766,297 | 3,191,609 |
| Share of profits of subsidiaries and associates | (34,902,194) | |
| Interest income | (951,877) | (2,002,877) |
| Loss (gain) on disposal or retirement of property, plant and | | |
| equipment, net | (266,581) | 582,289 |
| Gain on disposal of intangible assets, net | (7,960) | (6,183) |
| Reversal of impairment loss on property, plant and equipment | - | (301,384) |
| Loss (gain) on financial instruments at fair value through profit or | | |
| loss, net | (8,289) | 18,291 |
| Gain on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method, | | , |
| net | - | (15,200) |
| Unrealized (realized) gross profit on sales to subsidiaries and | | |
| associates | 16,382 | (3,395) |
| Gain on foreign exchange, net | (7,747,615) | (6,289,978) |
| Dividend income | (186,854) | (177,374) |
| Gain on lease modification | (2,574) | (2,555) |
| Changes in operating assets and liabilities: | | |
| Financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss | (2,973,199) | 964,207 |
| Notes and accounts receivable, net | 13,002,568 | (20,264,116) |
| Receivables from related parties | (19,586,673) | 4,258,083 |
| Other receivables from related parties | (684,360) | 442,439 |
| Inventories | (54,034,185) | 21,824,309 |
| Other financial assets | (1,091,188) | (211,869) |
| Other current assets | (1, 174, 789) | (515,166) |
| Accounts payable | 400,931 | 5,626,778 |
| Payables to related parties | 1,300,988 | 1,169,883 |
| Salary and bonus payable | 3,262,877 | 1,772,454 |
| Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to | | |
| directors | 11,736,788 | (393,163) |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 19,228,140 | (3,618,263) |
| Net defined benefit liability | (785,171) | (215,014) |
| Cash generated from operations | 829,357,784 | 644,475,665 |
| Income taxes paid | (49,747,636) | (51,043,594) |
| | | |
| Net cash generated by operating activities | 779,610,148 | 593,432,071 |
| | | (Continued) |

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|---------------|---------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Acquisitions of: | | |
| Equity interest in subsidiary | \$ (937,679) | \$ - |
| Property, plant and equipment | (494,310,468) | (450,287,869) |
| Intangible assets | (9,482,909) | (9,252,712) |
| Proceeds from disposal or redemption of: | | |
| Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | - | 775,282 |
| Property, plant and equipment | 1,070,855 | 1,118,338 |
| Proceeds from return of capital of financial assets carried at cost | - | 2,300,000 |
| Proceeds from return of capital of investments in equity instruments at | | |
| fair value through other comprehensive income | 285 | 1,107 |
| Derecognition of hedging financial instruments | 19,786 | (93,536) |
| Interest received | 958,590 | 2,016,735 |
| Other dividends received | 186,854 | 177,374 |
| Dividends received from investments accounted for using equity | | |
| method | 2,752,043 | 2,225,194 |
| Increase in prepayments for leases | (4,687,970) | - |
| Refundable deposits paid | (667,219) | (1,447,188) |
| Refundable deposits refunded | 1,427,743 | 1,007,262 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | (503,670,089) | (451,460,013) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Increase in short-term loans | 31,944,333 | 59,615,602 |
| Proceeds from short-term bills payable | 7,485,303 | - |
| Repayments of short-term bills payable | (7,500,000) | - |
| Proceeds from issuance of bonds | 149,085,000 | - |
| Repayment of bonds | (31,800,000) | (34,900,000) |
| Payments for transaction costs attributable to the issuance of bonds | (155,818) | - |
| Repayment of the principal portion of lease liabilities | (2,168,114) | (2,630,308) |
| Interest paid | (1,729,192) | (3,536,180) |
| Guarantee deposits received | 144,364 | 23,063 |
| Guarantee deposits refunded | (13,695) | (4,061) |
| Cash dividends | (259,303,805) | (259,303,805) |
| Payment of partial acquisition of interests in subsidiaries | (220,480) | (10,602) |
| Proceeds from partial disposal of interests in subsidiaries | - | 18,500 |
| Donation from shareholders | 7,064 | 3,906 |
| Net cash used in financing activities | (114,225,040) | (240,723,885) |
| 6 | | (Continued) |

PARENT COMPANY ONLY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | 2020 | 2019 |
|---|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| NET INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | \$ 161,715,019 | \$ (98,751,827) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR | 141,450,698 | 240,202,525 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR | <u>\$ 303,165,717</u> | <u>\$ 141,450,698</u> |

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the parent company only financial statements. (Concluded)

NOTES TO PARENT COMPANY ONLY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

1. GENERAL

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited (the "Company" or "TSMC"), a Republic of China (R.O.C.) corporation, was incorporated on February 21, 1987. The Company is a dedicated foundry in the semiconductor industry which engages mainly in the manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing of masks.

On September 5, 1994, the Company's shares were listed on the Taiwan Stock Exchange (TWSE). On October 8, 1997, the Company listed some of its shares of stock on the New York Stock Exchange (NYSE) in the form of American Depositary Shares (ADSs).

The address of its registered office and principal place of business is No. 8, Li-Hsin Rd. 6, Hsinchu Science Park, Taiwan.

2. THE AUTHORIZATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying parent company only financial statements were approved and authorized for issue by the Board of Directors on February 9, 2021.

3. APPLICATION OF NEW AND REVISED INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

a. Initial application of the amendments to the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), International Accounting Standards (IAS), IFRIC Interpretations (IFRIC), and SIC Interpretations (SIC) (collectively, "IFRSs") endorsed and issued into effect by the Financial Supervisory Commission (FSC)

The initial application of the amendments to the IFRSs endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC did not have a significant effect on the Company's accounting policies.

b. Amendments to the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers for application starting from 2021 and the IFRSs issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) and endorsed by the FSC with effective date starting 2021

| | Effective Date Issued |
|---|-----------------------|
| New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations | by IASB |
| | |

Amendments to IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7 and IFRS 16 "Interest Rate January 1, 2021 Benchmark Reform - Phase 2"

c. The IFRSs issued by IASB but not yet endorsed and issued into effect by the FSC

| New, Revised or Amended Standards and Interpretations | Effective Date Issued by IASB |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2018–2020 | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to IFRS 3 "Reference to the Conceptual Framework" | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28 "Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture" | To be determined by IASB |
| Amendments to IAS 1 "Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non- current" | January 1, 2023 |
| Amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment - Proceeds before Intended Use" | January 1, 2022 |
| Amendments to IAS 37 "Onerous Contracts-Cost of Fulfilling a Contract" | January 1, 2022 |

As of the date the accompanying parent company only financial statements were authorized for issue, the Company continues in evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance as a result of the initial adoption of the aforementioned standards or interpretations and related applicable period. The related impact will be disclosed when the Company completes the evaluation.

4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

For the convenience of readers, the accompanying parent company only financial statements have been translated into English from the original Chinese version prepared and used in the R.O.C. If there is any conflict between the English version and the original Chinese version or any difference in the interpretation of the two versions, the Chinese-language parent company only financial statements shall prevail.

Statement of Compliance

The accompanying parent company only financial statements have been prepared in conformity with the Regulations Governing the Preparation of Financial Reports by Securities Issuers (the "Accounting Standards Used in Preparation of the Parent Company Only Financial Statements").

Basis of Preparation

The accompanying parent company only financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for financial instruments that are measured at fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for the assets.

When preparing the parent company only financial statements, the Company account for subsidiaries and associates by using the equity method. In order to agree with the amount of net income, other comprehensive income and equity attributable to shareholders of the parent in the consolidated financial statements, the differences of the accounting treatment between the parent company only basis and the consolidated basis are adjusted under the heading of investments accounted for using equity method, share of profits of subsidiaries and associates and share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates in the parent company only financial statements.

Foreign Currencies

In preparing the parent company only financial statements, transactions in currencies other than the entity's functional currency (foreign currencies) are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions. At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Such exchange differences are recognized in profit or loss in the year in which they arise. Non-monetary items measured at fair value that are denominated in foreign

currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items are included in profit or loss for the year except for exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case, the exchange differences are also recognized directly in other comprehensive income. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in foreign currencies are not retranslated.

For the purposes of presenting parent company only financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Company's foreign operations are translated into NT\$ using exchange rates prevailing at the end of each reporting period. Income and expense items are translated at the average exchange rates for the period. Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity.

Classification of Current and Noncurrent Assets and Liabilities

Current assets are assets held for trading purposes and assets expected to be converted to cash, sold or consumed within one year from the end of the reporting period. Current liabilities are obligations incurred for trading purposes and obligations expected to be settled within one year from the end of the reporting period. Assets and liabilities that are not classified as current are noncurrent assets and liabilities, respectively.

Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents, for the purpose of meeting short-term cash commitments, consist of highly liquid time deposits and investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Financial Instruments

Financial assets and liabilities shall be recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instruments.

Financial assets and liabilities are initially recognized at fair values. Transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition or issue of financial assets and financial liabilities (other than financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss) are added to or deducted from the fair value of the financial assets or financial liabilities, as appropriate, on initial recognition. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial issets or financial assets as appropriate, on initial recognizion. Transaction costs directly attributable to the acquisition of financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Financial Assets

The classification of financial assets depends on the nature and purpose of the financial assets and is determined at the time of initial recognition. Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are recognized and derecognized on a trade date or settlement date basis for which financial assets were classified in the same way, respectively. Regular way purchases or sales are purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within the time frame established by regulation or convention in the marketplace.

a. Category of financial assets and measurement

Financial assets are classified into the following categories: financial assets at FVTPL, investments in debt instruments and equity instruments at FVTOCI, and financial assets at amortized cost.

1) Financial asset at FVTPL

For certain financial assets which include debt instruments that do not meet the criteria of amortized cost or FVTOCI, it is mandatorily required to measure them at FVTPL. Any gain or loss arising from

remeasurement is recognized in profit or loss. The net gain or loss recognized in profit or loss incorporates any interest earned on the financial asset.

2) Investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI

Debt instruments with contractual terms specifying that cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, together with objective of collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, are measured at FVTOCI.

Interest income calculated using the effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment gains or losses on investments in debt instruments at FVTOCI are recognized in profit or loss. Other changes in the carrying amount of these debt instruments are recognized in other comprehensive income and will be reclassified to profit or loss when these debt instruments are disposed.

3) Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI

On initial recognition, the Company may irrevocably designate investments in equity investments that is not held for trading as at FVTOCI.

Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are subsequently measured at fair value with gains and losses arising from changes in fair value recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in other equity.

Dividends on these investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI are recognized in profit or loss when the Company's right to receive the dividends is established, unless the Company's rights clearly represent a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

4) Measured at amortized cost

Cash and cash equivalents, debt instrument investments, notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables and refundable deposits are measured at amortized cost.

Debt instruments with contractual terms specifying that cash flows are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding, together with objective of holding financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, are measured at amortized cost.

Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets measured at amortized cost are measured at amortized cost, which equals to carrying amount determined by the effective interest method less any impairment loss.

b. Impairment of financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, a loss allowance for expected credit loss is recognized for financial assets at amortized cost (including accounts receivable) and for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI.

The loss allowance for accounts receivable is measured at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses. For financial assets at amortized cost and investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, when the credit risk on the financial instrument has not increased significantly since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognized at an amount equal to expected credit loss resulting from possible default events of a financial instrument within 12 months after the reporting date. If, on the other hand, there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is recognized at an amount equal to expected credit loss resulting from the expected at an amount equal to expected credit loss resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument.

The Company recognizes an impairment loss in profit or loss for all financial instruments with a corresponding adjustment to their carrying amount through a loss allowance account, except for investments in debt instruments that are measured at FVTOCI, for which the loss allowance is recognized in other comprehensive income and does not reduce the carrying amount of the financial asset.

c. Derecognition of financial assets

The Company derecognizes a financial asset only when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset to another entity.

On derecognition of a financial asset at amortized cost in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable is recognized in profit or loss. On derecognition of an investment in a debt instrument at FVTOCI, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income is recognized in profit or loss. However, on derecognized in other comprehensive income is transferred directly to retained earnings, without recycling through profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities and Equity Instruments

Classification as debt or equity

Debt and equity instruments issued by the Company are classified as either financial liabilities or as equity in accordance with the substance of the contractual arrangements and the definitions of a financial liability and an equity instrument.

Equity instruments

An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of an entity after deducting all of its liabilities. Equity instruments issued by the Company are recognized at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are subsequently measured either at amortized cost using effective interest method or at FVTPL.

Financial liabilities are classified as at fair value through profit or loss when the financial liability is either held for trading or is designated as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are stated at fair value, with any gains or losses arising on remeasurement recognized in profit or loss.

Financial liabilities other than those held for trading purposes and designated as at FVTPL are subsequently measured at amortized cost at the end of each reporting period.

Derecognition of financial liabilities

The Company derecognizes financial liabilities when, and only when, the Company's obligations are discharged, cancelled or they expire. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability derecognized and the consideration paid and payable is recognized in profit or loss.

Derivative Financial Instruments

Derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value at the date the derivative contracts are entered into and are subsequently remeasured to their fair value at the end of each reporting period. The resulting gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss immediately unless the derivative financial instrument is designated and effective as a hedging instrument, in which event the timing of the recognition in profit or loss depends on the nature of the hedge relationship.

Hedge Accounting

Cash flow hedge

The Company designates certain hedging instruments, such as forward exchange contracts, to partially hedge its foreign exchange rate risks associated with certain highly probable forecast transactions (capital expenditures). The effective portion of changes in the fair value of hedging instruments is recognized in other comprehensive income. When the forecast transactions actually take place, the associated gains or losses that were recognized in other comprehensive income are removed from equity and included in the initial cost of the hedged items. The gains or losses from hedging instruments relating to the ineffective portion are recognized immediately in profit or loss.

The Company prospectively discontinues hedge accounting only when the hedging relationship ceases to meet the qualifying criteria; for instance, when the hedging instrument expires or is sold, terminated or exercised.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Inventories are recorded at standard cost and adjusted to approximate weighted-average cost at the end of the reporting period. Net realizable value represents the estimated selling price of inventories less all estimated costs of completion and costs necessary to make the sale.

Investments Accounted for Using Equity Method

Investments accounted for using the equity method include investments in subsidiaries and associates.

Investment in subsidiaries

A subsidiary is an entity that is controlled by the Company.

Under the equity method, an investment in a subsidiary is initially recognized at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the subsidiary as well as the distribution received. The Company also recognized its share in the changes in the equity of subsidiaries.

Changes in the Company's ownership interests in subsidiaries that do not result in the Company losing control over the subsidiaries are accounted for as equity transactions. Any difference between the carrying amount of the subsidiary and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognized directly in equity.

When the Company loses control of a subsidiary, any retained investment of the former subsidiary is measured at the fair value at that date. A gain or loss is recognized in profit or loss and calculated as the difference between (a) the aggregate of the fair value of consideration received and the fair value of any retained interest at the date when control is lost; and (b) the previous carrying amount of the investments in such subsidiary. In addition, the Company shall account for all amounts previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to the subsidiary on the same basis as would be required if the subsidiary had directly disposed of the related assets and liabilities.

When the Company transacts with its subsidiaries, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the subsidiaries are recognized in the Company's parent company only financial statements only to the extent of interests in the subsidiaries that are not owned by the Company.

Investment in associates

An associate is an entity over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The operating results and assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in these parent company only financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method, an investment in an associate is initially recognized in the statement of financial position at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Company's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of the associate as well as the distribution received. The Company also recognizes its share in the changes in the equities of associates.

Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of an associate recognized at the date of acquisition is recognized as goodwill, which is included within the carrying amount of the investment. Any excess of the Company's share of the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities over the cost of acquisition, after reassessment, is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When necessary, the entire carrying amount of the investment (including goodwill) is tested for impairment as a single asset by comparing its recoverable amount (higher of value in use and fair value less costs to sell) with its carrying amount. Any impairment loss recognized forms part of the carrying amount of the investment. Any reversal of that impairment loss is recognized to the extent that the recoverable amount of the investment subsequently increases.

When the Company subscribes to additional shares in an associate at a percentage different from its existing ownership percentage, the resulting carrying amount of the investment differs from the amount of the Company's proportionate interest in the net assets of the associate. The Company records such a difference as an adjustment to investments with the corresponding amount charged or credited to capital surplus. If the Company's ownership interest is reduced due to the additional subscription to the shares of associate by other investors, the proportionate amount of the gains or losses previously recognized in other comprehensive income in relation to that associate shall be reclassified to profit or loss on the same basis as would be required if the associate had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities.

When the Company transacts with an associate, profits and losses resulting from the transactions with the associate are recognized in the Company's parent company only financial statements only to the extent of interests in the associate that are not owned by the Company.

Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment. Costs include any incremental costs that are directly attributable to the construction or acquisition of the item of property, plant and equipment.

Property, plant and equipment in the course of construction for production, supply or administrative purposes are carried at cost, less any recognized impairment loss. Such assets are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other identical categories of property, plant and equipment, commences when the assets are available for their intended use.

Depreciation is recognized so as to write off the cost of the assets less their residual values over their useful lives, and it is computed using the straight-line method mainly over the following estimated useful lives: buildings (assets used by the Company and assets subject to operating leases) - 10 to 20 years; machinery and equipment (assets used by the Company and assets subject to operating leases) - 5 years; and office equipment - 5 years. The estimated useful lives, residual values and depreciation method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimates accounted for on a prospective basis. Land is not depreciated.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the assets. Any gain or loss arising on the disposal or retirement of an item of property, plant and equipment is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognized in profit or loss.

Leases

For a contract that contains a lease component and non-lease component, the Company may elect to account for the lease and non-lease components as a single lease component.

The Company as lessor

Rental income from operating lease is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The Company as lessee

Except for payments for low-value asset leases and short-term leases (leases of machinery and equipment and others) which are recognized as expenses on a straight-line basis, the Company recognizes right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for all leases at the commencement date of the lease.

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost. The cost of right-of-use assets comprises the initial measurement of lease liabilities adjusted for lease payments and initial direct costs made at or before the commencement date, plus an estimate of costs needed to restore the underlying assets. Subsequent measurement is calculated as cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss and adjusted for changes in lease liabilities as a result of lease term modifications or other related factors. Right-of-use assets are presented separately in the parent company only balance sheets.

Right-of-use assets are depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement dates to the earlier of the end of the useful lives of the right-of-use assets or the end of the lease terms. If the lease transfers ownership of the underlying assets to the Company by the end of the lease terms or if the cost of right-of-use assets reflects that the Company will exercise a purchase option, the Company depreciates the right-of-use assets from the commencement dates to the end of the useful lives of the underlying assets.

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments. Lease payments comprise fixed payments, variable lease payments which depend on an index or a rate and the exercise price of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option. The lease payments are discounted using the lessee's incremental borrowing rates.

Subsequently, lease liabilities are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized over the lease terms. When there is a change in a lease term, a change in future lease payments resulting from a change in an index or a rate used to determine those payments, or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase an underlying asset, the Company remeasures the lease liabilities with a corresponding adjustment to the right-of-use assets. Lease liabilities are presented on a separate line in the parent company only balance sheets.

Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill arising on an acquisition of a business is carried at cost as established at the date of acquisition of the business less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Other intangible assets

Other separately acquired intangible assets with finite useful lives are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Amortization is recognized using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives: Technology license fees - the estimated life of the technology or the term of the technology transfer contract; software and system design costs - 3 years or contract period; patent and others - the economic life or contract period. The estimated useful life and amortization method are reviewed at the end of each reporting period, with the effect of any changes in estimate being accounted for on a prospective basis.

Impairment of Tangible Assets, Right-of-use Assets and Intangible Assets

Goodwill

Goodwill is not amortized and instead is tested for impairment annually, or more frequently when there is an indication that the cash generating unit may be impaired. For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill is allocated to each of the Company's cash generating units or groups of cash-generating units that are expected to benefit. If the recoverable amount of a cash generating unit is less than its carrying amount, the difference is allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to such cash-generating unit and then to the other assets of the cash generating unit pro rata based on the carrying amount of each asset in the cash generating unit. Any impairment loss for goodwill is recognized directly in profit or loss. An impairment loss recognized for goodwill is not reversed in subsequent periods.

Tangible assets, right-of-use assets and other intangible assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets (property, plant and equipment), right-of-use assets and other intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual cash-generating units, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of cash-generating units for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

If the recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or cash-generating unit is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset or a cash-generating unit is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or cash-generating unit in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Guarantee Deposit

Guarantee deposit mainly consists of cash received under deposit agreements with customers to ensure they have access to the Company's specified capacity. Cash received from customers is recorded as guarantee deposit upon receipt. Guarantee deposits are refunded to customers when terms and conditions set forth in the deposit agreements have been satisfied.

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when performance obligations are satisfied. The performance obligations are satisfied when customers obtain control of the promised goods which is generally when the goods are delivered to the customers' specified locations.

Revenue from sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Revenue is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances. Estimated sales returns and other allowances is generally made and adjusted based on historical experience and the consideration of varying contractual terms to recognize refund liabilities, which is classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities.

In principle, payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month of when the invoice is issued. Due to the short term nature of the receivables from sale of goods with the immaterial discounted effect, the Company measures them at the original invoice amounts without discounting.

Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Liabilities recognized in respect of short-term employee benefits are measured at the undiscounted amount of the benefits expected to be paid in exchange for service rendered by employees.

Retirement benefits

For defined contribution retirement benefit plans, payments to the benefit plan are recognized as an expense when the employees have rendered service entitling them to the contribution. For defined benefit retirement benefit plans, the cost of providing benefit is recognized based on actuarial calculations.

Defined benefit costs (including service cost, net interest and remeasurement) under the defined benefit retirement benefit plans are determined using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Service cost (including current service cost), and net interest on the net defined benefit liability (asset) are recognized as employee benefits expense in the period they occur. Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Net defined benefit liability represents the actual deficit in the Company's defined benefit plan.

Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

Current tax

Income tax on unappropriated earnings is expensed in the year the shareholders approved the appropriation of earnings which is the year subsequent to the year the earnings are generated.

Adjustments of prior years' tax liabilities are added to or deducted from the current year's tax provision.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the parent company only financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, net operating loss carryforwards and tax credits for research and development expenses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Company is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future. Deferred tax assets arising from deductible temporary differences associated with such investments are only recognized to the extent that it is probable that there will be sufficient taxable profits against which to utilize the benefits of the temporary differences and they are expected to reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered. The deferred tax assets which originally not recognized is also reviewed at the end of each reporting period and recognized to the extent that it is probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year in which the liability is settled or the asset is realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current and deferred tax for the year

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

5. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION AND UNCERTAINTY

The Company has considered the economic implications of COVID-19 on critical accounting estimates and will continue evaluating the impact on its financial position and financial performance as a result of the pandemic.

In the application of the aforementioned Company's accounting policies, the Company is required to make judgments, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the year in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that year, or in the year of the revision and future years if the revision affects both current and future years.

Critical Accounting Judgments

Revenue Recognition

The Company recognizes revenue when the conditions described in Note 4 are satisfied.

Commencement of Depreciation Related to Property, Plant and Equipment Classified as Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress (EUI/CIP)

As described in Note 4, commencement of depreciation related to EUI/CIP involves determining when the assets are available for their intended use. The criteria the Company uses to determine whether EUI/CIP are available for their intended use involves subjective judgments and assumptions about the conditions necessary for the assets to be capable of operating in the intended manner.

Judgments on Lease Terms

In determining a lease term, the Company considers all facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive to exercise or not to exercise an option, including any expected changes in facts and circumstances from the commencement date until the exercise date of the option. Main factors considered include contractual terms and conditions covered by the optional periods, and the importance of the underlying asset to the lessee's operations, etc. The lease term is reassessed if a significant change in circumstances that are within the control of the Company occurs.

Key Sources of Estimation and Uncertainty

Estimation of Sales Returns and Allowances

Sales returns and other allowance is estimated and recorded based on historical experience and in consideration of different contractual terms. The amount is deducted from revenue in the same period the related revenue is recorded. The Company periodically reviews the reasonableness of the estimates.

Valuation of Inventory

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost or net realizable value, and the Company uses estimate to determine the net realizable value of inventory at the end of each reporting period.

The Company estimates the net realizable value of inventory for normal waste, obsolescence and unmarketable items at the end of reporting period and then writes down the cost of inventories to net realizable value. The net realizable value of the inventory is determined mainly based on assumptions of future demand within a specific time horizon.

Impairment of Tangible Assets, Right-of-use Assets and Intangible Assets Other than Goodwill

In the process of evaluating the potential impairment of tangible assets, right-of-use assets and intangible assets other than goodwill, the Company determines the independent cash flows, useful lives, expected future revenue and expenses related to the specific asset groups with the consideration of the nature of semiconductor industry. Any change in these estimates based on changed economic conditions or business strategies could result in significant impairment charges or reversal in future years.

Realization of Deferred Income Tax Assets

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deferred tax assets can be utilized. Assessment of the realization of the deferred tax assets requires subjective judgment and estimate, including the future revenue growth and profitability, tax holidays, the amount of tax credits can be utilized and feasible tax planning strategies. Any changes in the global economic environment, the industry trends and relevant laws and regulations could result in significant adjustments to the deferred tax assets.

Determination of Lessees' Incremental Borrowing Rates

In determining a lessee's incremental borrowing rate used in discounting lease payments, the Company mainly takes into account the market risk-free rates, the estimated lessee's credit spreads and secured status in a similar economic environment.

6. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Cash and deposits in banks | <u>\$ 303,165,717</u> | <u>\$ 141,450,698</u> |

Deposits in banks consisted of highly liquid time deposits that were readily convertible to known amounts of cash and were subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

7. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| Financial assets | | |
| Mandatorily measured at FVTPL Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ 2,125,825</u> | <u>\$ 27,481</u> |
| Financial liabilities | | |
| Held for trading Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ 93,153</u> | <u>\$ 982,302</u> |

The Company entered into forward exchange contracts to manage exposures due to fluctuations of foreign exchange rates. These forward exchange contracts did not meet the criteria for hedge accounting. Therefore, the Company did not apply hedge accounting treatment for these forward exchange contracts.

Outstanding forward exchange contracts consisted of the following:

| | Maturity Date | Contract Amount (In Thousands) |
|-----------------------|--|-----------------------------------|
| December 31, 2020 | | |
| Sell NT\$ | January 2021 to March 2021 | NT\$144,697,981 |
| December 31, 2019 | | |
| Sell NT\$ Sell JPY | January 2020 to June 2020 January 2020 to February 2020 | NT\$108,428,027 JPY57,471,581 |

8. HEDGING FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|---|----------------------|
| Financial assets- current | | |
| Cash flow hedges Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 3,504</u> |
| Financial liabilities- current | | |
| Cash flow hedges Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 1,798</u> |

The Company entered into forward exchange contracts to partially hedge foreign exchange rate risks associated with certain highly probable forecast transactions (capital expenditures). The hedge ratio is adjusted in response to the changes in the financial market and capped at 100%. The forward exchange contracts have maturities of 12 months or less.

On the basis of economic relationships, the Company expects that the value of forward exchange contracts and the value of hedged transactions will change in opposite directions in response to movements in foreign exchange rates.

The main source of hedge ineffectiveness in these hedging relationships is driven by the effect of the counterparty's own credit risk on the fair value of forward exchange contracts. No other sources of ineffectiveness emerged from these hedging relationships. For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, refer to Note 19(d) for gain or loss arising from changes in the fair value of hedging instruments and the amount transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items.

The following tables summarize the information relating to the hedges for foreign currency risk.

December 31, 2019

| Hedging Instruments | Contract Amount (In Thousands) | Maturity | Balance in Other Equity (Continuing Hedges) | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--|--|
| Forward exchange contracts | Sell NT\$1,342,392 | January 2020 | \$ (3,820) | |
| | | | | |

The effect for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 is detailed below:

| Hedging Instruments/Hedged Items | Increase (Decrease) in Value Used for Calculating Hedge Ineffectiveness Years Ended December 31 | | |
|--|---|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Hedging Instruments Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ 24,085</u> | <u>\$ (109,592</u>) | |
| Hedged Items Forecast transaction (capital expenditures) | <u>\$ (24,085</u>) | <u>\$ 109,592</u> | |
| 9. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET | | | |
| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | |
| At amortized cost Notes and accounts receivable Less: Loss allowance | \$ 31,899,524 (243,710) 31,655,814 | \$ 46,188,113 (319,045) 45,869,068 | |
| At FVTOCI | 2,955,301 | 3,255,865 | |

The Company signed a contract with the bank to sell certain accounts receivable without recourse and transaction cost required. These accounts receivable are classified as at FVTOCI because they are held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.

\$ 34,611,115

\$ 49,124,933

In principle, the payment term granted to customers is due 30 days from the invoice date or 30 days from the end of the month when the invoice is issued. Aside from recognizing impairment loss for credit-impaired accounts receivable, the Company recognizes loss allowance based on the expected credit loss ratio of customers by different risk levels with consideration of factors of historical loss ratios and customers' financial conditions, competitiveness and business outlook. For accounts receivable past due over 90 days without collaterals or guarantees, the Company recognizes loss allowance at full amount.

Aging analysis of notes and accounts receivable

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Not past due | \$ 32,068,195 | \$ 43,374,378 |
| Past due | | |
| Past due within 30 days | 2,780,426 | 6,054,771 |
| Past due 31-60 days | 6,072 | 10,864 |
| Past due 61-120 days | 37 | 720 |
| Past due over 121 days | 95 | 3,245 |
| Less: Loss allowance | (243,710) | (319,045) |
| | <u>\$ 34,611,115</u> | <u>\$ 49,124,933</u> |

All of the Company's accounts receivable classified as at FVTOCI were not past due.

Movements of the loss allowance for accounts receivable

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|--|-------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Balance, beginning of year Provision (Reversal) | \$ 319,045 (75,335) | \$ 7,132 <u>311,913</u> | |
| Balance, end of year | <u>\$ 243,710</u> | <u>\$ 319,045</u> | |

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the changes in loss allowance were mainly due to the variations in the balance of accounts receivable of different risk levels.

10. INVENTORIES

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|---|---|
| Finished goods Work in process Raw materials Supplies and spare parts | \$ 21,338,980 88,575,222 13,758,417 | \$ 8,533,179 49,268,466 15,046,116 3,416,090 |
| | <u>\$130,298,036</u> | <u>\$ 76,263,851</u> |

Write-down of inventories to net realizable value and reversal of write-down of inventories resulting from the increase in net realizable value were included in the cost of revenue, as illustrated below:

| | Years Ended December 31 | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Inventory losses (reversal of write-down of inventories) | <u>\$ 3,642,829</u> | <u>\$ (2,071,888</u>) |

The aforementioned reversal of write-down of inventories for the year ended December 31, 2019 excluded wafer contamination losses. Please refer to related losses in Note 33.

11. INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD

Investments accounted for using the equity method consisted of the following:

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Subsidiaries Associates | \$ 545,784,630 <u>18,812,878</u> | \$ 539,843,621 <u>18,660,268</u> |
| | <u>\$ 564,597,508</u> | <u>\$ 558,503,889</u> |

a. Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries consisted of the following:

| | | Place of | Carrying | Amount | | hip and Voting y the Company |
|--|---|------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| Subsidiaries | Principal Activities | Incorporation and Operation | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| TSMC Global Ltd. (TSMC Global) | Investment activities | Tortola, British Virgin Islands | \$ 382,229,039 | \$ 397,737,270 | 100% | 100% |
| TSMC China Company Limited (TSMC China) | Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Shanghai, China | 64,243,766 | 57,289,154 | 100% | 100% |
| TSMC Partners, Ltd. (TSMC Partners) | Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacture, and other related business in the semiconductor industry and other investment activities | Tortola, British Virgin Islands | 52,649,936 | 53,388,267 | 100% | 100% |
| TSMC Nanjing Company Limited (TSMC Nanjing) | Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Nanjing, China | 33,573,482 | 21,364,939 | 100% | 100% |
| VisEra Technologies Company Ltd. (VisEra Tech) | Engaged in manufacturing electronic spare parts and in researching, developing, designing, manufacturing, selling, packaging and testing of color filter | Hsinchu, Taiwan | 6,363,099 | 4,541,741 | 87% | 87% |
| TSMC North America | Selling and marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | San Jose, California, U.S.A. | 4,568,059 | 4,569,825 | 100% | 100% |
| TSMC Arizona Corporation (TSMC Arizona) | Manufacturing, selling and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Phoenix, Arizona, U.S.A. | 842,745 | - | 100% | - |
| TSMC Europe B.V. (TSMC Europe) | Customer service and supporting activities | Amsterdam, the Netherlands | 537,737 | 462,479 | 100% | 100% |
| TSMC Design Technology Japan, Inc. (TSMC JDC) | Engineering support activities | Yokohama, Japan | 292,266 | - | 100% | - |
| VentureTech Alliance Fund III, L.P. (VTAF III) | Investing in new start-up technology companies | Cayman Islands | 214,881 | 231,504 | 98% | 98% |
| TSMC Japan Limited (TSMC Japan) | Customer service and supporting activities | Yokohama, Japan | 144,784 | 142,620 | 100% | 100% |
| VentureTech Alliance Fund II, L.P. (VTAF II) | Investing in new start-up technology companies | Cayman Islands | 82,441 | 75,095 | 98% | 98% |
| TSMC Korea Limited (TSMC Korea) | Customer service and supporting activities | Seoul, Korea | 42,395 | 40,727 | 100% | 100% |
| | | | <u>\$ 545,784,630</u> | <u>\$ 539,843,621</u> | | |

The Company established a subsidiary in November 2020 and invested in TSMC Arizona for the amount of NT\$855,599 thousand.

The Company established a subsidiary in January 2020 and continually increased its investment in TSMC JDC for the amount of NT\$302,560 thousand.

b. Investments in associates

Associates consisted of the following:

| | | Place of | | Carrying | g Amo | ount | % of Ownership and Voting Rights Held by the Company | | |
|--|---|--------------------------------|----|---------------------|-------|---------------------|---|---------------|-----|
| Name of Associate | Principal Activities | Incorporation and Operation | De | ecember 31, 2020 | De | ecember 31, 2019 | December 31, 2020 | Decemb 201 | , |
| Vanguard International Semiconductor Corporation (VIS) | Manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the manufacturing and design service of masks | Hsinchu, Taiwan | \$ | 9,029,890 | \$ | 9,027,572 | 28% | | 28% |

(Continued)

| | | Place of | | Carrying | Amo | ount | | nip and Voting the Company |
|---|---|--------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|--------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------|
| Name of Associate | Principal Activities | Incorporation and Operation | De | cember 31, 2020 | De | cember 31, 2019 | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| Systems on Silicon Manufacturing Company Pte Ltd. (SSMC) | Manufacturing and selling of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Singapore | \$ | 5,900,245 | \$ | 6,502,174 | 39% | 39% |
| Xintec Inc. (Xintec) | Wafer level chip size packaging and wafer level post passivation interconnection service | Taoyuan, Taiwan | | 2,554,123 | | 1,846,145 | 41% | 41% |
| Global Unichip Corporation (GUC) | Researching, developing, manufacturing, testing and marketing of integrated circuits | Hsinchu, Taiwan | | 1,328,620 | | 1,284,377 | 35% | 35% |
| | | | <u>\$</u> | <u>18,812,878</u> | <u>\$</u> | 18,660,268 | (| (Concluded) |

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, no investments in associates are individually material to the Company. Please refer to the parent company only statements of comprehensive income for recognition of share of both profit (loss) and other comprehensive income (loss) of associates that are not individually material.

The market prices of the investments accounted for using the equity method in publicly traded stocks calculated by the closing price at the end of the reporting period are summarized as follows. The closing price represents the quoted price in active markets, the level 1 fair value measurement.

| Name of Associate | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|-------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| VIS | \$ 53,849,925 | \$ 36,812,923 |
| Xintec | \$ 20,420,233 | \$ 8,958,195 |
| GUC | \$ 15,827,184 | \$ 11,251,774 |

12. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Assets used by the Company Assets subject to operating leases | \$1,510,807,506 <u>977,050</u> | \$1,310,882,220 <u>18,414</u> |
| | <u>\$1,511,784,556</u> | <u>\$1,310,900,634</u> |

a. Assets used by the Company

| | | Land | Buildings | Machinery and Equipment | 1 | Office Equipment | Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress | Total |
|--|-----------|-----------|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|--------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|
| Cost | | | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions (deductions) | \$ | 3,212,000 | \$ 401,141,445 84,352,769 | \$ 2,737,813,896 720,459,185 | \$ | 49,644,875 14,343,705 | \$ 526,396,815 (306,254,768) | \$ 3,718,209,031 512,900,891 |
| Disposals or retirements | | - | (25,406) | (7,962,758) | | (710,899) | - | (8,699,063) |
| Transfers to assets subject to operating leases | | | | (1,199,011) | | | | (1,199,011) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$</u> | 3,212,000 | \$ 485,468,808 | <u>\$ 3,449,111,312</u> | <u>\$</u> | 63,277,681 | <u>\$ 220,142,047</u> | <u>\$4,221,211,848</u> (Continued) |

| | Land | Buildings | Machinery and Equipment | Office Equipment | Equipment under Installation and Construction in Progress | Total |
|---|----------------|---|---|---|--|---|
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals or retirements Transfers to assets subject to operating leases | \$ - - - | \$ 222,235,137 27,292,400 (13,823) | \$ 2,150,734,249 277,252,114 (7,125,781) (202,593) | \$ 34,357,425 6,584,391 (709,177) | \$ - | \$ 2,407,326,811 311,128,905 (7,848,781) (202,593) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | | \$ 249.513.714 | | \$ 40.232.639 | <u></u> | |
| , , | <u>> -</u> | <u>\$ 249,513,714</u> | <u>\$ 2,420,657,989</u> | <u>\$ 40,232,039</u> | <u> </u> | <u>\$ 2,710,404,342</u> |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2020 | \$ 3,212,000 | <u>\$ 235,955,094</u> | <u>\$ 1,028,453,323</u> | <u>\$ 23,045,042</u> | <u>\$ 220,142,047</u> | <u>\$ 1,510,807,506</u> |
| Cost | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 Additions Disposals or retirements Transfers from right-of-use | \$ 3,212,000 | \$ 381,150,802 20,149,613 (158,970) | \$ 2,585,629,465 173,199,951 (21,635,299) | \$ 43,722,686 6,908,814 (986,625) | \$ 171,277,329 355,119,486 | \$ 3,184,992,282 555,377,864 (22,780,894) |
| assets | | | 619,779 | | | 619,779 |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | \$ 3,212,000 | <u>\$ 401,141,445</u> | <u>\$ 2,737,813,896</u> | <u>\$ 49,644,875</u> | <u>\$ 526,396,815</u> | <u>\$3,718,209,031</u> |
| Accumulated depreciation and impairment | | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 Additions Disposals or retirements Transfers from right-of-use | \$ - - - | \$ 198,301,715 24,077,824 (144,402) | \$ 1,931,489,635 235,731,567 (16,206,228) | \$ 29,950,916 5,392,188 (985,679) | \$ - - - | \$ 2,159,742,266 265,201,579 (17,336,309) |
| assets Reversal of impairment | - | - | 20,659 (301,384) | - | - | 20,659 (301,384) |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ -</u> | <u>\$ 222,235,137</u> | <u>\$ 2,150,734,249</u> | <u>\$ 34,357,425</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 2,407,326,811</u> |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2019 | \$ 3,212,000 | <u>\$ 178,906,308</u> | <u>\$ 587,079,647</u> | <u>\$ 15,287,450</u> | <u>\$ 526,396,815</u> | <u>\$ 1,310,882,220</u> (Concluded) |

Fouipment under

The significant part of the Company's buildings includes main plants, mechanical and electrical power equipment and clean rooms, and the related depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful lives of 20 years, 10 years and 10 years, respectively.

In the first quarter of 2019, the Company recognized a reversal of impairment loss of NT\$301,384 thousand due to redeployment of certain idle machinery and equipment. Such reversal of impairment loss was recognized in other operating income and expenses.

b. Assets subject to operating leases

| | Buildings | Machinery and Equipment | Total |
|---|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| Cost | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 Disposals or retirements Transfers from assets used by the Company | \$ 494,582 (311,939) | \$ - - <u>1,199,011</u> | \$ 494,582 (311,939) <u>1,199,011</u> |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$ 182,643</u> | <u>\$1,199,011</u> | <u>\$1,381,654</u> (Continued) |

| | Buildings | Machinery and Equipment | Total |
|--|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Accumulated depreciation | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals or retirements Transfers from assets used by the Company | \$ 476,168 12,210 (305,766) | \$ - 19,399 - 202,593 | \$ 476,168 31,609 (305,766) 202,593 |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$ 182,612</u> | <u>\$ 221,992</u> | <u>\$ 404,604</u> |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$ 31</u> | <u>\$ 977,019</u> | <u>\$ 977,050</u> |
| Cost | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 | <u>\$ 494,582</u> | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 494,582</u> |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 494,582</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 494,582</u> |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 Additions | \$ 457,657 <u>18,511</u> | \$ - | \$ 457,657 <u>18,511</u> |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 476,168</u> | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 476,168</u> |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 18,414</u> | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 18,414</u> (Concluded) |

Operating leases relate to leases of buildings and leases of machinery and equipment with lease terms approximately between 1 to 2 years. The lessees do not have purchase options to acquire the assets at the expiry of the lease periods.

The maturity analysis of operating lease payments receivable from the buildings and machinery and equipment is as follows:

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Year 1 | <u>\$132,128</u> | <u>\$ 1,458</u> |

13. LEASE ARRANGEMENTS

a. Right-of-use assets

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|------------------------------|---|
| Carrying amounts | | |
| Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Office equipment | \$ 24,874,590 283,086 | \$ 13,830,199 402,836 775,809 21,176 |
| | <u>\$ 25,184,827</u> | <u>\$ 15,030,020</u> |

| | | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2020 | 2019 | |
| | Additions to right-of-use assets | <u>\$ 12,558,794</u> | <u>\$ 639,879</u> | |
| | Depreciation of right-of-use assets Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Office equipment | \$ 1,298,315 131,436 775,809 13,612 | \$ 944,052 105,873 1,184,374 10,154 | |
| | | <u>\$ 2,219,172</u> | <u>\$ 2,244,453</u> | |
| | Income from subleasing right-of-use assets (classified under other operating income and expenses, net) | <u>\$ 52,317</u> | <u>\$ 44,796</u> | |
| b. | Lease liabilities | | | |
| | | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | |
| | Carrying amounts | | | |
| | Current portion (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) Noncurrent portion | \$ 1,379,097 18,480,111 <u>\$ 19,859,208</u> | \$ 1,843,556 13,300,263 \$ 15,143,819 | |
| | Ranges of discount rates for lease liabilities are as follows: | | | |
| | - | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | |
| | Land Buildings Machinery and equipment Office equipment | 0.48%-0.94% 0.54%-0.71% - 0.28%-0.71% | 0.67%-0.94% 0.67%-0.71% 3.24% 0.64%-0.71% | |

c. Material terms of right-of-use assets

The Company leases land and buildings mainly for the use of plants and offices with lease terms of 2 to 22 years. The lease contracts for land located in the R.O.C. specify that lease payments will be adjusted every 2 years on the basis of changes in announced land value prices. The Company does not have purchase options to acquire the leasehold land and buildings at the end of the lease terms.

The Company leases machinery and equipment for use in operation with lease terms of 2 years. The Company has purchase options to acquire leasehold machinery and equipment at the end of the lease terms. As of September 30, 2020, the aforementioned lease contract has been expired.

d. Subleases

The Company subleases the right to use its buildings and machinery and equipment under operating leases with lease terms of 1 to 2 years.

The maturity analysis of lease payments receivable under operating subleases is as follows:

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--------|----------------------|----------------------|
| Year 1 | <u>\$ 142,340</u> | <u>\$ 50,862</u> |

e. Other lease information

| | Years Ended December 31 | | | |
|---|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| Expenses relating to short-term leases Expenses relating to low-value asset leases Expenses relating to variable lease payments not included in the | <u>\$ 3,171,455</u> <u>\$ 72</u> | <u>\$ 4,991,637</u> <u>\$ -</u> | | |
| measurement of lease liabilities | <u>\$ 212,955</u> | <u>\$ 158,375</u> | | |
| | Years Ended | December 31 | | |
| | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| Total cash outflow for leases | <u>\$ 5,823,617</u> | <u>\$ 7,324,585</u> | | |

14. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

| | Goodwill | Technology License Fees | Software and System Design Costs | Patent and Others | Total |
|---|---|----------------------------|---|---------------------------|---|
| Cost | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals or retirements | \$ 1,567,756 - - | \$ 15,801,406 6,308,926 | \$ 32,518,813 3,226,715 (60,467) | \$ 8,271,046 2,974,805 | \$ 58,159,021 12,510,446 (60,467) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$ 1,567,756</u> | \$ 22,110,332 | <u>\$ 35,685,061</u> | <u>\$ 11,245,851</u> | <u>\$ 70,609,000</u> |
| Accumulated amortization and impairment | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Disposals or retirements | \$ - - - | \$ 9,770,225 2,404,461 | \$ 26,215,694 3,527,399 (59,868) | \$ 5,901,658 1,115,834 | \$ 41,887,577 7,047,694 (59,868) |
| Balance at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 12,174,686</u> | <u>\$ 29,683,225</u> | <u>\$ 7,017,492</u> | <u>\$ 48,875,403</u> |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2020 | <u>\$ 1,567,756</u> | <u>\$ 9,935,646</u> | <u>\$ 6,001,836</u> | <u>\$ 4,228,359</u> | <u>\$ 21,733,597</u> |
| Cost | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 Additions Disposals or retirements | \$ 1,567,756 - - | \$ 10,921,844 4,879,562 | \$ 29,140,011 3,639,706 (260,904) | \$ 7,607,537 663,509 | \$ 49,237,148 9,182,777 (260,904) |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 1,567,756</u> | <u>\$ 15,801,406</u> | <u>\$ 32,518,813</u> | <u>\$ 8,271,046</u> | <u>\$ 58,159,021</u> |
| Accumulated amortization and impairment | | | | | |
| Balance at January 1, 2019 Additions Disposals or retirements | \$ - - _ | \$ 8,703,391 1,066,834 | \$ 22,863,319 3,610,902 (258,527) | \$ 5,240,508 661,150 | \$ 36,807,218 5,338,886 (258,527) |
| Balance at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 9,770,225</u> | <u>\$ 26,215,694</u> | <u>\$ 5,901,658</u> | <u>\$ 41,887,577</u> |
| Carrying amounts at December 31, 2019 | <u>\$ 1,567,756</u> | <u>\$ 6,031,181</u> | <u>\$ 6,303,119</u> | <u>\$ 2,369,388</u> | <u>\$ 16,271,444</u> |

The Company's goodwill has been tested for impairment at the end of the annual reporting period and the recoverable amount is determined based on the value in use. The value in use was calculated based on the cash flow forecast from the financial budgets covering the future five-year period, and the Company used annual discount rates of 8.0% in both years in its test of impairment as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, to reflect the relevant specific risk in the cash-generating unit.

For the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company did not recognize any impairment loss on goodwill.

15. SHORT-TERM LOANS

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Unsecured loans Related parties unsecured loans | \$ 88,559,026 <u>87,100,700</u> | \$118,522,290 29,988,000 |
| Loan content | <u>\$175,659,726</u> | <u>\$148,510,290</u> |
| US\$ (in thousands) | \$ 3,300,000 | \$ 3,370,000 |
| EUR(in thousands) | 2,398,000 | 1,410,000 |
| Annual interest rate | (0.54)%-0.33% | 0%-2.22% |
| Maturity date | Due by July | Due by July |
| | 2022 | 2020 |

The borrowing rates from loans between the Company and related parties are determined by mutual consent. And the loan are repayable on related parties' demand.

16. BONDS PAYABLE

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|--|-------------------------------|
| Domestic unsecured bonds Less: Discounts on bonds payable Less: Current portion | \$ 173,197,000 (146,255) (2,600,000) | \$ 56,900,000 (31,800,000) |
| | <u>\$170,450,745</u> | <u>\$ 25,100,000</u> |

The major terms of domestic unsecured bonds are as follows:

| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
|---------------------|---------|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------|---|
| NT\$ unsecuredbonds | | | | | |
| 100-2 | В | January 2012 to January 2019 | \$ 7,000,000 | 1.46% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually |
| 101-1 | В | August 2012 to August 2019 | 9,000,000 | 1.40% | The same as above |

(Continued)

| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
|----------|---------|--|--------------|----------------|---|
| 101-2 | В | September 2012 to September 2019 | \$ 9,000,000 | 1.39% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually |
| 101-3 | - | October 2012 to October 2022 | 4,400,000 | 1.53% | The same as above |
| 101-4 | В | January 2013 to January 2020 | 10,000,000 | 1.35% | The same as above |
| | С | January 2013 to January 2023 | 3,000,000 | 1.49% | The same as above |
| 102-1 | В | February 2013 to February 2020 | 11,600,000 | 1.38% | The same as above |
| | С | February 2013 to February 2023 | 3,600,000 | 1.50% | The same as above |
| 102-2 | А | July 2013 to July 2020 | 10,200,000 | 1.50% | The same as above |
| | В | July 2013 to July 2023 | 3,500,000 | 1.70% | The same as above |
| 102-3 | В | August 2013 to August 2019 | 8,500,000 | 1.52% | The same as above |
| 102-4 | С | September 2013 to March 2019 | 1,400,000 | 1.60% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually (interest for the six months prior to maturity will accrue on the basis of actual days and be repayable at maturity) |
| | D | September 2013 to March 2021 | 2,600,000 | 1.85% | The same as above |
| | Е | September 2013 to March 2023 | 5,400,000 | 2.05% | The same as above |
| | F | September 2013 to September 2023 | 2,600,000 | 2.10% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually |
| 109-1 | А | March 2020 to March 2025 | 3,000,000 | 0.58% | The same as above |
| | В | March 2020 to March 2027 | 10,500,000 | 0.62% | The same as above |
| | С | March 2020 to March 2030 | 10,500,000 | 0.64% | The same as above |
| 109-2 | А | April 2020 to April 2025 | 5,900,000 | 0.52% | The same as above |
| | В | April 2020 to April 2027 | 10,400,000 | 0.58% | The same as above |

(Continued)

| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
|-----------------------|---------|--|--------------|----------------|--|
| 109-2 | С | April 2020 to April 2030 | \$ 5,300,000 | 0.60% | Bullet repayment; interest payable annually |
| 109-3 | А | May 2020 to May 2025 | 4,500,000 | 0.55% | The same as above |
| | В | May 2020 to May 2027 | 7,500,000 | 0.60% | The same as above |
| | С | May 2020 to May 2030 | 2,400,000 | 0.64% | The same as above |
| 109-4 | А | July 2020 to July 2025 | 5,700,000 | 0.58% | Two equal installments in last two years; interest payable annually |
| | В | July 2020 to July 2027 | 6,300,000 | 0.65% | The same as above |
| | С | July 2020 to July 2030 | 1,900,000 | 0.67% | The same as above |
| 109-5 | А | September 2020 to September 2025 | 4,800,000 | 0.50% | The same as above |
| | В | September 2020 to September 2027 | 8,000,000 | 0.58% | The same as above |
| | С | September 2020 to September 2030 | 2,800,000 | 0.60% | The same as above |
| 109-6 (green bond) | А | December 2020 to December 2025 | 1,600,000 | 0.40% | The same as above |
| | В | December 2020 to December 2027 | 5,600,000 | 0.44% | The same as above |
| | С | December 2020 to December 2030 | 4,800,000 | 0.48% | The same as above |
| 109-7 | А | December 2020 to December 2025 | 1,900,000 | 0.36% | The same as above |
| | В | December 2020 to December 2027 | 10,200,000 | 0.41% | The same as above |
| | С | December 2020 to December 2030 | 6,400,000 | 0.45% | The same as above |
| | | | | | (Concluded |

(Concluded)

| Issuance | Tranche | Issuance Period | Total Amount (US\$ in Thousands) | Coupon Rate | Repayment and Interest Payment |
|--------------------------------|-----------|--|--|----------------|--|
| US\$ unsecured <u>bonds</u> | | | | | |
| 109-1 | - | September 2020 to September 2060 | US\$1,000,000 | 2.70% | Bullet repayment (callable on the 5th anniversary of the issue date and every anniversary thereafter); interest payable annually |
| RETIREMENT | RENEFIT F | PLANS | | | |

17. RETIREMENT BENEFIT PLANS

a. Defined contribution plans

The plan under the R.O.C. Labor Pension Act (the "Act") is deemed a defined contribution plan. Pursuant to the Act, the Company has made monthly contributions equal to 6% of each employee's monthly salary to employees' pension accounts. Accordingly, the Company recognized expenses of NT\$2,309,527 thousand and NT\$2,063,508 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

b. Defined benefit plans

The Company has defined benefit plans under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law that provide benefits based on an employee's length of service and average monthly salary for the six-month period prior to retirement. The Company contributes an amount equal to 2% of salaries paid each month to their respective pension funds (the Funds), which are administered by the Labor Pension Fund Supervisory Committee (the Committee) and deposited in the Committee's name in the Bank of Taiwan. Before the end of each year, the Company assesses the balance in the Funds. If the amount of the balance in the Funds is inadequate to pay retirement benefits for employees who conform to retirement requirements in the next year, the Company is required to fund the difference in one appropriation that should be made before the end of March of the next year. The Funds are operated and managed by the government's designated authorities; as such, the Company does not have any right to intervene in the investments of the Funds.

Amounts recognized in respect of these defined benefit plans were as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | | |
|---|--------------------------|----------------------------------|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| Current service cost | \$ 123,311 81.604 | \$ 135,645 122,051 | | |
| Net interest expense Components of defined benefit costs recognized in profit or loss Remeasurement on the net defined benefit liability: | <u>81,604</u> 204,915 | <u>123,951</u> <u>259,596</u> | | |
| Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest expense) Actuarial loss (gain) arising from experience adjustments | (139,212) 494,051 | (124,344) (438,009) | | |
| Actuarial gain arising from changes in demographic assumptions Actuarial loss arising from changes in financial assumptions | 3,161,910 | (233,239) 541,697 | | |
| Components of defined benefit costs recognized in other comprehensive income | 3,516,749 | (253,895) | | |
| Total | <u>\$ 3,721,664</u> | <u>\$ 5,701</u> | | |

The pension costs of the aforementioned defined benefit plans were recognized in profit or loss by the following categories:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | | |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| Cost of revenue | \$ 126,274 | \$ 157,845 | | |
| Research and development expenses | 57,306 | 72,686 | | |
| General and administrative expenses | 18,248 | 25,063 | | |
| Marketing expenses | 3,087 | 4,002 | | |
| | \$ 204,915 | \$ 259,596 | | |

The amounts arising from the defined benefit obligation of the Company were as follows:

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | | |
|--|------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| Present value of defined benefit obligation Fair value of plan assets | \$ 16,980,277 (5,066,203) | \$ 13,484,090 (4,301,594) | | |
| Net defined benefit liability | <u>\$ 11,914,074</u> | <u>\$ 9,182,496</u> | | |

Movements in the present value of the defined benefit obligation were as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------|-----------|------------|
| | | 2020 | | 2019 |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ | 13,484,090 | \$ | 13,662,684 |
| Current service cost | | 123,311 | | 135,645 |
| Interest expense | | 118,808 | | 175,401 |
| Remeasurement: | | | | |
| Actuarial loss (gain) arising from experience adjustments | | 494,051 | \$ | (438,009) |
| Actuarial gain arising from changes in demographic | | | | |
| assumptions | | - | | (233,239) |
| Actuarial loss arising from changes in financial assumptions | | 3,161,910 | | 541,697 |
| Benefits paid from plan assets | | (398,986) | | (344,131) |
| Benefits paid directly by the Company | | (2,907) | | (15,958) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ | 16,980,277 | <u>\$</u> | 13,484,090 |

Movements in the fair value of the plan assets were as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|--|-------------------------|---------------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 4,301,594 | \$ 4,011,279 | |
| Interest income | 37,204 | 51,450 | |
| Remeasurement: | | | |
| Return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net | | | |
| interest expense) | 139,212 | 124,344 | |
| Contributions from employer | 987,179 | 458,652 | |
| Benefits paid from plan assets | (398,986) | (344,131) | |
| Balance, end of year | <u>\$ 5,066,203</u> | <u>\$ 4,301,594</u> | |

The fair value of the plan assets by major categories at the end of reporting period was as follows:

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|--------------------------------------|---|
| Cash Equity instruments Debt instruments | \$ 632,769 2,926,745 1,506,689 | \$ 713,204 2,313,828 <u>1,274,562</u> |
| | <u>\$ 5,066,203</u> | <u>\$ 4,301,594</u> |

The actuarial valuations of the present value of the defined benefit obligation were carried out by qualified actuaries. The principal assumptions of the actuarial valuation were as follows:

| | Measurer | Measurement Date | | |
|--|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | | |
| Discount rate Future salary increase rate | 0.40% 3.00% (Note) | 0.90% 3.00% | | |

Note: The Company has an additional 20 percent pay raise in 2021.

Through the defined benefit plans under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law, the Company is exposed to the following risks:

- Investment risk: The pension funds are invested in equity and debt securities, bank deposits, etc. The investment is conducted at the discretion of the government's designated authorities or under the mandated management. However, under the R.O.C. Labor Standards Law, the rate of return on assets shall not be less than the average interest rate on a two-year time deposit published by the local banks and the government is responsible for any shortfall in the event that the rate of return is less than the required rate of return.
- 2) Interest risk: A decrease in the government bond interest rate will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation; however, this will be partially offset by an increase in the return on the debt investments of the plan assets.

Assuming a hypothetical decrease in interest rate at the end of the reporting period contributed to a decrease of 0.5% (and not below 0.0%) in the discount rate and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$694,732 thousand and NT\$724,963 thousand as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

3) Salary risk: The present value of the defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the future salaries of plan participants. As such, an increase in the salary of the plan participants will increase the present value of the defined benefit obligation.

Assuming the expected salary rate increases by 0.5% at the end of the reporting period and all other assumptions were held constant, the present value of the defined benefit obligation would increase by NT\$835,964 thousand and NT\$706,502 thousand as of December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated.

Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of the defined benefit obligation has been calculated using the projected unit credit method at the end of the reporting period, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation liability.

The Company expects to make contributions of NT\$229,934 thousand to the defined benefit plans in the next year starting from December 31, 2020. The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 9 years.

18. GUARANTEE DEPOSITS

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Capacity guarantee Others | \$ <u>-</u> <u>312,230</u> | \$ 1,499,400 <u>191,352</u> |
| | <u>\$ 312,230</u> | <u>\$ 1,690,752</u> |
| Current portion (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) Noncurrent portion | \$ 53,157 | \$ 1,520,306 <u>170,446</u> |
| | <u>\$ 312,230</u> | <u>\$ 1,690,752</u> |

Some of guarantee deposits were refunded to customers by offsetting related accounts receivable.

19. EQUITY

a. Capital stock

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|--|--|
| Authorized shares (in thousands) Authorized capital Issued and paid shares (in thousands) Issued capital | $ \begin{array}{r} 28,050,000 \\ $ | 28,050,000 \$ 280,500,000 25,930,380 \$ 259,303,805 |

A holder of issued common shares with par value of NT\$10 per share is entitled to vote and to receive dividends.

The authorized shares include 500,000 thousand shares allocated for the exercise of employee stock options.

As of December 31, 2020, 1,064,364 thousand ADSs of the Company were traded on the NYSE. The number of common shares represented by the ADSs was 5,321,819 thousand shares (one ADS represents five common shares).

b. Capital surplus

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|---|---|
| Additional paid-in capital From merger From convertible bonds From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries | \$ 24,184,939 22,804,510 8,892,847 121,843 | \$ 24,184,939 22,804,510 8,892,847 121,843 |
| From share of changes in equities of subsidiaries From share of changes in equities of associates Donations | \$ 56,347,243 | 302,234 33,336 \$ 56,339,709 |

Under the relevant laws, the capital surplus generated from donations and the excess of the issuance price over the par value of capital stock (including the stock issued for new capital, mergers and convertible bonds) may be used to offset a deficit; in addition, when the Company has no deficit, such capital surplus may be distributed as cash dividends or stock dividends up to a certain percentage of the Company's paid-in capital. The capital surplus from share of changes in equities of subsidiaries and associates and dividend of a claim extinguished by a prescription may be used to offset a deficit; however, when generated from issuance of restricted shares for employees, such capital surplus may not be used for any purpose.

c. Retained earnings and dividend policy

The amendments to the Company's Articles of Incorporation had been approved by the Company's shareholders in its meeting held on June 5, 2019, which stipulate that earnings distribution may be made on a quarterly basis after the close of each quarter. Distribution of earnings by way of cash dividends should be approved by the Company's Board of Directors and reported to the Company's shareholders in its meeting.

The Company's amended Articles of Incorporation provide that, when allocating earnings, the Company shall first estimate and reserve the taxes to be paid, offset its losses, set aside a legal capital reserve at 10% of the remaining earnings (until the accumulated legal capital reserve equals the Company's paid-in capital), then set aside a special capital reserve in accordance with relevant laws or regulations or as requested by the authorities in charge. Any balance left over shall be allocated according to relevant laws and the Company's Articles of Incorporation.

The Company's Articles of Incorporation also provide that profits of the Company may be distributed by way of cash dividend and/or stock dividend. However, distribution of earnings shall be made preferably by way of cash dividend. Distribution of earnings may also be made by way of stock dividend, provided that the ratio for stock dividend shall not exceed 50% of the total distribution.

The reserve may be used to offset a deficit, or be distributed as dividends in cash or stocks for the portion in excess of 25% of the paid-in capital if the Company incurs no loss.

Pursuant to existing regulations, the Company is required to set aside additional special capital reserve equivalent to the net debit balance of the other components of stockholders' equity, such as the accumulated balance of foreign currency translation reserve, unrealized valuation gain or loss from fair value through other comprehensive income financial assets, gain or loss from changes in fair value of hedging instruments in cash flow hedges, etc. For the subsequent decrease in the deduction amount to stockholders' equity, any special reserve appropriated may be reversed to the extent that the net debit balance reverses.

The appropriations of 2020 and 2019 quarterly earnings have been approved by the Company's Board of Directors in its meeting, respectively. The appropriations and cash dividends per share were as follows:

| Resolution Date of the Company's Board of Directors in its meeting | Fourth Quarter of 2020 February 9, 2021 | Third Quarter of 2020 November 10, 2020 | Second Quarter of 2020 August 11, 2020 | First Quarter of 2020 May 12, 2020 |
|--|---|--|---|---|
| Special capital reserve Cash dividends to shareholders Cash dividends per share (NT\$) | \$ 12,420,727 \$ 64,825,951 \$ 2.5 | \$ 5,501,351 \$ 64,825,951 \$ 2.5 | \$ <u>11,884,457</u> \$ <u>64,825,951</u> \$ <u>2.5</u> | \$ (2,694,841) \$ 64,825,951 \$ 2.5 |
| | | Third Overton | Second Original Annual Annua | F : (0) (|
| Resolution Date of the Company's Board of Directors in its meeting | Fourth Quarter of 2019 February 11, 2020 | Third Quarter of 2019 November 12, 2019 | Second Quarter of 2019 August 13, 2019 | First Quarter of 2019 June 5, 2019 |

The special capital reserve for 2020 is to be presented for approval in the the Company's shareholders' meeting to be held on June 8, 2021 (expected).

The appropriation of 2018 earnings has been approved by the Company's shareholders in its meeting held on June 5, 2019. The appropriation and cash dividends per share were as follows:

| on sure 3, 2013. The appropriation and easil dividends per six | Appropriation of Earnings | Cash Di Per S (N) | Share |
|--|------------------------------|-------------------------|-------|
| Legal capital reserve | <u>\$ 35,113,088</u> | | |
| Special capital reserve | <u>\$ (11,459,458</u>) | | |
| Cash dividends to shareholders | \$ 207,443,044 | \$ | 8.0 |

d. Others

Changes in others were as follows:

| | Year Ended December 31, 2020 | | | | |
|--|---|--|---|---|------------------------|
| | Foreign Currency Translation Reserve | Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at FVTOCI | Gain (Loss) on Hedging Instruments | Unearned Stock-Based Employee Compensation | Total |
| Balance, beginning of year Exchange differences arising on translation of | \$(26,871,400) | \$ (692,959) | \$ (3,820) | \$ (190) | \$ (27,568,369) |
| foreign operations Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTOCI | (29,853,603) | - | - | - | (29,853,603) |
| Equity instruments Cumulative unrealized gain (loss) of equity instruments transferred to retained | - | (41,995) | - | - | (41,995) |
| earnings due to disposal Gain (loss) arising on changes in the fair | - | 108,687 | - | - | 108,687 |
| value of hedging instruments Transferred to initial carrying amount of | - | - | 24,085 | - | 24,085 |
| hedged items Share of other comprehensive income (loss) | - | - | (20,265) | - | (20,265) |
| of subsidiaries and associates Share of unearned stock-based employee compensation of subsidiaries and | (276,624) | 2,947,368 | - | - | 2,670,744 |
| associates | - | - | - | 190 | 190 |
| Income tax effect | | 653 | | | 653 |
| Balance, end of year | <u>\$(57,001,627</u>) | \$ 2,321,754 | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$(54,679,873</u>) |

| | Year Ended December 31, 2019 | | | | |
|---|---|--|--|---|------------------------|
| | Foreign Currency Translation Reserve | Unrealized Gain (Loss) on Financial Assets at FVTOCI | Gain (Loss) on Hedging Instruments | Unearned Stock-Based Employee Compensation | Total |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$(12,042,347) | \$ (3,429,324) | \$ 23,601 | \$ (1,843) | \$(15,449,913) |
| Exchange differences arising on translation of foreign operations Unrealized gain (loss) on financial assets at FVTOCI | (14,698,117) | - | - | - | (14,698,117) |
| Equity instruments Cumulative unrealized gain (loss) of equity instruments transferred to retained | - | 121,740 | - | - | 121,740 |
| earnings due to disposal Gain (loss) arising on changes in the fair | - | (162,118) | - | - | (162,118) |
| value of hedging instruments | - | - | (109,592) | - | (109,592) |
| Transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items | - | - | 82,276 | - | 82,276 |
| Share of other comprehensive income (loss) of subsidiaries and associates Share of unearned stock-based employee | (130,936) | 2,767,267 | (105) | - | 2,636,226 |
| compensation of subsidiaries and associates | - | - | - | 1,653 | 1,653 |
| Income tax effect | | 9,476 | | | 9,476 |
| Balance, end of year | <u>\$(26,871,400</u>) | <u>\$ (692,959</u>) | <u>\$ (3,820</u>) | <u>\$ (190</u>) | <u>\$(27,568,369</u>) |

The aforementioned other equity includes the changes in other equities of the Company and the Company's share of its subsidiaries and associates.

20. NET REVENUE

a. Disaggregation of revenue from contracts with customers

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Product | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Wafer | \$1,161,829,728 | \$ 921,095,318 | |
| Others | 152,963,285 | 138,551,475 | |
| | <u>\$1,314,793,013</u> | <u>\$1,059,646,793</u> | |
| | Years Ended | December 31 | |
| Geography | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Taiwan | \$ 129,082,884 | \$ 84,255,256 | |
| United States | 809,731,866 | 628,365,912 | |
| China | 233,783,358 | 208,101,401 | |
| Europe, the Middle East and Africa | 70,213,432 | 67,568,157 | |
| Japan | 63,299,176 | 57,468,605 | |
| Others | 8,682,297 | 13,887,462 | |
| | <u>\$1,314,793,013</u> | <u>\$1,059,646,793</u> | |

The Company categorized the net revenue mainly based on the countries where the customers are headquartered.

| | | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|--|----------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|--|
| Platform | 2020 | 2019 | | |
| Smartphone | | \$ 632,600,168 | \$ 518,553,492 | |
| High Performance Computing | | 432,049,509 | 312,770,702 | |
| Internet of Things | | 108,814,310 | 85,508,427 | |
| Automotive | | 43,735,803 | 47,451,547 | |
| Digital Consumer Electronics | | 53,440,805 | 53,214,200 | |
| Others | | 44,152,418 | 42,148,425 | |
| | | <u>\$1,314,793,013</u> | <u>\$1,059,646,793</u> | |
| | | Years Ended | December 31 | |
| Resolution | | 2020 | 2019 | |
| 5-nanometer | | \$ 89,433,830 | \$ - | |
| 7-nanometer | | 388,846,412 | 245,690,772 | |
| 10-nanometer | | 3,341,769 | 22,860,307 | |
| 16-nanometer | | 195,205,444 | 191,214,471 | |
| 20-nanometer | | 8,298,531 | 9,357,161 | |
| 28-nanometer | | 147,291,670 | 147,286,987 | |
| 40/45-nanometer | | 101,979,651 | 92,227,266 | |
| 65-nanometer | | 60,435,664 | 68,263,047 | |
| 90-nanometer | | 29,036,165 | 25,296,617 | |
| 0.11/0.13 micron | | 32,727,855 | 22,639,549 | |
| 0.15/0.18 micron | | 84,997,377 | 76,565,220 | |
| 0.25 micron and above | | 20,235,360 | 19,693,921 | |
| Wafer revenue | | <u>\$1,161,829,728</u> | <u>\$ 921,095,318</u> | |
| Contract balances | | | | |
| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 | January 1, 2019 | |
| Contract liabilities (classified under accrued | | | | |
| expenses and other current liabilities) | <u>\$ 9,365,661</u> | <u>\$ 4,095,915</u> | <u>\$ 2,740,649</u> | |

The changes in the contract liability balances primarily result from the timing difference between the satisfaction of performance obligation and the customer's payment.

The Company recognized revenue from the beginning balance of contract liability, which amounted to NT\$3,843,787 thousand and NT\$2,192,221 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively.

c. Refund liabilities

b.

Estimated sales returns and other allowances is made and adjusted based on historical experience and the consideration of varying contractual terms, which amounted to NT\$38,937,425 thousand and NT\$33,893,735 thousand for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the aforementioned refund liabilities amounted to NT\$30,995,223 thousand and NT\$17,673,937 thousand (classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities), respectively.

21. INTEREST INCOME

| | Years Ended December 31 | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Interest income | | |
| Bank deposits | \$ 951,877 | \$ 1,998,705 |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | | 4,172 |
| | <u>\$ 951,877</u> | <u>\$ 2,002,877</u> |

22. FINANCE COSTS

| | Years Ended December 31 | |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Interest expense | | |
| Corporate bonds | \$ 1,082,311 | \$ 1,139,935 |
| Bank loans | 500,080 | 1,869,335 |
| Lease liabilities | 168,854 | 181,390 |
| Related parties | - | 454 |
| Others | 15,052 | 495 |
| | <u>\$ 1,766,297</u> | <u>\$ 3,191,609</u> |

23. OTHER GAINS AND LOSSES, NET

| | Years Ended | Years Ended December 31 | |
|--|---------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Gain (loss) on financial instruments at FVTPL, net | | | |
| Mandatorily measured at FVTPL | \$ 6,430,713 | \$ (1,361,538) | |
| Gain on disposal of investments accounted for using equity method, | | | |
| net | - | 15,200 | |
| Other gains, net | 184,449 | 277,765 | |
| | <u>\$ 6,615,162</u> | <u>\$ (1,068,573</u>) | |

24. INCOME TAX

a. Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss

Income tax expense consisted of the following:

| meonie tax expense consisted of the following. | Years Ended | December 31 |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Current income tax expense | | |
| Current tax expense recognized in the current year | \$ 70,657,349 | \$ 44,184,422 |
| Income tax adjustments on prior years | 70,617 | 224,691 |
| Other income tax adjustments | 149,768 | 135,056 |
| | 70,877,734 | 44,544,169 |
| Deferred income tax benefit | | |
| The origination and reversal of temporary differences | (6,144,179) | (1,062,618) |
| | (6,144,179) | (1,062,618) |
| Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss | <u>\$ 64,733,555</u> | <u>\$ 43,481,551</u> |

A reconciliation of income before income tax and income tax expense recognized in profit or loss was as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31 | |
|---|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Income before tax | <u>\$ 582,618,942</u> | <u>\$ 388,745,219</u> |
| Income tax expense at the statutory rate | \$ 116,523,788 | \$ 77,749,044 |
| Tax effect of adjusting items: | | |
| Nondeductible (deductible) items in determining taxable | | |
| income | 1,248,820 | (4,124,417) |
| Tax-exempt income | (65,988,096) | (39,808,121) |
| Additional income tax under the Alternative Minimum Tax Act | 18,872,837 | 10,367,916 |
| Additional income tax on unappropriated earnings | - | 5,903,794 |
| The origination and reversal of temporary differences | (6,144,179) | (1,062,618) |
| Income tax credits | | (5,903,794) |
| | 64,513,170 | 43,121,804 |
| Income tax adjustments on prior years | 70,617 | 224,691 |
| Other income tax adjustments | 149,768 | 135,056 |
| Income tax expense recognized in profit or loss | <u>\$ 64,733,555</u> | <u>\$ 43,481,551</u> |

Under the amendment to the R.O.C Statute of Industrial Innovation in 2019, the amounts of unappropriated earnings in 2018 and thereafter used for building or purchasing specific assets or technologies can qualify for deduction when computing the income tax on unappropriated earnings.

b. Income tax expense recognized in other comprehensive income

| | Years Ended December 31 | |
|---|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Deferred income tax benefit (expense) Related to remeasurement of defined benefit obligation | \$ 422,010 | \$ (30,468) |
| Related to unrealized gain/loss on investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI | 653 | 9,476 |
| | <u>\$ 422,663</u> | <u>\$ (20,992</u>) |

c. Deferred income tax balance

The analysis of deferred income tax assets and liabilities was as follows:

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Deferred income tax assets | | |
| Temporary differences | | |
| Depreciation | \$ 18,723,852 | \$ 12,927,764 |
| Refund liability | 3,719,427 | 2,120,873 |
| Net defined benefit liability | 1,341,960 | 1,016,248 |
| Unrealized loss on inventories | 826,666 | 437,327 |
| Investments in equity instruments at FVTOCI | 66,320 | 65,667 |
| Others | | 160,743 |
| | <u>\$ 24,678,225</u> | <u>\$ 16,728,622</u> (Continued) |

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Deferred income tax liabilities | | |
| Temporary differences | | |
| Unrealized exchange gains | \$ (866,452) | \$ (333,606) |
| Others | (849,915) | |
| | <u>\$ (1,716,367</u>) | <u>\$ (333,606)</u> (Concluded) |

| | Year Ended December 31, 2020 | | | |
|--|----------------------------------|------------------------|---|-------------------------|
| | Recognized in | | | |
| | Balance, Beginning of Year | Profit or Loss | Other Comprehensive Income | Balance, End of Year |
| Deferred income tax assets Temporary differences | | | | |
| Depreciation | \$ 12,927,764 | \$ 5,796,088 | \$ - | \$ 18,723,852 |
| Refund liability | 2,120,873 | 1,598,554 | - | 3,719,427 |
| Net defined benefit liability | 1,016,248 | (96,298) | 422,010 | 1,341,960 |
| Unrealized loss on inventories Investments in equity | 437,327 | 389,339 | - | 826,666 |
| instruments at FVTOCI | 65,667 | - | 653 | 66,320 |
| Others | 160,743 | (160,743) | | |
| | <u>\$ 16,728,622</u> | <u>\$ 7,526,940</u> | <u>\$ 422,663</u> | <u>\$ 24,678,225</u> |
| Deferred income tax liabilities Temporary differences | | | | |
| Unrealized exchange gains | \$ (333,606) | \$ (532,846) | \$ - | \$ (866,452) |
| Others | | (849,915) | | (849,915) |
| | <u>\$ (333,606</u>) | <u>\$ (1,382,761</u>) | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ (1,716,367</u>) |
| | | | cember 31, 2019 | |
| | Recognized in | | | |

| | | Recog | nized in | |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Balance, Beginning of Year | Profit or Loss | Other Comprehensive Income | Balance, End of Year |
| Deferred income tax assets | | | | |
| Temporary differences | | | | |
| Depreciation | \$ 11,177,890 | \$ 1,749,874 | \$ - | \$ 12,927,764 |
| Refund liability | 2,543,884 | (423,011) | - | 2,120,873 |
| Net defined benefit liability | 1,084,874 | (38,158) | (30,468) | 1,016,248 |
| Unrealized loss on inventories | 723,835 | (286,508) | - | 437,327 |
| Investments in equity | | | | |
| instruments at FVTOCI | 56,191 | - | 9,476 | 65,667 |
| Others | | 160,743 | | 160,743 |
| | <u>\$ 15,586,674</u> | <u>\$ 1,162,940</u> | <u>\$ (20,992</u>) | <u>\$ 16,728,622</u> |
| Deferred income tax liabilities Temporary differences | | | | |
| Unrealized exchange gains | \$ (61,677) | \$ (271,929) | \$ - | \$ (333,606) |
| Others | (171,607) | 171,607 | φ - | φ (555,000) |
| Ould's | (1/1,007) | 1/1,007 | | |
| | <u>\$ (233,284</u>) | <u>\$ (100,322</u>) | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ (333,606</u>) |

d. The deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the aggregate deductible temporary differences for which no deferred income tax assets have been recognized amounted to NT\$55,521,034 thousand and NT\$33,445,504 thousand, respectively.

e. Unused tax-exemption information

As of December 31, 2020, the profits generated from the following projects of the Company are exempt from income tax for a five-year period:

Tax-exemption Period

Construction and expansion of 2009

2018 to 2022

f. The information of unrecognized deferred income tax liabilities associated with investments

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the aggregate taxable temporary differences associated with investments in subsidiaries not recognized as deferred income tax liabilities amounted to NT\$152,827,360 thousand and NT\$131,085,673 thousand, respectively.

g. Income tax examination

The tax authorities have examined income tax returns of the Company through 2018. All investment tax credit adjustments assessed by the tax authorities have been recognized accordingly.

25. EARNINGS PER SHARE

| | Years Ended | Years Ended December 31 | |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Basic EPS Diluted EPS | <u>\$ 19.97</u> <u>\$ 19.97</u> | <u>\$ 13.32</u> <u>\$ 13.32</u> | |

EPS is computed as follows:

| | Amounts (Numerator) | Number of Shares (Denominator) (In Thousands) | EPS (NT\$) |
|--|------------------------|--|----------------|
| Year Ended December 31, 2020 | | | |
| Basic/Diluted EPS Net income available to common shareholders | <u>\$ 517,885,387</u> | 25,930,380 | <u>\$19.97</u> |
| Year Ended December 31, 2019 | | | |
| Basic/Diluted EPS Net income available to common shareholders | <u>\$ 345,263,668</u> | 25,930,380 | <u>\$13.32</u> |

| | | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|----|--|--|--|--|
| | | 2020 | 2019 | |
| a. | Depreciation of property, plant and equipment and right-of-use assets | | | |
| | Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses Recognized in other operating income and expenses | \$288,762,450 24,585,627 <u>31,609</u> | \$243,160,463 24,285,569 <u>18,511</u> | |
| | | \$313,379,686 | \$267,464,543 | |
| b. | Amortization of intangible assets | | | |
| | Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses | \$ 4,732,478 | \$ 2,971,336 2,367,550 | |
| | | <u>\$ 7,047,694</u> | <u>\$ 5,338,886</u> | |
| c. | Employee benefits expenses | | | |
| | Post-employment benefits Defined contribution plans Defined benefit plans | 2,309,527 <u>204,915</u> 2,514,442 | 2,063,508 <u>259,596</u> 2,323,104 | |
| | Other employee benefits | 123,287,720 | 94,236,265 | |
| | | <u>\$125,802,162</u> | <u>\$ 96,559,369</u> | |
| | Employee benefits expense summarized by function Recognized in cost of revenue Recognized in operating expenses | \$ 75,864,049 49,938,113 | \$ 58,502,618 38,056,751 | |
| | | <u>\$125,802,162</u> | <u>\$ 96,559,369</u> | |

According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Company shall allocate compensation to directors and profit sharing bonus to employees of the Company not more than 0.3% and not less than 1% of annual profits during the period, respectively.

The Company accrued profit sharing bonus to employees based on a percentage of net income before income tax, profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors during the period; compensation to directors was expensed based on estimated amount payable. If there is a change in the proposed amounts after the annual parent company only financial statements are authorized for issue, the differences are recorded as a change in accounting estimate. Accrued profit sharing bonus to employees is illustrated below:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Profit sharing bonus to employees | <u>\$ 34,753,184</u> | <u>\$ 23,165,745</u> | |

The Company's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors for 2020, 2019 and 2018 had been approved by the Board of Directors of the Company, as illustrated below:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | 2018 February 19, 2019 | | |
| Resolution Date of the Company's Board of Directors in its meeting | February 9, 2021 | February 11, 2020 | | | |
| Profit sharing bonus to employees Compensation to directors | <u>\$ 34,753,184</u> <u>\$ 509,753</u> | <u>\$ 23,165,745</u> <u>\$ 360,404</u> | <u>\$ 23,570,040</u> <u>\$ 349,272</u> | | |

There is no significant difference between the aforementioned approved amounts and the amounts charged against earnings of 2020, 2019 and 2018, respectively.

The information about the appropriations of the Company's profit sharing bonus to employees and compensation to directors is available at the Market Observation Post System website.

27. CASH FLOW INFORMATION

a. Non-cash transactions

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|--|--|--|--|
| | 2020 | 2019 | |
| Additions of property, plant and equipment Exchange of assets Changes in payables to contractors and equipment suppliers Transferred to initial carrying amount of hedged items | \$ 512,900,891 (1,148) (18,609,540) <u>20,265</u> | \$ 555,377,864 (3,287,138) (101,720,581) (82,276) | |
| Payments for acquisition of property, plant and equipment | <u>\$ 494,310,468</u> | <u>\$ 450,287,869</u> | |
| Disposal of property, plant and equipment Changes in other receivables from related parties Changes in other financial assets | \$ 1,112,923 (55,271) <u>13,203</u> | \$ 1,286,373 (175,900) <u>7,865</u> | |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | <u>\$ 1,070,855</u> | <u>\$ 1,118,338</u> | |
| Additions of intangible assets Changes in accounts payable Changes in accrued expenses and other current liabilities | \$12,510,446 191,429 (3,218,966) | \$ 9,182,777 69,935 | |
| Payments for acquisition of intangible assets | <u>\$ 9,482,909</u> | <u>\$ 9,252,712</u> | |

b. Reconciliation of liabilities arising from financing activities

| | Balance as of January 1, 2020 | Financing Cash Flow | Foreign Exchange Movement | Leases Modifications | Other Changes (Note) | Balance as of December 31, 2020 |
|--|---|---|--|-------------------------|---|--|
| Short-term loans Bonds payable Lease liabilities Guarantee deposits | \$ 148,510,290 56,900,000 15,143,819 1,690,752 | \$ 31,944,333 117,129,182 (2,324,499) | \$ (4,794,897) (986,845) 17,489 2,059 | \$ - 6,853,545 | \$ - 8,408 168,854 (1,511,250) | \$ 175,659,726 173,050,745 19,859,208 312,230 |
| Total | \$ 222,244,861 | <u>\$ 146,879,685</u> | <u>\$ (5,762,194</u>) | <u>\$ 6,853,545</u> | <u>\$ (1,333,988</u>) | <u>\$ 368,881,909</u> |

| | | | Non-cash changes | | | | |
|--|--|--|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|
| | Balance as of January 1, 2019 | Financing Cash Flow | Foreign Exchange Movement | Leases Modifications | Other Changes (Note) | Balance as of December 31, 2019 | |
| Short-term loans Bonds payable Lease liabilities Guarantee deposits | \$ 91,982,340 91,800,000 17,758,578 9,494,648 | \$ 59,615,602 (34,900,000) (2,811,698) | \$ (3,087,652) (17,489) 1,674 | \$ - 33,038 | \$ - 181,390 (7,824,572) | \$ 148,510,290 56,900,000 15,143,819 | |
| Total | <u>\$ 211,035,566</u> | <u>\$ 21,922,906</u> | <u>\$ (3,103,467</u>) | <u>\$ 33,038</u> | <u>\$ (7,643,182</u>) | <u>\$ 222,244,861</u> | |

Note: Other changes include amortization of bonds payable, financial cost of lease liabilities and guarantee deposits refunded to customers by offsetting related accounts receivable.

28. CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company requires significant amounts of capital to build and expand its production facilities and acquire additional equipment. In consideration of the industry dynamics, the Company manages its capital in a manner to ensure that it has sufficient and necessary financial resources to fund its working capital needs, capital asset purchases, research and development activities, dividend payments, debt service requirements and other business requirements associated with its existing operations over the next 12 months.

29. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

a. Categories of financial instruments

| | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|--|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Financial assets FVTPL (Note 1) | \$ 2,125,825 | \$ 27,481 |
| FVTOCI (Note 2) Hedging financial assets Amortized cost (Note 3) | 3,790,131 440,992,185 | 4,132,975 3,504 272,886,863 |
| Financial liabilities | <u>\$ 446,908,141</u> | <u>\$ 277,050,823</u> |
| FVTPL (Note 4) Hedging financial liabilities Amortized cost (Note 5) | \$ 93,153 | \$ 982,302 1,798 553,905,061 |
| | <u>\$ 734,456,795</u> | <u>\$ 554,889,161</u> |

- Note 1: Financial assets mandatorily measured at FVTPL.
- Note 2: Including notes and accounts receivable (net) and equity investments.
- Note 3: Including cash and cash equivalents, financial assets at amortized cost, notes and accounts receivable (including related parties), other receivables and refundable deposits.
- Note 4: Held for trading.
- Note 5: Including short-term loans, accounts payable (including related parties), payables to contractors and equipment suppliers, cash dividends payable, accrued expenses and other current liabilities, bonds payable and guarantee deposits.

b. Financial risk management objectives

The Company manages its exposure to foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, equity price risk, credit risk and liquidity risk with the objective to reduce the potentially adverse effects the market uncertainties may have on its financial performance.

The plans for material treasury activities are reviewed by Audit Committees and/or Board of Directors in accordance with procedures required by relevant regulations or internal controls. During the implementation of such plans, the Company must comply with certain treasury procedures that provide guiding principles for overall financial risk management and segregation of duties.

c. Market risk

The Company is exposed to the financial market risks, primarily changes in foreign currency exchange rates, interest rates and equity investment prices. A portion of these risks is hedged.

Foreign currency risk

The majority of the Company's revenue is denominated in U.S. dollar and over one-half of its capital expenditures are denominated in currencies other than NT dollar, primarily in U.S. dollar, Japanese yen and Euro. As a result, any significant fluctuations to its disadvantage in exchanges rate of NT dollar against such currencies, in particular a weakening of U.S. dollar against NT dollar, would have an adverse impact on the revenue and operating profit as expressed in NT dollar. The Company uses foreign currency derivative contracts, such as currency forwards or currency swaps, to protect against currency exchange rate risks associated with non-NT dollar-denominated assets and liabilities and certain forecasted transactions. These hedges reduce, but do not entirely eliminate, the effect of foreign currency exchange rate movements on the assets and liabilities.

Based on a sensitivity analysis performed on the Company's total monetary assets and liabilities for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, a hypothetical adverse foreign currency exchange rate change of 10% would have decreased its net income by NT\$832,231 thousand and NT\$2,112,450 thousand, respectively, and decreased its other comprehensive income by NT\$107,690 thousand for the year ended December 31, 2019, after taking into account hedges and offsetting positions.

Interest rate risk

The Company is exposed to interest rate risks primarily related to its bank deposits and bank loans. Changes in interest rates affect the interest earned on the Company's bank deposits, as well as the interest paid on its bank loans. Because all of the Company's bonds issued are fixed-rate and measured at amortized cost, changes in interest rates would not affect the future cash flows and the carrying amount.

Other price risk

The Company is exposed to equity price risk arising from financial assets at FVTOCI.

Assuming a hypothetical decrease of 10% in prices of the equity investments at the end of the reporting period for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, the other comprehensive income would have decreased by NT\$73,464 thousand and NT\$77,156 thousand, respectively.

d. Credit risk management

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial losses to the Company. The Company is exposed to credit risks from operating activities, primarily accounts receivable, and from investing activities, primarily deposits, fixed-income investments and other financial instruments with banks. Credit risk is managed separately for business related and

financial related exposures. As of the end of the reporting period, the Company's maximum credit risk exposure is equal to the carrying amount of financial assets.

Business related credit risk

The Company's accounts receivable are from its customers worldwide. The majority of the Company's outstanding accounts receivable are not covered by collaterals or guarantees. While the Company has procedures to monitor and manage credit risk exposure on accounts receivable, there is no assurance such procedures will effectively eliminate losses resulting from its credit risk. This risk is heightened during periods when economic conditions worsen.

As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company's ten largest customers accounted for 67% and 83% of accounts receivable, respectively. The Company considers the concentration of credit risk for the remaining accounts receivable not material.

Financial credit risk

The Company mitigates its financial credit risk by selecting counterparties with investment-grade credit ratings and by limiting the exposure to any individual counterparty. The Company regularly monitors and reviews the limit applied to counterparties and adjusts the limit according to market conditions and the credit standing of the counterparties.

e. Liquidity risk management

The objective of liquidity risk management is to ensure the Company has sufficient liquidity to fund its business operations over the next 12 months. The Company manages its liquidity risk by maintaining adequate cash and cash equivalent.

The table below summarizes the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted payments, including principal and interest.

| | Less Than 1 Year | 1-3 Years | 3-5 Years | More Than 5 Years | Total |
|--|---|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------------|
| December 31, 2020 | | | | | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | |
| Short-term loans Accounts payable (including related | \$ 175,658,226 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 175,658,226 |
| parties) Payables to contractors and | 43,256,260 | - | - | - | 43,256,260 |
| equipment suppliers Accrued expenses and other current | 156,342,457 | - | - | - | 156,342,457 |
| liabilities | 56,090,322 | - | - | - | 56,090,322 |
| Bonds payable Lease liabilities (including those classified under accrued expenses | 4,423,599 | 25,822,844 | 30,134,920 | 148,299,359 | 208,680,722 |
| and other current liabilities) Guarantee deposits (including those | 1,539,173 | 2,864,146 | 2,763,636 | 13,977,371 | 21,144,326 |
| classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) | 53,157 | 107,328 | 151,745 | | 312,230 |
| , | 437,363,194 | 28,794,318 | 33,050,301 | 162,276,730 | 661,484,543 |
| Derivative financial instruments | | | | | |
| Forward exchange contracts | | | | | |
| Outflows | 144,697,981 | - | - | - | 144,697,981 |
| Inflows | $\begin{array}{r} (148,236,932) \\ (3,538,951) \end{array}$ | | | | <u>(148,236,932</u>) (3,538,951) |
| | <u>\$ 433,824,243</u> | <u>\$ 28,794,318</u> | <u>\$ 33,050,301</u> | <u>\$ 162,276,730</u> | <u>\$ 657,945,592</u> |

| | Less Than 1 Year | 1-3 Years | 3-5 Years | More Than 5 Years | Total |
|--|---------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|
| December 31, 2019 | | | | | |
| Non-derivative financial liabilities | | | | | |
| Short-term loans | \$ 148,550,641 | \$ - | \$ - | \$ - | \$ 148,550,641 |
| Accounts payable (including related parties) | 41,745,770 | - | - | - | 41,745,770 |
| Payables to contractors and equipment suppliers | 139,754,491 | - | - | - | 139,754,491 |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | 35,651,856 | - | - | - | 35,651,856 |
| Bonds payable Lease liabilities (including those | 32,338,853 | 7,777,715 | 18,203,601 | - | 58,320,169 |
| classified under accrued expenses and other current liabilities) | 1,976,891 | 2,170,171 | 2,063,855 | 9,981,523 | 16,192,440 |
| Guarantee deposits (including those classified under accrued expenses | | | | | |
| and other current liabilities) | <u>1,520,306</u> 401,538,808 | <u>114,945</u> 10,062,831 | <u>55,501</u> 20,322,957 | 9,981,523 | <u>1,690,752</u> 441,906,119 |
| Derivative financial instruments | | | | | |
| Forward exchange contracts | | | | | |
| Outflows Inflows | 125,580,851 (125,114,784) | - | - | - | 125,580,851 (125,114,784) |
| mnows | 466,067 | | | | 466,067 |
| | \$ 402,004,875 | <u>\$ 10,062,831</u> | <u>\$ 20,322,957</u> | <u>\$ 9,981,523</u> | <u>\$ 442,372,186</u> |

Information about the maturity analysis for lease liabilities more than 5 years:

| | 5-10 Years | 10-15 Years | 15-20 Years | More Than 20 Years | Total |
|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|
| December 31, 2020 | | | | | |
| Lease liabilities | <u>\$ 6,498,231</u> | <u>\$ 5,082,504</u> | <u>\$ 2,242,373</u> | <u>\$ 154,263</u> | <u>\$ 13,977,371</u> |
| December 31, 2019 | | | | | |
| Lease liabilities | <u>\$ 4,679,991</u> | <u>\$ 3,626,190</u> | <u>\$ 1,600,962</u> | <u>\$ 74,380</u> | <u>\$ 9,981,523</u> |

- f. Fair value of financial instruments
 - 1) Fair value measurements recognized in the parent company only balance sheets

Fair value measurements are grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable:

- Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;
- Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices); and
- Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

2) Fair value of financial instruments that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Fair value hierarchy

The following table presents the Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

| | December 31, 2020 | | | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| - | Level 2 | Level 3 | Total | | |
| Financial assets at FVTPL | | | | | |
| Mandatorily measured at FVTPL Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ 2,125,825</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 2,125,825</u> | | |
| Financial assets at FVTOCI | | | | | |
| Investments in equity instruments Non-publicly traded equity investments Notes and accounts receivable, net | \$ - 2,955,301 \$ 2,955,301 | \$ 834,830 \$ 834,830 | \$ 834,830 2,955,301 \$ 3,790,131 | | |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL | <u>+;>=;==;===</u> | | <u>+, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u> | | |
| | | | | | |
| Held for trading Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ 93,153</u> | <u>\$ </u> | <u>\$ 93,153</u> | | |
| | | December 31, 2019 | | | |
| Financial assets at FVTPL | | | | | |
| Mandatorily measured at FVTPL Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ 27,481</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 27,481</u> | | |
| Financial assets at FVTOCI | | | | | |
| Investments in equity instruments Non-publicly traded equity investments Notes and accounts receivable, net | \$ | \$ 877,110 | \$ 877,110 <u>3,255,865</u> | | |
| | <u>\$ 3,255,865</u> | <u>\$ 877,110</u> | <u>\$ 4,132,975</u> | | |
| Hedging financial assets | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ 3,504</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 3,504</u> | | |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL | | | | | |
| Held for trading Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ 982,302</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 982,302</u> | | |
| Hedging financial liabilities | | | | | |
| Cash flow hedges Forward exchange contracts | <u>\$ 1,798</u> | <u>\$</u> | <u>\$ 1,798</u> | | |

Reconciliation of Level 3 fair value measurements of financial assets

The financial assets measured at Level 3 fair value were equity investments classified as financial assets at FVTOCI. Reconciliations for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were as follows:

| | Years Ended December 31 | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| Balance, beginning of year Recognized in other comprehensive income Disposals and proceeds from return of capital of investments | \$ | 877,110 (41,995) (285) | \$ 963,610 (85,393) <u>(1,107</u>) |
| Balance, end of year | \$ | 834,830 | \$ 877,110 |

Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 2 fair value measurement

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities are determined as follows:

- Forward exchange contracts are measured using forward exchange rates and discount rates derived from quoted market prices.
- The fair value of accounts receivable classified as at FVTOCI is determined by the present value of future cash flows based on the discount rate that reflects the credit risk of counterparties.

Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 3 fair value measurement

The fair values of non-publicly traded equity investments are mainly determined by using the asset approach and market approach.

The asset approach takes into account the net asset value measured at the fair value by independent parties.

The market approach is used to arrive at their fair values, for which the recent financing activities of investees, the market transaction prices of the similar companies and market conditions are considered.

3) Fair value of financial instruments that are not measured at fair value

Except as detailed in the following table, the Company considers that the carrying amounts of financial instruments in the parent company only financial statements that are not measured at fair value approximate their fair values.

Fair value hierarchy

The table below sets out the fair value hierarchy for the Company's financial assets and liabilities which are not required to measure at fair value:

| | December 31, 2020 | |
|---|----------------------|-----------------------|
| | Carrying Amount | Level 2 Fair Value |
| Financial liabilities | | |
| Financial liabilities at amortized costs Bonds payable | <u>\$173,050,745</u> | \$173,972,033 |

| December 31, 2019 | |
|-------------------|------------|
| Carrying | Level 2 |
| Amount | Fair Value |
| | |
| | |

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities at amortized costs Bonds payable

<u>\$ 56,900,000</u> <u>\$ 57,739,115</u>

Valuation techniques and assumptions used in Level 2 fair value measurement

The fair value of the Company's bonds payable is determined by quoted market prices provided by third party pricing services.

30. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The significant transactions between the Company and its related parties, other than those disclosed in other notes, are summarized as follows:

a. Related party name and categories

| Related Party Name | Related Party Categories |
|--|---------------------------------|
| TSMC Global | Subsidiaries |
| TSMC China | Subsidiaries |
| TSMC Nanjing | Subsidiaries |
| VisEra Tech | Subsidiaries |
| TSMC Arizona | Subsidiaries |
| TSMC North America | Subsidiaries |
| TSMC Europe | Subsidiaries |
| TSMC Japan | Subsidiaries |
| TSMC Korea | Subsidiaries |
| TSMC JDC | Subsidiaries |
| TSMC Design Technology Canada Inc. (TSMC Canada) | Indirect Subsidiaries |
| TSMC Technology, Inc. (TSMC Technology) | Indirect Subsidiaries |
| WaferTech, LLC (WaferTech) | Indirect Subsidiaries |
| GUC | Associates |
| VIS | Associates |
| SSMC | Associates |
| Xintec | Associates |
| TSMC Education and Culture Foundation | Other related parties |
| TSMC Charity Foundation | Other related parties |

b. Net revenue

| | | Years Ended December 31 | |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| Item | Related Party Name/Categories | | |
| Net revenue from sale of goods | TSMC North America Associates Other subsidiaries | \$ 824,139,751 5,656,748 <u>85,147</u> | \$ 636,441,507 4,052,853 149,560 |
| | | <u>\$ 829,881,646</u> | <u>\$ 640,643,920</u> (Continued) |

| | | | Years Ended 2020 | December 31 2019 |
|----|--|---|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | Net revenue from royalties | Subsidiaries Associates | \$ 214,352 | \$ 64,710 |
| | | | <u>\$ 409,463</u> | <u>\$ 248,293</u> (Concluded |
| c. | Purchases | | | Concluded |
| | | | Years Ended 2020 | December 31 2019 |
| | Related Party Categories | | 2020 | 2017 |
| | | | ¢ 44.000 700 | ф. 40.410.211 |
| | Subsidiaries Associates | | \$ 44,920,702 7,605,080 | \$ 40,419,311 6,301,417 |
| | | | <u>\$ 52,525,782</u> | <u>\$ 46,720,728</u> |
| d. | Receivables from related parties | 5 | | |
| | | | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| | Item | Related Party Name/Categories | | |
| | Receivables from related parties | TSMC North America Associates | \$ 101,467,381 313,064 | \$ 81,732,281 458,292 |
| | | Other subsidiaries | 729 | 3,928 |
| | | | <u>\$101,781,174</u> | <u>\$ 82,194,501</u> |
| | Other receivables from related parties | TSMC North America TSMC Nanjing | \$ 1,390,902 203,209 | \$ 802,726 101,559 |
| | puttes | Other subsidiaries Associates | 71,058 | 13,388 |
| | | Associates | 49,165 | 50,450 |
| | | | <u>\$ 1,714,334</u> | <u>\$ 968,123</u> |
| e. | Payables to related parties | | | |
| | | | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
| | Item | Related Party Name/Categories | | |
| | Payables to related parties | TSMC Nanjing | \$ 1,889,906 | \$ 1,266,002 |
| | | TSMC China Xintec | 1,643,070 1,358,624 | 1,538,971 736,747 |
| | | WaferTech | 697,756 | 1,097,625 |
| | | Other subsidiaries | 679,227 740,040 | 379,250 |
| | | Other associates Other related parties | 749,040 | 683,040 |
| | | T | <u>\$ 7,017,623</u> | \$ 5,716,635 |
| | | 170 | <u> </u> | <u></u> |
| | | | | |

f. Accrued expenses and other current liabilities

| | | December 31, 2020 | December 31, 2019 |
|---|--|----------------------------|----------------------|
| Item | Related Party Name/Categories | | |
| Accrued expenses and other current liabilities | TSMC North America Other subsidiaries | \$ 317,011 <u>1,643</u> | \$ - 2,722 |
| | | <u>\$ 318,654</u> | <u>\$ 2,722</u> |

g. Acquisition of property, plant and equipment

| | Acquisition Price | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|
| | Years Ended December 31 | |
| Related Party Categories | 2020 | 2019 |
| TSMC China | \$126,162 | <u>\$ -</u> |

h. Disposal of property, plant and equipment

| | Proceeds | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|
| | Years Ended December 31 | |
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Related Party Name/Categories | | |
| TSMC Nanjing | \$ 527,134 | \$ 1,096,516 |
| Other subsidiaries | 6,115 | 44,095 |
| | <u>\$ 533,249</u> | <u>\$ 1,140,611</u> |
| | Ga | ins |
| | Years Ended | December 31 |
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Related Party Name/Categories | | |
| TSMC Nanjing | \$ 31,494 | \$ 332,955 |
| Other subsidiaries | 49,844 | 67,151 |
| | <u>\$ 81,338</u> | <u>\$ 400,106</u> |
| | Deferred Gain | s (Losses) from |
| | | perty, Plant and |
| | Equipment | |
| | December 31, | December 31, |
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Related Party Name/Categories | | |
| TSMC Nanjing | \$ 4,221 | \$ (30,731) |
| Other subsidiaries | 86,186 | 129,915 |
| | ¢ 00.407 | ¢ 00.194 |
| | <u>\$ 90,407</u> | <u>\$ 99,184</u> |

i. Others

| | | Years Ended | December 31 |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | | 2020 | 2019 |
| Item | Related Party Name/Categories | | |
| Manufacturing expenses | Associates Subsidiaries | \$ 5,425,878 | \$ 2,816,089 <u>35,825</u> |
| | | <u>\$ 5,455,578</u> | <u>\$ 2,851,914</u> |
| Research and development expenses | Subsidiaries Associates | \$ 3,409,037 <u>256,496</u> | \$ 2,821,204 <u>163,425</u> |
| | | <u>\$ 3,665,533</u> | <u>\$ 2,984,629</u> |
| Marketing expenses - commission | TSMC Europe Other subsidiaries | \$ 735,295 474,553 | \$ 439,147 419,920 |
| | | <u>\$ 1,209,848</u> | <u>\$ 859,067</u> |
| General and administrative expenses | Other related parties Subsidiaries | \$ 120,000 <u>3,569</u> | \$ 120,000 3,423 |
| | | <u>\$ 123,569</u> | <u>\$ 123,423</u> |

The sales prices and payment terms to related parties were not significantly different from those of sales to third parties. For other related party transactions, price and terms were determined in accordance with mutual agreements.

The Company leased factory and office from associates. The lease terms and prices were both determined in accordance with mutual agreements. The rental expenses were paid to associates monthly; the related expenses were both classified under manufacturing expenses.

The Company deferred the disposal gain or loss derived from sales of property, plant and equipment to related parties using equity method, and then recognized such gain or loss over the depreciable lives of the disposed assets.

i. Compensation of key management personnel

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel were as follows:

| | Years Ended | December 31 |
|--|---------------------|---------------------|
| | 2020 | 2019 |
| Short-term employee benefits Post-employment benefits | \$ 2,567,833 | \$ 1,822,806 |
| | <u>\$ 2,569,784</u> | <u>\$ 1,825,136</u> |

The compensation to directors and other key management personnel were determined by the Compensation Committee of the Company in accordance with the individual performance and the market trends.

31. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND UNRECOGNIZED COMMITMENTS

Significant contingent liabilities and unrecognized commitments of the Company as of the end of the reporting period, excluding those disclosed in other notes, were as follows:

- a. Under a technical cooperation agreement with Industrial Technology Research Institute, the R.O.C. Government or its designee approved by the Company can use up to 35% of the Company's capacity provided the Company's outstanding commitments to its customers are not prejudiced. The term of this agreement is for five years beginning from January 1, 1987 and is automatically renewed for successive periods of five years unless otherwise terminated by either party with one year prior notice. As of December 31, 2020, the R.O.C. Government did not invoke such right.
- b. Under a Shareholders Agreement entered into with Philips and EDB Investments Pte Ltd. on March 30, 1999, the parties formed a joint venture company, SSMC, which is an integrated circuit foundry in Singapore. The Company's equity interest in SSMC was 32%. Nevertheless, in September 2006, Philips spun-off its semiconductor subsidiary which was renamed as NXP B.V. Further, the Company and NXP B.V. purchased all the SSMC shares owned by EDB Investments Pte Ltd. pro rata according to the Shareholders Agreement on November 15, 2006. After the purchase, the Company and NXP B.V. currently own approximately 39% and 61% of the SSMC shares, respectively. The Company and NXP B.V. are required, in the aggregate, to purchase at least 70% of SSMC's capacity, but the Company alone is not required to purchase more than 28% of the capacity. If any party defaults on the commitment and the capacity utilization of SSMC falls below a specific percentage of its capacity, the defaulting party is required to compensate SSMC for all related unavoidable costs. There was no default from the aforementioned commitment as of December 31, 2020.
- c. On September 28, 2017, the Company was contacted by the European Commission (the "Commission"), which asked us for information and documents concerning alleged anti-competitive practices in relation to semiconductor sales. We cooperated continuously with the Commission to provide the requested information and documents. The Commission subsequently decided to close the investigation in May 2020.
- d. The Company entered into long-term purchase agreements of materials and supplies with multiple suppliers. The relative minimum purchase quantity and price are specified in the agreements.
- e. The Company entered into a long-term purchase agreement of equipment. The relative purchase quantity and price are specified in the agreement.
- f. The Company entered into long-term energy purchase agreements with multiple suppliers. The relative purchase period, quantity and price are specified in the agreements.
- g. As of December 31, 2020, the Company provided endorsement guarantees of NT\$2,338,044 thousand to its subsidiary, TSMC North America, in respect of providing endorsement guarantees for office leasing contract.
- h. As of December 31, 2020, the Company provided a NT\$84,291,000 thousand endorsement guarantee for its subsidiary, TSMC Global, in respect of its issuance of US dollar-denominated senior unsecured corporate bonds.

32. EXCHANGE RATE INFORMATION OF FOREIGN-CURRENCY FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The following information was summarized according to the foreign currencies other than the functional currency of the Company. The exchange rates disclosed were used to translate the foreign currencies into the

functional currency. The significant financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies were as follows:

| | Foreign Currencies (In Thousands) | Exchange Rate (Note) | Carrying Amount (In Thousands) |
|-------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|--|
| December 31, 2020 | | | |
| Financial assets | | | |
| Monetary items USD EUR JPY | \$ 6,556,606 10,505 83,135,801 | 28.097 34.587 0.2729 | \$ 184,220,958 363,340 22,687,760 |
| Financial liabilities | | | |
| Monetary items USD EUR JPY | 6,906,646 4,146,458 103,973,930 | 28.097 34.587 0.2729 | 194,056,024 143,413,558 28,374,485 |
| December 31, 2019 | | | |
| Financial assets | | | |
| Monetary items USD EUR JPY | \$ 4,515,031 2,867 71,980,350 | 29.988 33.653 0.2751 | \$ 135,396,753 96,495 19,801,794 |
| Financial liabilities | | | |
| Monetary items USD EUR JPY | 5,874,701 2,550,377 100,338,589 | 29.988 33.653 0.2751 | 176,170,537 85,827,831 27,603,146 |

Note: Exchange rate represents the number of NT dollar for which one foreign currency could be exchanged.

Please refer to the parent company only statements of comprehensive income for the total of realized and unrealized foreign exchange gain and loss for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019, respectively. Since there were varieties of foreign currency transactions of the Company, the Company was unable to disclose foreign exchange gain (loss) towards each foreign currency with significant impact.

33. SIGNIFICANT OPERATION LOSSES

On January 19, 2019, the Company discovered a wafer contamination issue in a fab in Taiwan caused by a batch of unqualified photoresist materials. After investigation, the Company immediately stopped using the unqualified materials. An estimated loss of NT\$3,400,000 thousand related to this event was recognized in cost of revenue for the three months ended March 31, 2019.

34. ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES

Following are the additional disclosures required by the Securities and Futures Bureau for the Company:

- a. Financings provided: See Table 1 attached;
- b. Endorsement/guarantee provided: See Table 2 attached;
- c. Marketable securities held (excluding investments in subsidiaries and associates): See Table 3 attached;
- d. Marketable securities acquired and disposed of at costs or prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: See Table 4 attached;
- e. Acquisition of individual real estate properties at costs of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: See Table 5 attached;
- f. Disposal of individual real estate properties at prices of at least NT\$300 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: None;
- g. Total purchases from or sales to related parties of at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: See Table 6 attached;
- h. Receivables from related parties amounting to at least NT\$100 million or 20% of the paid-in capital: See Table 7 attached;
- i. Information about the derivative financial instruments transaction: See Notes 7 and 8;
- j. Names, locations, and related information of investees over which the Company exercises significant influence (excluding information on investment in mainland China): See Table 8 attached;
- k. Information on investment in mainland China
 - 1) The name of the investee in mainland China, the main businesses and products, its issued capital, method of investment, information on inflow or outflow of capital, percentage of ownership, income (losses) of the investee, share of profits/losses of investee, ending balance, amount received as dividends from the investee, and the limitation on investee: See Table 9 attached.
 - 2) Significant direct or indirect transactions with the investee, its prices and terms of payment, unrealized gain or loss, and other related information which is helpful to understand the impact of investment in mainland China on financial reports: See Note 30.
- 1. Information of major shareholder

List of all shareholders with ownership of 5 percent or greater showing the names and the number of shares and percentage of ownership held by each shareholder: See Table 10 attached.

35. OPERATING SEGMENTS INFORMATION

The Company has provided the operating segments disclosure in the consolidated financial statements.

FINANCINGS PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| | | | | | Maximum | Eading Delense | A | | | | | | Coll | Collateral | Financing Limits | Financing |
|-----|----------------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|------------------|--|--|---|-------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------------|------|------------|---|---|
| No. | Financing Company | Counterparty | Financial Statement Account | Related Party | Balance for the Period (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3) | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3) | Amount Actuary Drawn (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | | Interest Rate Nature for Financing | T ransaction Amounts | Reason for Financing | Allowance for Bad Debt | Item | Value | for Each Borrowing Company (Notes 1 and 2) | for Each Company's Total Borrowing Financing Amount Company Limits (Notes 1 and 2) (Notes 1 and 2) |
| - | TSMC China | TSMC Nanjing | TSMC Nanjing Other receivables from | Yes | \$ 38,028,092 | \$ 34,752,490 | \$ 20,622,240 | 1.50% | The need for long-term | ÷ | Operating capital | ÷ | | - | \$ 64,492,719 \$ | \$ 64,492,719 |
| | | | related parties | | (RMB 6,000,000) & (US\$ 436,000) | (RMB 6,000,000) & (RMB 5,800,000) & (RMB 4,800,00 (US\$ 436,000) (US\$ 350,000) | (RMB 4,800,000) | | financing | | 1 | | | | | |
| 7 | TSMC Global TSMC | TSMC | Other receivables from | Yes | 87,100,700 | 87,100,700 | 87,100,700 | 0.00% | The need for short-term | ' | Operating capital | | | I | 382,229,039 | 382,229,039 |
| | | | related parties | _ | (US\$ 3,100,000) | (US\$ 3,100,000) | (US\$ 3,100,000) | | financing | | | | | | | |
|] | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note 1: The aggregate amount available for lending to TSMC Nanjing from TSMC China shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC China.

The aggregate amount available for lending to TSMC from TSMC Global shall not exceed the net worth of TSMC Global. Note 2:

The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors. Note 3:

TABLE 2

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

ENDORSEMENTS/GUARANTEES PROVIDED FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| | Guarantee Provided to Subsidiaries in Mainland China | No | No | No | |
|-------------------------|--|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|--|
| | Guarantee Provided by A Subsidiary | No | No | No | |
| | Guarantee Provided by Parent Company | Yes | Yes | No | |
| | Maximum Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Allowable (Note 1 and 2) | \$ 462,414,314 | 462,414,314 | 184,965,726 | |
| Ratio of | Amount of Accumulated hadorsement/ Guarantee Guarantee to Net Ilateralized by Equity per Properties Latest Financial Statements | 0.13% | 4.56% | 0.02% | |
| | Amount of Accumulated Endorsement/ Endorsement Guarantee to N Collateralized by Equity per Properties Latest Financi Statements | ı Ş | ı | I | |
| | Amount Actually Drawn (US\$ in Thousands) | 2,338,044 \$ 2,338,044 \$ | (US\$ 83,213) 84,291,000 | 360,228 (JPY 1,320,000) (JPY 1,320,000) | |
| | Ending Balance (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3) | \$ | (US\$ 83,213) 84,291,000 | ^ . | |
| Maximum | Balance for the Period (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) (Note 3) | \$ 462,414,314 \$ 2,338,044 | (US\$ 83,213) 84,291,000 | (JPY 1,320,000) (JPY | |
| Limits on | Endorsement/ Guarantee Amount Provided to Each Guaranteed Party (Notes 1 and 2) | \$ 462,414,314 | 462,414,314 | 184,965,726 | |
| Guaranteed Party | Nature of Relationship | Subsidiary | Subsidiary | The same parent company | |
| Guarant | Name | TSMC North Subsidiary | America TSMC Global | TSMC JDC | |
| | No. Endorsement/ Guarantee Provider | 0 TSMC | - | TSMC Japan | |
| | No. | 0 | | 1 | |

Note 1: The total amount of the endorsement/guarantee provided by TSMC to TSMC North America and TSMC Global shall not exceed twenty-five percent (25%) of TSMC's net worth.

Note 2: The total amount of the endorsement/guarantee provided by TSMC Japan to TSMC JDC shall not exceed ten percent (10%) of TSMC's net worth.

Note 3: The maximum balance for the period and ending balance represent the amounts approved by the Board of Directors.

TABLE 3

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

MARKETABLE SECURITIES HELD DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| tect/paradytions Reaction by with the Compary Fauncial Statement Account Same finite Currynals Currynals measure - <th></th> | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|---|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|--|------|
| Machine And addicative interactions Exact addicative interactinteractinteradicative interactive interactive interactive intera | | ble Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carryi (Foreign in Tho | ng Value Currencies usands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fai (Foreign in Th | Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Note |
| Shar Fara france i fraver C., Lid 1000 31302 Shar Fara france i fraver C., Lid 1000 31302 W. K. Tschonge parit i fraver C., Lid 1000 31302 W. K. Tschonge parit i fraver C., Lid 1000 2001 W. K. Tschonge parit i fraver C., Lid 1000 2001 W. K. Tschonge parit i fraver C., Lid 1000 2001 Sharpa Miscure Cancer Shart Ellisterpic 1000 2001 Conson A succer Shart Ellisterpic 1000 2001 Sharpa Miscure Cancer Shart Ellisterpic 1000 2001 Chan Wallow Venter Enversion LL, P. 1000 2004 Diptic Control 1000 2004 1000 Mode Blancy Factor Cancer Ellisterpic 1000 2004 Diptic Control 1000 1000 1000 Diptic Control 1000 1000 1000 Diptic Control <t< td=""><td>Non-publicly traded e. United Industrial Gase</td><td>quity investments ss Co., Ltd.</td><td></td><td>Financial assets at fair value through other</td><td>21,230</td><td></td><td>427,665</td><td>10</td><td>Ś</td><td>427,665</td><td></td></t<> | Non-publicly traded e. United Industrial Gase | quity investments ss Co., Ltd. | | Financial assets at fair value through other | 21,230 | | 427,665 | 10 | Ś | 427,665 | |
| Industry | Shin-Etsu Handotai Ta | aiwan Co., Ltd. | , | comprehensive income | 10,500 | | 313,992 | 7 | | 313,992 | |
| W. K. Kannes Final IV Encion Vacunes four (Armos Final Cipation Simplify Financial master at fair value (hough other Simplify Vature Financial Simplify Vature Financia Simplify Vature Financia Simplify Vature Financial Simplify Vature Financia Simplify Vature Financi Simplify Vature Financia Simplify Vature Financia Simpl | Global Investment Ho. | lding Co., Ltd. | , | И | 10,442 | | 87,059 | 9 | | 87,059 | |
| Introduction Introduction< | W.K. Technology Fun | d IV | ' | И | 806 | | 5,944 | 2 | | 5,944 | |
| Control on an update Francial sector at fair value through other 1 1 Stage Mikhy Transferences Stage Mikhy Transferences 1 | Horizon Ventures Fun | d | 1 | 11 | I | | 170 | 12 | | 170 | |
| Stangalistic Lingtonia Financial assets at fair value through other 1 1 2 2 3< | CIIIIIS0II ASIA Capitai | | 1 | ~ | I | | | I | | | |
| China Valdah Ventre Investments II. LP. US 1233 China Valdah Ventre Investments II. LP. US 4364 Inpria Carponian US 4364 Motek En US 5384 Corrente Networks III. LP. US 5384 Notes Nation US 5384 Nation Nation Nation US 5333 Nation Nation Nation US US 5333 | | <u>quity</u> investments ture Capital Enterprise | T | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1 | US\$ | 22,944 | 9 | US\$ | 22,944 | |
| Clina Water Inter Internets III.LP. Image Number State Internets III.P. Image Number State Internet Interne | China Walden Ventur | e Investments II, L.P. | | comprehensive income | ı | US\$ | 12,551 | 6 | US\$ | 12,551 | |
| Intri Corporation 1 <th1< th=""> 1 1</th1<> | China Walden Venture | e Investments III, L.P. | 1 | 11 | ' | US\$ | 4,978 | 4 | US\$ | 4,978 | |
| Tidal Innovations Tidal Innovations 104-00 <td>Inpria Corporation</td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>И</td> <td>1,778</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>3,600</td> <td>4</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>3,600</td> <td></td> | Inpria Corporation | | 1 | И | 1,778 | US\$ | 3,600 | 4 | US\$ | 3,600 | |
| Mathe In: 6.333 6.333 6.333 Corporate bond Ender of America Corp Corporate bond Bask of America Corp Corporate bond Bask of America Corp Corporation 6 108 3,946 Corporate bond Bask of America Corp Corporate bond Bask of America Corp Corporate bond Bask of America Corp Corporation 1 108 3,946 Corporate bond Bask of America Corp Corporate bond Bask of America Corp Bask of America Corp Mark of America Corp Distribution 1 108 4,348 Corporate bond Bask of America Corp Distribution 1 1 1 108 4,348 Mark of America Corp Mark of America Distribution 1 1 1 108 4,348 Mark of America Distribution 1 | Tela Innovations | | | 11 | 10,440 | | ı | 25 | | ı | |
| Corporate buil Bail of America Cop Financial assets at fair value through other C USS 9345 Cargoarde buil Bail of America Cop Cargoarde buil Cargoan Sacks - USS 44.481 Cargoarde buil Bail of America Cop - - USS 44.481 Cargoarde buil Bail of America Cop - - USS 44.481 Cargoarde buil Bail of America Cop - - USS 44.481 Massis foroug Inc - - - USS 44.481 Wells Farge & Co - - - USS 44.481 Massis foroug Inc - - - USS 37.791 Massis foroug Inc - - - US | Mcube Inc. | | | Ш | 6,333 | | | 10 | | | |
| internation Function City output function | | | | | | | | | | | |
| comprehensive medome 1 | | | 1 | Financial assets at fair value through other | ı | US\$ | 59,845 | N/A | US\$ | 59,845 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Citisroun Inc | | , | comprehensive income | 1 | \$\$11 | 44.484 | N/A | \$\$11 | 44.484 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Morgan Stanley | | , | | 1 | nS\$ | 43.256 | N/A | nS\$ | 43.256 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Goldman Sachs Group | o Inc/The | | " | | US\$ | 40.089 | N/A | US\$ | 40.089 | |
| - - USS 34,946 - - USS 33,716 - - USS 33,716 - - USS 33,716 - - USS 27,424 - - USS 21,597 - - USS 19,179 - - USS 17,442 - - USS 16,137 - - USS 16,137 - - USS 16,137 - - USS 16,137 - - USS 17,442 - - USS 17,442 | Wells Fargo & Co | | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 36,031 | N/A | US\$ | 36,031 | |
| - - US 33.739 - - USS 33.716 - - USS 33.716 - - USS 27.424 - - USS 21.597 - - USS 21.597 - - USS 21.597 - - USS 21.690 - - USS 18.41 - - USS 18.421 - - USS 17.442 - - USS 16.13 - - USS 15.91 - - USS 15.91 - - USS 15.90 - - USS 15.90 | Mitsubishi UFJ Financ | cial Group Inc | , | 11 | ' | US\$ | 34,946 | N/A | US\$ | 34,946 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | JPMorgan Chase & Co | 0 | 1 | II | , | US\$ | 33,739 | N/A | US\$ | 33,739 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | AbbVie Inc | | 1 | И | 1 | US\$ | 33,716 | N/A | US\$ | 33,716 | |
| Iobal Funding I - USS 21,57 up PLC - USS 21,490 up PLC - USS 20,90 ottom Inc - USS 20,93 complact - USS 20,48 LC - USS 20,48 LC - USS 17,42 ning - USS 17,42 dat - USS 15,42 dat - USS 15,42 erica - USS 15,42 ing - USS 15,42 ing - - USS 15 | Sumitomo Mitsui Fina | uncial Group Inc | 1 | И | 1 | US\$ | 27,424 | N/A | US\$ | 27,424 | |
| up PLC - USS 21,400 b Co - - USS 21,400 oup lice - - USS 21,000 c Co - - USS 21,000 c Dip lice - - USS 21,000 c Co - - USS 20,448 LC - - USS 19,179 LC - - USS 19,179 LC - - USS 19,442 LC - - USS 17,442 LC - - USS 16,267 LC - - USS 16,267 LC - - USS 16,267 Loc - - USS 16,267 Loc - - USS 16,267 Loc - - - USS 15,907 Loc - - - USS 15,907 | Metropolitan Life Glo | bal Funding I | | 11 | | US\$ | 21,597 | N/A | US\$ | 21,597 | |
| b Co - - - - USS 21,090 roup Inc - - - USS 20,795 t Corp - - USS 20,795 t Corp - - USS 20,795 t Corp - - USS 19,742 t Corp - - USS 18,421 ew York NY - - USS 17,442 ew York NY - - USS 16,113 ew York NY - - USS 16,413 ew York NY - - USS 16,413 ew York NY - - USS 16,421 ew C - - - USS 16,467 da - - - USS 15,907 c - - - USS 15,907 c - - - USS 15,907 c - - - USS | Lloyds Banking Grout | PLC | , | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 21,490 | N/A | US\$ | 21,490 | |
| roup Inc - - USS 20.795 t Corp - - USS 20,795 LC - - USS 19,179 LC - - USS 19,179 LC - - USS 19,179 LC - - USS 18,421 LC - - USS 18,421 ew York NY - - USS 16,474 ew York NY - - USS 16,467 da - - USS 16,467 C - - USS 16,467 C - - USS 16,467 L - - USS 16,467 L - - USS 15,967 L - - USS 15,967 L - - USS | Bristol-Myers Squibb | Co | 1 | li | 1 | US\$ | 21,090 | N/A | US\$ | 21,090 | |
| ICorp 1 LC - USS 20,448 LC - - USS 19,179 LC - - USS 19,179 LS - - USS 19,179 LC - - USS 19,179 LG - - USS 19,179 LG - - USS 17,442 LG - - USS 17,442 da - - USS 16,113 C - - USS 15,903 I - - USS 15,903 1 - - USS 15,907 - - - - USS 15,907 - - - - - USS 15,907 - | Mizuho Financial Gro | up Inc | 1 | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 20,795 | N/A | US\$ | 20,795 | |
| LC 105 19,179 ling 2 2 105 19,179 ewYork NY 2 17,422 ewYork NY 2 2 105 18,421 ewYork NY 2 2 105 16,173 C 2 105 16,113 C 2 105 15,983 1 2 105 15,985 1 | Toyota Motor Credit (| Corp | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 20,448 | N/A | US\$ | 20,448 | |
| ling c | NatWest Markets PLC | | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 19,179 | N/A | US\$ | 19,179 | |
| ewYork NY - USS 17,442 da - USS 17,442 da - USS 16,267 da - - USS 16,267 da - - USS 16,267 C - - USS 16,267 C - - USS 16,267 C - - USS 15,983 i - - USS 15,983 i - - USS 15,913 i - - USS 15,912 i - - USS 15,704 | Athene Global Fundin | 03 | | 11 | | US\$ | 18,421 | N/A | US\$ | 18,421 | |
| da - USS 16.267 C - - USS 16.267 C - - USS 16.13 C - - USS 15.93 I - - USS 15.93 I - - USS 15.93 I - - USS 15.912 I - - USS 15.912 I - - USS 15.907 - - - USS 15.702 - - - USS 15.702 - - - USS 15.702 | Credit Suisse AG/New | / York NY | 1 | И | | US\$ | 17,442 | N/A | US\$ | 17,442 | |
| C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C | Royal Bank of Canada | | 1 | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 16,267 | N/A | US\$ | 16,267 | |
| left - USS 1593 1 - - USS 1593 1 - - USS 1592 1 - - USS 1592 - - - USS 1592 - - - USS 1592 - - - USS 15,07 | HSBC Holdings PLC | | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 16,113 | N/A | US\$ | 16,113 | |
| 1 - USS 15,912 - - USS 15,912 - - - USS 15,907 - - - USS 15,762 - - - USS 15,762 - - - USS 15,704 | Hyundai Capital Amer | rica | 1 | li | | US\$ | 15,983 | N/A | US\$ | 15,983 | |
| - USS 15,907 - USS 15,907 - USS 15,762 - USS 15,704 | Macquarie Bank Ltd | | 1 | 11 | , | US\$ | 15,912 | N/A | US\$ | 15,912 | |
| - USS 15,762 - USS 15,762 - USS 15,704 | Nordea Bank Abp | | 1 | Ш | | US\$ | 15,907 | N/A | US\$ | 15,907 | |
| - US\$ 15,704 | Apple Inc | | 1 | И | | US\$ | 15,762 | N/A | US\$ | 15,762 | |
| | Santander UK PLC | | 1 | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 15,704 | N/A | US\$ | 15,704 | |
| BP Capital Markets America Inc - USS 15,621 N/A | BP Capital Markets A | merica Inc | 1 | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 15,621 | N/A | US\$ | 15,621 | |

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| Inductory late Methodation Description Structure late Description Structure late Description Structure late | | | | | | | Docombor | 31 2020 | | | |
|--|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------|
| Toron channel halfs Toron channel halfs Final | Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carryir (Foreign (| ng Value Currencies | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign | Value Currencies | Note |
| Control Control <t< th=""><th>TSMC Global</th><th>Toronto-Dominion Bank/The</th><th></th><th>Financial assets at fair value through other</th><th></th><th>\$SIL</th><th>15 527</th><th>N/A</th><th>\$SI1</th><th>(sumsu 15 527</th><th></th></t<> | TSMC Global | Toronto-Dominion Bank/The | | Financial assets at fair value through other | | \$SIL | 15 527 | N/A | \$SI1 | (sumsu 15 527 | |
| | | | | comprehensive income | | | | | | | |
| | | Volkswagen Group of America Finance LLC | | <i>u</i> | 1 | US\$ | 15,417 | N/A | US\$ | 15,417 | |
| | | COLLEGATE COLP BNP Parihas SA | | | | \$SU | 14.590 | N/A | \$SI1 | 14.590 | |
| | | National Securities Clearing Corp | | " | | US\$ | 14,129 | N/A | US\$ | 14,129 | |
| | | Principal Life Global Funding II | | и | | US\$ | 13,580 | N/A | US\$ | 13,580 | |
| 1 | | Roper Technologies Inc | I | н | | US\$ | 13,249 | N/A | US\$ | 13,249 | |
| | | AT&T Inc | ı | п | ' | US\$ | 13,180 | N/A | US\$ | 13,180 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>Banco Santander SA</td> <td></td> <td>ш</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>13,146</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>13,146</td> <td></td> | | Banco Santander SA | | ш | | US\$ | 13,146 | N/A | US\$ | 13,146 | |
| | | Banque Federative du Credit Mutuel SA | | ш | | US\$ | 13,019 | N/A | US\$ | 13,019 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>Nationwide Building Society</td> <td></td> <td>н</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>12,913</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>12,913</td> <td></td> | | Nationwide Building Society | | н | | US\$ | 12,913 | N/A | US\$ | 12,913 | |
| | | Chevron Corp | I | н | 1 | US\$ | 12,771 | N/A | US\$ | 12,771 | |
| 1 | | Guardian Life Global Funding | | н | ' | US\$ | 12,187 | N/A | US\$ | 12,187 | |
| 1 | | Bank of Nova Scoua/The | 1 | | ' | 46U | 12,144 | N/A | 4CU 3211 | 12,144 | |
| | | EPCE SA | | | | nS\$ | 11.978 | N/A | nS\$ | 11.978 | |
| | | UBS Group Funding Switzerland AG | | н | | US\$ | 11.758 | N/A | US\$ | 11.758 | |
| CENT CON CON <td></td> <td>US Bancorp</td> <td></td> <td>ш</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>11,651</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>11,651</td> <td></td> | | US Bancorp | | ш | | US\$ | 11,651 | N/A | US\$ | 11,651 | |
| CENT CON CON <thcon< th=""> <thcon< th=""></thcon<></thcon<> | | Societe Generale SA | I | н | ' | US\$ | 11,567 | N/A | US\$ | 11,567 | |
| Constraint Constra | | American Honda Finance Corp | I | н | 1 | US\$ | 11,354 | N/A | US\$ | 11,354 | |
| Control Control <t< td=""><td></td><td>American International Group Inc</td><td></td><td>Ш</td><td></td><td>US\$</td><td>11,011</td><td>N/A</td><td>US\$</td><td>11,011</td><td></td></t<> | | American International Group Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 11,011 | N/A | US\$ | 11,011 | |
| Control Control <t< td=""><td></td><td>Amazon.com Inc</td><td>I</td><td>"</td><td></td><td>US\$</td><td>10,846</td><td>N/A</td><td>US\$</td><td>10,846</td><td></td></t<> | | Amazon.com Inc | I | " | | US\$ | 10,846 | N/A | US\$ | 10,846 | |
| 1 | | TJX Cos Inc/The | 1 | н | | US\$ | 10,563 | N/A | SSU | 10,563 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Verizon Communications Inc | ı | н | ' | US\$ | 10,558 | N/A | US\$ | 10,558 | |
| 7 0 <td></td> <td>Jackson National Life Global Funding</td> <td></td> <td><i>H</i></td> <td>'</td> <td>\$20 1160</td> <td>10,434</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>\$SU</td> <td>10,454</td> <td></td> | | Jackson National Life Global Funding | | <i>H</i> | ' | \$20 1160 | 10,434 | N/A | \$SU | 10,454 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>Equilior ASA Considian Immerial Roub of Commerce</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$CD</td> <td>2/ 0,01</td> <td>N/A N/A</td> <td>\$CD</td> <td>2/0,01</td> <td></td> | | Equilior ASA Considian Immerial Roub of Commerce | 1 | | | \$CD | 2/ 0,01 | N/A N/A | \$CD | 2/0,01 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>DTE Energy Co</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>11SS</td> <td>10.173</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>SSU SSU</td> <td>10.173</td> <td></td> | | DTE Energy Co | 1 | | | 11SS | 10.173 | N/A | SSU SSU | 10.173 | |
| - - - - | | BMW US Capital LLC | | и | 1 | US\$ | 10,125 | N/A | US\$ | 10,125 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Shire Acquisitions Investments Ireland DAC | I | н | ' | US\$ | 9,893 | N/A | US\$ | 9,893 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | NextEra Energy Capital Holdings Inc | | и | | US\$ | 9,527 | N/A | US\$ | 9,527 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Cox Communications Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 9,526 | N/A | US\$ | 9,526 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Sumitomo Mitsui Trust Bank Ltd | | <i>"</i> | | US\$ | 9,446 | N/A | US\$ | 9,446 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Cieur Agreore 24/Lonuori NIKEInc | | | | \$S11 | 0.276 | N/A | \$S11 | 0.276 | |
| - - - US\$ 9.057 N/A US\$ 9.067 - - US\$ 9.067 N/A US\$ 9.067 - - US\$ 9.067 N/A US\$ 9.063 - - US\$ 8.75 N/A US\$ 9.063 - - US\$ 8.75 N/A US\$ 8.75 - - US\$ 8.74 N/A US\$ 8.75 - - US\$ 8.74 N/A US\$ 8.75 - - US\$ 8.74 N/A US\$ 8.74 - - US\$ 8.74 N/A US\$ 8.75 - - US\$ 8.73 N/A US\$ 8.74 - - US\$ 8.73 N/A US\$ 8.71 - - US\$ 8.73 N/A US\$ 8.73 - - US\$ 8.78 N/A US\$ 7.80 - - US\$ <td></td> <td>Protective Life Global Funding</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>9,137</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>9,137</td> <td></td> | | Protective Life Global Funding | | | | US\$ | 9,137 | N/A | US\$ | 9,137 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | New York Life Global Funding | | ш | ' | US\$ | 9,057 | N/A | US\$ | 9,057 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Bank of Montreal | I | И | ı | US\$ | 9,002 | N/A | US\$ | 9,002 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Svenska Handelsbanken AB | 1 | " | | US\$ | 8,963 | N/A | US\$ | 8,963 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Truist Bank | I | <i>II</i> | | US\$ | 8,775 | N/A | US\$ | 8,775 | |
| | | Barclave DI C | | | | \$S11 | 8 407 | N/A | \$S11 | 0,024 8 497 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Inter-American Development Bank | 1 | | | US\$ | 8.211 | N/A | nS\$ | 8,211 | |
| - - USS 8,098 N/A USS 8,098 - - USS 8,099 N/A USS 8,098 - - USS 8,079 N/A USS 8,079 - - USS 8,079 N/A USS 8,079 - - USS 7,804 USS 7,804 - - USS 7,804 USS 7,804 - - USS 7,576 N/A USS 7,576 - - USS 7,576 N/A USS 7,576 - - USS 7,409 N/A USS 7,455 - - USS 7,430 N/A USS 7,455 - - USS 7,430 N/A USS 7,455 - - USS 7,430 N/A USS 7,455 - - USS 7,333 N/A USS 7,455 - - USS 7,333 N/A USS 7,450 | | Suncorp-Metway Ltd | | и | , | US\$ | 8,134 | N/A | US\$ | 8,134 | |
| - - US\$ 8,079 N/A US\$ 8,079 - - - US\$ 7,822 N/A US\$ 7,823 - - - US\$ 7,822 N/A US\$ 7,824 - - - US\$ 7,824 N/A US\$ 7,824 - - - US\$ 7,824 N/A US\$ 7,824 - - - US\$ 7,676 N/A US\$ 7,576 - - US\$ 7,455 N/A US\$ 7,455 - - US\$ 7,409 N/A US\$ 7,455 - - US\$ 7,430 N/A US\$ 7,455 - - US\$ 7,333 N/A US\$ 7,333 | | AIG Global Funding | | " | 1 | US\$ | 8,098 | N/A | US\$ | 8,098 | |
| - 1/5 1/5 1/5 1/5 1/5 1/5 1/5 - <td></td> <td>Fiserv Inc</td> <td></td> <td>и</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>8,079</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>8,079</td> <td></td> | | Fiserv Inc | | и | | US\$ | 8,079 | N/A | US\$ | 8,079 | |
| - US\$ 7,804 N/A US\$ 7,804 N/A US\$ 7,804 - US\$ 7,576 N/A US\$ 7,576 N/A US\$ 7,576 - US\$ 7,409 N/A US\$ 7,455 - US\$ 7,409 N/A US\$ 7,433 - US\$ 7,333 N/A US\$ 7,333 | | Oracle Corp | I | н | 1 | US\$ | 7,822 | N/A | US\$ | 7,822 | |
| - US\$ 7,333 N/A US\$ 7,30 - US\$ 7,409 N/A US\$ 7,455 - US\$ 7,409 N/A US\$ 7,455 - US\$ 7,409 N/A US\$ 7,333 | | Credit Suisse Group AG | 1 | " | ' | US\$ | 7,804 | N/A | US\$ | 7,804 | |
| | | Exxon Mobil Corp | | <i>H</i> | | \$20 | 0/C'/ | N/A | \$SU | 0/C'/ | |
| - 0.05 7,333 N/A USS 7,333 | | Ureat-west Lifeco US Filnance 2020 LF Strandinavieta Enchilda Bankon AR | 1 | | | \$CU | 007 1 | N/A N/A | \$SU | 007 1 | |
| | | AstraZeneca PLC | 1 1 | " | | nS\$ | 7.333 | N/A | nS\$ | 7.333 | |
| _ | | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

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| Held Company Name | Marketokla Soomities Tuna and Nama | | | | Carrving Value | o Value | ~ | Fair | Fair Value | |
|-------------------|---|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|------|
| | Mai Netable Decui tues 13pe anu 14ante | Kelationsmp with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | (Foreign Currene in Thousands) | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | (Foreign Currend in Thousands) | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Note |
| TSMC Global | Prudential Funding LLC | | Financial assets at fair value through other | ı | US\$ | 7,322 | N/A | US\$ | 7,322 | |
| | Huntington Bancshares Inc/OH | | | | US\$ | 7,249 | N/A | US\$ | 7,249 | |
| | Tencent Holdings Ltd | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 7,024 | N/A | US\$ | 7,024 | |
| | Daimler Finance North America LLC | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 6,772 | N/A | US\$ | 6,772 | |
| | Scentre Group Trust 1 / Scentre Group Trust 2 | | н | | US\$ | 6,611 | N/A | US\$ | 6,611 | |
| | Capital One Financial Corp | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 6,498 | N/A | US\$ | 6,498 | |
| | ING Groep NV | | 11 | | US\$ | 6,484 | N/A | US\$ | 6,484 | |
| | Cigna Corp | , | Ш | , | US\$ | 6,445 | N/A | US\$ | 6,445 | |
| | General Electric Co | | ш | | US\$ | 6.267 | N/A | US\$ | 6,267 | |
| | UnitedHealth Group Inc | , | " | | US\$ | 6,255 | N/A | US\$ | 6.255 | |
| | Bank of New York Mellon Corp/The | | | | US\$ | 6.241 | N/A | US\$ | 6.241 | |
| | WPP Finance 2010 | | | 1 | SSII | 6.236 | N/A | \$SI1 | 6.236 | |
| | Standard Chartered PLC | | | | \$SI1 | 6.231 | N/A | \$SI1 | 6.231 | |
| | Macquarie Group Ltd | | | , | ns\$ | 6.193 | N/A | US\$ | 6.193 | |
| | Caroill Inc | | : 2 | | \$SI1 | 6 175 | N/A | \$SI1 | 6 175 | |
| | TIBS Groun AG | | . 2 | | \$SI1 | 6 171 | N/A | \$SIL | 6 171 | |
| | CVS Health Corn | | | 1 | SSII | 5.981 | N/A | \$SI1 | 5.981 | |
| | Analog Devices Inc | , | | 1 | US\$ | 5.975 | N/A | US\$ | 5.975 | |
| | Alabama Power Co | | | , | ns\$ | 5.920 | N/A | US\$ | 5.920 | |
| | Capital One NA | | | | US\$ | 5.919 | N/A | US\$ | 5.919 | |
| | Intercontinental Exchange Inc | 1 | " | | US\$ | 5,873 | N/A | US\$ | 5,873 | |
| | John Deere Capital Corp | , | " | | US\$ | 5.824 | N/A | US\$ | 5.824 | |
| | Shell International Finance BV | | ш | | US\$ | 5,794 | N/A | US\$ | 5,794 | |
| | American Express Co | | ш | | US\$ | 5,761 | N/A | US\$ | 5,761 | |
| | BAT Capital Corp | | 11 | | US\$ | 5,574 | N/A | US\$ | 5,574 | |
| | Intel Corp | ı | 11 | | US\$ | 5,547 | N/A | US\$ | 5,547 | |
| | Thermo Fisher Scientific Inc | ı | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 5,516 | N/A | US\$ | 5,516 | |
| | Microsoft Corp | | 11 | | US\$ | 5,489 | N/A | US\$ | 5,489 | |
| | Fox Corp | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 5,483 | N/A | US\$ | 5,483 | |
| | Charles Schwab Corp/The | • | н | ' | CONT CONT CONT CONT CONT CONT CONT CONT | 5,465 | N/A | CONT OF CONTRACT OF CONTRACT. | 5,465 | |
| | Georgia-Pacific LLC | ı | н | | SSU | 5,422 | N/A | US\$ | 5,422 | |
| | Dominion Energy Gas Holdings LLC | | Ш | | 0S\$ | 5,403 | N/A | US\$ | 5,403 | |
| | SMBC Aviation Capital Finance DAC | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 5,399 | N/A | US\$ | 5,399 | |
| | Fifth Third Bancorp | | <i>E</i> | 1 | 42D | 5,599 | N/A | 4SU | 5,399 | |
| | BB&L Colp Commo Informational Heldings I to | | <i>H</i> | • | \$CU | 100,0 | N/A | 4CU 4CU | 100,0 | |
| | | 1 | | | 46U | 4+C,C | N/A | ¢60 | 5 200 | |
| | MELCK & CU IIIC Semnra Finerar | | | | \$S11 | 200,0 | N/A | \$S11 | 2007 | |
| | Federation des Caisses Desiardins du Ouebec | , | | 1 | nS\$ | 5.246 | N/A | US\$ | 5.246 | |
| | National Bank of Canada | | ш | 1 | US\$ | 5,214 | N/A | US\$ | 5,214 | |
| | Tyson Foods Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 5,073 | N/A | US\$ | 5,073 | |
| | Five Corners Funding Trust | 1 | н | ' | US\$ | 4,991 | N/A | US\$ | 4,991 | |
| | Enel Finance International NV | | Ш | | US\$ | 4,988 | N/A | US\$ | 4,988 | |
| | Pacific Life Global Funding II | | 11 | | US\$ | 4,961 | N/A | US\$ | 4,961 | |
| | Danske Bank A/S | | 11 | | US\$ | 4,897 | N/A | US\$ | 4,897 | |
| | Nomura Holdings Inc | , | 11 | I | US\$ | 4,875 | N/A | US\$ | 4,875 | |
| | Sprint Spectrum Co LLC / Sprint Spectrum Co II LLC / Sprint Spectrum Co III 11 C | ı | 11 | ' | US\$ | 4,856 | N/A | US\$ | 4,856 | |
| | Johnson & Johnson | | | | US\$ | 4.802 | N/A | US\$ | 4.802 | |
| | Keurig Dr Pepper Inc | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 4,796 | N/A | US\$ | 4,796 | |
| | DNB Bank ASA | | 11 | | US\$ | 4,726 | N/A | US\$ | 4,726 | |
| | Moody's Corp | | Ш | I | US\$ | 4,695 | N/A | US\$ | 4,695 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

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| | | | | | | December 31, 2020 | 31.2020 | | | |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|--|-------------|
| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carryir (Foreign (in Tho | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign (in Tho | Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Note |
| TSMC Global | Eversource Energy | | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1 | US\$ | 4,665 | N/A | US\$ | 4,665 | |
| | Entergy Corp | | | I | US\$ | 4,665 | N/A | \$SU | 4,665 | |
| | Florida Power & Light Co | | Ш | | US\$ | 4,569 | N/A | US\$ | 4,569 | |
| | Gilead Sciences Inc | | н | I | US\$ | 4,496 | N/A | US\$ | 4,496 | |
| | Barclays Bank PLC | | JI . | 1 | \$20 \$20 | 4,481 | N/A | \$SU \$211 | 4,481 | |
| | Auria Group Inc | | <i>"</i> | | \$CU | 4,430 | N/A | 46U | 4400 | |
| | INDOUCE INC | | | | \$S11 | 4,440 | N/A | \$S11 | 4, 44 0 4 410 | |
| | DNC Book NA | | 2 | | 3011 | 1 335 | V/N | 400 2011 | 1 335 | |
| | FIVE DAILY INA FRACTISA Finance II C | | | | \$S11 | 4 798 | N/A | \$SI1 | 4 298 | |
| | Alimentation Couche-Tard Inc | | | 1 | US\$ | 4.295 | N/A | nss | 4.295 | |
| | Exelon Corp | | | | US\$ | 4.291 | N/A | US\$ | 4,291 | |
| | Reliance Standard Life Global Funding II | | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 4,232 | N/A | US\$ | 4,232 | |
| | National Australia Bank Ltd/New York | | H | I | US\$ | 4,208 | N/A | US\$ | 4,208 | |
| | European Bank for Reconstruction & Development | | ш | | US\$ | 4,192 | N/A | US\$ | 4,192 | |
| | Ameriprise Financial Inc | | И | , | US\$ | 4,147 | N/A | US\$ | 4,147 | |
| | Bayer US Finance II LLC | ı | Ш | I | US\$ | 4,137 | N/A | US\$ | 4,137 | |
| | Pricoa Global Funding I | | 11 | | US\$ | 4,122 | N/A | US\$ | 4,122 | |
| | American Express Credit Corp | ı | 11 | | US\$ | 4,103 | N/A | US\$ | 4,103 | |
| | | | | | 4CU 3211 | 600,4 | N/A | 46U | 4,005 1014 | |
| | FIIIIIIPS 00 Ranco Rilhao Vizzava Araantaria SA | | | | \$CD | 4,044 | N/A N/A | \$S11 | 4,044 | |
| | Dailoo Dilooo Yizcaya Augemana 3A Welltower Inc | | | | \$SII | 3 986 | N/A | \$SI1 | 3 986 | |
| | BOC Aviation Ltd | | | I | nS\$ | 3.976 | N/A | nS\$ | 3.976 | |
| | VF Corp | | Ш | I | US\$ | 3,972 | N/A | US\$ | 3,972 | |
| | Compass Bank | | п | | US\$ | 3,950 | N/A | US\$ | 3,950 | |
| | KeyBank NA/Cleveland OH | ı | н | | US\$ | 3,920 | N/A | US\$ | 3,920 | |
| | Vodafone Group PLC | | 11 | | US\$ | 3,916 | N/A | US\$ | 3,916 | |
| | Laboratory Corp of America Holdings | | н | 1 | US\$ | 3,888 | N/A | US\$ | 3,888 | |
| | BG Energy Capital PLC | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 3,853 | N/A | SSU SSS | 3,853 | |
| | Reckitt Benckiser Treasury Services PLC | ı | II. | | SSU SSU | 3,805 | N/A | SSU \$ | 3,805 | |
| | GE Capital Funding LLC | | | I | \$SU 116¢ | 3,/01 2 727 | N/A N/A | US\$ | 3, /01 2 727 | |
| | MOHORDARIER FOWER CO Connerations Dahnhank IIA | | | | \$CD | 3,608 | N/A N/A | \$CU \$211 | 3,608 | |
| | Verisk Analytics Inc | | | 1 | \$SU | 3.677 | N/A | \$SU | 3.677 | |
| | Diageo Capital PLC | | Ш | I | US\$ | 3,667 | N/A | US\$ | 3,667 | |
| | Ameren Corp | | Ш | | US\$ | 3,658 | N/A | US\$ | 3,658 | |
| | UBS AG/London | | Ш | | US\$ | 3,588 | N/A | US\$ | 3,588 | |
| | Dominion Energy Inc | | 11 | I | US\$ | 3,586 | N/A | US\$ | 3,586 | |
| | Pfizer Inc | | н | | US\$ | 3,521 | N/A | US\$ | 3,521 | |
| | Autozone Inc | | <i>H</i> | | \$CU | 5,400 2,400 | N/A | 4SU | 00470 0440 | |
| | Hewlett Packard Entermise Co | | | | \$SI1 | 3,440 3,430 | N/A N/A | ¢en | 3,440 3,439 | |
| | Unilever Capital Corp | | | | US\$ | 3.394 | N/A | US\$ | 3,394 | |
| | Swedbank AB | | | | US\$ | 3.388 | N/A | US\$ | 3.388 | |
| | MassMutual Global Funding II | | ll l | | US\$ | 3,369 | N/A | US\$ | 3,369 | |
| | CNA Financial Corp | | 11 | | US\$ | 3,316 | N/A | US\$ | 3,316 | |
| | ONE Gas Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 3,310 | N/A | US\$ | 3,310 | |
| | Texas Instruments Inc | | н | ı | US\$ | 3,292 | N/A | US\$ | 3,292 | |
| | Avangrid Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 3,262 | N/A | US\$ | 3,262 | |
| | Ralph Lauren Corp | | 11 | I | US\$ | 3,207 | N/A | US\$ | 3,207 | |
| | Oncor Electric Delivery Co LLC | | н | | US\$ | 3,201 | N/A | US\$ | 3,201 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | (Continued) |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

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| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | D 1 4 17 17 17 10 | | | Induce) | | | 110,1 | Kair Value | |
|-------------------|--|------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------|--|--------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------|
| | | ketatuonsmp with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | (Foreign) in Tho | Carrying value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | (Foreign in The | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Note |
| TSMC Global | Royal Bank of Scotland Group PLC | | Financial assets at fair value through other | I | US\$ | 3,199 | N/A | \$SU | 3,199 | |
| | Novartis Canital Com | | comprenensive income | I | US\$ | 3.199 | N/A | US\$ | 3.199 | |
| | Baidu Inc | | и | | US\$ | 3,184 | N/A | US\$ | 3,184 | |
| | Raytheon Technologies Corp | | Ш | | US\$ | 3,130 | N/A | US\$ | 3,130 | |
| | Valero Energy Corp | | и | | US\$ | 3,109 | N/A | US\$ | 3,109 | |
| | Stryker Corp | | " | | US\$ | 3.081 | N/A | US\$ | 3.081 | |
| | Walt Disney Co/The | | и | | US\$ | 3.058 | N/A | US\$ | 3.058 | |
| | Zions Bancoro NA | | " | | US\$ | 3.057 | N/A | US\$ | 3.057 | |
| | HCD Inc | | | | 3211 | 0.00,0 | N/A | \$S11 | 7 078 | |
| | | | | | 4011 | 5,0,0 | V/M | 1100 | 1000 | |
| | Penske Iruck Leasing Co Lp / PIL Finance Corp | | 11 | | \$CD | 79672 | N/A | \$SU | 706,7 | |
| | American Electric Power Co Inc | | " | | CO28 | 2,948 | N/A | SSD \$ | 2,948 | |
| | Xcel Energy Inc | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 2,948 | N/A | US\$ | 2,948 | |
| | Ventas Realty LP | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,942 | N/A | US\$ | 2,942 | |
| | Philip Morris International Inc | | " | | US\$ | 2,933 | N/A | US\$ | 2,933 | |
| | Air Products and Chemicals Inc | | " | | US\$ | 2.909 | N/A | US\$ | 2.909 | |
| | Berkshire Hathawav Energy Co | | " | | US\$ | 2.877 | N/A | US\$ | 2.877 | |
| | Credit Suisse Group Funding Guernsey Ltd | | " | | \$511 | 2.867 | N/A | \$S11 | 2.867 | |
| | Equitable Financial Life Global Fundino | | | | \$511 | 2 849 | N/A | \$SI1 | 2 849 | |
| | | | | | 1100 | C 0 0 C | NI/A | 1100 | 100 C | |
| | Nurses Stotes LIC | | | | 400 1100 | 100,7 710 C | | 46U | 7 017 | |
| | | | // | • | \$CU | 2,017 | N/A | \$CD | 2,017 | |
| | Kyder System Inc | | и | 1 | \$ 2 0 | 2,800 | N/A | \$ 2 0 | 2,800 | |
| | AvalonBay Communities Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,798 | N/A | US\$ | 2,798 | |
| | Quest Diagnostics Inc | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 2,798 | N/A | US\$ | 2,798 | |
| | Kimco Realty Corp | , | 11 | ' | US\$ | 2,726 | N/A | US\$ | 2,726 | |
| | CMS Energy Corp | , | 11 | ' | US\$ | 2,717 | N/A | US\$ | 2,717 | |
| | Roche Holdings Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,702 | N/A | US\$ | 2,702 | |
| | Magellan Midstream Partners LP | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,700 | N/A | US\$ | 2,700 | |
| | Nutrien Ltd | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,687 | N/A | US\$ | 2,687 | |
| | PNC Financial Services Group Inc/The | | " | | US\$ | 2,683 | N/A | US\$ | 2,683 | |
| | Pinnacle West Capital Corp | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,669 | N/A | US\$ | 2,669 | |
| | Aetna Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,592 | N/A | US\$ | 2,592 | |
| | Empower Finance 2020 LP | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,562 | N/A | US\$ | 2,562 | |
| | Nestle Holdings Inc | ı | ш | | US\$ | 2,533 | N/A | US\$ | 2,533 | |
| | Reynolds American Inc | | и | | US\$ | 2,530 | N/A | US\$ | 2,530 | |
| | Berkshire Hathaway Inc | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 2,513 | N/A | US\$ | 2,513 | |
| | Chevron USA Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,511 | N/A | US\$ | 2,511 | |
| | Georgia Power Co | | Ш | | US\$ | 2,497 | N/A | US\$ | 2,497 | |
| | Northrop Grumman Corp | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,491 | N/A | US\$ | 2,491 | |
| | State Street Corp | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,487 | N/A | US\$ | 2,487 | |
| | SunTrust Bank/Atlanta GA | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 2,486 | N/A | US\$ | 2,486 | |
| | Honey well International Inc | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 2,480 | N/A | US\$ | 2,480 | |
| | Enterprise Products Operating LLC | | Ш | | US\$ | 2,470 | N/A | US\$ | 2,470 | |
| | Duke Energy Corp | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,428 | N/A | US\$ | 2,428 | |
| | DuPont de Nemours Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,427 | N/A | US\$ | 2,427 | |
| | Suncor Energy Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 2,416 | N/A | US\$ | 2,416 | |
| | Union Pacific Corp | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 2,398 | N/A | US\$ | 2,398 | |
| | O'Reilly Automotive Inc | ı | н | | US\$ | 2,394 | N/A | US\$ | 2,394 | |
| | Public Service Electric and Gas Co | | И | | ns\$ | 2,321 | N/A | SCD SSD | 2,321 | |
| | Health Care Service Corp A Mutual Legal Reserve Co | | " | | US\$ | 2,303 | N/A | US\$ | 2,303 | |
| | Magna International Inc | | и | | US\$ | 2,291 | N/A | US\$ | 2,291 | |
| | | | 11 | | \$20 | 7,287 | N/A | \$20 \$ | 7,251 | |
| | Caterpillar Financial Services Corp | ı | 11 | ' | C2\$ | 2,284 | N/A | \$SO | 2,284 | |

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| Multicly formation, Type and Name Relation for part of the comparison Relation for the comparison </th <th>Held Company Name Marketable Securities Type and Name</th> <th>Relationship with the Company</th> <th>Financial Statement Account</th> <th>Channed Trite</th> <th>Carryii</th> <th>- Volue</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Voluo</th> <th></th> | Held Company Name Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Channed Trite | Carryii | - Volue | | | Voluo | |
|---|---|-------------------------------|---|-------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| | | | | Snares/Unus (In Thousands) | (Foreign 6 in Tho | ig value Currencies usands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Foreign (in Tho | vance Currencies usands) | Note |
| | ITC Holdings Corp | | Financial assets at fair value through other commehensive income | · | US\$ | 2,263 | N/A | US\$ | 2,263 | |
| | East Ohio Gas Co/The | 1 | | I | US\$ | 2,261 | N/A | US\$ | 2,261 | |
| | QUALCOMM Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,253 | N/A | US\$ | 2,253 | |
| | Citizens Bank NA/Providence RI | | И | | US\$ | 2,212 | N/A | US\$ | 2,212 | |
| | Ampnenol Corp Boorle of Name Zachand | | | | 490 1160 | 2,201 | N/A | \$CU | 2,201 | |
| | ASR Rank I to | | 2 2 | | 1155 | 2,120 | | \$S11 | 2,120 | |
| | Thesen Electric Power Co | | | | \$S11 | 2,107 | N/A | \$SI1 | 2,107 | |
| | Office Worldwide Corn | | . = | | 115\$ | 2 150 | N/A | \$S11 | 2,150 2,150 | |
| | WP Carev Inc | | | | \$S11 | 2,103 | N/A | \$SIL | 2,103 | |
| | CNOOC Finance 2012 1 td | | | | \$S11 | 2,102 | N/A | 115\$ | 2,017 | |
| | DavDal Holdings Inc | | 2 2 | | 3211 | 2,0,2 | N/A | 115\$ | 2,0,2 | |
| | t ayt at rounings my Shinhan Financial Groun Co I td | | 2 2 | | \$S11 | 2,000 | N/A | 115\$ | 2,000 | |
| | CU Untehicon International 16 I to | | 2 | | 1100 | 2,024 | V/N | 400 1100 | 2,024 2,016 | |
| | CN FUICILISOIL INFERIALIONAL TO LIU | 1 | | | 400 1100 | 010,2 | N/A | \$CD | 010,2 | |
| | Regions Financial Corp | | | I | \$CU | 1,007 | N/A | 4911 9911 | 7,007 | |
| | Kenucky Utilities Co | | 11 | | 220 | 1,994 | N/A | \$SU | 1,994 | |
| | NetApp Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,982 | N/A | US\$ | 1,982 | |
| | Sydney Airport Finance Co Pty Ltd | | Ш | | US\$ | 1,968 | N/A | US\$ | 1,968 | |
| | CRH America Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 1,965 | N/A | US\$ | 1,965 | |
| | Evergy Kansas Central Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,937 | N/A | US\$ | 1,937 | |
| | Burlington Northern Santa Fe LLC | | Ц | | US\$ | 1,935 | N/A | US\$ | 1,935 | |
| | ANZ New Zealand Int'l Ltd/London | | И | | US\$ | 1,927 | N/A | US\$ | 1,927 | |
| | Annalachian Power Co | 1 | 11 | | \$511 | 1.924 | N/A | \$511 | 1.924 | |
| | Gulfstream Natural Gas System LLC | | | | \$SI1 | 1 913 | N/A | \$SI1 | 1 913 | |
| | Public Service Entermise Group Inc | | | | \$SI1 | 1 908 | N/A | \$SI1 | 1 908 | |
| 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 10 10 10 10 11 10 < | Air Lasse Corn | | . = | | 115\$ | 1 887 | N/A | \$S11 | 1 887 | |
| Dip 0 | Discover Bank | | . = | | 115\$ | 1,873 | N/A | \$S11 | 1,873 | |
| 13 13 13 13 13 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 15 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 16 15 15 16 15 16 16 16 16 16 17 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 15 16 16 16 16 16 17 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 17 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 < | Deston Demonstrat D | | | | 1100 | 1 840 | N/A | 115¢ | 1 840 | |
| 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 11/1 12/1 12/1 12/1 <td>MoCommick & Co Inc/MD</td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td></td> <td>1100</td> <td>1,070</td> <td>V/N</td> <td>1156</td> <td>1 927</td> <td></td> | MoCommick & Co Inc/MD | | 2 | | 1100 | 1,070 | V/N | 1156 | 1 927 | |
| Diffe 00 00 00 00 00 Lice 00 1701 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 00 00 00 0 00 00 | | | 2 : | | 1100 | 1 010 | V/V | 1100 | 1 010 | |
| DP 0.0 1.701 NA 0.05 1 0.1 0.35 1.701 NA 0.05 1 0.1 0.35 1.701 NA 0.05 1 0.1 0.35 1.677 NA 0.05 1 0.1 0.157 NA 0.05 1 0.1 0.157 NA 0.05 1 0.1 0.157 NA 0.05 1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 < | | | 11 | | ¢00 | 1,010 | N/A | \$901 \$901 | 1,010 | |
| 10c | International Business Machines Corp | • | 11 | | 220 | 1,/61 | N/A | \$SU | 1,/01 | |
| | Anheuser-Busch InBev Worldwide Inc | J | 11 | | US\$ | 1,759 | N/A | ns\$ | 1,759 | |
| C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C | Emerson Electric Co | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 1,750 | N/A | US\$ | 1,750 | |
| - - USS 1677 NA USS - - USS 1672 NA USS - - USS 1671 NA USS - - USS 1672 NA USS - - USS 1691 NA USS - USS 1691 NA USS USS - USS 1693 NA USS USS - USS 1691 NA USS USS - USS 1693 NA USS USS - USS 1693 NA USS USS - USS 1562 NA USS USS - USS 1562 NA | MetLife Inc | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,681 | N/A | US\$ | 1,681 | |
| C C C C C C C C C C C C C C | Duke Energy Florida LLC | | Ш | | US\$ | 1,677 | N/A | US\$ | 1,677 | |
| - US 1,632 N/A USS - US 1,632 N/A USS - US 1,641 N/A USS - US 1,641 N/A USS - US 1,619 N/A USS - US 1,631 N/A USS - US 1,526 N/A USS - US 1,526 <td< td=""><td>Toyota Industries Corp</td><td></td><td>Ш</td><td></td><td>US\$</td><td>1,672</td><td>N/A</td><td>US\$</td><td>1,672</td><td></td></td<> | Toyota Industries Corp | | Ш | | US\$ | 1,672 | N/A | US\$ | 1,672 | |
| - - - USS 1,650 N/A USS - - - USS 1,641 N/A USS - - USS 1,641 N/A USS USS - - USS 1,641 N/A USS - - USS 1,619 N/A USS - - USS 1,610 N/A USS - - USS 1,576 N/A USS - - USS 1,570 N/A USS - - < | Exelon Generation Co LLC | | Ш | | US\$ | 1,652 | N/A | US\$ | 1,652 | |
| C - USS 1,641 N/A USS - - USS 1,619 N/A USS - - USS 1,613 N/A USS - - USS 1,619 N/A USS - - USS 1,610 N/A USS - - USS 1,576 N/A USS - - USS 1,576 N/A USS - - USS 1,560 N/A USS - - USS 1,560 N/A USS - - USS 1,527 N/A USS - - USS 1,501 N/A USS - - USS 1,501 N/A | Essex Portfolio LP | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,650 | N/A | US\$ | 1,650 | |
| - USS 1,641 N/A USS - USS 1,641 N/A USS - USS 1,637 N/A USS - USS 1,619 N/A USS - USS 1,592 N/A USS - USS 1,576 N/A USS - USS 1,560 N/A USS - USS 1,560 N/A USS - USS 1,576 N/A USS - USS 1,577 N/A USS - USS 1,527 N/A USS - US 1,501 N/A USS - US <td< td=""><td>Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC</td><td></td><td>11</td><td></td><td>US\$</td><td>1,641</td><td>N/A</td><td>US\$</td><td>1,641</td><td></td></td<> | Midwest Connector Capital Co LLC | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,641 | N/A | US\$ | 1,641 | |
| - USS 1,637 N/A USS - USS 1,637 N/A USS - USS 1,619 N/A USS - USS 1,603 N/A USS - USS 1,603 N/A USS - USS 1,603 N/A USS - USS 1,502 N/A USS - USS 1,562 N/A USS - USS 1,560 N/A USS - US 1,526 N/A USS - US <td< td=""><td>Brookfield Finance Inc</td><td></td><td>И</td><td></td><td>US\$</td><td>1,641</td><td>N/A</td><td>US\$</td><td>1,641</td><td></td></td<> | Brookfield Finance Inc | | И | | US\$ | 1,641 | N/A | US\$ | 1,641 | |
| - US\$ 1,619 N/A US\$ - US\$ 1,619 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 1,603 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 1,576 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 1,560 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 1,526 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 1,526 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 1,05 1,051 N/A - - US\$ 1,05 1,051 - <td>Suntory Holdings Ltd</td> <td></td> <td>И</td> <td>1</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,637</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,637</td> <td></td> | Suntory Holdings Ltd | | И | 1 | US\$ | 1,637 | N/A | US\$ | 1,637 | |
| - - - US\$ 1603 N/A US\$ 1 - - - US\$ 1,592 N/A US\$ 1 - - - US\$ 1,576 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,576 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,562 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,562 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,560 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,570 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,561 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,526 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 1,510 N/A US\$ - - US\$ 1,510 <td< td=""><td>Panasonic Corp</td><td></td><td>Ш</td><td></td><td>US\$</td><td>1,619</td><td>N/A</td><td>US\$</td><td>1,619</td><td></td></td<> | Panasonic Corp | | Ш | | US\$ | 1,619 | N/A | US\$ | 1,619 | |
| - - US\$ 1,592 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,576 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,576 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,576 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,560 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,500 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,527 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,526 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,526 N/A US\$ 1 - - US\$ 1,504 N/A US\$ 1 | CK Hutchison International 19 Ltd | | И | I | US\$ | 1,603 | N/A | US\$ | 1,603 | |
| - - USS 1,576 N/A USS 1 - - USS 1,562 N/A USS 1 - - USS 1,562 N/A USS 1 - - USS 1,562 N/A USS 1 - - USS 1,560 N/A USS 1 - - USS 1,527 N/A USS 1 - - USS 1,526 N/A USS 1 - - USS 1,510 N/A USS 1 | Marsh & McLennan Cos Inc | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 1,592 | N/A | US\$ | 1,592 | |
| 1 1 <td>Marathon Petroleum Corp</td> <td>1</td> <td>11</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,576</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,576</td> <td></td> | Marathon Petroleum Corp | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 1,576 | N/A | US\$ | 1,576 | |
| n n n uss 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Public Service Electric & Gas Co | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 1,562 | N/A | US\$ | 1,562 | |
| n n n uss - - - USS 1,540 N/A USS - - - USS 1,527 N/A USS - - - USS 1,527 N/A USS - - - USS 1,526 N/A USS - - - USS 1,526 N/A USS - - - USS 1,516 N/A USS - - - USS 1,504 N/A USS | AIA Group Ltd | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 1,560 | N/A | US\$ | 1,560 | |
| - USS 1,527 N/A USS - USS 1,527 N/A USS - USS 1,526 N/A USS - USS 1,504 N/A USS - USS 1,504 N/A USS - USS 1,504 N/A USS - USS 1,504 N/A USS | NTT Finance Corp | I | Ш | I | US\$ | 1,540 | N/A | US\$ | 1,540 | |
| n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n n | ABN AMRO Bank NV | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,527 | N/A | US\$ | 1,527 | |
| - USS 1,504 N/A USS | Alliant Energy Finance LLC | | Ш | I | US\$ | 1,526 | N/A | US\$ | 1,526 | |
| & Power Co - USS 1.501 N/A USS | KEB Hana Bank | | 11 | | US\$ | 1.504 | N/A | US\$ | 1,504 | |
| | Virginia Electric & Power Co | | 11 | | US\$ | 1.501 | N/A | US\$ | 1.501 | |

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| Held Company Name | | | | | Countin | | н. | | Foir Volue | |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|--------------------------------|------------------|---------------------|------|
| | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | (Foreign C | (Foreign Currencies | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign | (Foreign Currencies | Note |
| TSMC Global | Entergy Louisiana LLC | | Financial assets at fair value through other | | US\$ 1.472 | 1.472 | N/A | US\$ | US\$ 1.472 | |
| | | | comprehensive income | | | | | | | |
| | Daiwa Securities Group Inc | I | и | | US\$ | 1,430 | N/A | US\$ | 1,430 | |
| | Cluzens Financial Oroup Inc | T | | | 460 | 1,410 | N/A | ¢60 | 1,410 | |
| | Wills Farm Rank NA | 1 1 | | | \$511 | 1,116 | N/A | 3211 | 1,116 | |
| | CNOOC Curris Funding No.1 Ptv I td | | | | \$GD | 1 410 | N/A | \$S11 | 1 410 | |
| | Siemens Financieringsmaatschannii NV | | | | \$S11 | 1 410 | N/A | \$SI1 | 1 410 | |
| | Kilrov Realty I.P. | | | | \$511 | 1.402 | N/A | \$SI1 | 1.402 | |
| | Entergy Arkansas LLC | | | | \$511 | 1 349 | N/A | \$SI1 | 1 349 | |
| | Dutorio Teocham' Codilleo Ecimieste Discretios Trust | | | | 1700 | 1 2 2 0 | | 1196 | 1 220 | |
| | Unatio reactiets Cautitate Faitview Fropencies 110st | T | | | 400 4011 | 2000 1 | N/A | 400 1100 | 200,1 | |
| | | | | • | 420 | 1 220 | N/A | 4911 4911 | 1,220 | |
| | | | | • | 460 | 1,238 | N/A | ¢60 | 1,238 | |
| | Santander UN Group Holdings PLC | | 11 | • | \$20 | 107.1 | N/A | \$20 | 1,52,1 | |
| | Lincoln National Corp | | Ш | ' | 0.55 0 | 1,22/ | N/A | 420 470 | 1,227 | |
| | | | 11 | | \$20 | 1,208 | N/A | 420 420 | 1,208 | |
| | Schlumberger Finance Canada Ltd | | 11 | | \$ 2 0 | 1,189 | N/A | 125 | 1,189 | |
| | eBay Inc | T | н | | US\$ | 1,154 | N/A | US\$ | 1,154 | |
| | Cleveland Electric Illuminating Co/The | T | н | | US\$ | 1,149 | N/A | US\$ | 1,149 | |
| | APT Pipelines Ltd | I | Ш | 1 | US\$ | 1,148 | N/A | US\$ | 1,148 | |
| | Alexandria Real Estate Equities Inc | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 1,112 | N/A | US\$ | 1,112 | |
| | Southern California Edison Co | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 1,105 | N/A | US\$ | 1,105 | |
| | Cooperatieve Rabobank UA/NY | | н | | US\$ | 1,102 | N/A | US\$ | 1,102 | |
| | Baltimore Gas & Electric Co | | Ш | ' | US\$ | 1,066 | N/A | US\$ | 1,066 | |
| | Entergy Mississippi LLC | | 11 | | US\$ | 1,063 | N/A | US\$ | 1,063 | |
| | BBVA USA | | ш | | US\$ | 1,062 | N/A | US\$ | 1,062 | |
| | DH Europe Finance II Sarl | | ш | | US\$ | 1,056 | N/A | US\$ | 1,056 | |
| | Loews Corp | | " | | US\$ | 1,047 | N/A | US\$ | 1,047 | |
| | USAA Capital Corp | I | 11 | ' | US\$ | 1,046 | N/A | US\$ | 1,046 | |
| | Kinder Morgan Inc/DE | I | 11 | ' | US\$ | 1,046 | N/A | US\$ | 1,046 | |
| | Kaiser Foundation Hospitals | T | н | | US\$ | 1,039 | N/A | US\$ | 1,039 | |
| | Texas Eastern Transmission LP | T | н | | US\$ | 1,034 | N/A | US\$ | 1,034 | |
| | Simon Property Group LP | | " | | US\$ | 1,030 | N/A | US\$ | 1,030 | |
| | Mondelez International Holdings Netherlands BV | T | н | | US\$ | 1,024 | N/A | US\$ | 1,024 | |
| | Toyota Motor Finance Netherlands BV | ı | 11 | | 12\$ | 1,008 | N/A | \$SU | 1,008 | |
| | MUFG Union Bank NA | | Ш | ' | \$SU | 1,006 | N/A | \$SU \$211 | 1,006 | |
| | BHP Billiton Finance USA Ltd | • | 11 | ' | \$SU | 404 | N/A | \$SU | 904 | |
| | | | | 1 | \$SU | 666 | N/A | 4SU | 666 | |
| | QIND FILMANCE LIU Drudantial Einancial Inc | 1 1 | 2 | | \$S11 | 406 033 | A/M | \$CD | 406 033 | |
| | Mitsubishi UFI Lease & Finance Co Ltd | | | | 155 | 226 | N/A | \$SI1 | CCC | |
| | Westpac Banking Corp | ı | | ' | US\$ | 879 | N/A | US\$ | 879 | |
| | Woolworths Group Ltd | , | Ш | | US\$ | 867 | N/A | US\$ | 867 | |
| | Niagara Mohawk Power Corp | | u u | | US\$ | 851 | N/A | US\$ | 851 | |
| | CenterPoint Energy Inc | | н | 1 | US\$ | 851 | N/A | US\$ | 851 | |
| | Visa Inc | | u u | 1 | US\$ | 845 | N/A | US\$ | 845 | |
| | Sinopec Capital 2013 Ltd | | Ш | | US\$ | 835 | N/A | US\$ | 835 | |
| | Natwest Group PLC | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 815 | N/A | US\$ | 815 | |
| | Sky Ltd | ı | н | | US\$ | <i>6LT</i> | N/A | US\$ | 6 <i>LL</i> | |
| | Xylem Inc/NY | | " | | US\$ | 774 | N/A | US\$ | 774 | |
| | DR Horton Inc | T | н | | US\$ | 772 | N/A | US\$ | 772 | |
| | Nationwide Financial Services Inc | ı | н | | US\$ | 758 | N/A | US\$ | 758 | |
| | Canadian Natural Resources Ltd | ı | и | 1 | US\$ | 758 | N/A | US\$ | 758 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

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| | | | | | | December 31, 2020 | 1.2020 | | | |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|--|----------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-------------|
| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units | Carrying Value (Foreion Currencies | Value | Percentage of | Fair Value (Foreion Currencies | /alue urrencies | Note |
| | | | | (In Thousands) | in Thousands) | sands) | Ownership (%) | in Thousands) | sands) | |
| TSMC Global | Warner Media LLC | | Financial assets at fair value through other | | US\$ | 752 | N/A | US\$ | 752 | |
| | BNZ International Funding Ltd/London | | | I | US\$ | 743 | N/A | US\$ | 743 | |
| | Sinopec Group Overseas Development 2017 Ltd | | ш | | US\$ | 717 | N/A | US\$ | 717 | |
| | Abbott Laboratories | | 11 | | US\$ | 705 | N/A | US\$ | 705 | |
| | Digital Realty Trust LP | | н | | 175% | 6/.9 | N/A | 120 201 | 6/.9 | |
| | | | 11 | I | \$2D | 004 | N/A | 4901 4911 | 004 | |
| | Carlisle Cos Inc | | | | 490 1100 | 200 | N/A N/A | 4SU 115¢ | 200 | |
| | | | 11 | I | ¢00 | C+0 | N/A | ¢60 | 040 | |
| | Description Co/ The | - | | | 1000 | 044 | N/A N/A | 4SU 116¢ | 644 644 | |
| | Republic Services Inc A marican Water Canital Com | | | | \$CD | 637 | N/A N/A | ¢60 | 637 | |
| | American water capital Corp OneDecon 118 Uniting Inc | | | | 4CU | 100 | N/A N/A | 46U | 100 | |
| | ClieDeacoll US FIOLUINS IIIC Sinomae Group Oversease Davisionment 2013 I td | | 2 | | \$CD | 603 673 | N/A | \$CD | 603 673 | |
| | Diliopee Oloup Overseas Development 2012 Lui Ohio Douver Co | | 2 1 | | 1150 | (7) | V/N | \$S11 | (7) | |
| | Atrizona Public Service Co | 1 1 | 2 2 | | \$S11 | 770 | V/N | \$S11 | 770 | |
| | Duke Energy Progress LLC | | | , | nS\$ | 592 | N/A | nS\$ | 592 | |
| | ViacomCBS Inc | | n n | | US\$ | 590 | N/A | US\$ | 590 | |
| | Evergy Inc | | ll I | | US\$ | 579 | N/A | US\$ | 579 | |
| | Fifth Third Bank/Cincinnati OH | · | и | ı | US\$ | 566 | N/A | US\$ | 566 | |
| | United Parcel Service Inc | | 11 | ı | US\$ | 565 | N/A | US\$ | 565 | |
| | AflacInc | | 11 | | US\$ | 552 | N/A | US\$ | 552 | |
| | PACCAR Financial Corp | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 552 | N/A | US\$ | 552 | |
| | ABC Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 525 | N/A | US\$ | 525 | |
| | | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 524 | N/A | US\$ | 524 | |
| | Baker Hughes a GE Co LLC / Baker Hughes Co-Obligor Inc | - | <i>u</i> | 1 | 15¢ | 272 | N/A | 116¢ | 527 | |
| | Reauty income Corp Hanwha Energy IISA Holdings Com | | | | \$S11 | 514 | A/N | \$SI1 | 514 | |
| | Danone SA | | | , | SSU SSU | 506 | N/A | \$SU | 506 | |
| | United Overseas Bank Ltd | | | | US\$ | 459 | N/A | US\$ | 459 | |
| | Target Corp | | Ш | | US\$ | 455 | N/A | US\$ | 455 | |
| | Starbucks Corp | | Ш | | US\$ | 430 | N/A | US\$ | 430 | |
| | GlaxoSmithKline Capital PLC | | Ш | | US\$ | 426 | N/A | US\$ | 426 | |
| | Comerica Bank | | и | | US\$ | 425 | N/A | US\$ | 425 | |
| | Banco del Estado de Chile | | 11 | | US\$ | 423 | N/A | US\$ | 423 | |
| | CBS Corp | | Li | | 42D | 413 | N/A | 4SU | 413 | |
| | Fidenty National Information Services inc Volumetry Einman America Inc | | | | 4CU | 412 217 | N/A | ¢60 | 415 617 | |
| | Truitst Financial Corn | | | | \$SI1 | 410 | A/N | \$SI1 | 410 | |
| | Newmont Goldcorn Corn | | | , | nS\$ | 404 | N/A | nS\$ | 404 | |
| | AXA Equitable Holdings Inc | | ш | | US\$ | 403 | N/A | US\$ | 403 | |
| | PepsiCo Inc | | ll l | | US\$ | 400 | N/A | US\$ | 400 | |
| | StanCorp Financial Group Inc | · | и | ı | US\$ | 388 | N/A | US\$ | 388 | |
| | Canadian Pacific Railway Co | | и | | US\$ | 378 | N/A | US\$ | 378 | |
| | Enbridge Inc | | и | | US\$ | 378 | N/A | US\$ | 378 | |
| | Principal Financial Group Inc | | Ш | | US\$ | 372 | N/A | US\$ | 372 | |
| | Pernod Ricard SA | | 11 | I | US\$ | 364 | N/A | US\$ | 364 | |
| | First Republic Bank/CA | | Ш | | US\$ | 360 | N/A | US\$ | 360 | |
| | Archer-Daniels-Midland Co | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 353 | N/A | US\$ | 353 | |
| | WEC Energy Group Inc | | | | 156 | 351 | N/A | US\$ | 351 | |
| | A mines a former of the contrast capital CULP | | 2 2 | | 1155 | 24C | V/N | \$S11 | C+C | |
| | Allstate Corp/The | | | | US\$ | 332 | N/A | US\$ | 332 | |
| | | | | | 1 | | | | | |
| | | | | | | [| | | Í | (Continued) |

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| International problem (international problem | | | | | | | December | 31.2020 | | | |
|---|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|------|
| Effection Mater FLC Effection Mater FLC Effection Mater FLC Effection Mater FLC Mater FLC <th>Held Company Name</th> <th>Marketable Securities Type and Name</th> <th>Relationship with the Company</th> <th>Financial Statement Account</th> <th>Shares/Units (In Thousands)</th> <th>Carryi (Foreign in The</th> <th>ng Value Currencies</th> <th>Percentage of Ownership (%)</th> <th>Fair (Foreign in The</th> <th>Value Currencies</th> <th>Note</th> | Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carryi (Foreign in The | ng Value Currencies | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign in The | Value Currencies | Note |
| Image: control in the contro | TSMC Global | BP Capital Markets PLC | | Financial assets at fair value through other | | US\$ | 329 | N/A | US\$ | 329 | |
| MultiCute 1 | | | | comprehensive income | | TTCO | | A 1 1 4 | TCO | | |
| Analytic for the sector of the sect | | CommonSpirit Heatun Total Canital International SA | | " | | \$CU \$211 | 320 | N/A N/A | \$SU | 776 | |
| Anducton Endine Endin | | Southern Co/The | , | | | \$S11 | 318 | N/A | \$SI1 | 318 | |
| Function Filter Filte | | Anthem Inc | | " | | US\$ | 314 | N/A | US\$ | 314 | |
| Anticipation Constrained Constrained <thconstrained< th=""> <thconstrained< th=""></thconstrained<></thconstrained<> | | Chubb INA Holdings Inc | | " | | \$511 | 313 | N/A | \$\$11 | 313 | |
| Financial condition | | America Movil SAB de CV | | | | US\$ | 311 | N/A | nS\$ | 311 | |
| Anticipation Constrained Constrained <thconstrained< th=""> <thconstrained< th=""></thconstrained<></thconstrained<> | | Alibaba Group Holding Ltd | | ll l | | US\$ | 306 | N/A | US\$ | 306 | |
| Anticipation Constrained Constrained <thconstrained< th=""> <thconstrained< th=""></thconstrained<></thconstrained<> | | Aon Corp | | Ш | , | US\$ | 300 | N/A | US\$ | 300 | |
| Function Constrained | | Johnson Controls International plc | | Ш | | US\$ | 298 | N/A | US\$ | 298 | |
| AntioCot -< | | Mondelez International Inc | | Ш | , | US\$ | 284 | N/A | US\$ | 284 | |
| | | Southern Natural Gas Co LLC / Southern Natural Issuing Corp | | Ш | | US\$ | 277 | N/A | US\$ | 277 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Coca-Cola Co/The | | Ш | | US\$ | 275 | N/A | US\$ | 275 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Huntington National Bank/The | | | , | US\$ | 257 | N/A | US\$ | 257 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | EI du Pont de Nemours and Co | | | | \$S11 | 255 | N/A | SSI | 255 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Canital One Bank USA NA | | | | SSI | 254 | N/A | 112S | 254 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Waste Management Inc | | | | \$SI1 | 251 | N/A | \$SI1 | 251 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Aon PI C | | | | \$311 | 246 | N/A | \$SI1 | 246 | |
| Image: Constraint of the constrain | | Nasdan Inc | , | | | 3211 | 000 | N/A | \$S11 | 000 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Deere & Co | | | | \$SII | 077 717 | A/M | \$SI1 | 217 | |
| | | Sandi Arahian Oil Co | | | | \$S11 | 200 | N/A | \$S11 | 202 | |
| Financial assets at amortized cost | | Nucor Corn | 1 1 | | | 3211 | 180 | N/A | 115\$ | 180 | |
| | | Dow Chemical Co/The | | | | \$S11 | 135 | V/N | 115\$ | 135 | |
| Financial assets at famorized cost Financial assets at famorized cost Financial assets at famorized cost Financial assets at fair value through other Financial asset at fair value through other Financial | | Columbia Demonts Turet Oneroting Doctoorchin I D | ı | | | 460 110¢ | 105 | | 0.00 0.011 | 105 | |
| Financial assets at fair value through other r <td></td> <td>Wolls Borro & Commune</td> <td>1</td> <td>Einendel accate at amortized onet</td> <td></td> <td>1100</td> <td>190.497</td> <td></td> <td>1100</td> <td>01</td> <td></td> | | Wolls Borro & Commune | 1 | Einendel accate at amortized onet | | 1100 | 190.497 | | 1100 | 01 | |
| r r | | wens rago & company Citioronn Global Market Inc | | | | \$SU | 100,407 99,965 | N/A | SSI1 | 100.488 | |
| r r | | JPMorgan Chase & Co. | , | | | \$511 | 95.058 | N/A | \$SI1 | 95.567 | |
| - Financial assets at fair value through other - USS 472.618 N/A USS 47 - - - - USS 5.023 N/A USS 47 - - - - - USS 5.023 N/A USS 47 - - - - USS 5.023 N/A USS 47 - - - USS 1.396 N/A USS 218 USS USS USS USS USS USS USS USS <td></td> <td>Goldman Sachs Group Inc/The</td> <td></td> <td>и</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>14,930</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>15,140</td> <td></td> | | Goldman Sachs Group Inc/The | | и | | US\$ | 14,930 | N/A | US\$ | 15,140 | |
| Financial assets at fair value through other - USS 472.618 N/A USS 472.618 N/A USS 473.618 N/A USS 433.618 N/A USS 531.6129 N/A USS 123.618 123.618 123.618 123.618 123.618 123.618 12 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 Comprehensive informe 7 $0.33 + 7.2010$ $0.03 - 47.2010$ $0.03 - 47.2010$ 7 7 $0.35 + 7.2010$ $0.03 - 47.2010$ $0.03 - 47.2010$ $0.03 - 47.2010$ 7 7 $0.35 - 50.23$ $0.04 - 0.05$ $0.03 - 47.2010$ $0.03 - 47.2010$ 7 7 $0.38 - 51.230$ $0.04 - 0.053$ $0.04 - 0.053$ $0.03 - 0.054$ 7 7 $0.35 - 51.230$ $0.04 - 0.053$ $0.013 - 0.04$ $0.053 - 0.054$ 7 7 $0.38 - 51.314$ $0.04 - 0.053$ $0.013 - 0.054$ $0.058 - 12.54$ 7 7 $0.58 - 12.544$ $0.013 - 0.054$ $0.058 - 12.544$ $0.058 - 12.544$ 7 7 $0.58 - 12.544$ $0.013 - 0.054$ $0.058 - 12.544$ $0.058 - 12.544$ 7 7 $0.58 - 12.544$ $0.04 - 0.058$ $0.058 - 12.544$ $0.058 - 12.544$ 7 7 $0.58 - 12.544$ $0.04 - 0.058$ $0.058 - 0.054$ $0.058 - 0.056$ 7 7 $0.58 - 0.058 - 0.0544$ $0.058 - 0.0544$ $0.058 - 0.0564$ $0.058 - 0.0564$ 7 7 $0.58 - 0.058 $ | | Government bond | | Dimensiol correte of fair vertice theorem of a dama | | TICO | 017 027 | VIV | TTCIC | 017 027 | |
| r r | | OILIEU DIALES LIEASULY INOLEDULU | 1 | rmancial assets at rait value unough other comprehensive income | | ¢¢0 | 4/2,010 | W/M | ¢00 | 4/2,010 | |
| r r USS $I.396$ N/A USS S_1 r r r r r r r USS S_1 USS | | Abu Dhabi Government International Bond | | 11 | | US\$ | 5,023 | N/A | US\$ | 5,023 | |
| Financial assets at fair value through other - USS 518,729 N/A USS 51 - - - USS 297.578 N/A USS 237.578 N/A USS 237.62 N/A USS 237.62 N/A USS 237.62 N/A USS 237.62 237.62 N/A USS 237.62 N/A USS 237.62 237.6 | | Qatar Government International Bond | | II. | ı | US\$ | 1,396 | N/A | US\$ | 1,396 | |
| Financial assets at fair value through other - USS 518,729 N/A USS 518,739 N/A USS 51 - - - - USS $297,578$ N/A USS $237,578$ N/A USS $237,518$ <td></td> <td>A count hands/A count morecore haded connection</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> | | A count hands/A count morecore haded connection | | | | | | | | | |
| comprehensive income r | | Fannie Mae Pool | | Financial assets at fair value through other | | US\$ | 518,729 | N/A | US\$ | 518,729 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | | | comprehensive income | | | | | | L. | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Ginnie Mae II Pool | | 11 | | US\$ | 297,578 | N/A | SSU | 297,578 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Fannie Mae REMICS | | 11 | | CSS C | 134,588 | N/A | CIS\$ | 134,588 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | Freddie Mac KEMICS | ı | н | | 220 220 | 128,111 | N/A | SSU 1920 | 128,111 | |
| - - - - | | | | | | 400 C | 410,121 | N/A | 4901 4911 | 121,514 | |
| | | Famile Mae of Freque Mac | 1 | " | | \$CU \$211 | 20C'011 | N/A N/A | \$CU \$211 | 50C,011 | |
| - - - - 0.53 0.574.13 N/A 0.55 0.55 - - - 0.55 0.574.13 N/A 0.55 0.55 0.55 - - 0.55 19.416 N/A 0.55 1 - - 0.55 3.760 N/A 0.55 1 - - 0.55 3.760 N/A 0.55 1 - - 0.55 3.760 N/A 0.55 1 - - 0.55 3.605 N/A 0.55 1 - - 0.55 1.947 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 1.942 N/A 0.55 | | Emodelie Mac Gold Dool | | | | \$S11 | 80.113 | N/A | \$S11 | 80.113 | |
| - - <td></td> <td>Government National Mortgage Association</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$S11</td> <td>35,743</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>\$SI1</td> <td>35 743</td> <td></td> | | Government National Mortgage Association | | | | \$S11 | 35,743 | N/A | \$SI1 | 35 743 | |
| - - - - 0.55 3.760 N/A 0.55 - - - 0.55 3.760 N/A 0.55 - - - 0.55 3.760 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 1.947 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 1.942 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 1.159 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 1.159 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 1.029 N/A 0.55 | | Earnin Man-Ares | | | | \$S11 | 19416 | V/N | \$S11 | 19 416 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>Fraddia Mov Strine</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$S11</td> <td>3 760</td> <td></td> <td>450</td> <td>3 760</td> <td></td> | | Fraddia Mov Strine | | | | \$S11 | 3 760 | | 450 | 3 760 | |
| - - USS 1,947 N.M. USS - - USS 1,947 N/A USS - - USS 1,947 N/A USS - - USS 1,947 N/A USS - - USS 1,942 N/A USS - - USS 1,942 N/A USS - - USS 1,942 N/A USS - - USS 1,159 N/A USS - - USS 1,029 N/A USS | | State Board of Administration Finance Com | | | | \$S11 | 3,605 | V/N | \$SI1 | 3,605 | |
| US\$ 1,942 N/A US\$ - US\$ 1,159 N/A US\$ - US\$ 1,129 N/A US\$ - US\$ 1,029 N/A US\$ | | University of California | | | | nS\$ | 1.947 | N/A | nS\$ | 1.947 | |
| - US\$ 1,29 N/A US\$ | | Korea Hydro & Niclear Power Co Ltd | | | | \$511 | 1 942 | N/A | SSII | 1 942 | |
| USS 1,029 N/A | | Federal National Mortgage Association | | | | 11SS | 1.159 | N/A | \$SU | 1.159 | |
| | | Denver City & County Housing Authority | | | | US\$ | 1.029 | N/A | US\$ | 1.029 | |
| - | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

| Induction between the control of the contro | pany Name | ketable Securities Type and Name ol Science University 61 Mortgage Trust tifamily Structured Pass Through Certificates in unation Authority Inc 60 Mortgage Trust | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying (Foreign C1 in Thou ^c | Value urrencies sands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign (in Thou | Value Currencies usands) | Note |
|---|---|---|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| dent of Fold cite Fund state structure cite < | | ol Science University 61 Mortgage Trust tifamily Structured Pass Through Certificates in Location Authority Inc 60 Mortzage Trust | | | · | | | | | | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Oregon Health & FRESB 2019-SB6 Freddie Mac Mult State of Hawaii FHLMC-GNMA State of Wisconsi Brazos Higher Jac FRESB 2019-SB6 Freddie Mac Non Sales Tax Sceurit Fannie Mae Benc Asset-backed secu JPMBB Commerc Wells Fargo Com Bank 2019-BNI Citigroup Commer Citigroup Commer Citigroup Commer Citigroup Commer Citigroup Commer Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co Wells FBS Commer | Science University 61 Mortgage Trust tifamily Structured Pass Through Certificates in lucation Authority Inc 60 Mottage Trust | I | Financial assets at fair value through other | I | US\$ | 976 | N/A | US\$ | 976 | |
| | FRESB 2019-SB Freddie Mac Mult State of Hawaii FHLMC-GNMA State of Wisconsi Brazos Higher Ed Freddie Mac Non Sales Tax Sceurti Fannie Mae Benc Asset-backed secu JPMBB Commer Vells Fargo Com BANK 2020-BNI Citigroup Comme Citigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019, Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co Wells Fargo Com | 61 Mortgage Trust tifamily Structured Pass Through Certificates lucation Authority Inc 60 Mortcage Trust | 1 | | | US\$ | 826 | N/A | US\$ | 826 | |
| | Freddie Mac Mul State of Hawaii FHLMC-GNMA State of Wisconsi Brazos Higher Ed FRESB 2019-SFB Freddie Mac Non Sales Tax Sceurti Fannie Mae Benc Asset-backed seet JPMBB Commer Wells Fargo Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019, Wells Fargo Commer Hyundai Auto Re Hyundai Auto Re Hyund | tifamily Structured Pass Through Certificates in lucation Authority Inc 60 Mottage Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 623 | N/A | US\$ | 623 | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td>State of Hawaii FHLMC-GNMA State of Wisconsi Brazos Higher Ed FRESB 2019-SBE Freddie Mac Non Sales Tax Securiti Fannie Mae Benc Asset-backed sec JPMBB Commerc Mells Fargo Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Commer UBS-Barclays Co</td> <td>in lucation Authority Inc 60 Mortzage Trust</td> <td></td> <td>Ш</td> <td>,</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>596</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>596</td> <td></td> | State of Hawaii FHLMC-GNMA State of Wisconsi Brazos Higher Ed FRESB 2019-SBE Freddie Mac Non Sales Tax Securiti Fannie Mae Benc Asset-backed sec JPMBB Commerc Mells Fargo Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Commer UBS-Barclays Co | in lucation Authority Inc 60 Mortzage Trust | | Ш | , | US\$ | 596 | N/A | US\$ | 596 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | FHLMC-GNMA State of Wisconsi Brazos Higher Ed FRESB 2019-SB6 Freddia Mac Vomo Sales Tax Securiti Fannie Mae Benc Asset-bucked securiti Fannie Mae Benc Asset-bucked securiti PMBB Commer Wells Fargo Com BANK 2020-BNN Critigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stantey E UBS-Barclays Co WENS Fargo Com | in lucation Authority Inc 60 Mortrage Trust | 1 | 11 | | US\$ | 556 | N/A | US\$ | 556 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | State of Wisconsi Brazos Higher Eid FRESB 2019-SB6 Freddie Mac Van Sales Tax Securit Fannie Mae Benc <u>Asset-backed sec</u> <u>JPMBB Commer</u> Wells Fargo Com BANK 2020-BIN Critigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co Werls Fargo Com | in lucation Authority Inc 60 Mortzage Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 535 | N/A | US\$ | 535 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Brazos Higher Ed Freddie Mac Non Freddie Mac Non Sales Tax Securit Fannie Mae Benc Asset-hacked sect JPMBB Commer Wells Fargo Com B ANK 2020-BNH Citigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019 Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WERBS Commer | lucation Authority Inc 60 Mortsage Trust | | 11 | , | US\$ | 526 | N/A | US\$ | 526 | |
| - - - 103 - 0.04 0.05 - - - 0.05 - 0.04 0.05 - - 0.05 0.05 - 0.05 0.05 0.05 - - 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 - - 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 - - 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 - - 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 - - 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 - - 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 - 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 - 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 - 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 - 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 - 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 - 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.05 <td< td=""><td>FRESB 2019-SB6 Freddie Mac Non Sales Tax Sceurti Fannie Mae Benc Asset-backed sect JPMBB Commerc Wells Fargo Com B ANK 2020-BNI Citigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commerc</td><td>60 Mortgage Trust</td><td></td><td>II.</td><td>,</td><td>US\$</td><td>480</td><td>N/A</td><td>US\$</td><td>480</td><td></td></td<> | FRESB 2019-SB6 Freddie Mac Non Sales Tax Sceurti Fannie Mae Benc Asset-backed sect JPMBB Commerc Wells Fargo Com B ANK 2020-BNI Citigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commerc | 60 Mortgage Trust | | II. | , | US\$ | 480 | N/A | US\$ | 480 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Freiddie Mac Non Sales Tax Securiti Fannie Mae Benc Asset-bucked secu JPMBB Commerc Wells Fargo Commer BANK 2020-BNN Citigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Commer Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co | | | 11 | , | US\$ | 412 | N/A | US\$ | 412 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Sales Tax Securiti Fannie Mae Benc <u>Asset-backed sec</u> <u>JPMBB Commer</u> Wells Fargo Com BANK 2020-BIN Critigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan StantyP UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commer | Gold Pool | | | | \$S11 | 300 | N/A | \$SI1 | 300 | |
| Fluncial sector at fight value through other 0 <td>Fannie Mae Benc Fannie Mae Benc <u>Asset-hacked sec</u> JPMBB Commer Wells Fargo Com B ANK 2020-BNF Citigroup Comme Citigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019 Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WERBS Commer</td> <td>ization form</td> <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1155</td> <td>757</td> <td>N/N</td> <td>3211</td> <td>757</td> <td></td> | Fannie Mae Benc Fannie Mae Benc <u>Asset-hacked sec</u> JPMBB Commer Wells Fargo Com B ANK 2020-BNF Citigroup Comme Citigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019 Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WERBS Commer | ization form | 1 | | | 1155 | 757 | N/N | 3211 | 757 | |
| Fluncial assets at far value through other 0 | A man beneficial activity of the sector of t | the second se | 1 | 2, 1 | | 1155 | 101 | V/N | 115¢ | 101 | |
| Financial access at first value through other US 6,013 NA 65 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | Asset-backed sect JPMBB Commerc Wells Fargo Com BANK 2020-BNI Citigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WES-Barclays Commerc | | I | 14 | | ¢ r 0 | 16 | C/M | ¢?0 | 16 | |
| - Handail sets at fair value through other $ -$ | JPMBB Commerc Wells Fargo Commerc BANK 2020-BNN Citigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commer | unties | | | | | | | | | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Wells Fargo Com BANK 2020-BNN Citigroup Comme CGDBB Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stantey E UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commer | cial Mortgage Securities Trust 2014-C24 | I | Financial assets at fair value through other | | US\$ | 8,013 | N/A | US\$ | 8,013 | |
| | Wells Fargo Com B ANK 2020-BNH Citigroup Commer Hyundai Auto Ke Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commer | | | comprehensive income | | | | | | | |
| | Bank 2020-BNN Citigroup Comme CGDBB Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commer | imercial Mortgage Trust 2016-BNK1 | 1 | Ш | , | US\$ | 7,881 | N/A | SSU | 7,881 | |
| · | Citigroup Commer CGIDBB Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commer | K26 | 1 | Ш | , | US\$ | 7,325 | N/A | SO SSO | 7,325 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | CGDBB Commer Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commer | ercial Mortgage Trust 2014-GC21 | | 11 | | US\$ | 6,888 | N/A | US\$ | 6,888 | |
| | Hyundai Auto Re Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commer | rcial Mortgage Trust 2017-BIOC | | 11 | • | US\$ | 6,854 | N/A | US\$ | 6,854 | |
| | Benchmark 2019- Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commer | ceivables Trust 2017-A | ı | Ш | | US\$ | 6,742 | N/A | US\$ | 6,742 | |
| | Wells Fargo Com Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commer | -B11 Mortgage Trust | ı | Ш | , | US\$ | 6,533 | N/A | US\$ | 6,533 | |
| | Morgan Stanley E UBS-Barclays Co WPACS Commer | imercial Mortgage Trust 2016-C35 | | Ш | , | US\$ | 6,388 | N/A | US\$ | 6,388 | |
| | UBS-Barclays Co WFRBS Commer | 3ank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2016-C29 | | 11 | , | US\$ | 6.074 | N/A | US\$ | 6.074 | |
| | WFRBS Commer | numercial Mortgage Trust 2012-C2 | | | , | SSII | 5 743 | N/A | SSII | 5 743 | |
| 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 <td>T DIVIDUAL</td> <td>reial Mortgage Trust 2013_C13</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$50</td> <td>5,663</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>\$S11</td> <td>5,663</td> <td></td> | T DIVIDUAL | reial Mortgage Trust 2013_C13 | | | | \$50 | 5,663 | N/A | \$S11 | 5,663 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | | AII Mortgage Hust 2013-C13 | | 2, 2 | | 1150 | 5,003 | V/N | 115\$ | 5,003 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | TT-0107 CIMORE | ALL MULGAGE LIUSI | ı | = | | 1100 | 0,400 770 | N/N | 4901 1100 | 0,400 7 270 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | COMM 2015 CC | Daine of America institut Lyncu 11081 2010-COU DEDA Morraaca Trust | 1 | 2 | | \$211 | 2,0,0 | V/N | \$S11 | 2,214 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Moreno Storlar | Autz + Morigage Hust Soils of America Momill Lunch Tang 2012 C10 | | 2 | | 1100 | 000°C | | 400 | 1.00 Z | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | INIOTGAII Stanley E | Sank of America Mernii Lynch I rust 2013-010 | | <i>1</i> , | | 460 | 1/0,0 | N/A | 4911 4311 | 1/0/0 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | MKCD 2019-MA | KK Mortgage Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 4,917 | N/A | 028 100 | 4,917 | |
| $ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | BANK 2019-BN | K22 | • | II. | | 125 120 | 4,583 | N/A | 1058 1000 | 4,583 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Mercedes-Benz A | Auto Lease Trust 2019-B | • | II. | | US\$ | 4,333 | N/A | 105\$ | 4,333 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | BANK 201/-BIN | | | 11 | | \$CD | 4,212 | N/A | ¢60 | 4,272 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | JPMCC Commerc | cial Mortgage Securities Trust 2017-JP7 | I | 11 | | US\$ | 4,261 | N/A | \$SU | 4,261 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | BANK 2017-BN | K6 | | 11 | | \$20 | 4,254 | N/A | \$SU | 4,254 | |
| $\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | UBS Commercial | 1 Mortgage Trust 2018-C10 | | 11 | I | 155 156 | 4,248 | N/A | \$SU | 4,248 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | IN 7019-110 IN | | | | | 49D | 4,234 | N/A | \$911 \$911 | 4,234 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | Morgan Stanley E | Sank of America Merrill Lynch I rust 2013-C/ | | II. | | \$20 | 4,024 | N/A | \$SU | 4,024 | |
| - - - - - - 0.55 3.70 N/A 0.55 - - - 0.55 3.620 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 3.482 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 3.321 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 3.139 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 3.051 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 3.051 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 3.051 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 0.592 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 0.592 N/A 0.55 - - 0.55 0.592 N/A <td< td=""><td>JP Morgan Chase</td><td>: Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust</td><td>I</td><td>11</td><td></td><td>US\$</td><td>4,020</td><td>N/A</td><td>US\$</td><td>4,020</td><td></td></td<> | JP Morgan Chase | : Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust | I | 11 | | US\$ | 4,020 | N/A | US\$ | 4,020 | |
| $\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | ZUIZ-ECY Entermise Floot E | Simmering 2020-1-1-1-C | | 2 | | TICC | 2 970 | N1/ A | TICC | 3 670 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>11</td> <td></td> <td>0.00</td> <td>0/0/0</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>0000</td> <td>3,6/0</td> <td></td> | | | 1 | 11 | | 0.00 | 0/0/0 | N/A | 0000 | 3,6/0 | |
| 3-C6 - - 0'58 3,321 N/A 0'55 - - - 0'58 3,321 N/A 0'55 - - - 0'58 3,139 N/A 0'55 - - - 0'58 3,139 N/A 0'55 - - - 0'58 3,139 N/A 0'55 - - - 0'58 3,063 N/A 0'55 - - - 0'58 3,063 N/A 0'55 - - - 0'58 3,076 N/A 0'55 - - - 0'58 3,077 N/A 0'55 - - 0'58 3,017 N/A 0'55 - - 0'58 3,017 N/A 0'55 - - 0'58 3,017 N/A 0'55 - - 0'58 2,942 N/A 0'55 - - 0'58 2,942 N/A 0'55 - - 0'58 2,942 N/A 0'55 | Renchmark 2018- | ciai intolegage occurrities 11481 2013-020 | | 2 | | \$S11 | 3 487 | V/N | \$S11 | 3,020 | |
| 5-C0 - - - - - 0.05 5,2.21 NA 0.05 - - - - - - 0.55 5,3.21 NA 0.05 - - - - - 0.55 3,138 NA 0.05 - - - - 0.55 3,138 NA 0.05 - - - - 0.55 3,063 NA 0.05 - - - - 0.55 3,063 NA 0.05 - - - 0.55 3,063 NA 0.05 - - - 0.55 3,071 N/A 0.05 - - - 0.55 3,017 N/A 0.05 - - - 0.55 2,942 N/A 0.05 - - - 0.55 2,993 NA 0.05 - | | | ı | | | 1100 | 101.0 | V/M | 000 | 101.0 | |
| C40 - - - - - 0.55 5,188 NA 0.55 - - - - - 0.55 5,188 NA 0.55 - - - - 0.55 3,139 NA 0.55 - - - 0.55 3,139 NA 0.55 - - - 0.55 3,051 NA 0.55 - - - 0.55 3,051 NA 0.55 - - - 0.55 3,017 NA 0.55 - - - 0.55 3,017 NA 0.55 - - - 0.55 2,942 NA 0.55 - - - 0.55 2,942 NA 0.55 - - - 0.55 2,942 NA 0.55 - - - 0.55 2,899 NA | UBS-Barclays Co | ommercial Mortgage Irust 2013-C6 | • | 11 | | US\$ | 3,321 | N/A | \$SU | 3,321 | |
| C40 | US Mortgage Sec | surities Trust 2012-GC6 | | 11 | , | U2\$ | 3,188 2,120 | N/A | 4911 4911 | 5,188 | |
| C40 - - USB | Ford Credit Auto | Lease 1rust 2019-B | | 11 | | \$CD | 2,139 2,020 | N/A | \$SU | 5,139 2,022 | |
| - US\$ 3,031 N/A US\$ - US\$ 3,017 N/A US\$ - US\$ 2,942 N/A US\$ - US\$ 2,942 N/A US\$ | Wells Fargo Com | imercial Mortgage 1 fust 201 /-C40 | | 11 | | \$20 \$20 | 5,005 2,005 | N/A | \$SU | 3,003 2,003 | |
| - US\$ 3,017 N/A US\$ - US\$ 2,942 N/A US\$ - US\$ 2,942 N/A US\$ | Morgan Stanley | -apital 1 1rust 2017-H1 | | II. | 1 | \$20 | 160,5 | N/A | \$SU | 1 c0,5 | |
| - USS 2.942 N/A USS - USS - USS 2.899 N/A USS | Citigroup Comme | ercial Mortgage Trust 2016-P5 | I | 11 | • | CSS 0 | 3,017 | N/A | CIN ST | 3,017 | |
| - US\$ 2,899 N/A US\$ | Hyundai Auto Re | ceivables Trust 2018-A | I | 11 | • | SSU SS | 2,942 | N/A | US\$ | 2,942 | |
| _ | Nissan Auto Leas | se Trust 2019-B | ı | 11 | | \$ S D | 2,899 | N/A | \$ S O | 2,899 | |

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| Industry in the standard probability of the standard probabilit | | | | | | | December 31, 2020 | 31,2020 | | | |
|---|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|--|--------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| Statustical currant for the function of | Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carryin (Foreign C in Thou | g Value (urrencies (sands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair (Foreign in Tho | Value Currencies usands) | Note |
| | TSMC Global | GS Mortgage Securities Corp Trust 2018-RIVR | ı | Financial assets at fair value through other | | US\$ | 2,873 | N/A | \$SU | 2,873 | |
| | | Ford Credit Auto Lesse Trust 2020-R | , | comprehensive income | | \$511 | 2 869 | N/A | \$SI1 | 2 869 | |
| | | UBS-Barclays Commercial Mortgage Trust 2012-C3 | | И | | US\$ | 2,865 | N/A | US\$ | 2,865 | |
| | | BANK 2019-BNK24 | 1 | 11 | ' | US\$ | 2,829 | N/A | US\$ | 2,829 | |
| | | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2016-C3 | ı | И | | US\$ | 2,781 | N/A | US\$ | 2,781 | |
| | | Enterprise Fleet Financing 2019-2 LLC | ı | И | I | US\$ | 2,770 | N/A | US\$ | 2,770 | |
| | | BX Commercial Mortgage Trust 2018-IND | | И | ' | US\$ | 2,760 | N/A | US\$ | 2,760 | |
| | | GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2013-GCJ12 | ı | И | 1 | US\$ | 2,717 | N/A | US\$ | 2,717 | |
| | | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2020-C55 | | Ш | | US\$ | 2,638 | N/A | US\$ | 2,638 | |
| | | Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust 2020-REV1 | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 2,635 | N/A | US\$ | 2,635 | |
| | | GM Financial Consumer Automobile Receivables Trust 2017-2 | | И | | US\$ | 2,524 | N/A | US\$ | 2,524 | |
| | | American Express Credit Account Master Trust | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 2,519 | N/A | US\$ | 2,519 | |
| | | BBCMS Mortgage Trust 2020-C8 | | 11 | ' | US\$ | 2,478 | N/A | US\$ | 2,478 | |
| | | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2012-C6 | | 11 | | US\$ | 2,470 | N/A | US\$ | 2,470 | |
| 1 | | Citibank Credit Card Issuance Trust | , | 11 | | US\$ | 2,304 | N/A | US\$ | 2,304 | |
| 1 | | UBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2018-C11 | , | 11 | • | US\$ | 2,243 | N/A | US\$ | 2,243 | |
| | | Morgan Stanley Capital I Trust 2018-H3 | ı | И | ' | US\$ | 2,240 | N/A | US\$ | 2,240 | |
| | | CUMM 2013-CCKE12 Mortgage 1rust | | 11 | 1 | \$SU | C0177 | N/A | \$SU | C01.2 | |
| | | BENCHMARK 2018-B4 | ľ | 11 | | \$SU | 2,163 | N/A | \$SU | 2,163 | |
| | | JPMLDB Commercial Mortgage Securities Irust 201 /-C/ | | 11 | ' | \$20 \$21 | 2,120 | N/A | \$SU 1160 | 2,120 | |
| | | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 201/-P8 | | 11 | ' | \$2D | 2,105 | N/A | \$SU \$211 | 2,105 | |
| | | Ford Credit Auto Owner Trust 2019-A | ı | И | ' | \$SU | 2,096 | N/A | \$SU | 2,096 | |
| 2 0.00 2.000 NM 0.000 1 0.00 1.716 NM 0.000 1 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 1 0.00 1.00 0.00 0.00 1 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2016-C31</td><td></td><td>11</td><td>'</td><td>\$SU</td><td>2,068</td><td>N/A</td><td>\$SU</td><td>2,068</td><td></td></t<> | | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2016-C31 | | 11 | ' | \$SU | 2,068 | N/A | \$SU | 2,068 | |
| 2 0000 1000 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 2 0000 1706 0000 0000 2 0000 0000 | | JPMBB Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2014-C19 | | 11 | ' | \$SU | 2,015 | N/A | \$SU | 2,015 | |
| 2 0000 1700 0000 2 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Hyundai Auto Receivables Trust 2016-B</td><td></td><td>Ш</td><td>'</td><td>\$SU</td><td>1,913</td><td>N/A</td><td>\$SU</td><td>1,913</td><td></td></t<> | | Hyundai Auto Receivables Trust 2016-B | | Ш | ' | \$SU | 1,913 | N/A | \$SU | 1,913 | |
| 2 0.03 1,5% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,5% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,5% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,5% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,5% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,5% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,5% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,5% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,3% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,3% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,3% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,1% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,1% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,1% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,1% 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,1% 0.05 0.04 0.05 2 0.05 1,1% 0.05 0.05 0.05 2 0.05 1,0% 0.05 0.05 0.05 2 0.05 1,0% 0.05 0.05 0.05 2 0.05 | | Moligan Stattley Bank Of Anterica Merini Lynch Liust 2013-Co Welle Form Commandial Mortgoria Trust 2013 I C5 | 1 | | | \$CU \$211 | 1,200 | N/A N/A | \$CU \$211 | 1 716 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-ECO</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$S11</td> <td>1 586</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>\$S11</td> <td>1 586</td> <td></td> | | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-ECO | | | | \$S11 | 1 586 | N/A | \$S11 | 1 586 | |
| 1 1 <td></td> <td>WERRS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-020</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>\$S11</td> <td>1 578</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>\$S11</td> <td>1 578</td> <td></td> | | WERRS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-020 | | | | \$S11 | 1 578 | N/A | \$S11 | 1 578 | |
| 1 | | COMM 2014_CCRF17 Mortgage Trust 2012 CT | | | | \$S11 | 1 568 | N/A | \$S11 | 1 568 | |
| 1 | | TPMBR Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust 2013-C12 | | | | \$S11 | 1 563 | N/A | \$SI1 | 1 563 | |
| 2 0.5 0.5 0.497 N/A 0.55 1 0.5 1.497 N/A 0.55 0.55 1 0.5 1.497 N/A 0.55 0.55 1 0.55 1.497 N/A 0.55 0.55 1 0.55 1.497 N/A 0.55 0.55 1 0.55 1.243 N/A 0.55 0.55 1 0.55 1.18 N/A 0.55 0.55 1 0.55 1.56 1.57 0.55 0.55 | | COMM 2020-CBM Mortgage Trust | , | | | \$SI1 | 1.535 | N/A | \$SI1 | 1.535 | |
| 2 05 1,476 N/A 055 1 05 1,411 N/A 055 1 05 1,411 N/A 055 1 05 1,385 1,411 N/A 055 1 05 1,385 1,411 N/A 055 1 05 1,341 N/A 055 1,355 1,055 1,055 1 05 1,243 N/A 055 1,243 N/A 055 1,055 1 05 1,055 1,055 1,055 1,075 N/A 055 1 05 055 1,178 N/A 055 1,055 1 05 1,168 N/A 055 1,075 N/A 055 1 055 1,168 N/A 055 1,055 1,055 1,055 1 055 1,072 1,072 1,072 1,055 1,055 1 055 1,073 1,072 1,072 1,055 1,055 1 055 1,072 | | ARI Fleet Lease Trust 2019-A | | | , | 11SS | 1.497 | N/A | \$SI1 | 1.497 | |
| - | | GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2014-GC22 | | Ц | | US\$ | 1.476 | N/A | US\$ | 1.476 | |
| 2 2 058 1,385 N/A US8 2 058 1,341 N/A US8 US8 2 058 1,341 N/A US8 US8 2 058 1,341 N/A US8 US8 2 058 1,243 N/A US8 US8 2 058 1,213 N/A US8 US8 2 058 1,218 N/A US8 US8 2 058 1,178 N/A US8 US8 3 1 058 1,178 N/A US8 4 058 1,178 N/A US8 US8 5 058 1,072 N/A US8 US8 6 058 1,072 N/A US8 US8 7 058 <td></td> <td>Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2016-C36</td> <td></td> <td>Ц</td> <td>'</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1.411</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1.411</td> <td></td> | | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2016-C36 | | Ц | ' | US\$ | 1.411 | N/A | US\$ | 1.411 | |
| 2 2 058 1,341 N/A USS 4 058 1,341 N/A USS USS 5 058 1,293 N/A USS USS 6 058 1,243 N/A USS USS 7 058 1,243 N/A USS USS 6 058 1,218 N/A USS USS 7 058 1,188 N/A USS USS 6 058 1,178 N/A USS USS 7 058 1,178 N/A USS USS 8 1 1,188 N/A USS USS 9 058 1,178 N/A USS USS 9 058 1,178 N/A USS USS 16 058 1,168 N/A USS USS 17 058 1,072 N/A USS USS 16 058 1,072 N/A USS USS 17 058 | | Honda Auto Receivables 2017-3 Owner Trust | | Ш | ' | US\$ | 1,385 | N/A | US\$ | 1,385 | |
| 2 1 <td></td> <td>Toyota Auto Receivables 2018-D Owner Trust</td> <td>1</td> <td>11</td> <td>'</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,341</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,341</td> <td></td> | | Toyota Auto Receivables 2018-D Owner Trust | 1 | 11 | ' | US\$ | 1,341 | N/A | US\$ | 1,341 | |
| 2 1 <td></td> <td>DBGS 2018-BIOD Mortgage Trust</td> <td>·</td> <td>И</td> <td></td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,299</td> <td>N/A</td> <td>US\$</td> <td>1,299</td> <td></td> | | DBGS 2018-BIOD Mortgage Trust | · | И | | US\$ | 1,299 | N/A | US\$ | 1,299 | |
| 2 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 2 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 2 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 2 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 2 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 2 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 2 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.5 2 0.5 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.5 2 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.7 0.5 2 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.7 0.5 2 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.5 0.5 1 0.5 0.7 0.7 0.5 0.5 1 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.7 0.5 1 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.7 0.5 1 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.7 0.5 1 0.5 0.7 0.5 0.7 0.5 | | Nissan Auto Lease Trust 2019-A | | И | ' | US\$ | 1,243 | N/A | US\$ | 1,243 | |
| 2 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.5 0.55 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 | | Chase Issuance Trust | , | 11 | ' | US\$ | 1,231 | N/A | US\$ | 1,231 | |
| 2 0.55 1,188 N/A 0.55 1 1.178 1.178 N/A 0.55 1 1.168 1.168 N/A 0.55 1 1.168 N/A 0.55 1.17 1 1.168 N/A 0.55 1.13 1 1.168 N/A 0.55 1.13 1 1.178 1.168 N/A 0.55 1 1.178 1.178 N/A 0.55 1 1.178 1.178 N/A 0.55 1 1.178 1.072 N/A 0.55 1 1.178 1.025 N/A 0.55 1 1.178 1.013 N/A 0.55 | | GM Financial Automobile Leasing Trust 2019-4 | ı | И | ' | US\$ | 1,218 | N/A | CISS USS | 1,218 | |
| 2 0.53 1,170 N/A 0.03 1 0.53 1,170 N/A 0.03 1 0.55 1,168 N/A 0.05 1 0.55 1,178 N/A 0.05 1 0.55 1,178 N/A 0.05 1 0.72 1,186 N/A 0.05 1 0.72 1,186 N/A 0.05 1 0.72 1,072 N/A 0.05 1 0.72 1,072 N/A 0.05 1 0.75 1,072 N/A 0.05 1 0.75 1,013 N/A 0.05 1 0.75 1,013 N/A 0.05 1 0.75 1,013 N/A 0.05 | | Morgan Stanley Capital 1 Irust 2019-H6 | | | ' | 0.5\$ | 1,188 | N/A N/A | 4SU 115¢ | 1,188 | |
| 2 - - - - 0.55 1,108 N/A 0.55 - - - 0.55 1,165 N/A 0.55 0.55 - - - 0.55 1,165 N/A 0.55 0.55 - - 0.55 1,072 N/A 0.55 0.55 - - 0.55 1,072 N/A 0.55 0.55 - - 0.55 1,072 N/A 0.55 0.55 - - 0.55 1,013 N/A 0.55 0.55 - - 0.55 1,013 N/A 0.55 0.55 - - 0.55 1,013 N/A 0.55 0.55 | | Deficilitark 2019-D14 Mortgage Trust | | 11 | | | 1,1/0 | A/M | \$CD | 1,1/0 | |
| 2 - - - - - 0.55 1,165 N/A 0.55 - - - 0.55 1,138 N/A 0.55 1035 - - - 0.55 1,138 N/A 0.55 1035 - - - 0.55 1,047 N/A 0.55 1035 - - - 0.55 1,047 N/A 0.55 - - - 0.55 1,013 N/A 0.55 - - - 0.55 1,013 N/A 0.55 | | GS Mortgage Securities Irust 2014-GC24 | ı | И | ' | U.S\$ | 1,168 | N/A | SSU \$ | 1,168 | |
| 2 - - - - - 0.58 1,1.36 N/A 0.055 2 - - - 0.58 1,072 N/A 0.055 - - - 0.58 1,047 N/A 0.055 - - - 0.58 1,047 N/A 0.055 - - - 0.58 1,047 N/A 0.055 - - - 0.58 1,013 N/A 0.055 - - - 0.58 1,013 N/A 0.055 - - - 0.55 1,013 N/A 0.055 | | Hyundal Auto Receivables Trust 2019-15 | | 11 | | \$20 \$21 | c01,1 | N/A | 420 1100 | 1,100 | |
| | | Contribution Consumer Automobile Receivables 1rust 2013-1 | | <i>z</i> , | ' | \$CU | 1,138 | N/A | ¢60 | 1,158 | |
| | | US MOURAGE SECURITIES ITUSI 2019-USAI Morrow Stanlar Boals of A morriss Morrill I much Trans 2013 C13 | 1 | | ' | 46U | 1,0/2 | N/A | 46U | 1,0/7 | |
| A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A | | Point Condition Dation of Afficience Meetin Lynch Trust 2013-012 | | | | 4CU | 1,04/ | N/A | 46U | 1,04/ | |
| A 200 A 21 CT 2 C 20 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 C 2 | | FOID CREATE AUTO OWHET LIUST 2017-KEV I | , | | ' | 46U 3211 | CZU,1 | N/A N/A | 46U 3211 | 1 013 | |
| | | COMIN 2013-LCO INDUGAGE 11051 Ford Credit Auto Lease Trust 2019-A | | 2 2 | | \$S11 | 1 013 | N/A | \$SI1 | 1 013 | |
| | | ATTING THE ACTIVE ACTIVE ACTIVE ACTIVE | | | | 20 | C10,1 | X.7 / X.7 | 000 | CTO,1 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |

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| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Tyme and Name | Relationshin with the Comnany | Financial Statemont A count | Channed Traite | Carrying Value | g Value | Description of | Fair | Fair Value | |
|-------------------|---|-------------------------------|---|----------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|------|
| | | Avaluating with the Company | Г ШАНСІАН ЭТАРСІЛЕНІ / У ССОИЛІ | (In Thousands) | (Foreign Curren in Thousands) | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | (Foreign in The | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Note |
| TSMC Global | WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2011-C4 | | Financial assets at fair value through other | · | US\$ | 1,006 | N/A | US\$ | 1,006 | |
| | Benchmark 2019-B9 Mortgage Trust | , | | , | US\$ | 980 | N/A | US\$ | 980 | |
| | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-GC11 | , | Ш | , | US\$ | 779 | N/A | US\$ | <i>LLL</i> | |
| | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-GC27 | | 11 | | US\$ | 970 | N/A | US\$ | 970 | |
| | Hyundai Auto Lease Securitization Trust 2019-A | | 11 | | US\$ | 964 | N/A | US\$ | 964 | |
| | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill Lynch Trust 2013-C13 | | 11 | | US\$ | 952 | N/A | US\$ | 952 | |
| | COMM 2012-CCRE5 Mortgage Trust | | II II | | US\$ | 934 | N/A | US\$ | 934 | |
| | Tovota Auto Receivables 2020-A Owner Trust | , | ll | | US\$ | 928 | N/A | US\$ | 928 | |
| | Walle Farmo Commandial Montrage Trajet 2015 1 C20 | | | | 1150 | 010 | N/N | 115\$ | 010 | |
| | Wells Faigu Cultificities I Multigage 1148 2013-EC20 | | | | | 919 | N/M | 4901 1168 | 919 | |
| | BBCMS MURIGAGE TRUST 2017-CI | | 11 | | \$ 2 0 | C68 | N/A | \$SU | C68 | |
| | Benchmark 2019-B15 Mortgage Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 841 | N/A | US\$ | 841 | |
| | 280 Park Avenue 2017-280P Mortgage Trust | | " | | US\$ | 830 | N/A | US\$ | 830 | |
| | GM Financial Automobile Leasing Trust 2019-2 | | 11 | | US\$ | 826 | N/A | US\$ | 826 | |
| | BANK 2017-BNK7 | | 11 | | US\$ | 818 | N/A | US\$ | 818 | |
| | Cantor Commercial Real Estate Lending 2010_CF1 | ' | 2 | | 115\$ | 707 | N/A | 115\$ | 707 | |
| | Cantor Commercia real astac contraing 2017-01 1 | | | | 1100 | 002 | N/A | 1196 | 101 | |
| | | | 11 | • | | 061 | | 000 000 | 061 | |
| | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2014-GC23 | | 11 | | \$ 2 0 | 8// | N/A | \$SU | 8// | |
| | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-GC35 | | 11 | | US\$ | 773 | N/A | US\$ | 773 | |
| | Toyota Auto Receivables 2017-A Owner Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 764 | N/A | US\$ | 764 | |
| | BANK 2019-BNK23 | | 11 | | US\$ | 741 | N/A | US\$ | 741 | |
| | Moroan Stanley Canital I Trust 2019-H7 | | 11 | , | \$511 | 733 | N/A | \$511 | 733 | |
| | COMM 2013_CCPE8 Mortgage Trust | ' | | | \$S11 | 716 | N/A | \$S11 | 716 | |
| | | | 11 | • | | 107 | | 000 000 | 017 | |
| | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-NXS5 | | 11 | | \$ 2 0 | 060 | N/A | \$SU | 070 | |
| | GM Financial Automobile Leasing Trust 2019-1 | | 11 | | CS\$ | 672 | N/A | CIS\$ | 672 | |
| | GM Financial Automobile Leasing Trust 2019-3 | | 11 | | US\$ | 655 | N/A | US\$ | 655 | |
| | COMM 2015-CCRE22 Mortgage Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 627 | N/A | US\$ | 627 | |
| | Mercedes-Benz Auto Lease Trust 2019-A | | II. | | US\$ | 617 | N/A | US\$ | 617 | |
| | GS Mortgage Securities Corp Trust 2020-UPTN | | II II | | US\$ | 602 | N/A | US\$ | 602 | |
| | CD 2016 CD2 Mortgage Trust | | 2 | | 1154 | 503 | N/A | TISS | 503 | |
| | IDMDD Communical Monteneor Scattering Transf 2010 COD6 | | | | 1150 | 200 | N/A | 115¢ | 2002 | |
| | | | 11 | | \$CD | 000 | N/N | \$901 | 005 | |
| | JP Morgan Chase Commercial Mortgage Securities Trust | | II II | | \$ <u>\$</u> 0 | 492 | N/A | \$ <u>\$</u> 0 | 492 | |
| | | | | | TICO | 4 4 4 | A 1 1 4 | τιαφ | 4 4 4 | |
| | Citigroup Commercial Mortgage 1rust 2014-GC19 | | 11 | | ¢<0 | ++++ + • • • | N/A | \$SU | 444 | |
| | Chesapeake Funding II LLC | | 11 | | 22 0 | 403 | N/A | CIS\$ | 403 | |
| | DBUBS 2011-LC2 Mortgage Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 392 | N/A | US\$ | 392 | |
| | WFRBS Commercial Mortgage Trust 2014-C25 | | И | I | US\$ | 385 | N/A | US\$ | 385 | |
| | GS Mortgage Securities Trust 2014-GC26 | | 11 | 1 | US\$ | 383 | N/A | US\$ | 383 | |
| | UBS-Barclavs Commercial Mortgage Trust 2013-C5 | | " | | US\$ | 370 | N/A | US\$ | 370 | |
| | Mercedes-Benz Auto Lease Trust 2018-B | | 11 | , | \$511 | 368 | N/A | \$511 | 368 | |
| | Morgan Stanley Bank of America Merrill I vnch Trust 2012-C5 | | | | \$S11 | 197 | N/A | \$SI1 | 197 | |
| | Houde Anto December 2020 2 Outroa Trust 2012 CO | | | | 1150 | 166 | N/N | 1154 | 166 | |
| | HORIDA AURO NECEIVADIES 2020-2 OWREL TLUST | | 11 | | \$90 A | 001 | N/M | 020 | 100 | |
| | COMM 2015-DC1 Mortgage Trust | 1 | 11 | | CIS\$ | 165 | N/A | CIN | 165 | |
| | BANK 2020-BNK28 | , | 11 | I | US\$ | 156 | N/A | US\$ | 156 | |
| | Toyota Auto Receivables 2018-B Owner Trust | | 11 | | US\$ | 132 | N/A | US\$ | 132 | |
| | BBCMS Mortgage Trust 2020-C7 | | 11 | | US\$ | 110 | N/A | US\$ | 110 | |
| | CFCRE Commercial Mortgage Trust 2011-C1 | | II. | | US\$ | 73 | N/A | US\$ | 73 | |
| | COMM 2014-CCRE15 Mortgage Trust | | II. | | US\$ | 46 | N/A | US\$ | 46 | |
| | Wells Fargo Commercial Mortgage Trust 2015-NXS1 | | 11 | | US\$ | 36 | N/A | US\$ | 36 | |
| | 0 | | | | | | | | | |
| | Non-publicly traded equity investments | | Emandial access of fair roline through other | | TCC | 01161 | Ţ | TCC | 01 161 | |
| | rumavera Capitai rumu 11 L.r. | T | Financial assets at lair value unougn outer comprehensive income | | ¢¢0 | 101,101 | 4 | ¢¢∩ | 01,101 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |

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| | | | | | | December 31, 2020 | 1,2020 | | | |
|-------------------|--|-------------------------------|---|--------------------------------|--|------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------|-------------|
| Held Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Relationship with the Company | Financial Statement Account | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Value urrencies sands) | Percentage of Ownership (%) | Fair Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | alue ırrencies ands) | Note |
| VТАҒ II | <u>Non-publicly traded equity investments</u> Aether Systems, Inc. | | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1,085 | \$SU | 386 | 20 | \$SU | 386 | |
| | 5V Technologies, Inc. | , | comprehensive income | 4 | | ı | | | ı | |
| | Publicly traded stocks Sentelic Corporation | | Financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive income | 1,019 | US\$ | 1,778 | m | US\$ | 1,778 | |
| VTAF III | <u>Non-publicly traded equity investments</u> LiquidLeds Lighting Corp. | | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1,952 | US\$ | 800 | 14 | \$SU | 800 | |
| | Neoconix, Inc. | , | comprehensive income | 4,147 | US\$ | 174 | | US\$ | 174 | |
| Growth Fund | <u>Non-publicly traded equity investments</u> Innovium, Inc. | | Financial assets at fair value through other | 230 | US\$ | 1,863 | T | \$SU | 1,863 | |
| | Innovium, Inc. | I | | 221 | \$SU | 1,793 | · | US\$ | 1,793 | |
| | CNEX Labs, Inc. Astera Labs. Inc. | | 11 | 237 | US\$ US\$ | 479 250 | | SSU US\$ | 479 250 | |
| | | | | | | | | | | (Concluded) |

TABLE 4

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

MARKETABLE SECURITIES ACQUIRED AND DISPOSED OF AT COSTS OR PRICES OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Company Name Type a Type a Type a Bank of Americ Mitsubishi UFJ Inc AbbVie Inc Goldman Sachs | True and Nome | | | Nature of | 10,11 | wanning anningw | ACI | Acquisition | | | | UISPOSAL | al | | | - | Ending Balance (Note) | ance (| VOLE) |
|---|--|---|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------|-------------|---------|--------------------------------|--------|----------|----------------|----------|--------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|--------|------------------|
| | type and name | Account | Counterparty | Relationship | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Amount | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | | Amount | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Amount | | Carrying Value | | Gain/Loss on Disposal | | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Ar | Amount |
| Mitsubis Inc AbbVie Goldma | <u>Corporate bond</u> Bank of America Corp | Financial assets at fair value throuch other | | ı | | US\$ 46,084 | 34 | - US\$ | 35,954 | | \$SU | 25,078 | US\$ 23 | 23,852 U | US\$ 1,2 | 1,226 | i | US\$ | 58,724 |
| Inc AbbVie Goldma | Mitsubishi UFJ Financial Group | comprehensive income | | | | US\$ 21,332 | | - US\$ | 16,408 | | US\$ | 3,583 | US\$ 3 | 3,565 U | US\$ | 18 | 1 | US\$ | 34,946 |
| Goldmar | ce1 | | | | _ | | 5 | TICC | 30 755 | | TCC | 30.437 | 1154 30 | | ر \$311 د | 710 | | TCC | 33 716 |
| | Goldman Sachs Groun Inc/The | | | | | 115 75 780 | 02 | \$211 | 18 520 | | \$S11 | 15 100 | | - | | 217 | | \$211 | 017,00 20,800 |
| 11U A O WORK | DMontan Sacus Cloup IIIC THE | | I | I | | | 55 | - 1100 | 11 000 | | 110.0 | 4 022 | | | , | , t 2, 2 | | 400 | 700750 |
| JF INIOLE, Wiells Ea | | | ı | I | | | 2.5 | + co | 11,700 | | 920 | 100 | | | | 152 | | 400 | CC 1. CZ |
| Metrono | wetts ratgo & Co Metronolitan Life Glohal Funding | | | | | | | - 11SS | 22.410 | | \$SU | 9.691 | | - | | 264 | | ¢en | 21.597 |
| I | 0 | 1 | | | - | | | 2 | | | 2 | | | | | | | 2 | |
| Bristol-N | Bristol-Myers Squibb Co | ш | ı | ı | , | US\$ 21,666 | | - US\$ | 26,225 | , | US\$ | 27,630 | US\$ 27 | 27,393 U | US\$ 2 | 237 | ' | US\$ | 21,090 |
| Mizuho | Mizuho Financial Group Inc | н | | | | | | - US\$ | 14,034 | | US\$ | 3.862 | | | | 88 | | US\$ | 20,795 |
| Tovota N | Fovota Motor Credit Corp | " | | | | | | - US\$ | 18.775 | | US\$ | | | - | | , | | US\$ | 19.401 |
| HSBC H | HSBC Holdings PLC | " | ı | ı | , | US\$ 20.102 | | - US\$ | 9.739 | ' | US\$ | 14.126 | | 13.853 L | | 273 | ' | US\$ | 16.113 |
| Hvundai | Hvindai Canital America | " | ı | ı | | | 27 | \$S11 | 12.872 | , | \$511 | 406 | | - | | 9 | ' | \$511 | 15.983 |
| Santande | Santander UK PLC | u u | | | | | 72 | - US\$ | 11.560 | | US\$ | 4.480 | | _ | | 158 | , | US\$ | 15.704 |
| Volkswa | Volkswagen Group of America | " | | | | | | - US\$ | 13.134 | , | US\$ | 1.777 | | - | | 23 | | US\$ | 15.417 |
| Finan | Finance LLC | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| National | National Securities Clearing Corp | " | | | ' | US\$ | | - US\$ | 15,211 | | US\$ | 1,473 | US\$ 1 | 1,449 U | US\$ | 24 | ' | US\$ | 14,129 |
| Lloyds E | Lloyds Banking Group PLC | " | | | ' | US\$ 2,359 | 59 | - US\$ | 10,734 | ' | US\$ | 1 | US\$ | י י | US\$ | | 1 | US\$ | 13,428 |
| AT&T Inc | nc | 11 | ı | ı | | US\$ 26,140 | 10 | - US\$ | 15,881 | 1 | US\$ | 30,123 | US\$ 28 | 28,835 U | US\$ 1,2 | 1,288 | ' | US\$ | 13,180 |
| Chevron Corp | Corp | " | ı | ı | ' | US\$ | | - US\$ | 13,770 | 1 | US\$ | 1,574 | US\$ 1 | 1,530 U | | 44 | ' | US\$ | 12,771 |
| Royal Ba | Royal Bank of Canada | " | | | ' | US\$ 1,004 | | - US\$ | 15,844 | | US\$ | 5,082 | US\$ 4 | - | US\$ | 66 | 1 | US\$ | 12,271 |
| Guardia | Guardian Life Global Funding | Ш | | ı | ' | US\$ 1,502 | 72 | - US\$ | 10,601 | | US\$ | | US\$ | - - | US\$ | | ' | US\$ | 12,187 |
| US Bancorp | droc | n n | | | ' | US\$ 2,028 | 28 | - US\$ | 11,094 | | US\$ | 2,000 | | 1,953 U | | 47 | ' | US\$ | 11,651 |
| America | American Honda Finance Corp | " | | | ' | US\$ | | - US\$ | 11,210 | ' | US\$ | 1 | US\$ | י י | US\$ | | 1 | US\$ | 11,354 |
| Amazon | Amazon.com Inc | ш | | | ' | US\$ 1,018 | . 81 | - US\$ | 10,687 | | US\$ | 1,054 | | - | | 78 | ' | US\$ | 10,846 |
| TJX Cos | [JX Cos Inc/The | и | ı | ı | ' | US\$ | 1 | - US\$ | 12,500 | ' | US\$ | 3,429 | | | | 279 | ' | US\$ | 10,563 |
| Verizon | Verizon Communications Inc | ш | ı | ı | ' | US\$ 14,058 | 58 | - US\$ | 9,489 | 1 | US\$ | 13,490 | _ | - | | 981 | 1 | US\$ | 10,558 |
| Equinor ASA | ASA | ш | ı | ı | ' | US\$ | 1 | - US\$ | 11,811 | 1 | US\$ | 3,052 | | | | 163 | 1 | US\$ | 9,635 |
| Exxon N | Exxon Mobil Corp | ш | | | ' | US\$ | 1 | - US\$ | 17,331 | | US\$ | 10,272 | | - | US\$ 2 | 247 | ' | US\$ | 7,576 |
| CVS He | CVS Health Corp | Ш | | | ' | | 42 | - US\$ | 4,205 | ' | US\$ | 21,034 | US\$ 20 | 20,205 U | US\$ 8 | 829 | ' | US\$ | 5,981 |
| Fox Corp | d | " | | | ' | US\$ 7,331 | 31 | - US\$ | 10,171 | ' | US\$ | 12,216 | US\$ 12 | 12,059 U | US\$ 1 | 157 | ' | US\$ | 5,483 |
| ERACL | ERAC USA Finance LLC | " | | | | US\$ 11,904 | | - US\$ | 3,659 | | US\$ | 11,312 | US\$ 11 | 11,159 U | US\$ 1 | 153 | 1 | US\$ | 4,298 |
| JPMorg; | JPMorgan Chase & Co | " | | ı | | | | - US\$ | 7,837 | | US\$ | 11,950 | US\$ 11 | _ | US\$ 1 | 131 | ' | US\$ | 3,981 |
| Hewlett | Hewlett Packard Enterprise Co | " | ı | ı | | | 51 | - US\$ | 3,863 | | US\$ | 11,564 | US\$ 11 | 11,142 U | US\$ 4 | 422 | ' | US\$ | 3,439 |
| Walt Dis | Walt Disney Co/The | " | | 1 | | | . 16 | - US\$ | 23,391 | | US\$ | 25,026 | | - | | 1,303 | ' | US\$ | 3,058 |
| General | General Dynamics Corp | " | , | | | | | - US\$ | 9,418 | ' | US\$ | 15,546 | US\$ 14 | 14,412 U | | 1,134 | ' | US\$ | 1,238 |
| Wells F | Wells Fargo & Co | Financial assets at amortized | | | | US\$ 160,098 | 86 | - US\$ | 20,630 | | US\$ | 1 | US\$ | - - | US\$ | , | ı | US\$ | 180,487 |
| Citigrou | Citigroup Global Market Inc. | 0050 | , | | , | | | - US\$ | 100,000 | I | US\$ | 1 | JS\$ | | US\$ | | 1 | US\$ | 99,965 |
| JPMorg; | JPMorgan Chase & Co. | " | | | ' | US\$ 84,967 | 57 | - US\$ | 10,111 | 1 | US\$ | 1 | US\$ | ר י | US\$ | 1 | 1 | US\$ | 95,058 |
| Goldman | Goldman Sachs Group Inc/The | " | | | | | | - US\$ | 14,930 | | US\$ | 1 | JS\$ | ר י | US\$ | , | ' | US\$ | 14,930 |

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| | | | | | Beginnin | Beginning Balance | Ac | Acquisition | | | Di | Disposal | | | Endin | Ending Balance (Note) | (Note) |
|--------------|---|---|--------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------|----------------------------|----------------|-----------|--------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|------------------------|
| Company Name | Marketable Securities Type and Name | Financial Statement Account | Counterparty | Nature of Relationship | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Amount | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | s Amount | nt Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Jnits ands) | Amount | Carrying Value | | Gain/Loss on Disposal | Sha (In T | | Amount |
| TSMC Global | Government bond United States Treasury Note/Bond Financial assets at fair value through other | Financial assets at fair value through other | 1 | 1 | 1 1 1 | US\$ 419,942 | | US\$ | 683,985 | n | US\$ 836,067 | US\$ | 817,467 1 | US\$ 18,600 | | - - US\$ | \$\$ 287,012 |
| | United States Treasury Note/Bond | comprehensive income | i | I | | \$SU | ı | - US\$ 243,371 | ,371 | n - | US\$ 60,688 | \$SU | 60,688 L | US\$ | | - US\$ | \$\$ 182,533 |
| | <u>Agency bonds/Agency</u> <u>mortgage-backed securities</u> Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac | Financial assets at fair value | , | | | US\$ | | - - US\$ 671 | 671,704 | D | US\$ 630,072 | US\$ | 628,929 | US\$ 1,143 | 64 | | \$\$ 42,872 |
| | | through other comprehensive income | | | _ | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Ginnie Mae | <i>II</i> | ı | I | ' | \$SU | 1 | (a) | 371,076 | י כי י | 329,8 | US\$ | | ŝ | 362 | - US\$ | |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool Ginnie Mae II Pool | " | 1 | | | US\$ | 1 | - US\$ 31 | 31,529 31 618 | | US\$ 77 | US\$ | 81 | US\$ | (4) | - US\$ | 5 31,812 5 31,812 |
| - | Ginnie Mae II Pool | | | | | tsu US\$ | | | 31,658 | | - ssn | \$SD | | us\$ | | sen - | |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | ш | I | I | ' | US\$ | 1 | | 31,057 | י כי י | | US\$ | | | | - US\$ | |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool Ginnie Mae II Pool | " | 1 | 1 | - | US\$ | | - US\$ 30 | 30,824 28 376 | | US\$ 2,420 | US\$ | 2,406 [| US\$ | 14 | - US\$ - US\$ | 5 28,723 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | | 1 1 | | | US\$ | | | 28.251 | | US\$ 243 | | 253 1 | | (10) | - USS | |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | н | ı | ı | | | | | 28,496 | - D - | 3 | US\$ | | | (9) | - US\$ | |
| | FNMA TBA 30 Yr 4 | " | I | ı | ' | US\$ 17,372 | 72 | ব | 413,102 | י ב י | 4 | US\$ 4(| | (1 | 260 | - US\$ | |
| | Freddie Mac Pool FNMA TBA 30 Yr 3.5 | " | | | | - *** | - 6 | - US\$ 538 | 20,915 538,814 | ם ר י | US\$ 528.608 | US\$ 52 | 528,389 L | US\$ 2 | 219 | - US\$ | \$ 20,247 |
| - | GNMA II TBA 30 Yr 3.5 | и | ı | ı | - | | 7 | | 405,941 | - - | | US\$ | - | | 280 | - US\$ | |
| . * | Ginnie Mae | " | ı | ı | ' | US\$ | 1 | - | 150,623 | י ב: י | 13 | US\$ 13 | | | 156 | - US\$ | |
| | Fannie Mae Pool Ginnie Mae II Pool | | | | | ten US\$ | | - US\$ 17 | 18,795 | ם ר י | US\$ 1,0/2 | ten NS\$ | 1,994 U | nss US\$ | - | een - | cuc, 11 ¢0 |
| - | Ginnie Mae II Pool | ш | ı | ı | | US\$ | , | | 16,176 | - 0 | | | _ | | (11) | - US\$ | |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool | ll l | ı | ı | ' | | | | 15,207 | ים: י | | US\$ | | | (42) | - US\$ | |
| | GNMA II TBA 30 Yr 3 Freddie Mac | 1, 11 | 1 1 | 1 1 | | US\$ 15,095 | 15 | - US\$ 546 - US\$ 546 | 546,063 15 877 | ם ב י י | US\$ 547,550 US\$ 7 976 | US\$ 52 | 546,840 L | US\$ 7 | 710 | - US\$ | 55 14,249 55 13,631 |
| | Freddie Mac Gold Pool | | | | | | | | 12,610 | | | nS\$ | | | (139) | - US\$ | |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | Ш | | ı | ' | | - 1 | (| 17,468 | י בי י | è | US\$ | | | (31) | - US\$ | |
| | FNMA TBA 30 Yr 4.5 Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac | " | 1 1 | 1 1 | - | US\$ 20,165 | 55 | - US\$ 369 | 369,946 207 006 | | US\$ 382,027 | US\$ | 381,698 U | US\$ 3 | 329 785 | - US\$ - | 5 8,394 5 6 155 |
| - | GNMA II TBA 30 Yr 4.5 | | | | _ | 6 | 90 | 4 | 56,467 | | | ns\$ | _ | | 63 | - US\$ | |
| | Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac | н | I | I | - | | 1 | | 13,115 | - | | US\$ | - | | (20) | - US\$ | |
| | Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac | " | ı | ı | ' | US\$ | 1 | - US\$ 28 | 28,040 | י ב י | US\$ 24,518 | US\$ | 24,461 [| US\$ 57 | 57 | - US\$ | \$\$ 3,592 |
| | GNMA II TBA 30 Yr 4 | " | | | | ten NS\$ | | | 36,042 | | US\$ 35,090 | sen (SSU | | | 914 112 | ssu - | |
| | Fannie Mae or Freddie Mac | ш | | | - | | 1 | | 25,440 | - 0 | | US\$ | - | | 60 | - US\$ | |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | ll l | ı | ı | ' | | 30 | - US\$ | 1 | י בי י | | US\$ | | | 265 | - US\$ | \$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool Eroddio Mao Cold Dool | | I | I | ' | US\$ 11,962 115¢ 10.202 | 25 | - US\$ | 1 | ב ר י | US\$ 12,079 | 115¢ | 10,125 1 | 1 \$SU | 6/.T | - US\$ | A 4 |
| | Freddie Mac Pool | | | | | | | | 30,881 | | | tso NS\$ | | - | (221) | - US\$ | ÷ \$ |
| | Freddie Mac Pool | и | ı | ı | | US\$ | 1 | | 11,321 | - D | | US\$ | | | 121 | - US\$ | \$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | и | ı | ı | ' | | 53 | - US\$ | 1 | <u>ر</u> | | US\$ | - | | 518 | - US\$ | \$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | <i>u</i> | ı | I | ' | US\$ 13,261 | 51 | - US\$ | | י ב י | | US\$ | | US\$ 1 | 119 | - US\$ | 69 6 |
| | Guinte Mae II FOOI Fannie Mae Pool | | | | | - 035 40.438 | 00 | | | ם ר ייי | 126,62 ¢60 11SS 40.787 | \$SII | 40.399 1 | | 388 | - ssu - | • € |
| 4 | Fannie Mae Pool | " | ı | ı | - | | , | | 42,143 | | | US\$ | - | | 43 | - US\$ | ÷ 59 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | 11 | I | I | - | US\$ 22,677 | 77 | | 1 | - D | | US\$ | - | 00 | 832 | - US\$ | \$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | " | I | I | ' | US\$ | 1 | | 12,810 | י ב י | | US\$ | | | (2) | - US\$ | () |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool | ш | I | I | ' | \$ \$ 0 | 1 | - US\$ 19 | 19,010 | ر - | US\$ 18,004 | \$ <u>\$</u> | 1 600,61 | c) ¢c0 | (646) | \$ SU - | A |
| | | | | | | | | - | - | - | | _ | | | | - | (Continued) |

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| | Madathla Connition | Thursday Chataman | | Motor | Beginning Balance | Balance | Acquisition | sition | | | Disposal | | | Endir | Ending Balance (Note) | (Note) |
|--------------|-----------------------|---|--------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|--------------|----------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|--------|
| Company Name | Type and Name | Financial Statement Account | Counterparty | Relationship | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Amount | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Amount | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | Amount | | Carrying Value | Gain/Loss on Disposal | Shares/Units (In Thousands) | nits nds) | Amount |
| TSMC Global | Fannie Mae Pool | Financial assets at fair value through other | ı | ı | I | - ssu | | US\$ 27,694 | I | US\$ 27,598 | US\$ | 27,659 1 | US\$ (61) | | - US\$ | \$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | | 1 | , | ' | - \$SN | 1 | US\$ 26,299 | ' | US\$ 27,107 | .07 US\$ | 26,265 1 | JS\$ 842 | | - 0 | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | Ш | ı | , | I | US\$ 43,455 | I | - \$SN | 1 | US\$ 43,789 | 89 US\$ | - | JS\$ 456 | | - US | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | " | | , | 1 | US\$ 6,072 | 1 | US\$ 4,451 | 1 | US\$ 10,551 | 551 US\$ | 10,512 1 | JS\$ 39 | | - 0 | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | " | | , | ' | US\$ 16,122 | 1 | - \$SU | | US\$ 16,194 | 94 US\$ | 16,095 1 | JS\$ 99 | _ | - US | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | " | | , | ' | - \$SU | | US\$ 28,876 | | US\$ 28,743 | 743 US\$ | 28,875 1 | JS\$ (132) | 0 | - US | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | 11 | | , | 1 | - \$SU | | US\$ 25,431 | I | US\$ 26,008 | 008 US\$ | 25,393 1 | JS\$ 615 | | - 02 | US\$ |
| | Freddie Mac Pool | " | | , | ' | - \$SU | 1 | US\$ 30,971 | ı | US\$ 31,136 | 36 US\$ | 30,964 1 | US\$ 172 | | - US | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | 11 | | , | | US\$ 11,248 | | - \$SU | | US\$ 11,350 | 50 US\$ | 11,003 1 | JS\$ 347 | | - US | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | " | | , | ' | US\$ 19,901 | 1 | - \$SU | | US\$ 20,081 | 181 US\$ | 19,418 1 | US\$ 663 | | - US | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | " | | , | | - \$SU | | US\$ 40,590 | | US\$ 41,110 | 10 US\$ | 40,555 1 | US\$ 555 | | - 05 | US\$ |
| | Freddie Mac Pool | " | , | , | ' | - \$SU | | US\$ 13,065 | | US\$ 13,073 | 173 US\$ | 13,044 1 | JS\$ 29 | _ | - 05 | US\$ |
| | Freddie Mac Pool | 11 | | , | 1 | - \$SU | | US\$ 12,107 | I | US\$ 12,146 | 46 US\$ | 12,080 1 | JS\$ 66 | | - 02 | US\$ |
| | Freddie Mac Pool | " | | , | ' | US\$ 12,628 | 1 | - \$SU | ı | US\$ 12,111 | 111 US\$ | 11,994 1 | US\$ 117 | | - US\$ | \$3 |
| | FNMA TBA 30 Yr 5 | 11 | ı | , | 1 | US\$ 3,603 | | US\$ 62,210 | I | US\$ 65,896 | US\$ | 65,813 I | US\$ 83 | | - US\$ | \$ |
| | Ginnie Mae | Ц | ı | , | ı | - \$SU | 1 | US\$ 17,223 | I | US\$ 17,315 | 315 US\$ | 17,223 1 | JS\$ 92 | | - US\$ | \$2 |
| | FNMA TBA 30 Yr 3 | 11 | ı | , | ' | US\$ 2,028 | | US\$ 721,017 | ı | US\$ 723,739 | , \$SU | 722,965 1 | JS\$ 774 | | - US\$ | \$ |
| | FNMA TBA 15 Yr 3 | 11 | ı | , | ' | US\$ 3,073 | | US\$ 9,656 | ı | US\$ 12,739 | US\$ | 12,724 1 | JS\$ 15 | | - US\$ | \$ |
| | Freddie Mac Pool | 11 | | , | ' | - \$SU | | US\$ 19,031 | I | US\$ 19,456 | 156 US\$ | 19,002 1 | JS\$ 454 | | - US | US\$ |
| | Freddie Mac Gold Pool | И | ı | , | ı | US\$ 12,480 | 1 | - \$SU | ı | US\$ 12,551 | 551 US\$ | 12,132 1 | JS\$ 419 | | - D | US\$ |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool | И | ı | , | I | US\$ 513 | 1 | US\$ 13,356 | I | US\$ 13,853 | 353 US\$ | 13,849 1 | US\$ 4 | | - | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | Ц | ı | , | ı | - \$SU | 1 | US\$ 35,024 | I | US\$ 35,439 | 139 US\$ | 34,994 I | JS\$ 445 | | - | US\$ |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool | И | ı | , | I | - \$SU | 1 | US\$ 12,270 | I | US\$ 12,345 | 345 US\$ | 12,262 1 | JS\$ 83 | | - US\$ | \$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | Ц | ı | , | I | - \$SU | 1 | US\$ 12,751 | I | US\$ 12,782 | 782 US\$ | 12,731 U | JS\$ 51 | | - D | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | Ц | ı | , | I | - \$SU | 1 | US\$ 31,593 | I | US\$ 31,900 | - | 31,554 1 | JS\$ 346 | | - US\$ | \$\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | 11 | | , | | - \$SU | ' | US\$ 16,331 | | US\$ 16,375 | 375 US\$ | 16,327 1 | JS\$ 48 | | - 0 | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | Ц | ı | , | ı | - \$SU | 1 | US\$ 49,131 | I | US\$ 48,934 | 034 US\$ | 49,083 1 | JS\$ (149) | - | - | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | 11 | ı | , | ' | US\$ 6,284 | | US\$ 7,821 | ı | US\$ 14,163 | .63 US\$ | 14,070 1 | JS\$ 93 | | - D | US\$ |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | 11 | ı | , | ' | - \$SU | | US\$ 30,870 | ı | US\$ 30,603 | 503 US\$ | 30,863 1 | JS\$ (260) | - | - D | US\$ |
| | GNMA II Pool MA6090 | И | ı | , | ı | US\$ 16,840 | 1 | - \$SU | ı | US\$ 17,140 | 40 US\$ | 16,943 1 | JS\$ 197 | | - US\$ | \$ |
| | GNMA II Pool MA6155 | Ц | ı | , | I | US\$ 23,932 | 1 | - \$SU | I | US\$ 23,946 | 046 US\$ | 24,029 1 | JS\$ (83) | | - D | US\$ |
| | Ginnie Mae II Pool | Ц | ı | , | ı | US\$ 5,285 | 1 | US\$ 16,418 | I | US\$ 21,492 | - | 21,683 1 | (161) \$SU | <u> </u> | - US\$ | \$2 |
| | Fannie Mae Pool | 11 | | | ' | - \$SU | ' | US\$ 19,011 | ' | US\$ 19,004 | 004 US\$ | 19,004 1 | - \$SD | | - US\$ | \$\$ |
| | | | | - | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Note: The ending balance includes the amortization of premium/discount on bonds investments and other related adjustment.

(Concluded)

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Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

ACQUISITION OF INDIVIDUAL REAL ESTATE PROPERTIES AT COSTS OF AT LEAST NT\$300 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020

| Otherwise) |
|------------|
| Specified |
| Unless |
| Dollars, |
| Taiwan |
| of New ' |
| Thousands |
| I |
| (Amounts] |

| | Other Terms | None | |
|--|---|--|---|
| | Purpose of Acquisition | Manufacturing purpose | |
| | Price Reference | Price comparison and price negotiation | |
| party | Amount | Υ/N | |
| Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | Transfer Date | Ϋ́́́́ | |
| Transaction of H | Relationships | N/A | |
| Prior | Owner | Ν/Α | |
| | Nature of Relationships | · | |
| | Counter-party | 80 counterparties (Note 1), including : ABB Ltd. Accudevice Co., Ltd. Air Liquide Far Eastern Ltd. Air Liquide Far Eastern Ltd. Allis Electric Co., Ltd. Ann-Power Machine International Enterprise Co., Ltd. Atlas Technology Corp. Co., Ltd. Atlas Technology Corp. Co., Ltd. Chen Yuan International Co., Ltd. Chen Yuan International Co., Ltd. Cheng Deh Fire Protection Industrial Corp. China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. Con Yuan Steel Industry Co., Ltd. Confederate Technology Co., Ltd. Da-Cin Construction Co., Ltd. | |
| | Payment Term | Based on the terms in the purchase order | |
| Transaction | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | \$ 47,500,000 (Note 1) | |
| | Transaction Date | February 11, 2020 (Note 1) | |
| | Types of Property | Fab construction & installation of fab facilities | - |
| | Company Name | ISMC | |

| | | Transaction | | | | Prior 7 | Fransaction of F | Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | party | | | |
|---|------------------|---|--------------|--|----------------------------|---------|-------------------------|--|--------|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Company Types of Name Property | Transaction Date | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | Counter-party F | Nature of Relationships | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount | Price Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| TSMC Fab construction & installation of fab facilities | | | | Fu Tsu Construction Co., Ltd. Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Hsieh Kun Co., Ltd. Hueng Luei Process Industry Co., Ltd. Ingersoll-Rand Southeast Asia (Pte) Ltd. Taiwan Branch (Singapore) J.C. Yang Architect and Associates JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. Jimr-Clean-Air Solution Tech.Services Co., Ltd. Marketech International Corporation San Fu Chemical Co., Ltd. Organo Technology Co., Ltd. Orivo Taiwan Cleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric K Engineering Corporation Semens Limited Solonon Technology Corporation Swith Engineering Co., Ltd. Taiwan Gleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric Cai. Solonon Technology Corporation Swith Engineering Co., Ltd. Taiwan Puritic Corp. Taiwan Puritic Corp. Taiwan Puritic Corp. Taiwan Puritic Corp. Taiwan Puritic Corp. Taiwan Puritic Corp. | | | | | | | | |
| _ | | - | | | _ | | | | - | | _ | (Continued) |

| | Other Terms | None | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |
|--|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| | Oti | | , |
| | Purpose of Acquisition | Manufacturing | |
| | Price Reference | Price comparison and price negotiation | |
| party | Amount | ŊŊ | |
| elated Counter- | Transfer Date | N/A | |
| Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | Relationships | N/N | |
| Prior 7 | Owner | A/N | |
| | Nature of Relationships | | |
| | Counter-party | Tung Kang Steel Structure Corp. Uangyih-Tech Industrial Co., Ltd. Unelectra International Corp. United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. Weldall Technology Corporation Wholetech System Hitech Limited Yang Lung-Shih Architect & Associates Yang Lung-Shih Architect & Associates Yang Lung-Shih Architect & Limited Yang Lung-Shih Architect & Associates Yang et Go., Ltd. Associates Yangech Engineering Co., Ltd. Ano-Cheng Corp. 84 counterparties (Note 1), including : Associates Yang Pao Technology Inc. Zhao-Cheng Corp. 84 counterparties (Note 1), including : Ana-Power Machine International Enterprise Co., Ltd. Ant Liquide Far Eastern Ltd. Atlas Technology Corp. Ltd. And Stels Technology Corp. Ltd. Cheng Deh Fire Protection Industrial Corp. Cheng Deh Fire Protection Industrial Corp. Ltd. Cheng Deh Fire Protection Industrial Corp. Ltd. Cheng Deh Fire Protection Industrial Corp. Ltd. Cheng Lindeneral Cheng Lindeneral Cheng Lindeneral Cheng Lindeneral Cheng Lindeneral Cheng Lindeneral Co., Ltd. | |
| | Payment Term | Based on the terms in the purchase order | |
| Transaction | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | \$ 66,600,000 (Note 1) | |
| | Transaction Date | May 12, 2020 (Note 1) | |
| | Types of Property | Fab construction & installation of fab facilities facilities facilities facilities | |
| _ | Company Name | TSMC | |

Chilling

| | r S | | 7 |
|--|---|--|---|
| | Other Terms | | |
| | Purpose of Acquisition | | |
| | Price Reference | | |
| party | Amount | | |
| elated Counter-J | Transfer Date | | |
| Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | Relationships | | |
| Prior | Owner | | |
| | Nature of Relationships | | |
| | Counter-party | Cica-Huntek Chemical Technology Taiwan Co., Ltd. Da-Cin Construction Co., Ltd. Da-Cin Construction Co., Ltd. Desiccant Technology Corporation Exyte Taiwan Co., Ltd. Fu Tsu Construction Co., Ltd. Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Mantech Singapore) J.C. Yang Architect and Associates J.G. Furionmental Technology Co., Ltd. Jimar-Clean-Air Solution Tech.Services Co., Ltd. Kinetics Technology Corporation Lee Ming Construction Co., Ltd. Kinetics Technology Corporation Lee Ming Construction Co., Ltd. Mandartech Interiors Inc. Mandartech Interiors Inc. | |
| | Payment Term | | |
| Transaction | (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | | |
| | Transaction Date | | |
| | Types of Property | Fab construction & installation of fab facilities | |
| | Company Name | TSMC | |

| Other Terms | None | (Continued) |
|--|--|-------------|
| Purpose of Acquisition | Manufacturing | |
| Price Reference | Price comparison and price negotiation | |
| -party Amount | N'A | |
| Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party ner Relationships Transfer Date Am | NA | |
| Transaction of 1 Relationships | N/A | |
| Prior Owner | N/A | |
| Nature of Relationships | , | |
| Counter-party | Pan Asia (Engineers & Constructors) Corporation San Fu Chemical Co., Ltd. San Min Construction Development Schneider Electric Taiwan Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric & Engineering Corporation Siemens Limited Solomon Technology Corporation Swift Engineering Co., Ltd. Taiwan Gleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. Taiwan Gleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. Taiwan Gleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. Trasval Technology Co., Ltd. Trasval Technology Co., Ltd. Trusval Technology Co., Ltd. Unagyih-Tech Industrial Co., Ltd. Unagyih-Tech Industrial Co., Ltd. Unagyih-Tech Industrial Co., Ltd. Unagyih-Tech Industrial Co., Ltd. Trasval Technology Co., Ltd. Unagyih-Tech Industrial Co., Ltd. Unagyih-Tech Industrial Co., Ltd. Wholetech System Hitech Ltd. Wholetech System Hitech Ltd. Wholetech System Hitech Ltd. Wing Pao Technology Inc. Tana-Cheng Con, Ltd. Anas Liduide Far Eastern Ltd. Allis Electric Co., Ltd. | |
| Payment Term | Based on the terms in the purchase order | |
| Transaction Amount (Foreign Currencies in | 1 Inousands) \$ 57,700,000 (Note 2) | |
| Transaction Date | August 11, 2020 (Note 2) | |
| Types of Property | Fab construction & installation of fab facilities facilities Fab construction of fab installation of fab | |
| Company Name | TSMC | |

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| Werk Instant Turket Instant Manual Instant Manual In | | | | Transaction | | | Prio | Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | kelated Counter- | party | | | |
|--|-----------------|--|------------------|---|--------------|---|------|--|------------------|--------|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Fab construction of fab facilities | Company Name | | Transaction Date | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | | | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount | Price Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| | TSMC | Fab construction & installation of fab facilities | | | | Am-Power Machine International Enterprise Co., Ltd. Atlas Copco Taiwan Ltd. Atlas Technology Corp. Capital Machinery Limited Cheng Deh Fire Protection Industrial Corp. Cheng Deh Fire Protection Industrial Corp. China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. Contractors, Ltd. Da-Cin Construction Co., Ltd. Da-Cin Construction Co., Ltd. Parchnology Taiwan Co., Ltd. Parcin Construction Co., Ltd. Parcin Construction Co., Ltd. Parcin Construction Co., Ltd. Parcin Construction Co., Ltd. Parchael Recenses Industry Conporation Exyte Taiwan Co., Ltd. Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Hasieh Kun Co., Ltd. Hasieh Kun Co., Ltd. Hasieh Kun Co., Ltd. Hasien Steel Corporation Southeast Associates J.C. Yang Architect and Associates J.G. Environmental Tech.Services Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | (Continued) |

| | | | Transaction | | | | Prior 1 | ransaction of R | Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | barty | | | |
|-----------------|--|------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|---|------------------------------|---------|-----------------|--|--------|--------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Company Name | Types of Property | Transaction Date | Amount (Foreign Currencies in | Payment Term | Counter-party | Nature of Relationships O | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount | Price Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| | | | Thousands) | | | | | | | | | | |
| TSMC | Fab construction & installation of fab facilities | | | | Jusun Instruments Co., Ltd. Kedge Construction Co., Ltd. Kinetics Technology Corporation L&K Engineering Co., Ltd. Lee Ming Construction Co., Ltd. Li Jin Engineering Co., Ltd. Mandartech Internors Inc. Marketech Internors Inc. Marketech Internotogy Corporation Corp. Marketech Internotogy Corporation Obayashi Corporation San Fu Chemical Co., Ltd. Organo Technology Co., Ltd. Organo Technology Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric A aiwan Costructoron Construction Development Schneider Electric Taiwan Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric & Engineering Corporation San Min Construction Development Schneider Electric Corp. Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric & Engineering Corporation Schneider Electric A Shihlin Electric & Construction Corporation Corp | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | (Continued) |

| | Other Terms | None | None | (Continued) |
|--|---|--|---|-------------|
| | Purpose of Acquisition | Manufacturing | Manufacturing purpose | |
| | Price Reference | pr | regotation Price price negotiation | |
| party | Amount | N/A | N/A | |
| Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | Transfer Date | N/A | A/N | |
| Fransaction of R | Relationships | N/A | N/A | |
| Prior 7 | Owner | N/A | A/A | |
| | Nature of Relationships | | , | |
| | Counter-party | Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. Weltall Technology Corporation Wholetech System Hitech Limited Yangtech Engineering Co., Ltd. Yankey Engineering Co., Ltd. Ying Pao Technology Inc. Zhao-Cheng Corp. E-Ton Solar Tech Co., LTD | 99 counterparties (Note2), including : ABB Ltd. Accudevice Co., Ltd. Arlis Electric Co., Ltd. Am-Power Machine International Enterprise Co., Ltd. Arizona State Land Department Arizona State Land Department Atlas Copco Taiwan Ltd. Atlas Copco Taiwan Ltd. Atlas Copco Taiwan Ltd. Atlas Technology Corp. Central Taiwan Science Park Bureau, Ministry df Science and Technology Chen Yuan International Co., Ltd. Cheng Deh Fire Protection Industrial Corp. Ltd. China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. China Steel Structure Co., Ltd. Co., Ltd. Contractors, Ltd. | |
| | Payment Term | Based on the terms in I | Based on the terms in the purchase order in | |
| Transaction | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | \$ 860,000 | 229,600,000 (Note 2) | |
| | Transaction Date | August 20, 2020 | November 10, 2020 (Note2) | |
| | Types of Property | Fab construction & installation of fab facilities Buildings and facilities | Real estate | |
| | Company Name | TSMC | | |

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| ContropartyReference <th>Transaction Amount</th> | Transaction Amount |
|---|---|
| NA NA NA NA Pre- pre- pre- pre- pre- pre- pre- pre- p | (Foreign Payment Term Counter-party Currencies in Thousands) |
| - NA NA Pre- Pre- comprison and propose price regorition | Cica-Huntek Chemical Technology Taiwan Co., Ltd. Confederate Technology Co., Ltd. Da-Cin Construction Co., Ltd. Desiccant Technology Corporation Evergreen Steel Corporation Evergreen Steel Corporation Expte Taiwan Co., Ltd. Fortune Electric Co., Ltd. Furture Electric Co., Ltd. Furture Electric Co., Ltd. Furture Electric Co., Ltd. |
| | Hantech Engineering Co., Ltd. Hsieh Kun Co., Ltd. Hueng Luei Process Indust Co., Ltd. Ingersoll-Rand Southeast Asia (Pte) Ltd. Taiwan Branch (Singapore) J.C. Yang Architect and Associates JG Environmental Technology Co., Ltd. Jusun Instruments Co., Ltd. Jusun Instruments Co., Ltd. Jusun Instruments Co., Ltd. Kedge Construction Co., Ltd. Kinetics Technology Corporation Lee Ming Construction Co., Ltd. Mandartech International Corp. Marketech International Corp. |

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| Transaction blag Transaction blag Anomati Groups Fransaction Anomati Fransaction Parter Anomati Control Parter Anomati Anomati Control Parter Anomati Control Parter Anomati Control <th></th> <th></th> <th>Transaction</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Prior</th> <th>Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party</th> <th>celated Counter-</th> <th>party</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> | | | Transaction | | | | Prior | Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | celated Counter- | party | | | |
|--|--|------------------|---|---|---|----------------------------|-------|--|------------------|--------|---|---------------------------|----------------|
| Phylicity in the intervention of the intervention | ypes of roperty | Transaction Date | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | Counter-party | Nature of Relationships | Owner | Relationships | Transfer Date | Amount | Price Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| July 17, 2020 \$ 1,680,000 Based on the terms in Li Jin Engineering Co., Ltd N/A N/A Price comparison and the purchase order he purchase | cal estate | | | | Schneider Electric Taiwan Co., Ltd. Shihlin Electric & Engineering Corporation Siemens Limited Solomon Technology Corporation Southern Taiwan Science Park Bureau, Ministry of Science and Technology Swift Engineering Co., Ltd. Taiwan Gleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. Taiwan Gleno Enterprise Co., Ltd. Taiwan Obayashi Corporation Taiwan Obayashi Corporation Taiwan Obayashi Corporation Taiwan Buritic Corp. Taiwan Obayashi Corporation Taiwan Construction Corporation Taiwan Buritic Corp. Under International Corp. Ltd. Tunsval Technology Co., Ltd. Tunsval Technology Co., Ltd. Tusval Technology Co., Ltd. Undetera International Corp. United Integrated Services Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Co., Ltd. Wholetech System Hitech Ltd. Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Taiwan Co., Ltd. Versum Materials Co., Ltd. | | | | | | | | |
| | Fab onstruction & nstallation of fab facilities | | \$ 1,680,000 | Based on the terms in the purchase order | Li Jin Engineering Co., Ltd. | | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Price comparison and price negotiation | Manufacturing purpose | None |

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| | | | Transaction | | | | Prior | Prior Transaction of Related Counter-party | celated Counter-J | party | | | |
|-----------------|--|------------------|---|---|---|----------------------------|-------|--|-------------------|--------|------------------------------------|---------------------------|----------------|
| Company Name | Company Types of Name Property | Transaction Date | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Payment Term | Counter-party | Nature of Relationships | Owner | Nature of Nature of Amount Relationships Owner Relationships Transfer Date Amount | Transfer Date | Amount | Price Reference | Purpose of Acquisition | Other Terms |
| VisEra | Fab construction & installation of fab facilities | December 7, 2020 | \$ 1,930,000 | Based on the terms in the purchase order | Based on the terms in Acter Group Corporation the purchase order Limited | , | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Price N comparison and price | Manufacturing purpose | None |

Note 1: The disclosures are expected information based on the capital appropriation approved by the Board of Directors. The actual information shall be subject to the final purchase order of TSMC.

Note 2: The disclosures are expected information based on the capital appropriation approved by the Board of Directors (Right-of-use assets are included). The actual information shall be subject to the final purchase order of TSMC.

(Concluded)

TABLE 6

TOTAL PURCHASES FROM OR SALES TO RELATED PARTIES OF AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Tinlose Construction)

| Otherwise) | |
|--------------------|--|
| Specified O | |
| s, Unless | |
| Dollars | |
| Taiwan | |
| s of New | |
| housand | |
| in T | |
| Amounts | |

| | | | | Trans | Transaction Details | etails | Abnorm | Abnormal Transaction | Notes/Accounts Payable or Receivable | ble or | |
|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|--|---------------------|---|---------------|----------------------|--|---------------|------|
| Company Name | Related Party | Nature of Relationships | Purchases/ Sales | Amount (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | % to Total | Payment Terms | Unit Price | Payment Terms | Ending Balance (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | % to Total | Note |
| TSMC | TSMC North America | Subsidiary | Sales | \$ 824,139,751 | 61 | Net 30 days from invoice date | | (Note) | \$ 101,467,381 | 74 | |
| | GUC | Associate | Sales | 5,607,239 | ı | Net 30 days from the end of the | I | · | 313,064 | ı | |
| | TSMC China | Subsidiary | Purchases | 19,971,901 | 19 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | ı | ı | (1, 643, 070) | 4 | |
| | TSMC Nanjing | Subsidiary | Purchases | 16,933,672 | 16 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | ı | ı | (1,889,906) | 4 | |
| | WaferTech | Indirect subsidiary | Purchases | 8,015,129 | Г | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | ı | ı | (697,756) | 7 | |
| | SSMC | Associate | Purchases | 4,110,449 | 4 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | ı | ı | (400,765) | 1 | |
| | VIS | Associate | Purchases | 3,494,631 | 3 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | ı | 1 | (311,406) | 1 | |
| TSMC North America | GUC | Associate of TSMC | Sales | 1,572,476 (US\$ 53,406) | ı | Net 30 days from invoice date | | I | 57,354 (US\$ 2,041) | I | |
| VisEra Tech | Xintec | Associate of TSMC | Sales | 898,091 | 13 | Net 30 days from the end of the month of when invoice is issued | 1 | | 187,488 | 20 | |

Note : The tenor is determined by the payment terms granted to its clients by TSMC North America.

TABLE 7

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES AMOUNTING TO AT LEAST NT\$100 MILLION OR 20% OF THE PAID-IN CAPITAL DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| | | | | | Overdue | | |
|--------------|---|---|---------------------------|--------|--------------|---|----------------------------|
| F4 | Nature of Relationships | Ending Balance (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Turnover Days (Note 1) | Amount | Action Taken | Amounts Received in Subsequent Period | Allowance for Bad Debts |
| sdu sso | Subsidiary Subsidiary Associate | \$ 102,858,283 203,209 313,064 | 41 Note 2 25 | \$ | | 4 I I | \$ |
| he s aren | The same parent company Parent company | 20,710,244 (RMB 4,820,484) 1,643,070 (RMB 382,438) | Note 2 28 | 1 1 | | | |
| aren | Parent company | 1,889,906 (RMB 439,891) | 34 | I | , | I | I |
| SSOC | Associate of TSMC | 187,488 | 31 | | | I | |
| he t Co | The ultimate parent of the Company | 444,021 (US\$ 15,803) | Note 2 | I | ı | ı | I |
| he C | The ultimate parent of the Company Parent company | 697,756 (US\$ 24,834) 103,033 (US\$ 3,667) | 41 Note 2 | 1 1 | | 1 1 | |

Note 1: The calculation of turnover days excludes other receivables from related parties.

Note 2: The ending balance is primarily consisted of other receivables, which is not applicable for the calculation of turnover days.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

NAMES, LOCATIONS, AND RELATED INFORMATION OF INVESTEES OVER WHICH THE COMPANY EXERCISES SIGNIFICANT INFLUENCE (EXCLUDING INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA) FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| | | | | Original Investment Amount | ment Amount | Balance a | Balance as of December 31, 2020 | 31,2020 | Net Income | Share of | |
|------------------|------------------------------|--|--|---|---|--------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| Investor Company | Investee Company | Location | Main Businesses and Products | December 31, 2020 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | December 31, 2019 (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Shares (In Thousands) | Percentage of Ownership | Carrying Value (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | (Losses) of the Investee (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Profits/Losses of Investee (Note 1) (Foreign Currencies in Thousands) | Note |
| TSMC | TSMC Global TSMC Partners | Tortola, British Virgin Islands Tortola, British Virgin Islands | Investment activities Investing in companies involved in the design, manufacture, and other related business in the semiconductor industry and other investment | \$ 355, 162, 309 31, 456, 130 | \$ 355,162,309 31,456,130 | 11 988,268 | 100 | \$ 382,229,039 52,649,936 | \$ 7,668,014 2,273,717 | \$ 7,668,014 2,273,717 | Subsidiary Subsidiary |
| | SIA | Hsin-Chu, Taiwan | activities Manufacturing, selling, packaging, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices and the | 10,180,677 | 10,180,677 | 464,223 | 28 | 9,029,890 | 6,305,519 | 1,780,829 | Associate |
| | VisEra Tech | Hsin-Chu, Taiwan | manufacturing and design service of masks Engaged in manufacturing electronic spare parts and in researching, develophing, designing, manufacturing, selling, packaging and testing | 5,005,171 | 5,005,171 | 253,120 | 87 | 6,363,099 | 2,090,545 | 1,817,520 | Subsidiary |
| | SSMC | Singapore | Manufacturing and selling of integrated circuits | 5,120,028 | 5,120,028 | 314 | 39 | 5,900,245 | 2,106,093 | 816,954 | Associate |
| | TSMC North America | San Jose, California, U.S.A | Selling and marketing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | 333,718 | 333,718 | 11,000 | 100 | 4,568,059 | 294,316 | 294,316 | Subsidiary |
| | Xintec | Taoyuan, Taiwan | Wafer level chip size packaging and wafer level nost nassivation interconnection service | 1,988,317 | 1,988,317 | 111,282 | 41 | 2,554,123 | 1,727,445 | 709,125 | Associate |
| | GUC | Hsin-Chu, Taiwan | Researching, developing manufacturing, testing | 386,568 | 386,568 | 46,688 | 35 | 1,328,620 | 850,007 | 296,142 | Associate |
| | TSMC Arizona | Phoenix, Arizona, U.S.A. | and markening of micgrated curcuits Manufacturing, selling and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | 855,599 | I | 30 | 100 | 842,745 | (196) | (196) | Subsidiary |
| | TSMC Europe | Amsterdam, the Netherlands | Customer service and supporting activities | 15,749 | 15,749 | | 100 | 537,737 | 60,142 | 60,142 | Subsidiary |
| | TSMC JDC VTAF III | Y okohama, Japan Cayman Islands | Engineering support activities Investing in new start-up technology companies | 302,560 $1,318,846$ | - 1,318,846 | - | 001 98 | 292,266 214,881 | (8,070) (14,453) | (8,070) (14,163) | Subsidiary Subsidiary |
| | TSMC Japan VTAF II | Y okohama, Japan Cavman Islands | Customer service and supporting activities Investing in new start-un fechnology companies | 83,760 260 300 | 83,760 260 300 | 9 | 100 98 | 144,784 82,441 | 3,361 (2.066) | 3,361 | Subsidiary Subsidiary |
| | TSMC Korea | Seoul, Korea | Customer service and supporting activities | 13,656 | 13,656 | 80 | 100 | 42,395 | 1,598 | 1,598 | Subsidiary |
| TSMC Partners | TSMC Development | Delaware, U.S.A | Investing in companies involved in the manufacturing related business in the semicondurtor inductor | 16,491,220 (US\$ 586,939) | 16,491,220 (US\$ 586,939) | I | 100 | 29,493,929 (US\$1,049,718) | 1,626,764 (US\$ 55,150) | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
| | TSMC Technology | Delaware, U.S.A | Engineering support activities | 401,282 (US\$ 14.282) | 401,282 (US\$ 14.282) | 1 | 100 | 769,414 (US\$ 27.384) | (US\$ 5.024) | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
| | TSMC Canada | Ontario, Canada | Engineering support activities | 64,623 2,300) | | 2,300 | 100 | | (US\$ | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
| VTAF III | Growth Fund | Cayman Islands | Investing in new start-up technology companies | 70,348 (IIS\$ 2.504) | 70,348 (IIS\$ 2.504) | I | 100 | 123,940 (TIS\$ 4.411) | (1,280) (TIS\$ (43)) | Note 2 | Subsidiary |
| | Mutual-Pak | New Taipei, Taiwan | Manufacturing of electronic parts, wholesaling and retailing of electronic materials, and researching, developing and testing of RFID | 44,768 1,593) | 1 | 4,693 | 28 | 28,183 1,003) | (1, (1, (1, (1, (1, (1, (1, (1, (1, (1, | Note 2 | Associate |
| TSMC Development | WaferTech | Washington, U.S.A | Manufacturing, selling and testing of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | ı | 1 | 293,637 | 100 | 4,610,909 (US\$ 164,107) | 1,394,261 (US\$ 47,293) | Note 2 | Subsidiary |

TABLE 8

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Note 1: The share of profits/losses of investee includes the effect of unrealized gross profit on intercompany transactions. Note 2: The share of profits/losses of the investee company is not reflected herein as such amount is already included in the share of profits/losses of the investor company.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited and Investees

INFORMATION ON INVESTMENT IN MAINLAND CHINA FOR YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (Amounts in Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Accumulated | Inward Remittance of Earnings as of December 31, 2020 | ı | 1 |
|------------------|--|---|---|
| Accun | Inv Remitr Earnir Decen 2(| ÷ | |
| | Carrying Amount as of December 31, 2020 | \$ 64,243,766 | 33,573,482 |
| | | | 2) |
| | Share of Profits/Losses | \$ 6,999,772 (Note 2) | 12,205,157 (Note 2) |
| | Percentage of Ownership | 100% | 100% |
| | Net Income (Losses) of the Investee Company | \$ 7,200,634 | 12,143,866 |
| Accumulated | Ututiow of Investment from Taiwan as of December 31, 2020 (US\$ in Thousands) | \$ 18,939,667 (US\$ 596,000) | 30,521,412 (US\$ 1,000,000) |
| t Flows | Inflow | ، ج | 1 |
| Investment Flows | Outflow (US\$ in Thousands) | • | 1 |
| Accumulated | Dutuow of Investment from Taiwan as of January 1, 2020 (US\$ in Thousands) | \$ 18,939,667 (US\$ 596,000) | 30.521,412 (US\$ 1,000,000) |
| | Method of Investment | Note 1 | Note 1 |
| | Total Amount of Paid-in Capital (RMB in Thousands) | \$ 18,939,667 (RMB 4,502,080) | 30,521,412 (RMB 6,650,119) |
| | Main Businesses and Products | Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices | Manufacturing, selling, testing and computer-aided design of integrated circuits and other semiconductor devices |
| | Investee Company | TSMC China | TSMC Nanjing |

| Upper Limit on Investment | \$1,110,373,199 (Note 3) |
|--|------------------------------------|
| Investment Amounts Authorized by Investment Commission, MOEA (US\$ in Thousands) | \$ 119,412,667 (US\$ 3,596,000) |
| Accumulated Investment in Mainland China as of December 31, 2020 (US\$ in Thousands) | \$ 49,461,079 (US\$ 1,596,000) |

Note 1: TSMC directly invested US\$596,000 thousand in TSMC China and US\$1,000,000 thousands in TSMC Nanjing.

Note 2: Amount was recognized based on the audited financial statements.

Note 3: The upper limit on investment in mainland China is determined by sixty percent (60%) of the Company's consolidated net worth.

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TABLE 10

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

INFORMATION ON MAJOR SHAREHOLDERS DECEMBER 31, 2020

| | Shares | |
|--|--------------------|----------------------|
| Shareholders (Note) | Total Shares Owned | Ownership Percentage |
| ADR-Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company, Ltd. | 5,321,819,398 | 20.52% |
| National Development Fund, Executive Yuan | 1,653,709,980 | 6.38% |

Note: Major shareholders shows the list of all shareholders with ownership of 5 percent or greater.

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Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Item | Description | | Amount |
|--|--|-------------|--------------------------|
| Cash Petty cash Cash in banks | | \$ | 400 |
| Checking accounts and demand deposits Foreign currency deposits | Including US\$1,058,998 thousand @28.097, JPY33,254,815 thousand | | 29,250,907 39,180,918 |
| Time deposits | @0.2729 and EUR10,148 thousand @34.587 From 2020.09.03 to 2021.12.25, interest | | 234.733.492 |
| Time deposits | rates at 0.00%-0.80%, including NT\$205,907,397 thousand, US\$550,023 thousand @28.097 and JPY49,000,000 thousand @0.2729 | | 234,733,472 |
| Total | | <u>\$</u> : | 303,165,717 |

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STATEMENT OF NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE, NET DECEMBER 31, 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Client Name | | Amount |
|----------------------|-----------|------------|
| Client A | \$ | 7,081,325 |
| Client B | | 3,122,124 |
| Client C | | 3,032,759 |
| Client D | | 2,773,917 |
| Others (Note) | _ | 18,844,700 |
| | | 34,854,825 |
| Less: Loss allowance | _ | (243,710) |
| Total | <u>\$</u> | 34,611,115 |

Note: The amount of individual client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT OF RECEIVABLES FROM RELATED PARTIES DECEMBER 31, 2020

(In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Client Name | Amount |
|--------------------|----------------------|
| TSMC North America | \$101,467,381 |
| Others (Note) | 313,793 |
| Total | <u>\$101,781,174</u> |

Note: The amount of individual client included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT OF INVENTORIES DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| | Amount | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Item | Cost | Net Realizable Value | | | | | |
| Finished goods | \$ 21,338,980 | \$ 50,098,692 | | | | | |
| Work in process | 88,575,222 | 350,472,186 | | | | | |
| Raw materials | 13,758,417 | 12,962,429 | | | | | |
| Supplies and spare parts | 6,625,417 | 6,759,866 | | | | | |
| Total | <u>\$ 130,298,036</u> | <u>\$ 420,293,173</u> | | | | | |

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN INVESTMENTS ACCOUNTED FOR USING EQUITY METHOD FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| | Collateral | EIN | IN | IIN. | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil | | | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil | | |
|---|--------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|--------------|-----------|------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------|-----------|------------|----------|----------------|---------|------------|------------|----------|--------|------------|----------------|
| alue or s Value | Total Amount | ¢ 2 8 7 7 7 0 7 2 0 | 400,477,200 ¢ | 53 849 925 | 6,331,697 | 5,692,841 | 4,568,059 | 20,420,233 | 15,827,184 | 842,745 | 537,737 | 292,266 | 144,784 | 42,395 | 543,471,763 | | 64,492,719 | 33,587,786 | 191,606 | 76,195 | 98,348,306 | \$641,820,069 |
| Market Value or Net Assets Value | Unit Price (NT\$) | ÷ | 9 | 116 (Note 1) | | , | , | 184 (Note 1) | 339 (Note 1) | | ' | | | | | | , | | , | ' | | |
| 1, 2020 | Amount | ¢ 207 270 120 | \$20,672,202 ¢ | 9 029 890 | 6,363,099 | 5,900,245 | 4,568,059 | 2,554,123 | 1,328,620 | 842,745 | 537,737 | 292,266 | 144,784 | 42,395 | 466,482,938 | | 64,243,766 | 33,573,482 | 214,881 | 82,441 | 98,114,570 | \$564,597,508 |
| Balance, December 31, 2020 | % | 001 | 100 | 28 | 87 | 39 | 100 | 41 | 35 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | | | 100 | 100 | 98 | 98 | | |
| Balance | Shares (In Thousands) | Ξ | 11 | 464 223 | 253,120 | 314 | 11,000 | 111,282 | 46,688 | 30 | | 11 | 9 | 80 | | | , | | , | | | |
| Increase (Decrease) in Using the Equity Method | | ¢/15 500 7315 | (107,000,01)¢ (128,331) | 2.318 | 1,821,358 | (601, 929) | (1,766) | 707,978 | 44,243 | (12,854) | 75,258 | (10, 294) | 2,164 | 1,668 | (14, 218, 418) | | 6,954,612 | 12,208,543 | (16,623) | 7,346 | 19,153,878 | \$ 4,935,460 |
| vestment | Amount | ÷ | 9 | | , | , | ' | ' | | ' | ' | | | | | | 1 | • | , | ' | | s. |
| Decrease in Investment | Shares (In Thousands) | | | | | | , | | | , | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| nvestment | Amount | ÷ | e | | , | 1 | 1 | ı | | 855,599 | I | 302,560 | | | 1,158,159 | | 1 | | , | ' | | \$ 1,158,159 |
| Additions in Investment | Shares (In Thousands) | | | | | , | | | | 30 | | 11 | | | | | , | | , | | | |
| arv 1, 2020 | Amount | 050 505 506 \$ | 017,101,100¢ | 9 027 572 | 4.541.741 | 6,502,174 | 4,569,825 | 1,846,145 | 1,284,377 | 1 | 462,479 | | 142,620 | 40,727 | 479,543,197 | | 57,289,154 | 21,364,939 | 231,504 | 75,095 | 78,960,692 | \$ 558,503,889 |
| Balance, January 1, 2020 | Shares (In Thousands) | = | 11 088 768 | 464 223 | 253,120 | 314 | 11,000 | 111,282 | 46,688 | | | | 9 | 80 | | | | | | | | |
| | Investees | ocks Trevier Clashal | TSMC Dartnare | | tra Tech | SSMC | TSMC North America | SC | | TSMC Arizona | TSMC Europe | ISMC JDC | TSMC Japan | IC Korea | Subtotal | | TSMC China | IC Nanjing | VTAF III | .F II | Subtotal | Total |
| | | Stocks | MCT | SIA | VisE | SSM | TSM | Xintec | GUC | TSM | TSM | TSM | TSM | TSM | Su | Capital | TSM | TSM | VTA | VTA | Su | To |

Note 1: The unit price is calculated by closing price of the Taipei Exchange or the TWSE as of December 31,2020.

Note 2: : Mainly including share of profit or loss of subsidiaries and associates, share of other comprehensive income of subsidiaries and associates, cash dividends received from subsidiaries and associates, etc.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF CHANGE IN RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Remark | | | |
|-------------------------|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| Total | \$ 17,247,348 12,558,794 (2,143,718) \$ 27,662,424 | \$ 2,217,328 2,219,172 (1,958,903) \$ 2,477,597 | <u>\$ 25,184,827</u> |
| Office Equipment | $\begin{array}{ccc} & 30,564 \\ & 20,543 \\ & (9,328) \\ \hline & 8 & 41,779 \end{array}$ | \$ 9,388 13,612 (8,372) <u>\$ 14,628</u> | \$ 27,151 |
| Machinery and Equipment | \$ 1,939,524 (1,939,524) <u>\$</u> | \$ 1,163,715 775,809 (1,939,524) | 9 |
| Buildings | \$ 508,709 19,564 (7,878) <u>\$ 520,395</u> | \$ 105,873 131,436 <u>\$ 237,309</u> | \$ 283,086 |
| Land | \$ 14,768,551 12,518,687 (1868) <u>\$ 27,100,250</u> | $\begin{array}{cccc} \$ & 938,352 \\ 1,298,315 \\ \hline & 1,298,315 \\ \hline & 11,007 \\ \hline \$ & 2,225,660 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | <u>\$ 24,874,590</u> |
| Item | Cost Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Deductions Balance at December 31, 2020 | Accumulated depreciation Balance at January 1, 2020 Additions Deductions Balance at December 31, 2020 | Carrying amounts at December 31, 2020 |

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF SHORT-TERM LOANS DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

Note: The loan are repayable on related parties' demand.

STATEMENT OF ACCOUNTS PAYABLES DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

Accounts payables was NT\$36,238,637 thousand. The amount of individual vendor does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT OF PAYABLES TO RELATED PARTIES DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Vendor Name | Amount |
|-----------------------|---------------------|
| TSMC Nanjing | \$ 1,889,906 |
| TSMC China | 1,643,070 |
| Xintec | 1,358,624 |
| WaferTech | 697,756 |
| TSMC Technology, Inc. | 444,021 |
| SSMC | 400,765 |
| Others (Note) | 583,481 |
| Total | <u>\$ 7,017,623</u> |

Note: The amount of individual vendor in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT OF PAYABLES TO CONTRACTORS AND EQUIPMENT SUPPLIERS DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Vendor Name | Amount |
|---------------|-----------------------|
| Vendor A | \$ 54,343,056 |
| Vendor B | 20,368,832 |
| Vendor C | 11,972,002 |
| Vendor D | 10,478,183 |
| Others (Note) | 59,180,384 |
| Total | <u>\$ 156,342,457</u> |

Note: The amount of individual vendor included in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

STATEMENT OF LEASE LIABILITIES DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Item | Description | Lease Term | Discount Rate (%) | Balance, End of Year |
|-----------------------|--|---------------|----------------------|-------------------------|
| Land | Mainly for the use of plants and offices | 2 to 22 years | 0.48-0.94 | \$ 19,550,141 |
| Buildings | Mainly for the use of offices | 2 to 6 years | 0.54-0.71 | 281,676 |
| Office equipment | For operation use | 2 to 3 years | 0.28-0.71 | 27,391 |
| | | | | 19,859,208 |
| Less: Current portion | | | | (1,379,097) |
| Noncurrent portion | | | | <u>\$ 18,480,111</u> |

STATEMENT OF ACCRUED EXPENSES AND OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Item | Amount |
|----------------------|----------------------|
| Refund liability | \$ 30,995,223 |
| Contract liabilities | 9,365,661 |
| Utilities | 3,408,672 |
| Others (Note) | 23,118,681 |
| Total | <u>\$ 66,888,237</u> |

Note: The amount of each item in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF BONDS PAYABLE DECEMBER 31, 2020

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| | Collateral | Nil | Nil Nil | Nil Nil | Nil Nil | IIN IIN | IN N | IIN IIN | Nil Nil Nil | LiN LiN NiN | IIN IIN |
|--------|--------------------------|--|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|---|
| | Unamortized Repayment | Bullet repayment | Bullet repayment Bullet repayment | Bullet repayment Bullet repayment | Bullet repayment Bullet repayment | Bullet repayment Bullet repayment Bullet renavment | Bullet repayment Bullet repayment Bullet repayment | Bullet repayment Bullet repayment Bullet repayment | Bullet repayment Bullet repayment Bullet repayment | Two equal installments in last two years Two equal installments in last two years Two equal installments in last two years | Two equal installments in last two years Two equal installments in last two years Two equal installments in last two years |
| | Carrying Value | \$ 4,400,000 | 3,000,000 | - 3,600,000 | 3,500,000 | 2,600,000 5,400,000 2,600,000 | 2,997,359 2,997,359 10,490,279 | 5,894,804 5,894,804 5,294,946 | 4,495,852 7,492,828 2,397,637 | 5,694,653 6,293,881 1,898,106 | 4,795,365 7,992,095 2,797,183 |
| | Premiums (Discounts) | ۱ ا | | | | | (2,641) (9,721) (10,079) | (5,196) (9,586) (5,054) | (4,148) (7,172) (2,363) | (5,347) (6,119) (1,894) | (4,635) (7,905) (2,817) |
| Amount | Balance, End of Year | \$ 4,400,000 | 3,000,000 | 3,600,000 | 3,500,000 | 2,600,000 5,400,000 2,600,000 | 3,000,000 3,000,000 10,500,000 | 5,900,000 10,400,000 5,300,000 | 4,500,000 7,500,000 2,400,000 | 5,700,000 6,300,000 1,900,000 | 4,800,000 8,000,000 2,800,000 |
| | Repayment paid | • | 10,000,000 | 11,600,000 - | 10,200,000 | | | | | | |
| | Total Amount | \$ 4,400,000 | 10,000,000 3,000,000 | 11,600,000 3,600,000 | 10,200,000 3,500,000 | 2,600,000 5,400,000 2,600,000 | 3,000,000 3,000,000 10,500,000 | 5,900,000 5,900,000 5,300,000 | 4,500,000 7,500,000 2,400,000 | 5,700,000 6,300,000 1,900,000 | 4,800,000 8,000,000 2,800,000 |
| Ţ | Coupon Rate (%) | 1.53 | 1.35 1.49 | 1.38 1.50 | 1.50 1.70 | 1.85 2.05 2.10 | 0.58 0.62 0.64 | 0.52 0.58 0.60 | 0.55 0.60 0.64 | 0.58 0.65 0.67 | 0.50 0.58 0.60 |
| | Interest Payment Date | On 10.09 annually | On 01.04 annually On 01.04 annually | On 02.06 annually On 02.06 annually | On 07.16 annually On 07.16 annually | On 09.25 annually On 09.25 annually On 09.25 annually | On 03.23 annually On 03.23 annually On 03.23 annually | On 04.15 annually On 04.15 annually On 04.15 annually | On 05.29 annually On 05.29 annually On 05.29 annually | On 07.14 annually On 07.14 annually On 07.14 annually | On 09.03 annually On 09.03 annually On 09.03 annually |
| | Issuance Date | 2012.10.09 | 2013.01.04 2013.01.04 | 2013.02.06 2013.02.06 | 2013.07.16 2013.07.16 | 2013.09.25 2013.09.25 2013.09.25 | 2020.03.23 2020.03.23 2020.03.23 | 2020.04.15 2020.04.15 2020.04.15 | 2020.05.29 2020.05.29 2020.05.29 | 2020.07.14 2020.07.14 2020.07.14 | 2020.09.03 2020.09.03 2020.09.03 |
| | Trustee | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Tainei Fubon Commercial Rank Co. 1 td | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Tainei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. |
| | Bonds Name | Domestic unsecured bonds-101-3 | -C | Domestic unsecured bonds-102-1 -B -C | Domestic unsecured bonds-102-2 -A -B | Domestic unsecured bonds-102-4 -D -F | Domestic unsecured bonds-109-1 -A -B | Domestic unsecured bonds-109-2 -A -B -C | Domestic unsecured bonds-109-3 -A -B -C Domestic unsecured bonds-109-4 | -A -B -B -C | Domestic unsecured bonds-109-5 -A -B -C |

| | | Collateral | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil | Nil | liN | liN | | |
|--------|-------------|--------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|---|---|-----------------------|
| | Unamortized | Repayment Coll | Two equal installments in | lments in | Two years Two equal installments in last two wears | lments in | lments in | lments in | last two years Bullet repayment (callable on the 5th anniversary of | the issue date and every anniversary thereafter) | |
| | | Carrying Value | \$ 1,598,221 | 5,593,751 | 4,794,622 | 1,898,035 | 10,189,470 | 6,393,389 | 28,067,934 | 173,050,745 | (2,600,000) |
| | Dromiume | (Discounts) | \$ (1,779) | (6,249) | (5,378) | (1,965) | (10,530) | (6,611) | (29,066) | <u>\$ (146,255)</u> | |
| Amount | Balanca | End of Year | \$ 1,600,000 | 5,600,000 | 4,800,000 | 1,900,000 | 10,200,000 | 6,400,000 | 28,097,000 | \$ 173,197,000 | |
| | Domamont | paid | ، ج | ı | ı | | | ı | | \$ 31,800,000 | |
| | | Total Amount | \$ 1,600,000 | 5,600,000 | 4,800,000 | 1,900,000 | 10,200,000 | 6,400,000 | 28,097,000 | \$204,997,000 | |
| | Comon | Coupon Rate (%) | 0.40 | 0.44 | 0.48 | 0.36 | 0.41 | 0.45 | 2.70 | | |
| | Interest | Payment Date | On 12.02 annually | On 12.02 annually | On 12.02 annually | On 12.29 annually | On 12.29 annually | On 12.29 annually | On 09.22 annually | | |
| | | Issuance Date | 2020.12.02 | 2020.12.02 | 2020.12.02 | 2020.12.29 | 2020.12.29 | 2020.12.29 | 2020.09.22 | | |
| | | Trustee | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | Taipei Fubon Commercial Bank Co., Ltd. | unsecured Mega International Commercial Bank Co., 2020.09.22 Ltd. | | |
| | | Bonds Name | Domestic unsecured bonds-109-6 -A | -В | -C | Domestic unsecured bonds-109-7 -A | -В | -C | Domestic US\$ unsecure bonds-109-1 | TOTAL | Less: current portion |

(Concluded)

\$ 170,450,745

STATEMENT OF NET REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| Item | Shipments (Piece) (Note) | Amount |
|----------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Wafer Other | 12,330,845 | \$ 1,161,829,728 152,963,285 |
| Net revenue | | <u>\$1,314,793,013</u> |

Note: 12-inch equivalent wafers.

STATEMENT OF COST OF REVENUE FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Item | Amount |
|--|-----------------------|
| Raw materials used | |
| Balance, beginning of year | \$ 15,046,116 |
| Raw material purchased | 52,544,726 |
| Raw materials, end of year | (13,758,417) |
| Transferred to manufacturing or operating expenses | (8,754,326) |
| Others | (229,837) |
| Subtotal | 44,848,262 |
| Direct labor | 16,052,096 |
| Manufacturing expenses | 598,258,250 |
| Manufacturing cost | 659,158,608 |
| Work in process, beginning of year | 49,268,466 |
| Work in process, end of year | (88,575,222) |
| Transferred to manufacturing or operating expenses | (31,212,918) |
| Cost of finished goods | 588,638,934 |
| Finished goods, beginning of year | 8,533,179 |
| Finished goods purchased | 55,090,585 |
| Finished goods, end of year | (21,338,980) |
| Transferred to manufacturing or operating expenses | (15,849,741) |
| Scrapped | (389,449) |
| Subtotal | 614,684,528 |
| Others | 18,088,080 |
| Total | <u>\$ 632,772,608</u> |

Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company Limited

STATEMENT OF LABOR, DEPRECIATION AND AMORTIZATION BY FUNCTION FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 AND 2019 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars, Unless Specified Otherwise)

| | | Year Ended De | Year Ended December 31, 2020 | | | Year Ended Dee | Year Ended December 31, 2019 | ľ |
|--|----------------------------------|--|---|--------------------|----------------------------------|--|---|----------------|
| | Classified as Cost of Revenue | Classified as Operating Expenses | Classified as Other Operating Income and Expenses | Total | Classified as Cost of Revenue | Classified as Operating Expenses | Classified as Other Operating Income and Expenses | Total |
| Labor cost Salary and bonus | \$ 69,338,762 | \$ 45,256,603 | • | \$ 114,595,365 | \$ 52,887,855 | \$ 34,021,777 | s. | \$ 86,909,632 |
| Labor and health insurance | 3,237,054 | 2,161,319 | ' | 5,398,373 | 2,688,910 | 1,828,610 | | 4,517,520 |
| Pension | 1,551,256 | 962,997 | | 2,514,253 | 1,412,525 | 910,355 | | 2,322,880 |
| Board compensation | | 525,853 | ' | 525,853 | | 376,433 | | 376,433 |
| Others | 1,736,977 | 1,031,341 | 1 | 2,768,318 | 1,513,328 | 919,576 | 1 | 2,432,904 |
| | \$ 75,864,049 | \$ 49,938,113 | ' S | \$ 125,802,162 | \$ 58,502,618 | \$ 38,056,751 | ' \$ | \$ 96,559,369 |
| Depreciation | \$ 288,762,450 | \$ 24,585,627 | \$ 31,609 | \$ 313,379,686 | \$ 243,160,463 | \$ 24,285,569 | \$ 18,511 | \$ 267,464,543 |
| Amortization | \$ 4,732,478 | \$ 2,315,216 | \$ | \$ 7,047,694 | \$ 2,971,336 | \$ 2,367,550 | ' \$ | \$ 5,338,886 |
| Note 1: As of December 31, 2020 and 2019, the Company had 47,917 and 44,058 employees, respectively. | | ere were 9 and 8 n | There were 9 and 8 non-employee directors, respectively. | ors, respectively. | | | | |

Average salary and bonus for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were NT\$2,392 thousand and 1,973 thousand, respectively. The average salary and bonus increased by 21.24% year over year. Note 3:

Note 2: Average labor cost for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019 were NT\$2,615 thousand and 2,183 thousand, respectively.

The Company did not have supervisors for the years ended December 31, 2020 and 2019. Therefore, there was no compensation to the supervisor. Note 4:

- industry practice in the R.O.C.. The amount and distribution of the bonus and profit sharing are recommended by the Compensation Committee to the Board of Directors for approval. Individual rewards are based on each employee's job The Company's employees are entitled to a comprehensive compensation and benefits program above the industry average. The compensation program includes a monthly salary, business The Company determines the amount of the business performance bonus and profit sharing based on operating results and performance bonuses based on quarterly business results, and a profit sharing bonus based on annual profits. responsibility, contribution and performance. The Company's compensation policies: Note 5:
- The total compensation paid to the executive officers is decided based on their job responsibility, contribution, company performance and projected future risks the Company will face. It is reviewed by the Compensation Committee then submitted to the Board of Directors for approval Note 6:
- According to the Company's Articles of Incorporation, the Board of Directors is authorized to determine the salary for the Chairman, Vice Chairman and Directors, taking into account the extent and value of the services provided for the management of the Company and the standards of the industry within the R.O.C. and overseas. The Articles of Incorporation also provide that the compensation to directors shall be no more than 0.3% of annual profits and directors who also serve as executive officers of the Company are not entitled to receive compensation to directors. The distribution of compensation to directors shall be made in accordance with the Company's "Rules for Distribution of Compensation to Directors" based on the following principles: (1) directors who also serve as executive officers of the Company are not entitled to receive compensation; (2) the compensation for independent directors may be higher than the other directors, as all independent directors also serve as members of the Audit Committee and the Compensation Committee and thus participate in the discussions as well as resolutions of related committee meetings in accordance with the charter of each committee; and (3) the compensation for overseas independent directors may be higher than domestic independent directors. Note 7:

STATEMENT OF OPERATING EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2020 (In Thousands of New Taiwan Dollars)

| Item Payroll and related expense | Research and Development Expenses \$ 37,368,383 | General and Administrative Expenses \$ 9,657,107 | Marketing Expenses \$ 2,912,623 |
|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|
| Consumables | 29,818,550 | 241,693 | 429 |
| Depreciation expense | 23,236,302 | 1,312,862 | 36,464 |
| Repair and maintenance expense | 5,167,078 | 1,364,661 | 3,666 |
| Management fees of the Science Park Administration | - | 2,433,954 | - |
| Patents | - | 2,008,393 | - |
| Commission | - | - | 1,209,848 |
| Others (Note) | 13,023,476 | 9,293,615 | 196,406 |
| Total | <u>\$108,613,789</u> | <u>\$ 26,312,285</u> | <u>\$ 4,359,436</u> |

Note: The amount of each item in others does not exceed 5% of the account balance.



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Taiwan Semiconductor Manufacturing Company, Ltd.



Mark Liu, Chairman